

Lecturers:
Prof. Dr. Christian Tschudin
Prof. Dr. Heiko Schuldt
Prof. Dr. Florina M. Ciorba

Assistants:
Fabrizio Parrillo
Ralph Gasser
Gabrielle Poerwawinata
Thomas Jakobsche

<https://dmi.unibas.ch/de/studium/computer-science-informatik/lehrangebot-hs21/lecture-foundations-of-distributed-systems/>

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Foundations of Distributed Systems HS 2021 (45402-01)

Fall Semester 2021

Assignment 5 - OpenMP and MPI Basics

(50 Points)

Starting Date: November 23, 2021
Deadline: December 12, 2021 - 23:55

Assistants contact:
gabrielle.poerwawinata@unibas.ch
thomas.jakobsche@unibas.ch

The first thing you need to do is **register your group in the Google sheet** provided by the following link:
[Google sheet to register your group](#)
This sheet will also be used for setting the time slots for the assignments evaluation.

In this assignment you will work on the miniHPC cluster (see attached description **miniHPC_Usage.pdf**).
To connect to the cluster use:
ssh -X UserName@cl-login.dmi.unibas.ch
The **UserName** is the same as your short name for the university of Basel and the **password** is the same of your UniBas email.

To run your exercises you should create a **job script** using the form at the following URL:
[Form for generating your job script file](#)
To submit the generated **job script** to the batch scheduler use the command: **sbatch jobscript.job**.
More information about how to execute your exercises on miniHPC also on the attached file **miniHPC_Usage.pdf**.

The delivered solutions should be in a single **tar file**.
To create the **tar file** use the following command:
tar -zcvf archive-name.tar.gz directory-with-your-solutions

You can find a lot of information, definitions and syntax for OpenMP and MPI commands in the course slides. Furthermore, you can also consult the following URLs:

- [OpenMP](#)
- [OpenMP 5.0 Complete Specifications](#)
- [An open source MPI implementation](#)

The job script created with the link provided in the introduction of the exercise will be similar to the following example. This is a commented (a line prepended by #) example to help you understand what each variable in the job script represents. The example below is also attached in a separate file (JobScriptExample.job) to the exercise.

```
#!/bin/bash
```

```
#SBATCH -J TEST # Job name.
```

```
#SBATCH --time=00:05:00 # Maximum estimated running time for this job.
```

```
#SBATCH --exclusive # You will run experiments exclusively on the allocated nodes.
```

```
#SBATCH --nodes=2 # Number of nodes you request from the batch scheduler.
```

```
#SBATCH --ntasks-per-node=2 # Number of MPI ranks per node. If you use nodes=2 and ntasks-per-node=2 you will be running 4 ranks.
```

```
#SBATCH --cpus-per-task=2 # Number of OpenMP threads.
```

```
#SBATCH --partition=xeon # Which node partition you request nodes from. You can find more information about the partitions on the attached miniHPC_Usage.pdf file.
```

```
#SBATCH --output=OUTPUT.txt # The files where the output of your program will be directed to.
```

```
#SBATCH --hint=nomultithread # Disable the usage of hyperthreads.
```

```
ml intel # Load the intel compiler.
```

```
srun yourCode.o 10000 1024 0 0 0.75 # Run your code for this exercise with the needed parameters. Recall that the Xeon nodes on miniHPC have only 20 cores each and that you will use 8 OpenMP threads per rank in certain experiments. Therefore, you can not place more than 2 MPI ranks per node. For the parallel experiments use a maximum of ntasks-per-node=2 this way you ensure that you will not have more than 2 ranks on the same node.
```

Please make sure that any optimization you introduce does not affect the correctness of the results.

1 Task - OpenMP Basics: (20 points)

Recall that to compile an **OpenMP** program, you should write the following command in your job script:

module load intel

icc -O3 -fopenmp hello.c -o hello

Sines (calculates the sine function of an expression)

(6 Points)

Paralellize the following code.

Skeleton in **codeSkeletons/sines.c**.

```
double* a = (double*) malloc (N * sizeof (double));
for (i = 0; i < N; i++)
    a[i] = sin (2.0 * M_PI / 1000.0 * i);
```

- Hand in the source code.

What the heck

(7 Points)

Correct the following code.

Skeleton in **codeSkeletons/whatTheHeck.c**.

```
static const int a[] = {1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10};

int sum(const int* arr, int size) {
    int s=0, i;
    #pragma omp parallel for
    for(i=0; i < size; i++) {
        s += arr[i];
    }
    return s;
}

int main() {
    printf("sum:_%d\n", sum(a, 10)); // expected 55
    return 0;
}
```

Hint: Compile and run the whatTheHeck.c code template to see what happens and you will understand the exercise tittle.

- Hand in the source code.
- Describe what is happening in the whatTheHeck.c code and why it is happening.

Fibonacci

(7 Points)

Write a program to calculate the following Fibonacci sequence: 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89.

- Hand in a sequential version of the source code.
- Hand in an OpenMP parallel version of the source code.

2 Task - MPI Basics: (30 points)

Recall that in order to compile an **MPI** program you should write the following command in your job script:

```
module load intel  
mpiicc -O3 mycode.c -o mycode
```

Hello World

(7 Points)

Write a program that sends a char array from one process to the next until the last one prints it to the console.

- Use the blocking version of MPI_Send, MPI_Receive.
- Use the non blocking version of MPI_Send, MPI_Receive.
- Use MPI_Bcast.
- Hand in the source code.

Tree-Structured Global Sum

(8 Points)

For this task you should write a tree-structured sum function that uses MPI. In the tree_template.c skeleton provided, all the processes participate in beginning, and processes drop out as the algorithm proceeds. Write the missing code and test it.

Skeleton in **codeSkeletons/tree_template.c**.

- Complete global_sum using the primitives MPI_Send, MPI_Receive.
- Hand in the source code.

Ring-Pass Global Sum

(8 Points)

For this task you should write a ring-pass sum function that uses MPI.

Skeleton in **codeSkeletons/ring_template.c**.

- Complete global_sum using MPI_Send, MPI_Receive.
- Hand in the source code.

Reduce

(7 Points)

Write a program which calculates the cumulative sum of all numbers from 1 to 2000.

- Use MPI_Reduce to implement the program.
- Hand in the source code.