■ NetApp

Boot media

ONTAP Systems

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Boot media

Overview of boot media replacement - AFF A800

- You must replace the failed component with a replacement FRU component you received from your provider.
- It is important that you apply the commands in these steps on the correct node:
 - The *impaired* node is the node on which you are performing maintenance.
 - The *healthy node* is the HA partner of the impaired node.

Check onboard encryption keys - AFF A800

Prior to shutting down the impaired node and checking the status of the onboard encryption keys, you must check the status of the impaired node, disable automatic giveback, and check what version of ONTAP the system is running.

Prior to shutting down the impaired node and checking the status of the onboard encryption keys, you must check the status of the impaired node, disable automatic giveback, and check the version of ONTAP that is running.

If you have a cluster with more than two nodes, it must be in quorum. If the cluster is not in quorum or a healthy node shows false for eligibility and health, you must correct the issue before shutting down the impaired node; see the NetApp Encryption overview with the CLI.

Steps

- 1. Check the status of the impaired node:
 - o If the impaired node is at the login prompt, log in as admin.
 - If the impaired node is at the LOADER prompt and is part of HA configuration, log in as admin on the healthy node.
 - If the impaired node is in a standalone configuration and at LOADER prompt, contact mysupport.netapp.com.
- 2. If AutoSupport is enabled, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=number of hours downh

```
The following AutoSupport message suppresses automatic case creation for two hours: cluster1:*> system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=2h
```

- 3. Check the version of ONTAP the system is running on the impaired node if up, or on the partner node if the impaired node is down, using the version -v command:
 - If <Ino-DARE> or <10no-DARE> is displayed in the command output, the system does not support NVE, proceed to shut down the controller.
 - If <Ino-DARE> is not displayed in the command output, and the system is running ONTAP 9.5, go to [Checking NVE or NSE on systems running ONTAP 9.5 and later].
 - If <Ino-DARE> is not displayed in the command output, and the system is running ONTAP 9.6 or later, go to [Checking NVE or NSE on systems running ONTAP 9.6 and later].

4. If the impaired node is part of an HA configuration, disable automatic giveback from the healthy node: storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback false or storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback-after-panic false

Option 1: Check NVE or NSE on systems running ONTAP 9.5 and earlier

Before shutting down the impaired node, you need to check whether the system has either NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) or NetApp Storage Encryption (NSE) enabled. If so, you need to verify the configuration.

Steps

- 1. Connect the console cable to the impaired node.
- 2. Check whether NVE is configured for any volumes in the cluster: volume show -is-encrypted true

If any volumes are listed in the output, NVE is configured and you need to verify the NVE configuration. If no volumes are listed, check whether NSE is configured.

- 3. Check whether NSE is configured: storage encryption disk show
 - If the command output lists the drive details with Mode & Key ID information, NSE is configured and you need to verify the NSE configuration.
 - If NVE and NSE are not configured, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.

Verify NVE configuration

Steps

- 1. Display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers: security key-manager query
 - If the Restored column displays yes and all key managers display available, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.
 - If the Restored column displays anything other than yes, or if any key manager displays unavailable, you need to complete some additional steps.
 - If you see the message This command is not supported when onboard key management is enabled, you need to complete some other additional steps.
- 2. If the Restored column displayed anything other than yes, or if any key manager displayed unavailable:
 - a. Retrieve and restore all authentication keys and associated key IDs: security key-manager restore -address *

If the command fails, contact NetApp Support.

mysupport.netapp.com

- b. Verify that the Restored column displays yes for all authentication keys and that all key managers display available: security key-manager query
- c. Shut down the impaired node.
- 3. If you saw the message This command is not supported when onboard key management is enabled, display the keys stored in the onboard key manager: security key-manager key show -detail
 - a. If the Restored column displays yes manually back up the onboard key management information:

- Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
- Enter the command to display the OKM backup information: security key-manager backup show
- Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
- Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
- Shut down the impaired node.
- b. If the Restored column displays anything other than yes:
 - Run the key-manager setup wizard: security key-manager setup -node target/impaired node name



Enter the customer's onboard key management passphrase at the prompt. If the passphrase cannot be provided, contact mysupport.netapp.com

- Verify that the Restored column displays yes for all authentication key: security keymanager key show -detail
- Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
- Enter the command to display the OKM backup information: security key-manager backup show
- Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
- Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
- You can safely shutdown the node.

