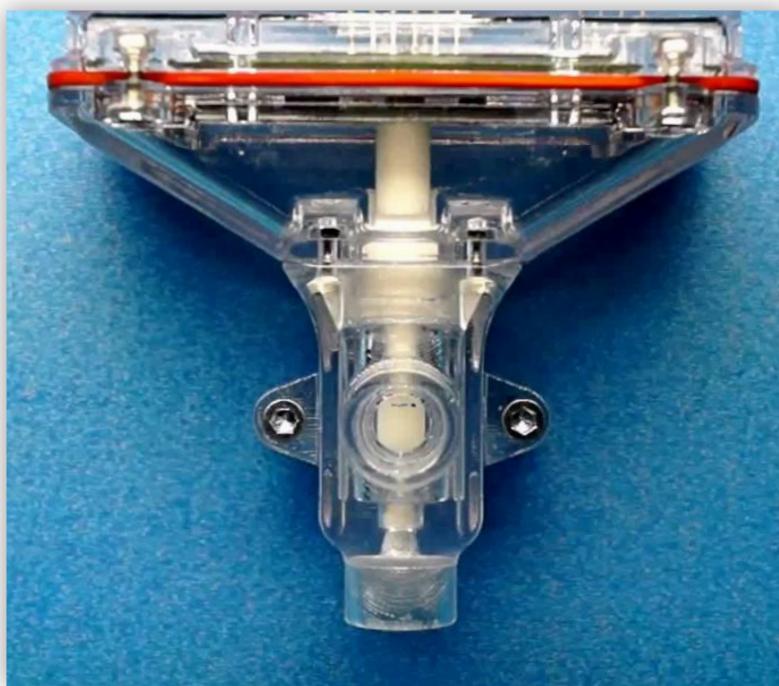


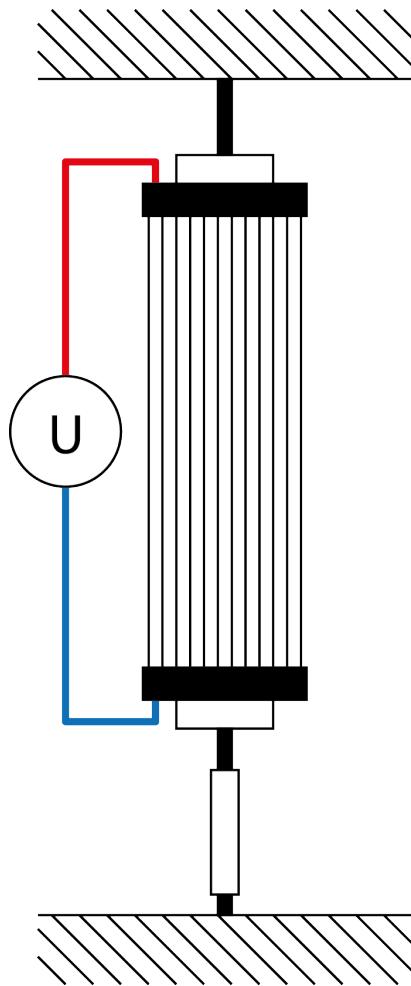


Modeling and Simulation of a Bundle of SMA Wires Driving a Hydraulic Valve

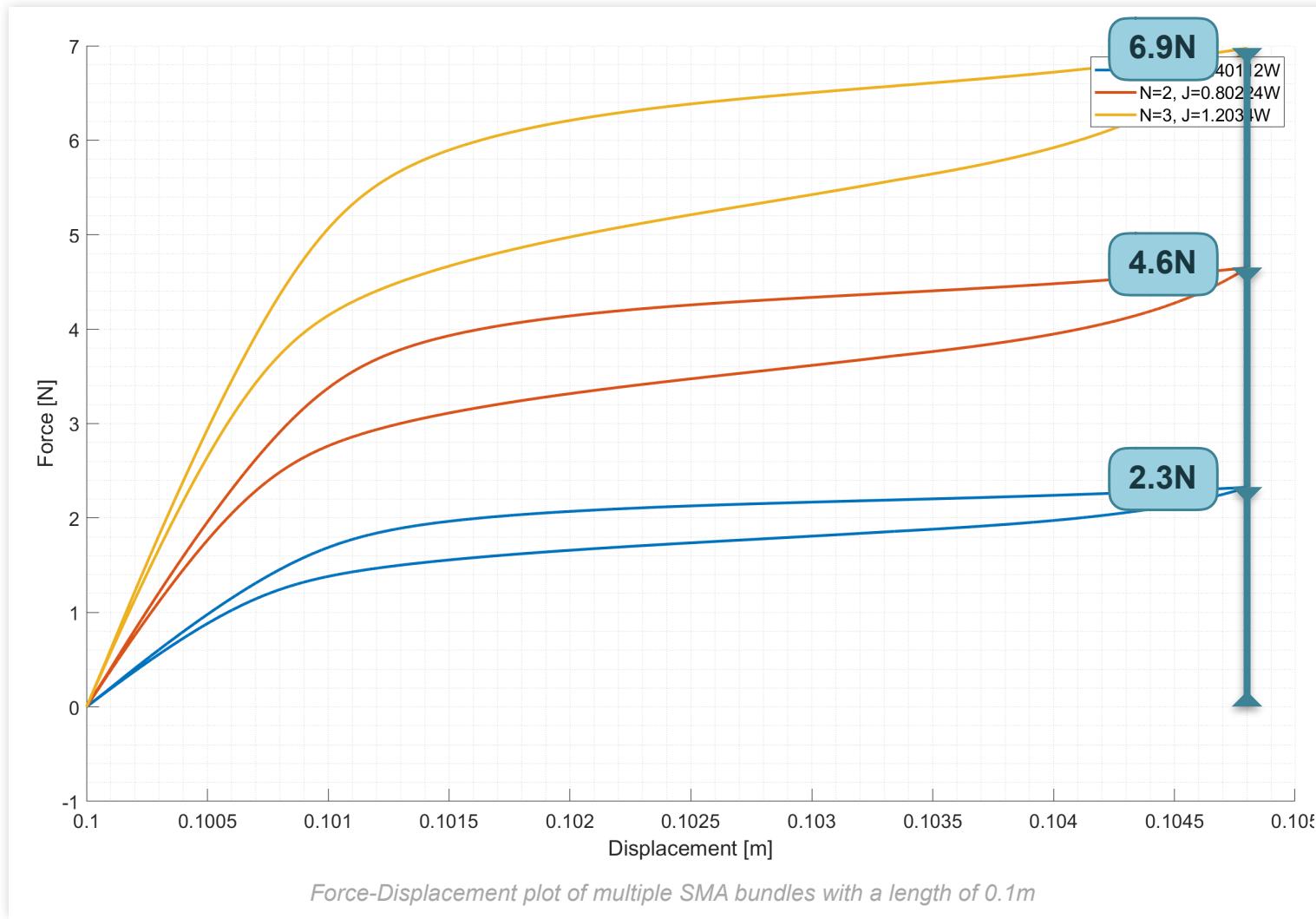


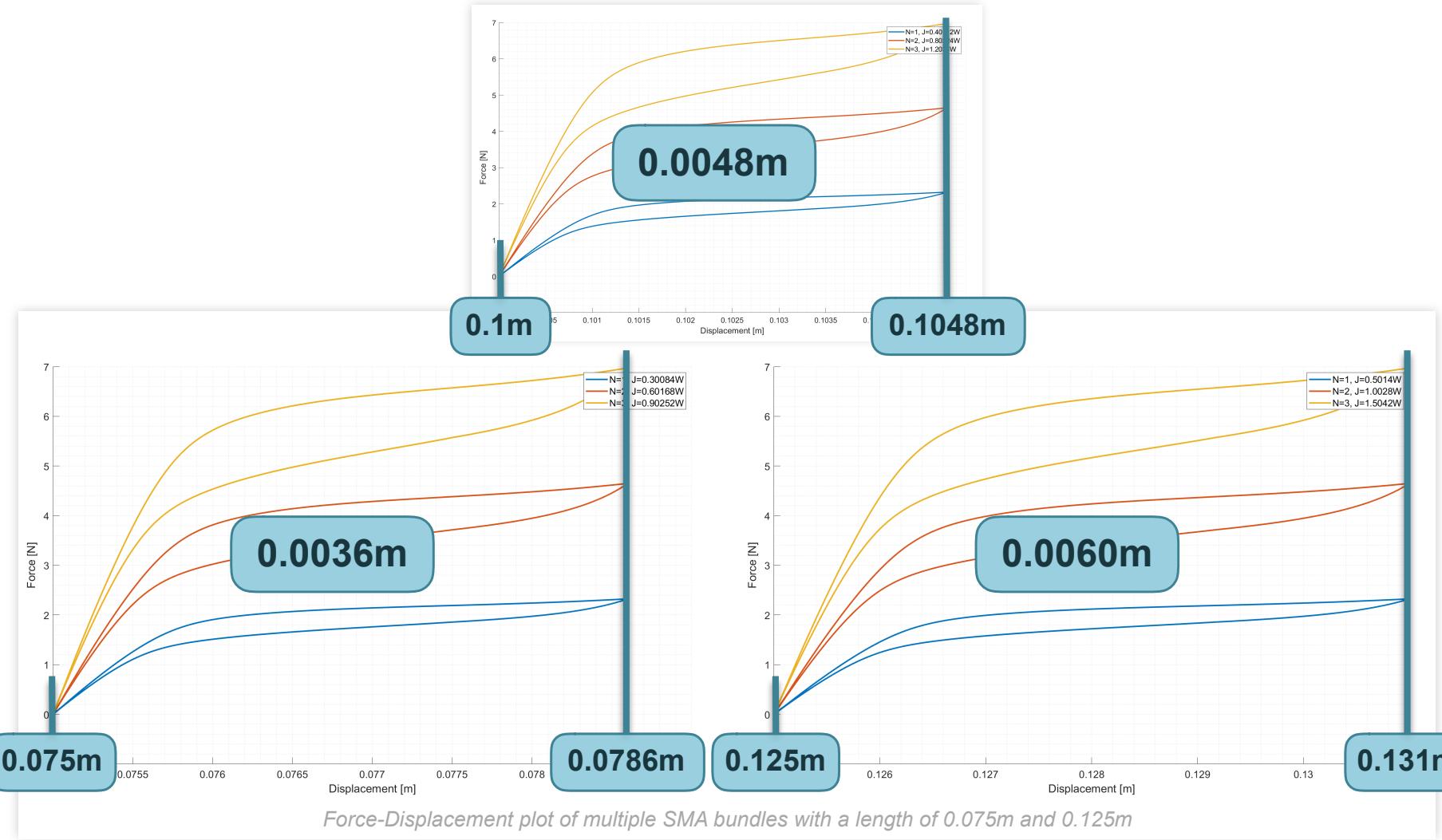
[source: youtube.com, Actuator Solutions]

