# Setup

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import os
from sklearn.utils import shuffle
from sklearn.model selection import train test split,
GroupShuffleSplit
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix, accuracy score,
fl score, precision score, recall score
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import math
from tensorflow.keras import layers, models, metrics, optimizers,
Input, Model
from tensorflow.keras.utils import plot model
from tensorflow.keras import backend as K
from pandas import DataFrame
import seaborn as sn
try:
    from livelossplot import PlotLossesKeras
except ImportError:
    ! pip install -q -U livelossplot
    from livelossplot import PlotLossesKeras
from tgdm import tgdm
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from matplotlib.pyplot import figure
try:
  import keras tuner as kt
except ImportError:
  ! pip install -q -U keras-tuner
  import keras tuner as kt
                                        - 0.0/128.9 kB ? eta -:--:--
                                        - 41.0/128.9 kB 876.2 kB/s eta
0:00:01 —
                                                - 128.9/128.9 kB 1.8
MB/s eta 0:00:00
def plot conf matrix(true labels, predicted labels):
    cm = confusion matrix(true labels, predicted labels) # rows=true,
cols=pred
    sum true = tf.expand dims(tf.reduce sum(cm, axis=1), axis=1) # sum
per row (total # true)
```

```
norm_cm = (cm / sum_true).numpy()

df = DataFrame(norm_cm, index=ALL_LABELS, columns=ALL_LABELS)
# df[df == 0] = np.nan # to hide cell if value=0

fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(5,5))
heatmap = sn.heatmap(df, cmap='Blues', cbar=False, square=True,
annot=True, fmt='.1%', ax=ax, linewidths=.2, linecolor=[0,.1,.2])
ax.tick_params(left=False, bottom=False)
plt.xlabel("Predicted y")
plt.ylabel("True y")
plt.show()
```

### **Dataset**

```
Each class is represented by a number
    : airplane
1
    : automobile
2
    : bird
3
    : cat
4
    : deer
5
   : dog
6
   : frog
7
    : horse
8
    : ship
    : truck
NUM LABELS = 10
(x train, y train), (x test, y test) =
tf.keras.datasets.cifar10.load data()
y train = y train.reshape((50000,))
y_{\text{test}} = y_{\text{test.reshape}}((10000,))
assert x_{train.shape} == (50000, 32, 32, 3)
assert x test.shape == (10000, 32, 32, 3)
assert y train.shape == (50000,)
assert y_test.shape == (10000,)
x train norm = x train / 255.0
x \text{ test norm} = x \text{ test } / 255.0
Downloading data from https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-
python.tar.gz
```

```
ALL_LABELS = ['airplane', 'automobile', 'bird', 'cat', 'deer', 'dog',
'frog', 'horse', 'ship', 'truck']
labels_dict = {i:ALL_LABELS[i] for i in range(10)}
```

## Model

#### Creation

```
hp = {
    'densel_len': 65,
    'dense2_len': 77,
    'learning rate': 1e-4,
    'dropout rate': 0.33 ,
    'conv1 nfilters': 67,
    'conv1 kernel size': 3,
    'conv1_strides': 1,
    'maxpool1 width': 2,
    'maxpool1 stride': 2,
    'conv2 nfilters': 12,
    'conv2 kernel size': 4,
    'conv2 strides': 1,
    'maxpool2 width': 2,
    'maxpool2 stride': 2,
    'conv3 nfilters': 23,
    'conv3 kernel size': 4,
    'conv3 strides': 1,
    'maxpool3 width': 2,
    'maxpool3 stride': 2,
}
def get model(x shape, hp):
    x = Input(name='in_x', shape=x_shape)
    Conv blocks
    conv = layers.Conv2D(filters=hp['conv1 nfilters'],
kernel_size=hp['conv1_kernel_size'], strides=hp['conv1_strides'],
                         name='conv1', activation='relu',
kernel regularizer='l2', padding='same')(x)
```

