

# 2019

## Assignment\_5



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## Assignment – 5

Q 1: In the given problem from the network diagram, the longest path is the critical path,

**Decision Variable:**

**$X_{ij} = 1$  where any of the node were chosen else  $X_{ij} = 0$**

$$= x_{13} + x_{12} + x_{35} + x_{25} + x_{58} + x_{24} + x_{57} + x_{47} + x_{46} + x_{89} + x_{79} + x_{69}$$

**Objective Function,**

$$\text{Max, } Z = 3x_{13} + 5x_{12} + 3x_{35} + 2x_{25} + 2x_{58} + 4x_{24} + 6x_{57} + 4x_{47} + 1x_{46} + 7x_{89} + 4x_{79} + 5x_{69}$$

S,T

Starting node:

$$X_{13} + X_{12} = 1$$

Intermediate nodes:

$$X_{12} - X_{25} - X_{24} = 0$$

$$X_{13} - X_{35} = 0$$

$$X_{24} - X_{46} - X_{47} = 0$$

$$X_{35} + X_{25} - X_{58} - X_{57} = 0$$

$$X_{46} - X_{69} = 0$$

$$X_{57} + X_{47} - X_{79} = 0$$

$$X_{58} - X_{89} = 0$$

Ending node:

$$X_{89} + X_{79} + X_{69} = 1$$

Where  $X_{ij}$  are binary

Q 2a: In the given problem, the objective function includes the price per share, the projected annual growth rate in the share price, and the anticipated annual dividend payment per share. The expression is as below

$$\text{Profit} = (\text{Price per share}) * (\text{Growth rate of share}) + (\text{Dividend per share})$$

Hence the objective function is

$$\text{Max, } Z = 4 S_1 + 6.5 S_2 + 5.9 S_3 + 5.4 H_1 + 5.15 H_2 + 10 H_3 + 8.4 C_1 + 6.25 C_2$$

Subject to the constraints,

Investment constraint:

$$40 S_1 + 50 S_2 + 80 S_3 + 60 H_1 + 45 H_2 + 60 H_3 + 30 C_1 + 25 C_2 \leq 2500000$$

The number of shares invested in any stock must be a multiple of 1000

$$1000 S_1 \geq 0; 1000 H_1 \geq 0; 1000 C_1 \geq 0;$$

$$1000 S_2 \geq 0; 1000 H_2 \geq 0; 1000 C_2 \geq 0;$$

$$1000 S_3 \geq 0; 1000 H_3 \geq 0;$$

At least \$100,000 must be invested in each of the eight stocks

**40 S1 >= 100000; 50 S2 >= 100000; 80 S3 >= 100000; 60 H1 >= 100000;  
45 H2 >= 100000; 60 H3 >= 100000; 30 C1 >= 100000; 25 C2 >= 100000**

The client has stipulated that no more than 40% of the investment be allocated to any one of the 3 Sectors

- 1) **40 S1 + 50 S2 + 80 S3 <= 1000000**
- 2) **60 H1 + 45 H2 + 60 H3 <= 1000000**
- 3) **30 C1 + 25 C2 <= 1000000**

Where **S1, S2, S3, H1, H2, H3, C1, C2 >= 0** are integers.

Using lpsolve with integer restriction we get the objective function, maximum returns as **487145.2** and number of stocks are

S1= 2500  
S2= 6000  
S3= 1250  
H1= 1667  
H2= 2223  
H3= 13332  
C1= 30000  
C2= 4000.

The amount invested in each stock

S1= 100000  
S2= 300000  
S3= 100000  
H1= 100020  
H2= 100035  
H3= 799920  
C1= 900000  
C2= 100000

Q 2b: Using lpsolve without integer restriction we get the Objective Function, maximum returns as **487152.8** and number of stocks are

S1= 2500.0  
S2= 6000.0  
S3= 1250.0  
H1= 1667.667  
H2= 2222.222  
H3= 13333.333,  
C1= 30000.0,  
C2= 4000.0

The amount invested in each stock

S1= 100000  
S2= 300000  
S3= 100000  
H1= 100000  
H2= 100000  
H3= 800000  
C1= 900000  
C2= 100000.

Percentage difference in Objective Functions with and without integer restriction is **0.00156**