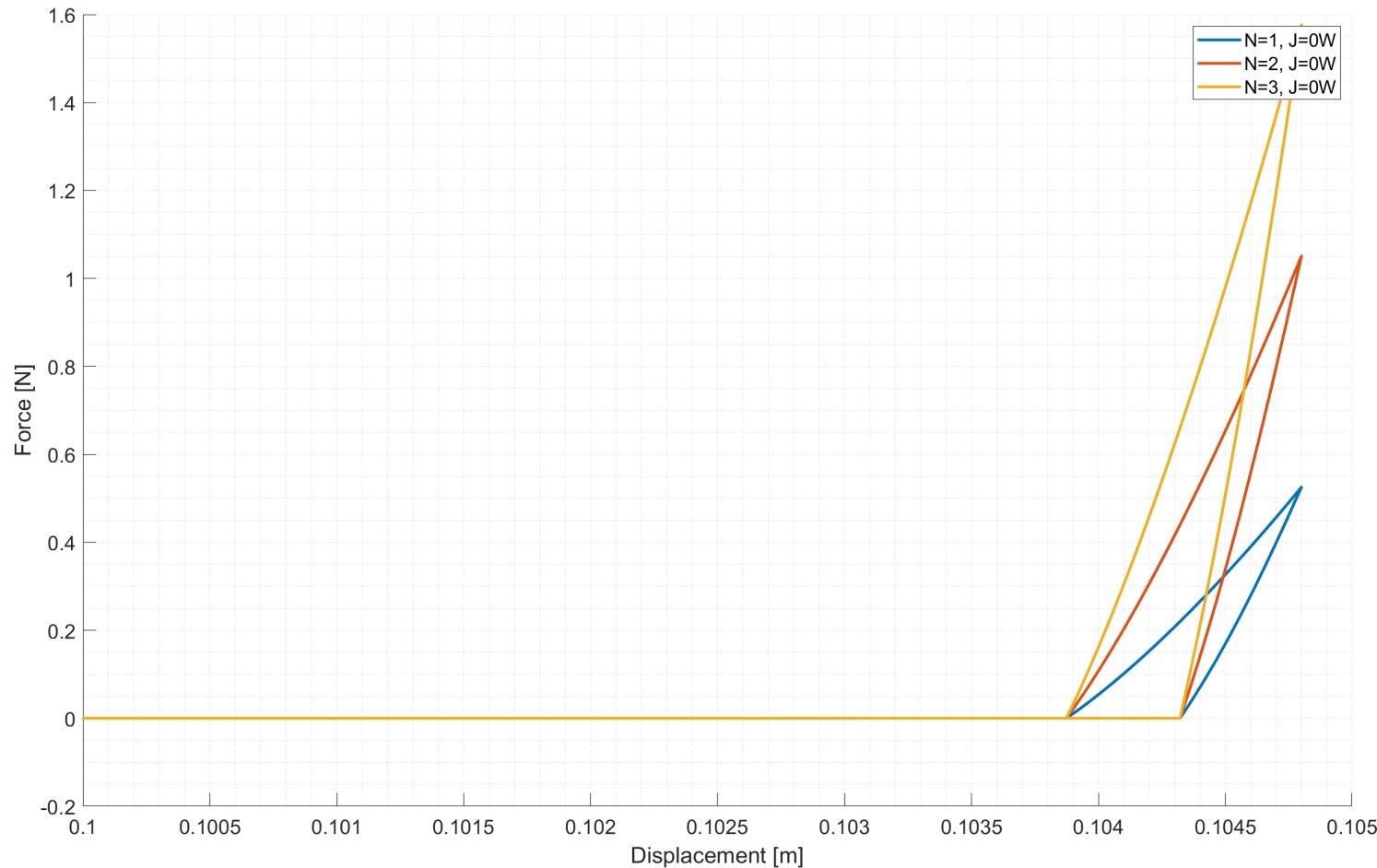
**Tim Goll (2554050),
Matthias Jost (2551592)**
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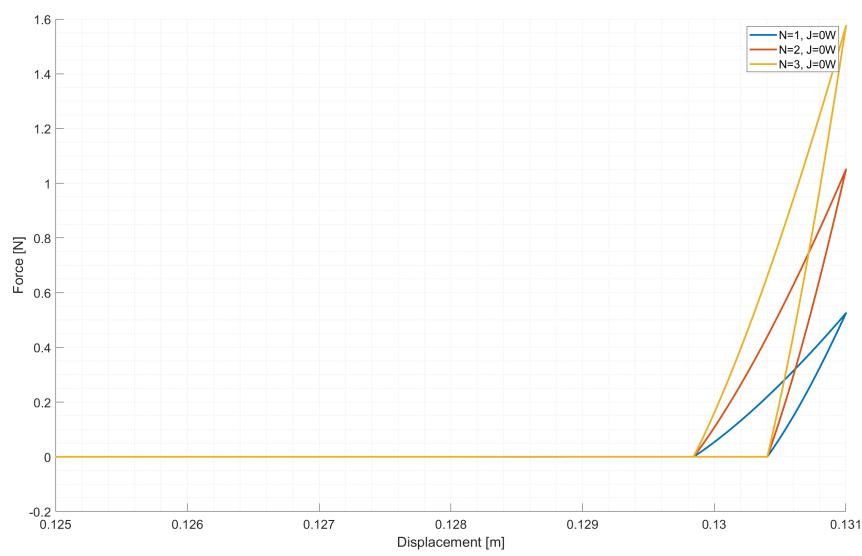
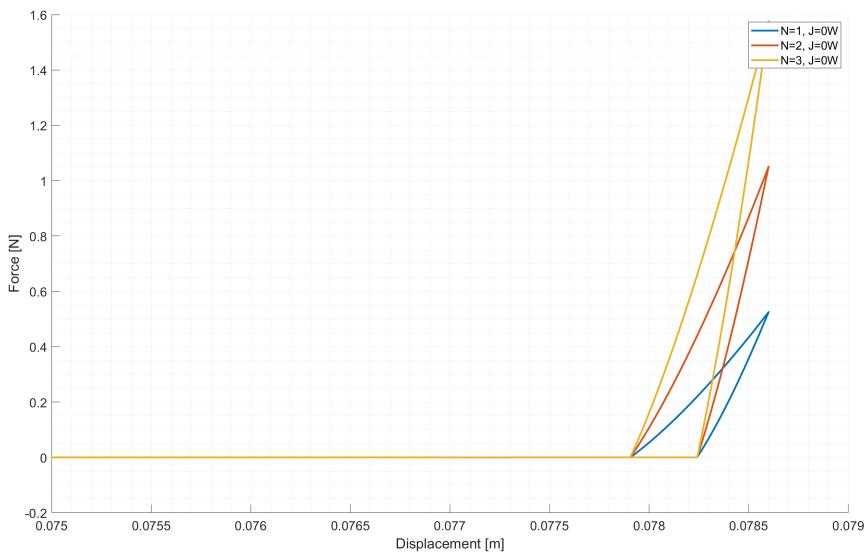
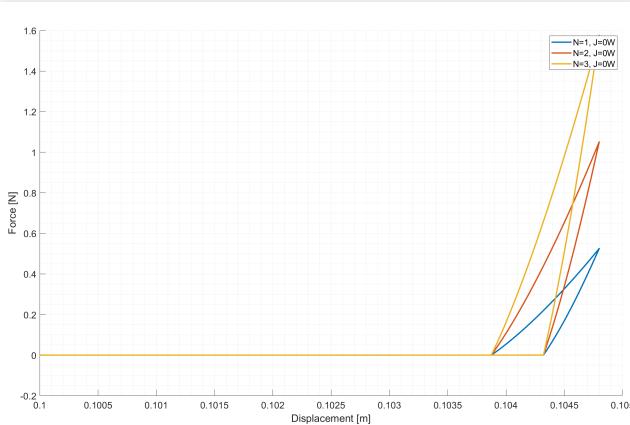
- plot SMA actuator against a force / displacement gauge
- different wire lengths
- different wire quantities



