

ALGO-EXAM-02 190 minutes

Question - 1

Change the numbers to their opposite

What is the opposite of a number?

- The opposite of 4 is -4
- The opposite of -3 is 3
- The opposite of 0 is 0

To do

You have a list of numbers as input You need to change the numbers to their **opposite** if this number is between 10 and 35 or between -35 and -10

Input

ARRAY of integers

Output

ARRAY of integers

Example

INPUT	OUTPUT	
[-15,12,5]	[15, -12, 5] Because -35<=-15<=-10 10<=12<=35	
	5 is not between 10 and 35.	
[-6, 10, -35, 36]	[-5, -10, 35, 36]	
	Because -6 is not between -35 and -10.	
	10<=10<=35	
	-35<=-35<=-10	
	36 is not between 10 and 35	

Question - 2 Replace number in array by the sign

Replace number in the array 2D:

- If the number is less than 3 replace it with "#"
- If the number is greater or equal to 6 AND less than 9 replace it with "@"

• If the number is negative replace it with "\$"

Input

• An array 2D

Output

An array 2D

INPUT	OUTPUT
[[1, 3, 8], [4, 9, 5], [12, 3, -7],]	[['#', 3, '@'], [4, 9, 5], [12, 3, '\$']]
[[1, -3, -8], [4, -9, 5], [-12, 3, -7],]	[['#', '\$', '\$'], [4, '\$', 5], ['\$', 3, '\$']]

Question - 3 Collect the numbers from the array of integers

As input: an array of numbers.

Create a new array of numbers, where you collect the numbers from the inital array

as long as the total sum of those numbers is not greater or equal to 100

<u>Important:</u>

- If - at the end - the total sum of all the elements of the array integer is not greater or equal to 100, then just display an empty array.

Input

ARRAY

Output

ARRAY

Example:

INPUT	OUTPUT
[50, 80, 3, 18]	[50, 80] We stopped at 80 Because 50+80 = 130 >= 100
[120, 200, 12, 78]	[120] We stopped at 120 because 120 >= 100
[40, 60, 20, -80, -5]	[40, 60]

	Because 40+60 = 100 >= 100	
[5, 10, 50]		
	Because 5+10+50 = 65 < 100	

Question - 4 [ARRAY] Add a column with minor/major

PROBLEM

A table contains a list of first name and last names and ages of different people:

First	Last	Age
Ronan	Ogor	22
Jonathan	Faucher	17
Sievny	Nav	08
Seiha	Hi	86

```
We represent it in Python as follow:
```

```
[
"ronan", "Ogor", 22],

["Jonathan", "Faucher", 17],

["Sievny", "Nav", 8],

["Seiha ", "Hi", 86]

]
```

We want to add a new column, to know if the person is major (>=18) or minor (<18)

First	Last	Age	Status
Ronan	Ogor	22	major
Jonathan	Faucher	17	minor
Sievny	Nav	08	minor
Seiha	Hi	86	major

```
So the result will be:
```

```
[
"ronan", "Ogor", 22, "major"],

["Jonathan", "Faucher", 17, "minor"],

["Sievny", "Nav", 8, " minor "],

["Seiha ", "Hi", 86, " major "]
```

<u>INPUT</u>

• Array of person (first name + last name + age)

<u>OUTPUT</u>

• Array of person (first name + last name + age + minor/major)