```
conv = layers.BatchNormalization()(conv)
    conv = layers.Dropout(name='dropout1', rate=hp['dropout rate'])
(conv)
    conv = layers.MaxPooling2D(name='maxpool1',
pool size=hp['maxpool1 width'], strides=hp['maxpool1 stride'])(conv)
    conv = layers.Conv2D(filters=hp['conv2 nfilters'],
kernel size=hp['conv2 kernel size'], strides=hp['conv2 strides'],
                         name='conv2', activation='relu',
kernel regularizer='l2', padding='same')(x)
    conv = layers.BatchNormalization()(conv)
    conv = layers.Dropout(name='dropout2', rate=hp['dropout rate'])
    conv = layers.MaxPooling2D(name='maxpool2',
pool size=hp['maxpool2 width'], strides=hp['maxpool2 stride'])(conv)
    After adding the second block, make sure to complete the fully
connected part below. It's similar
    to what we did yesterday. I've already flattened it for you.
    Now, train your model. See if it does well. Let me know once
you've done this.
    After training with two blocks and talking to me, try adding a
third "block" to improve performance.
    1.1.1
    1.1.1
    Fully connected
    flatten = layers.Flatten(name='flatten')(conv)
    fc = layers.Dense(name='fc1', units=hp['dense1 len'],
activation='relu', kernel regularizer='l2')(flatten)
    fc = layers.Dense(name='fc2', units=hp['dense2 len'],
activation='relu', kernel regularizer='l2')(fc)
    out = layers.Dense(name='out', activation='softmax',
units=NUM LABELS)(fc)
    # compiling the model...
    model = Model(name="model", inputs=x, outputs=out)
    model.compile(
optimizer=optimizers.Adam(learning rate=hp['learning rate'],
clipnorm=1.0), # clipnorm=1.0 does gradient clipping to stop gradient
```

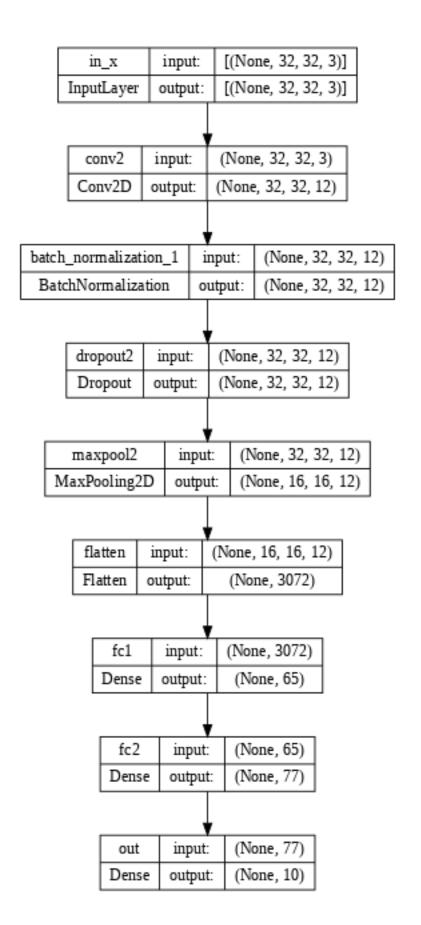
#### 

Model: "model"

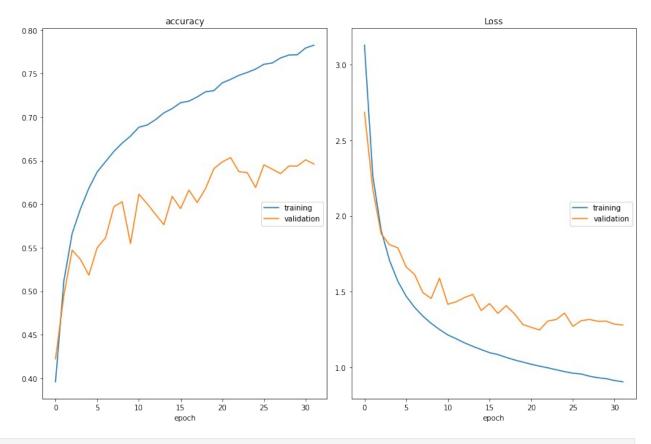
Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
in_x (InputLayer)	[(None, 32, 32, 3)]	0
conv2 (Conv2D)	(None, 32, 32, 12)	588
<pre>batch_normalization_1 (Batch hNormalization)</pre>	(None, 32, 32, 12)	48
dropout2 (Dropout)	(None, 32, 32, 12)	0
maxpool2 (MaxPooling2D)	(None, 16, 16, 12)	0
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 3072)	0
fc1 (Dense)	(None, 65)	199745
fc2 (Dense)	(None, 77)	5082
out (Dense)	(None, 10)	780

\_\_\_\_\_\_

Total params: 206,243 Trainable params: 206,219 Non-trainable params: 24



## **Training**



```
accuracy
                               (min:
                                        0.396, max:
     training
                                                         0.783, cur:
0.783)
     validation
                               (min:
                                        0.422, max:
                                                         0.654, cur:
0.646)
Loss
                                        0.905, max:
     training
                               (min:
                                                         3.128, cur:
0.905)
     validation
                               (min:
                                        1.248, max:
                                                         2.685, cur:
```

## Results

## **Training Performance**

### **Test Performance**

```
y_test_probs = model.predict(x_test_norm)
model_test_pred = [np.argmax(y) for y in y_test_probs]

print("Test Performance")
print("Accuracy", accuracy_score(y_test, model_test_pred))
print("F1 Score (macro)", f1_score(y_test, model_test_pred,
average='macro'))
plot_conf_matrix(y_test, model_test_pred)

for i in range(10):
    print(f'TEST IMAGE {i}')
    print('Predicted:', labels_dict[model_test_pred[i]])
    print('Actual:', labels_dict[y_test[i]])
    print('Image:')
    plt.imshow(x_test[i], cmap='gray')
    plt.show()
```