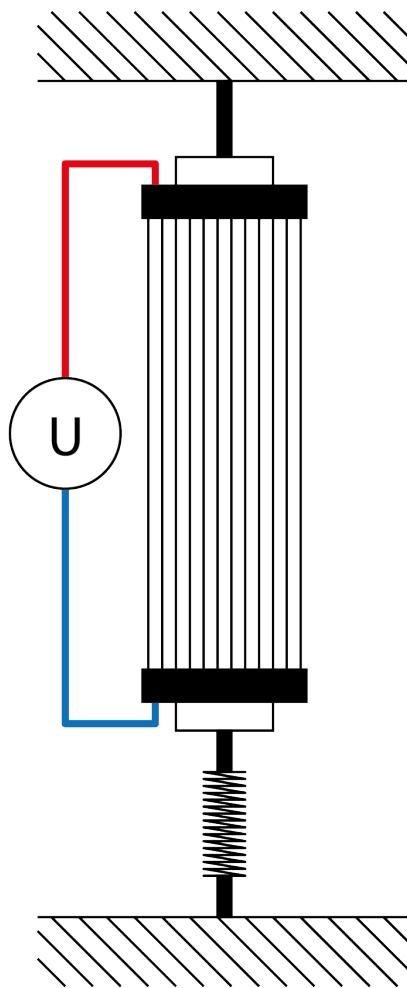




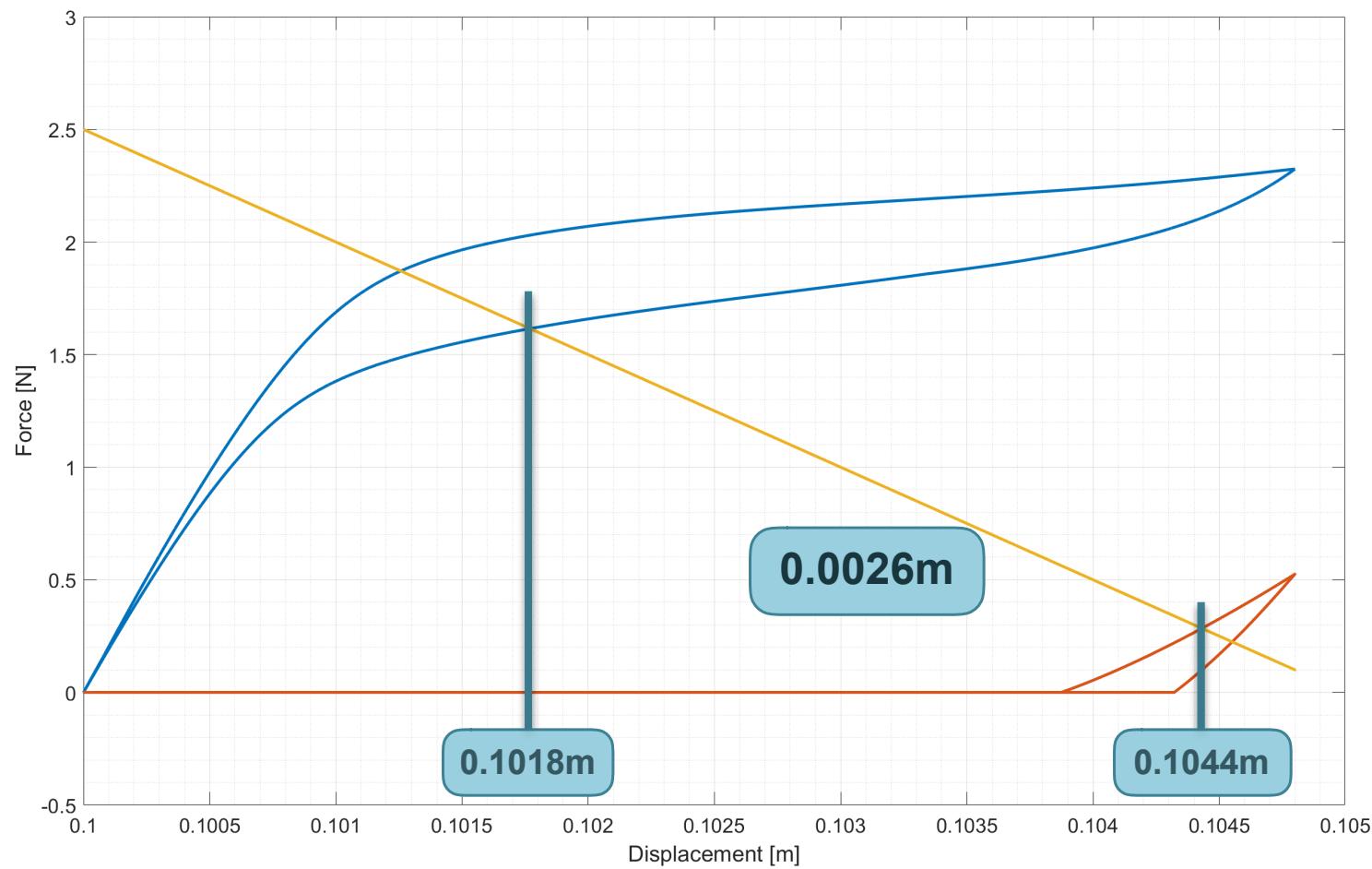
Force-Displacement plot of multiple SMA bundles with a length of 0.1m



Force-Displacement plot of multiple SMA bundles with a length of 0.075m and 0.125m



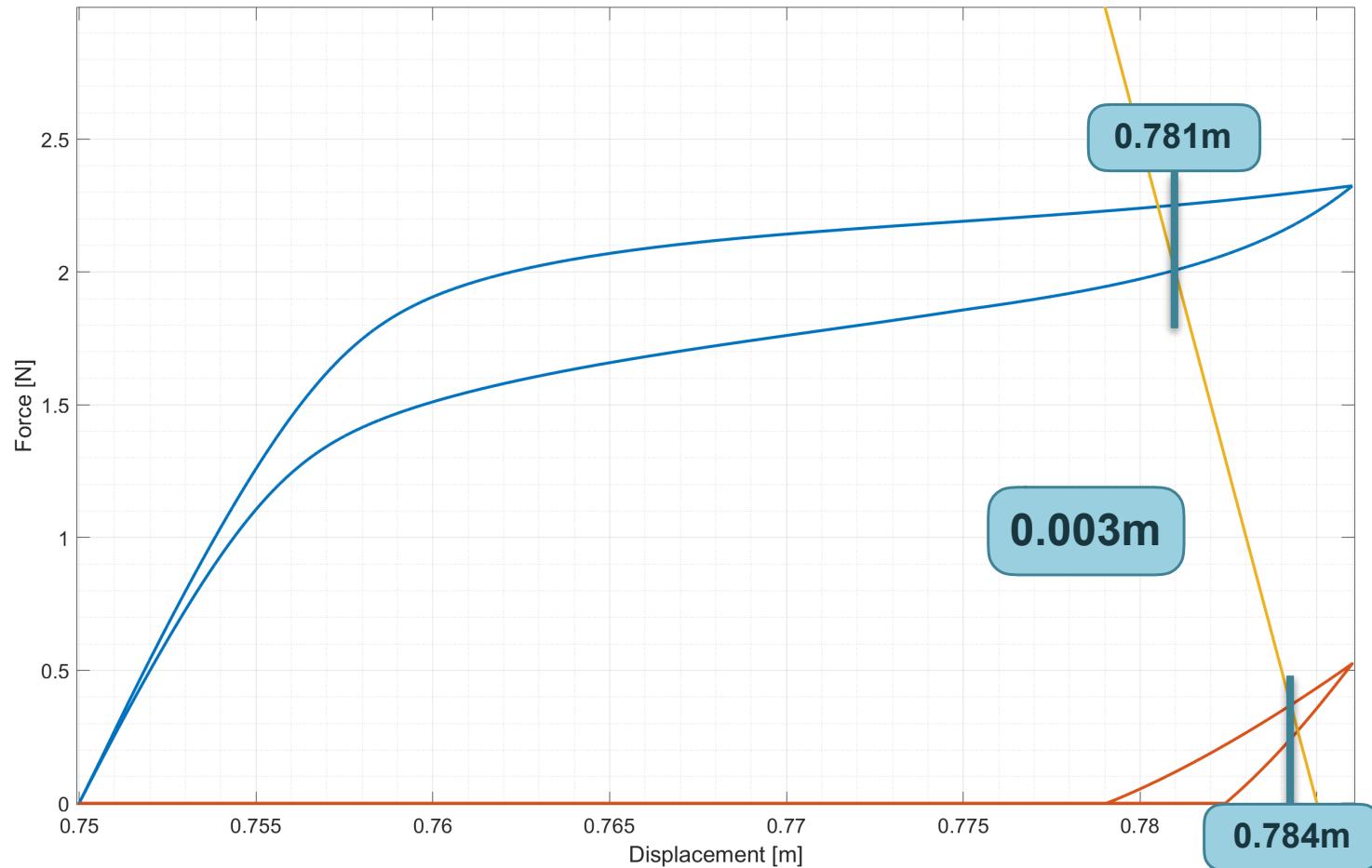
- plot SMA actuator against a spring load
- choose L₀ and N so that the stroke is greater than 0.022m



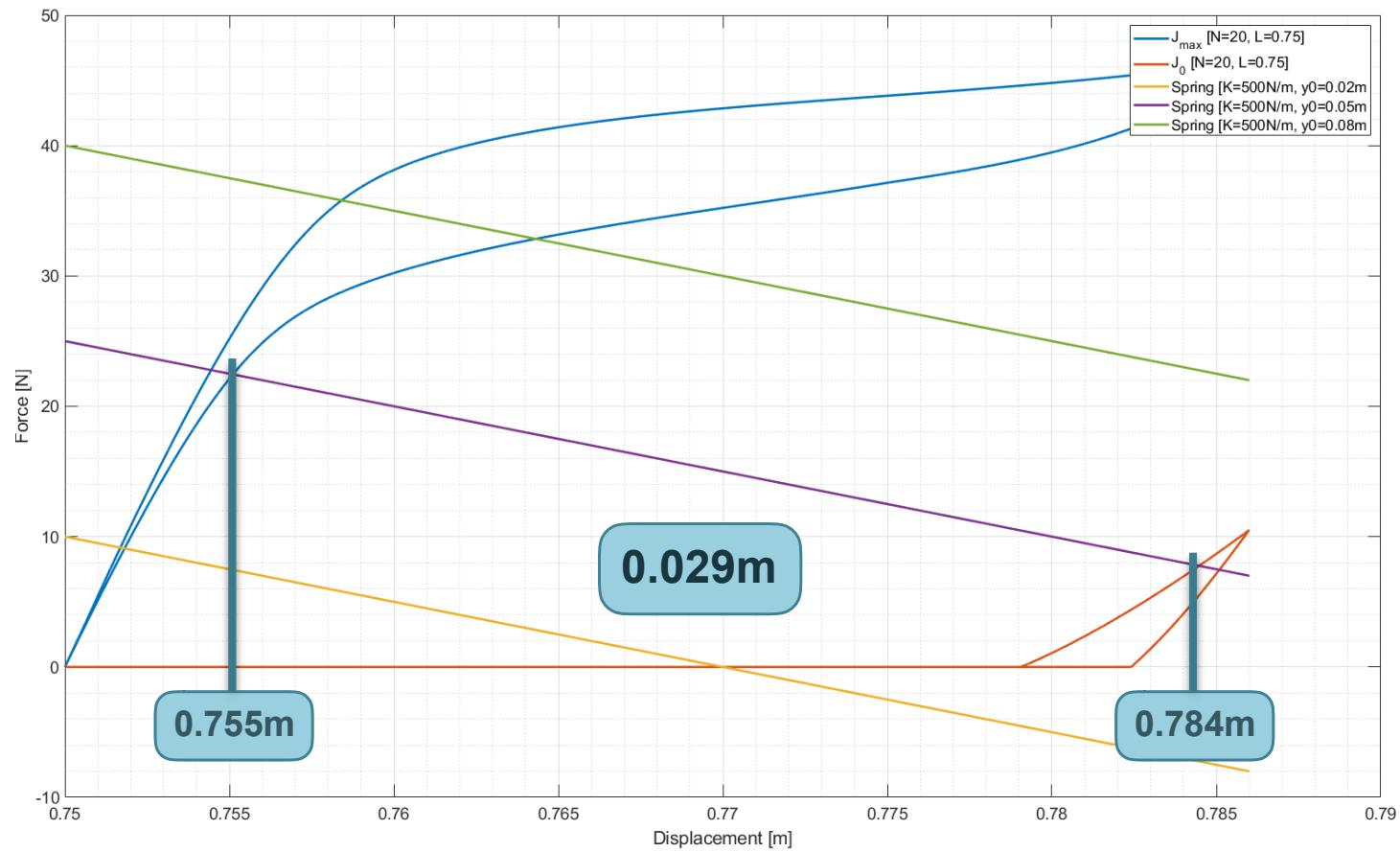
Force-Displacement plot of an SMA bundle ($N=1$) with a length of 0.1m against a spring ($K=500\text{N/m}$)



task 2 - SMA against spring

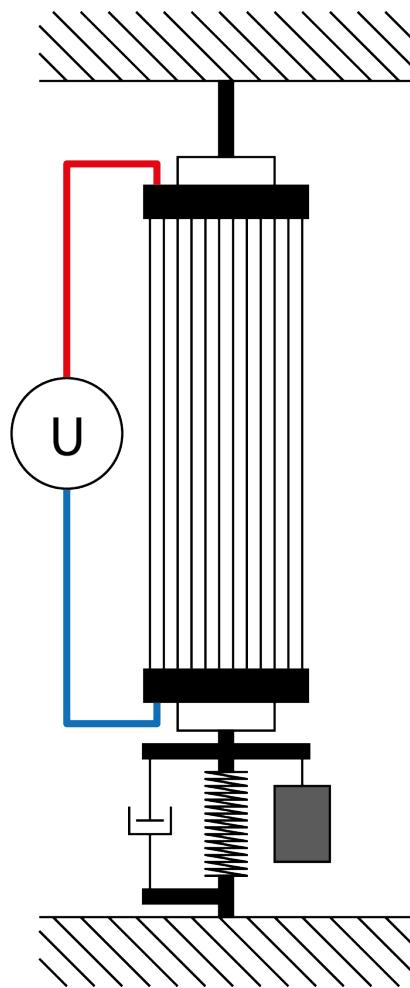


Force-Displacement plot of an SMA bundle ($N=1$) with a length of 0.75m against a spring ($K=500\text{N/m}$)

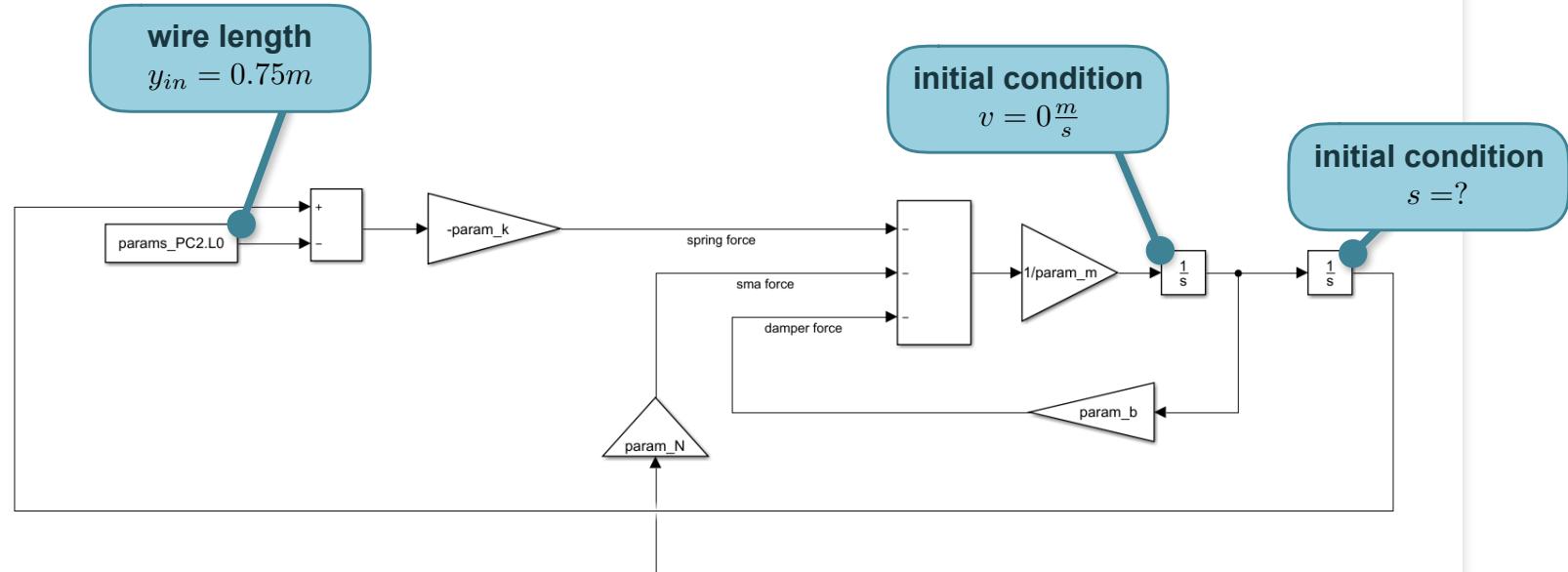


Force-Displacement plot of an SMA bundle ($N=20$) with a length of $0.75m$ against a spring ($K=500N/m$)

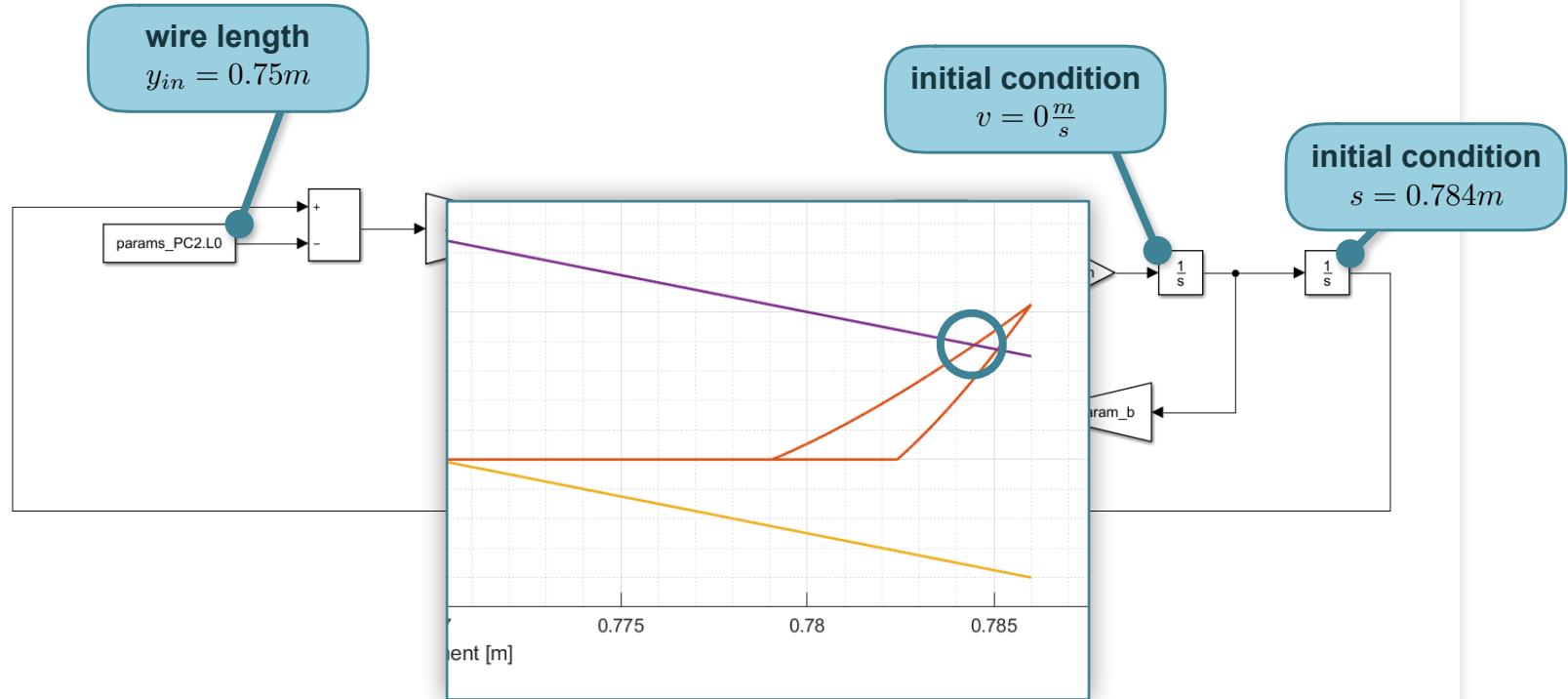
task 3 - SMA against msd-system



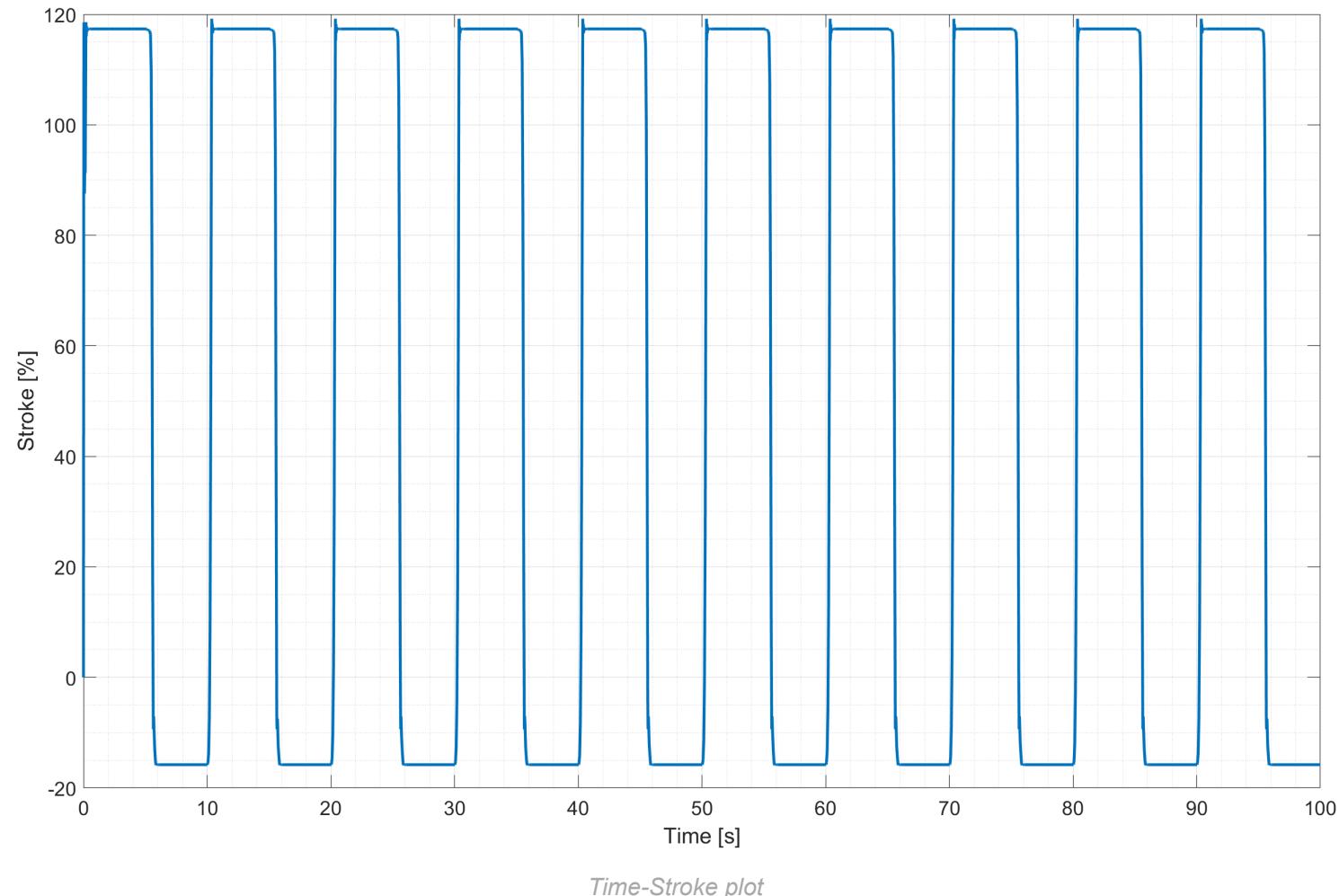
- plot SMA actuator against a mass-spring-damper system with parameters determined in task 2

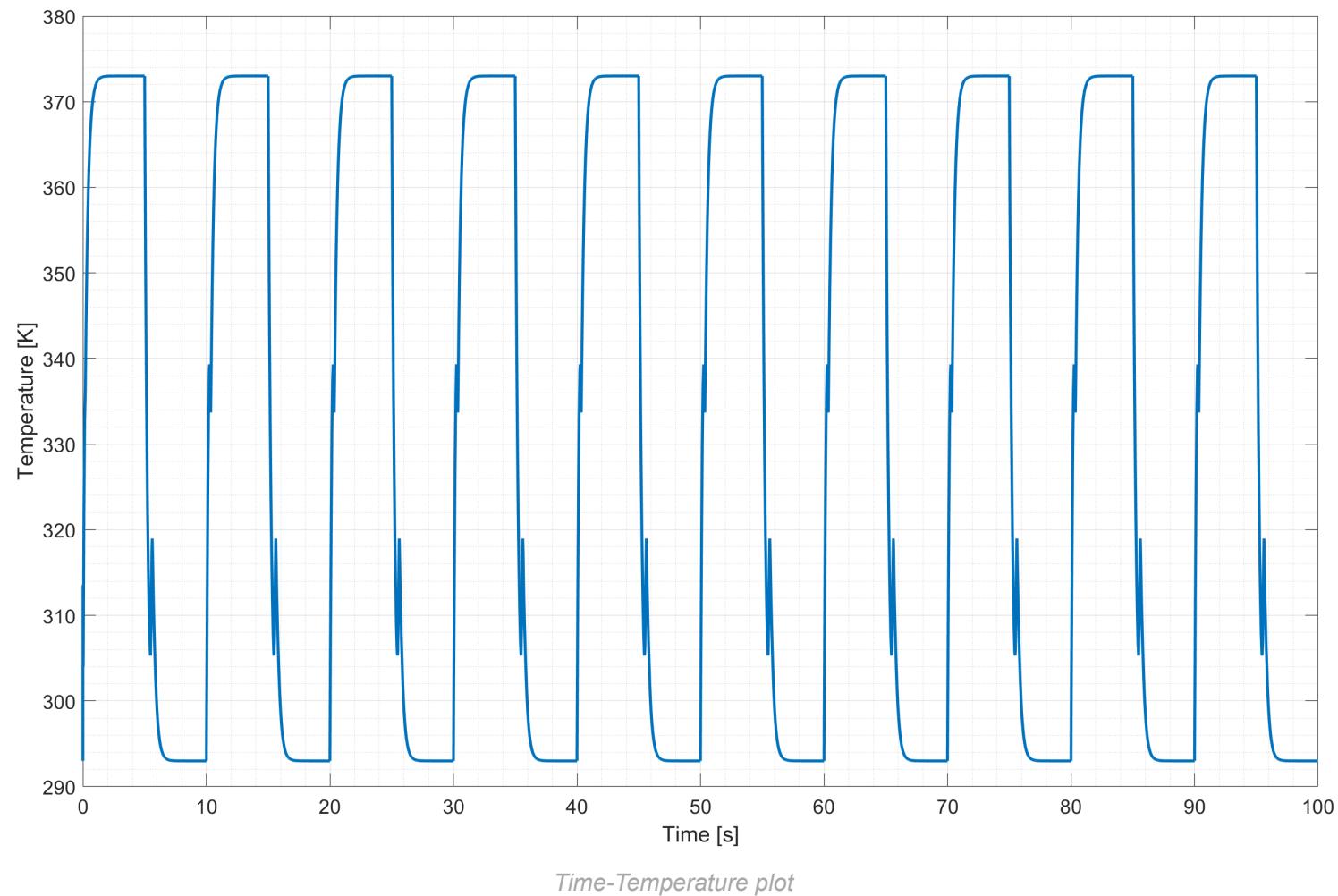


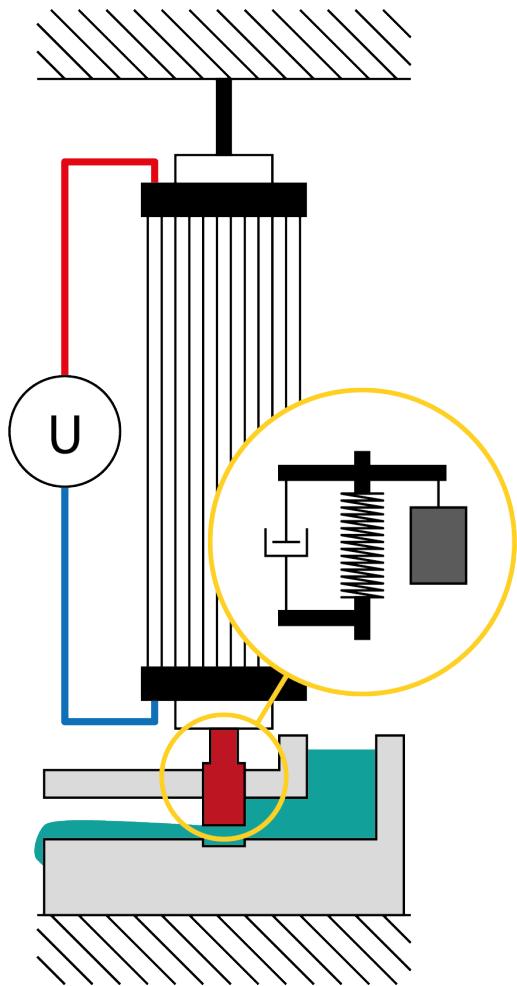
Simulink block diagram of the mass-spring-damper-system



Simulink block diagram of the mass-spring-damper-system





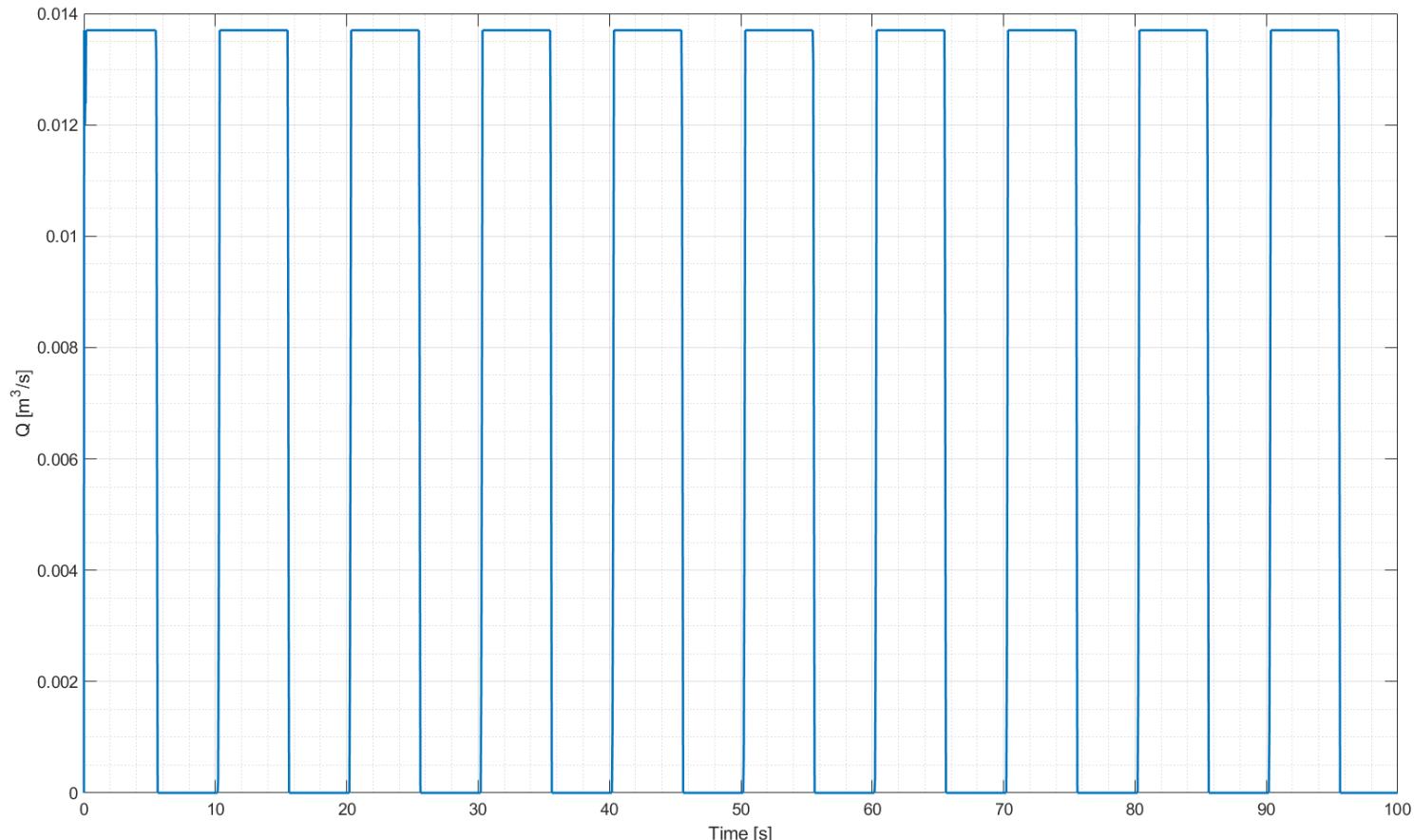


- deflect a valve represented in a mass-spring-damper system and plot the resulting flow
- flow is defined as:

$$q(s) = \text{sat}(s) \cdot A \cdot \eta \cdot \sqrt{\frac{2 \cdot \Delta P}{\rho}}$$



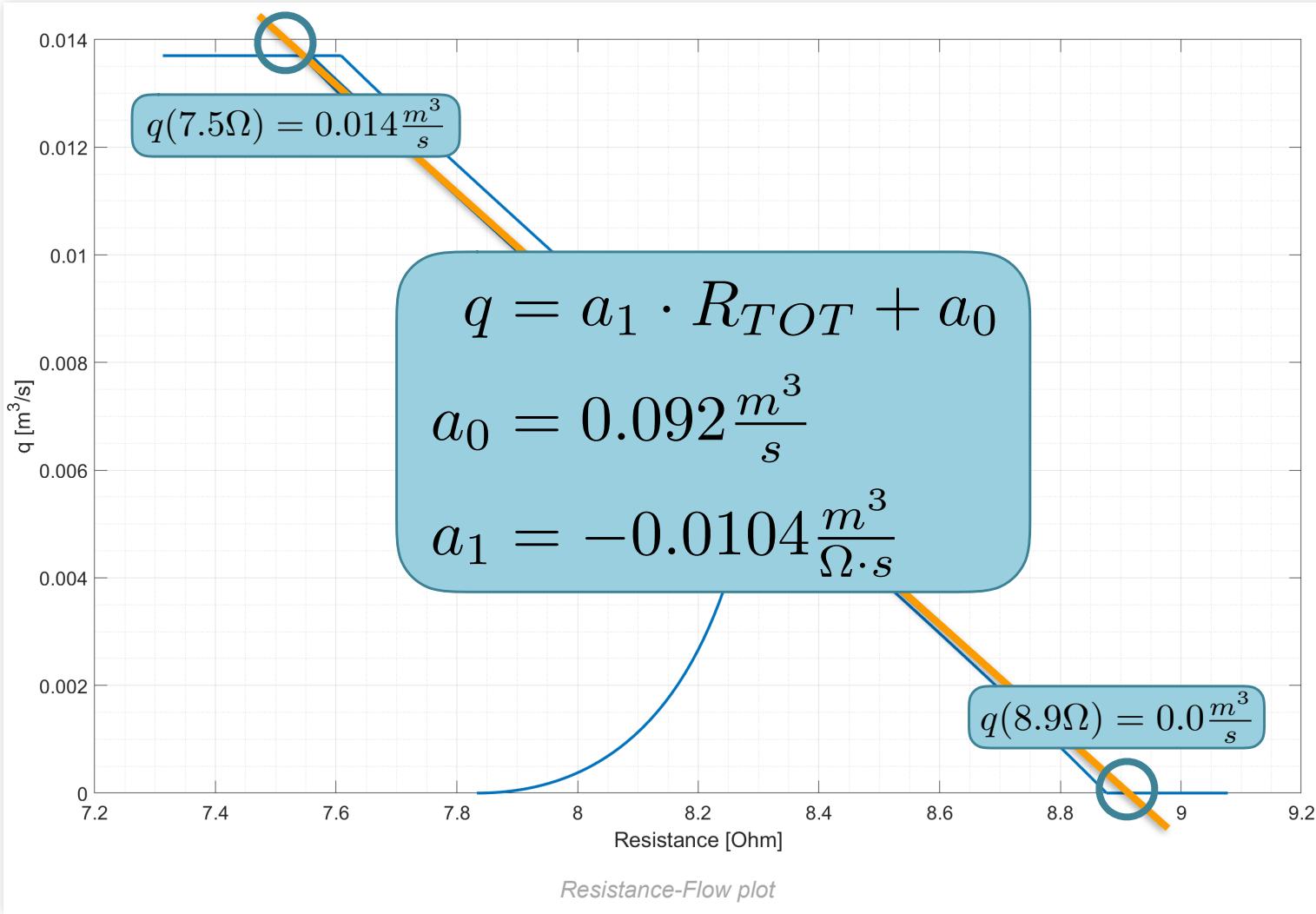
task 4 - SMA driving a valve



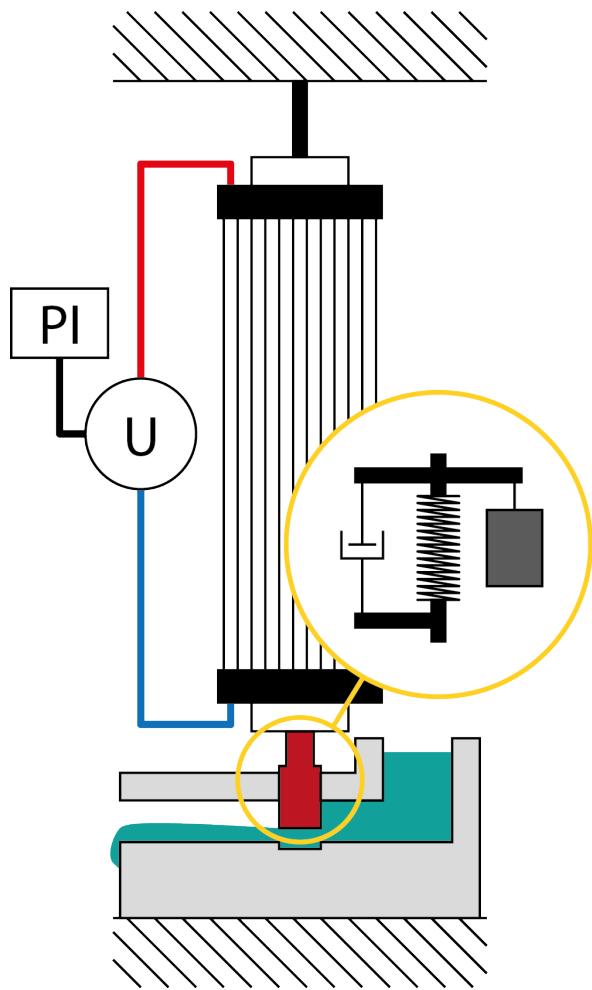
Time-Flow plot



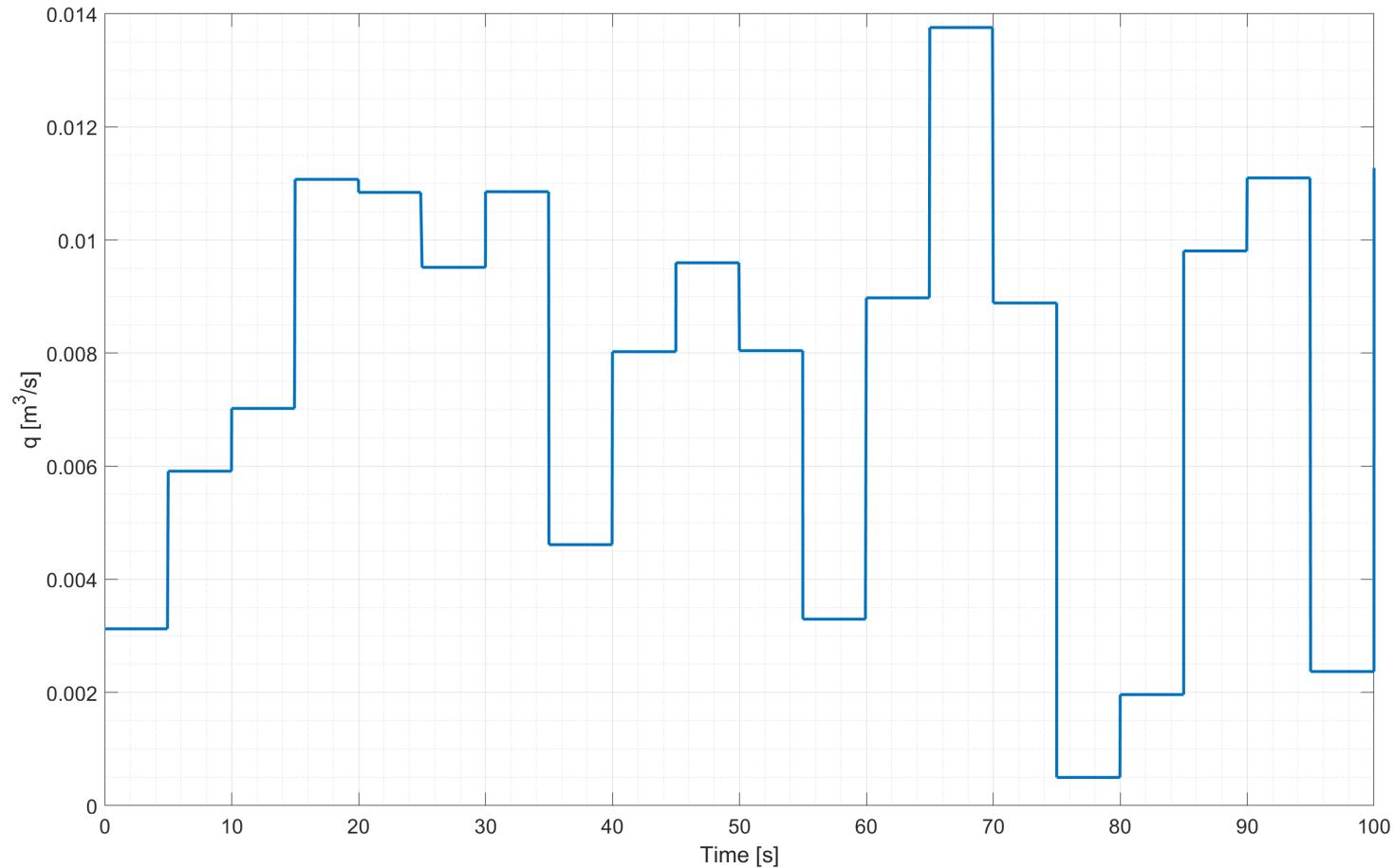
- plot the flow against the resistance
- find a linear approximation for the relationship between the flow and the resistance



task 6 - PI controller



- use a PI controller to regulate the flow based on adjusting power



reference flow plot



- first step: increase P until the signal starts oscillating
measure the oscillation time and the value for P
- calculate the real values for P and I

$$P_{krit} = 2.2$$

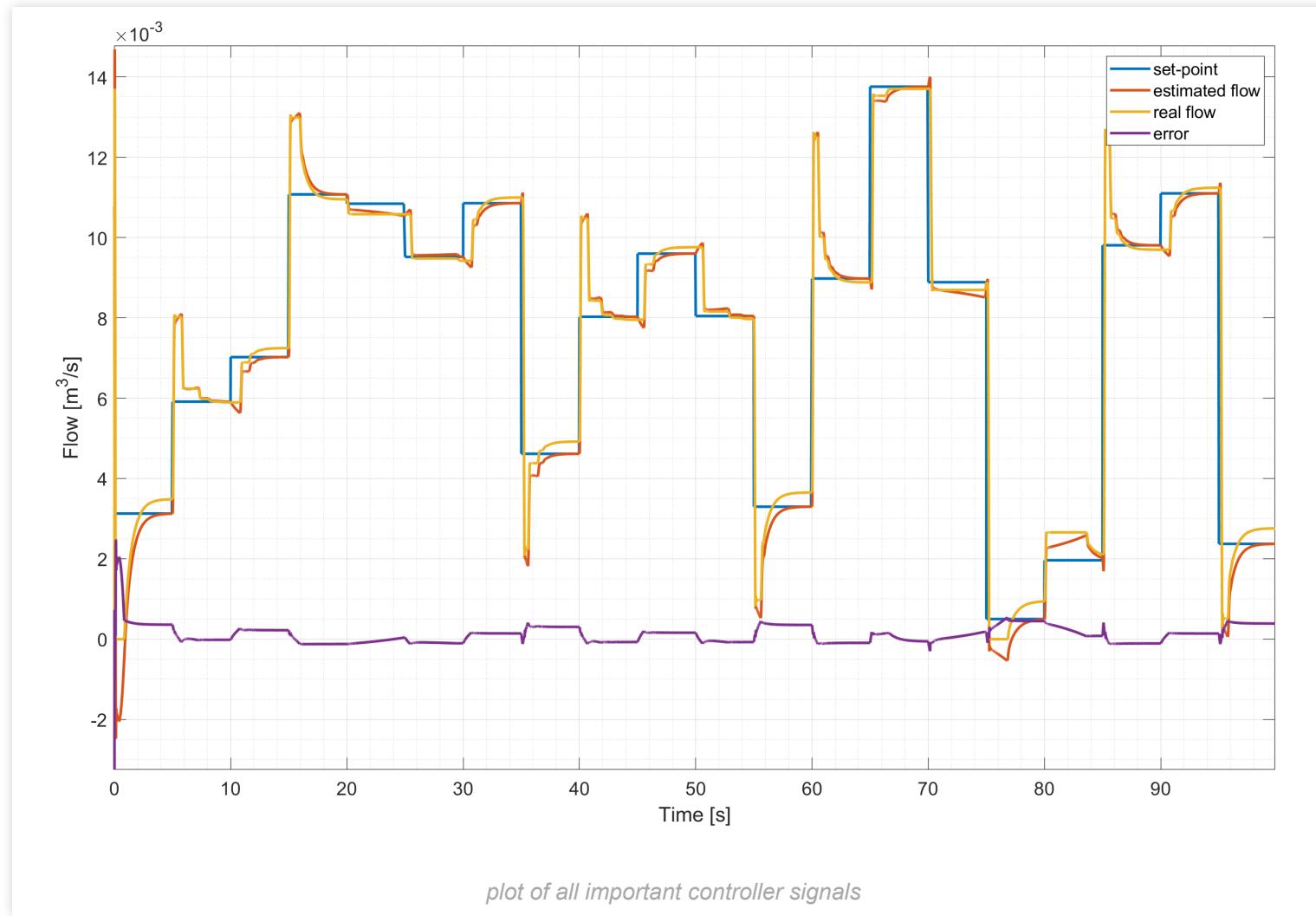
$$P = 0.45 \cdot P_{krit} = 0.99$$

$$T_{krit} = 1.0$$

$$T_n = 0.85 \cdot T_{krit}$$

$$I = \frac{P}{T_n} = 1.16$$

- fine-tune the values by hand until the result is satisfactory



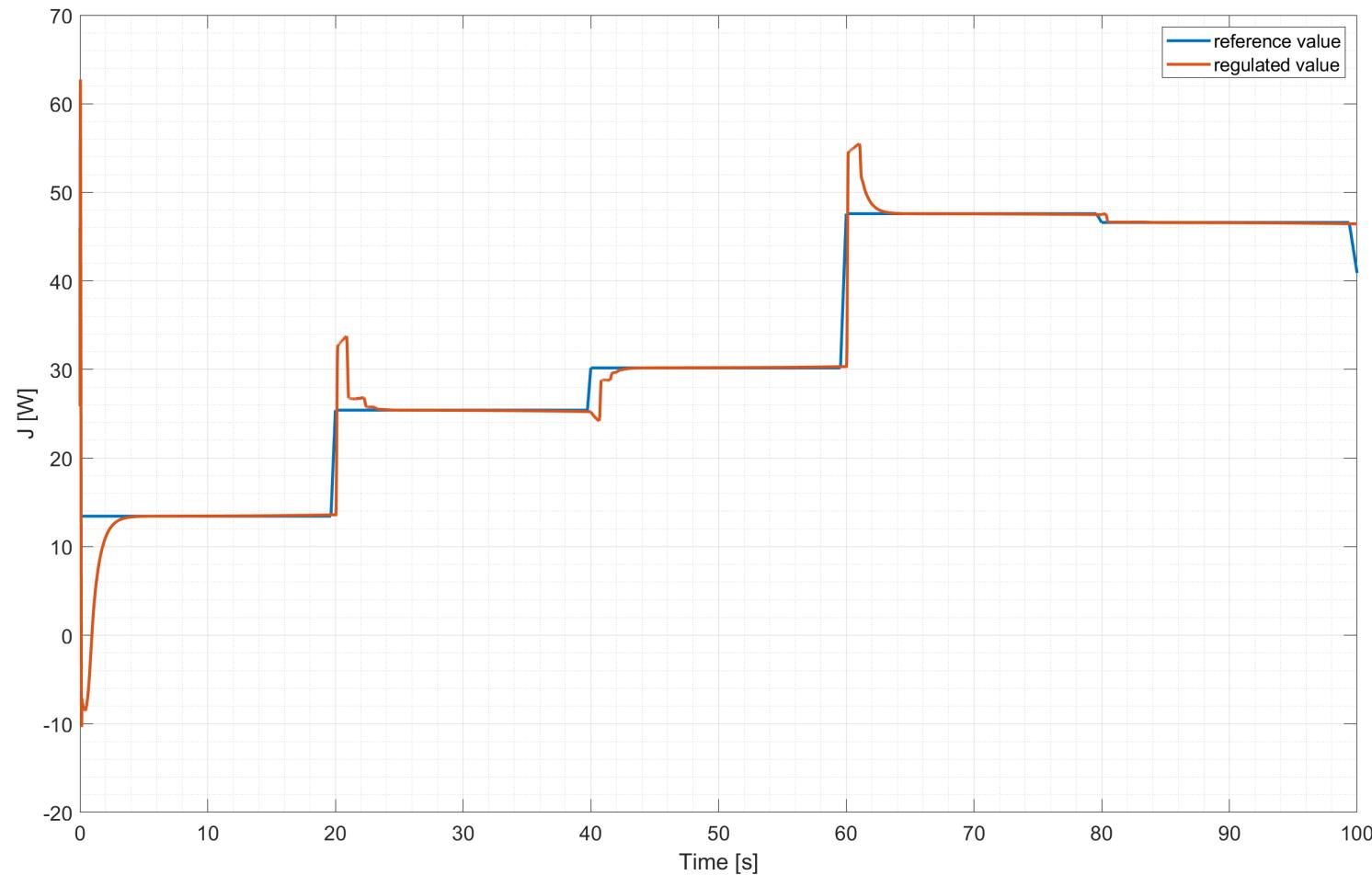
plot of all important controller signals



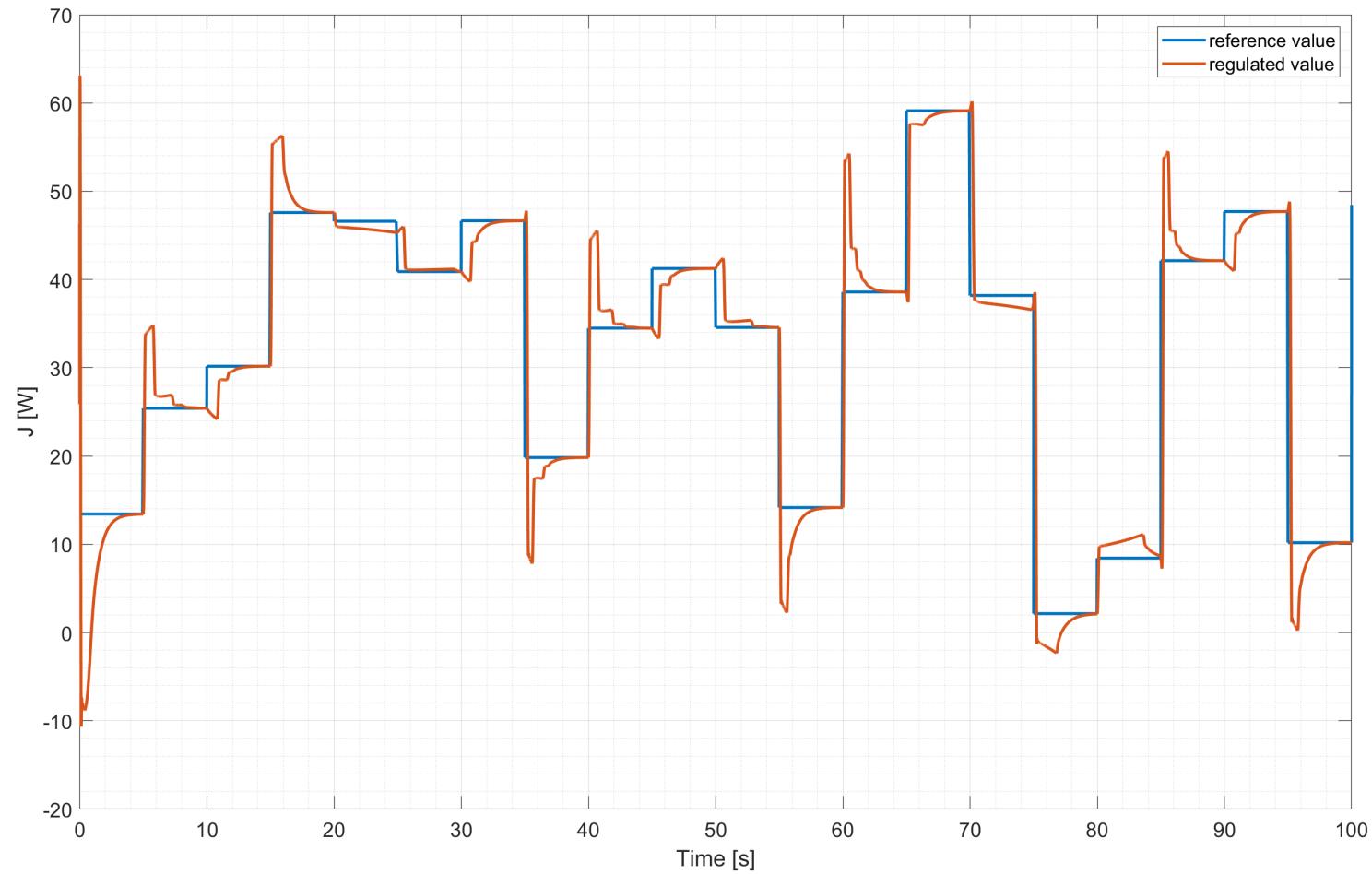
Thank you for your attention!
Questions?

Cover picture:

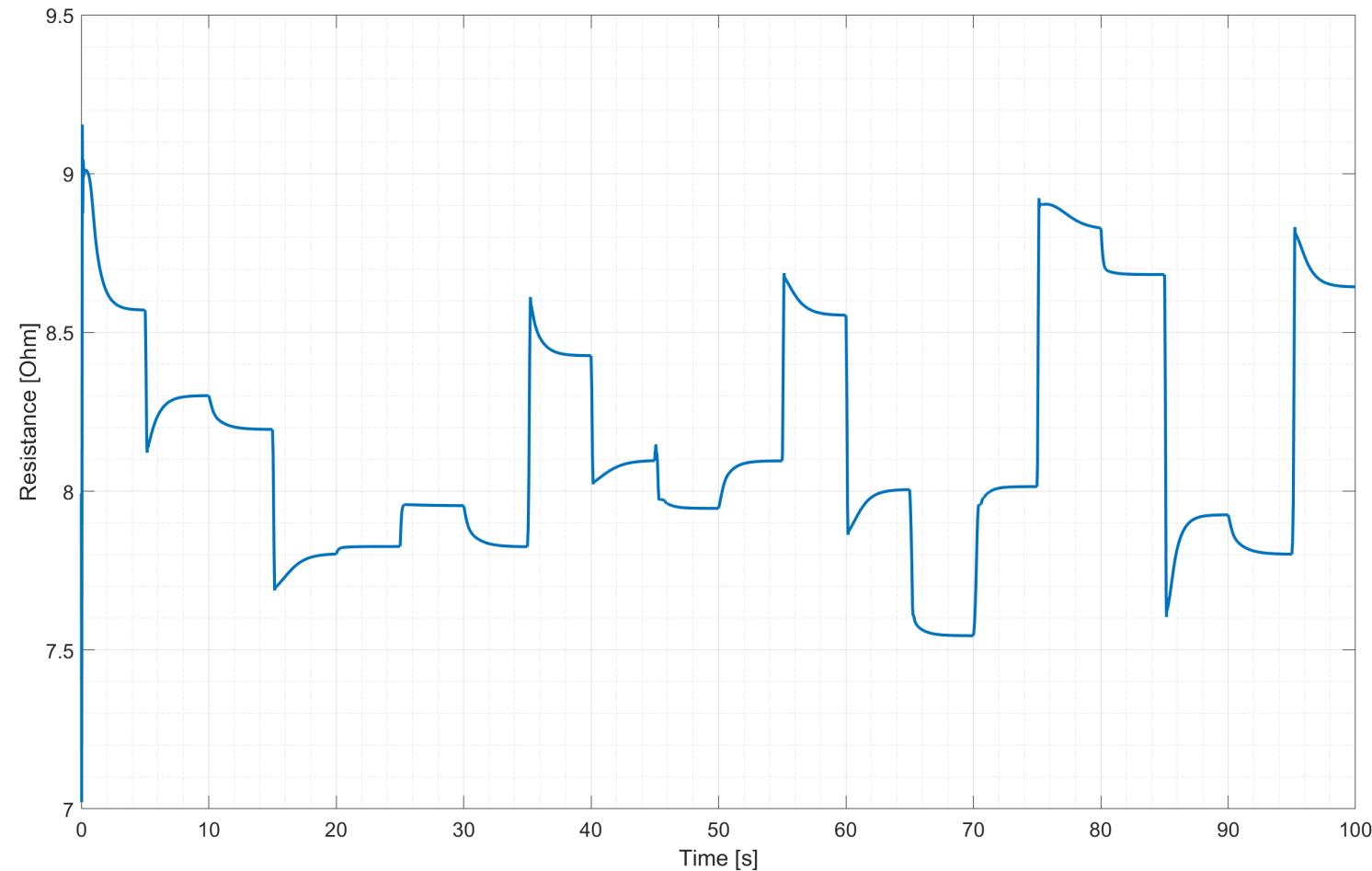
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ULvS3K3-QRM>



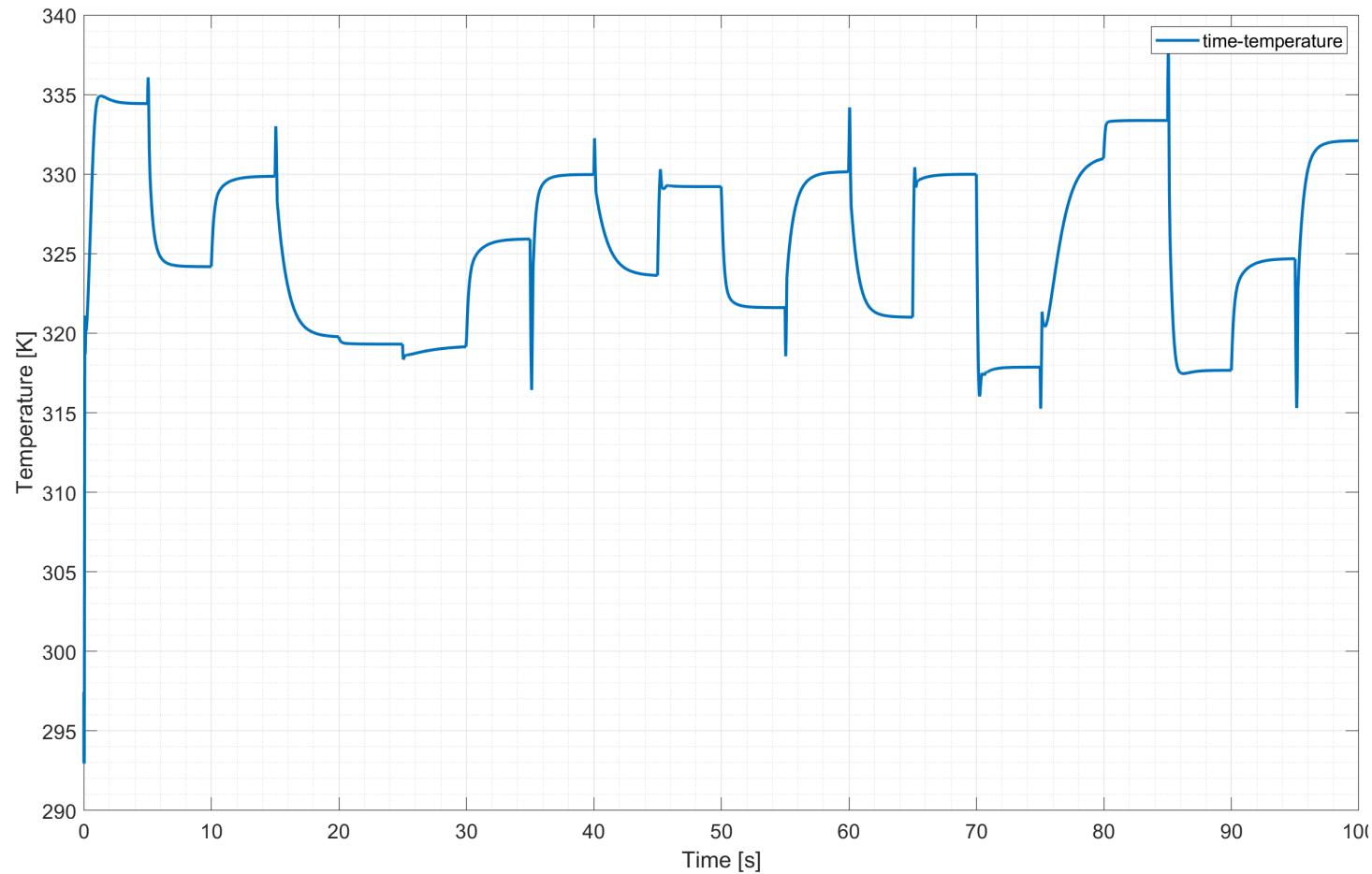
task6: PI controller with 5 different destinations for 20 seconds each



task6: PI controller with 20 different destinations for 5 seconds each



task6: PI controller; Time-Resistance plot



task6: PI controller; Time-Temperature plot



$$J_{max} = \alpha \cdot 2 \cdot \pi \cdot l_0 \cdot r_0 \cdot N \cdot \Delta T$$

$$0 = F_{TOT} + k \cdot (y - y_0) + b\dot{y} + m\ddot{y}$$

$$s = \frac{y_{in} - y}{0.0295}$$