Verify NSE configuration

Steps

- 1. Display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers: security key-manager query
 - ° If the Restored column displays yes and all key managers display available, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.
 - If the Restored column displays anything other than yes, or if any key manager displays unavailable, you need to complete some additional steps.
 - If you see the message This command is not supported when onboard key management is enabled, you need to complete some other additional steps
- 2. If the Restored column displayed anything other than yes, or if any key manager displayed unavailable:
 - a. Retrieve and restore all authentication keys and associated key IDs: security key-manager restore -address *

If the command fails, contact NetApp Support.

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- b. Verify that the Restored column displays yes for all authentication keys and that all key managers display available: security key-manager query
- c. Shut down the impaired node.
- 3. If you saw the message This command is not supported when onboard key management is enabled, display the keys stored in the onboard key manager: security key-manager key show -detail
 - a. If the Restored column displays yes, manually back up the onboard key management information:
 - Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
 - Enter the command to display the OKM backup information: security key-manager backup show
 - Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
 - Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
 - Shut down the impaired node.
 - b. If the Restored column displays anything other than yes:
 - Run the key-manager setup wizard: security key-manager setup -node target/impaired node name



Enter the customer's OKM passphrase at the prompt. If the passphrase cannot be provided, contact mysupport.netapp.com

- Verify that the Restored column shows yes for all authentication keys: security keymanager key show -detail
- Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
- Enter the command to back up the OKM information: security key-manager backup show



Make sure that OKM information is saved in your log file. This information will be needed in disaster scenarios where OKM might need to be manually recovered.

- Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
- Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
- You can safely shut down the node.

Option 2: Check NVE or NSE on systems running ONTAP 9.6 and later

Before shutting down the impaired node, you need to verify whether the system has either NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) or NetApp Storage Encryption (NSE) enabled. If so, you need to verify the configuration.

- 1. Verify whether NVE is in use for any volumes in the cluster: volume show -is-encrypted true
 - If any volumes are listed in the output, NVE is configured and you need to verify the NVE configuration. If no volumes are listed, check whether NSE is configured and in use.
- 2. Verify whether NSE is configured and in use: storage encryption disk show

- If the command output lists the drive details with Mode & Key ID information, NSE is configured and you need to verify the NSE configuration and in use.
- If no disks are shown, NSE is not configured.
- If NVE and NSE are not configured, no drives are protected with NSE keys, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.

Verify NVE configuration

1. Display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers: security key-manager key-query



After the ONTAP 9.6 release, you may have additional key manager types. The types are KMIP, AKV, and GCP. The process for confirming these types is the same as confirming external or onboard key manager types.

- If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays yes, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.
- If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
- If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays anything other than yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
- If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays anything other than yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
 - 1. If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays yes, manually back up the OKM information:
 - a. Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
 - b. Enter the command to display the key management information: security key-manager onboard show-backup
 - c. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
 - d. Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
 - e. Shut down the impaired node.
 - 2. If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays anything other than yes:
 - a. Restore the external key management authentication keys to all nodes in the cluster: security key-manager external restore

If the command fails, contact NetApp Support.

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- b. Verify that the Restored column equals yes for all authentication keys: security key-manager key-query
- c. Shut down the impaired node.
- 3. If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays anything other than

a. Enter the onboard security key-manager sync command: security key-manager onboard sync



Enter the customer's onboard key management passphrase at the prompt. If the passphrase cannot be provided, contact NetApp Support. mysupport.netapp.com

- b. Verify the Restored column shows yes for all authentication keys: security key-manager key-query
- c. Verify that the Key Manager type shows onboard, and then manually back up the OKM information.
- d. Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
- e. Enter the command to display the key management backup information: security key-manager onboard show-backup
- f. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
- g. Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
- h. You can safely shut down the node.

Verify NSE configuration

1. Display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers: security key-manager key-query -key-type NSE-AK



After the ONTAP 9.6 release, you may have additional key manager types. The types are KMIP, AKV, and GCP. The process for confirming these types is the same as confirming external or onboard key manager types.

- If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays yes, it's safe to shut down the impaired node.
- If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
- If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays anything other than yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
- If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays anything other than yes, you need to complete some additional steps.
 - 1. If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays yes, manually back up the OKM information:
 - a. Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
 - b. Enter the command to display the key management information: security key-manager onboard show-backup
 - c. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
 - d. Return to admin mode: set -priv admin

- e. You can safely shut down the node.
- 2. If the Key Manager type displays external and the Restored column displays anything other than yes:
 - a. Enter the onboard security key-manager sync command: security key-manager external sync

If the command fails, contact NetApp Support.

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- b. Verify that the Restored column equals yes for all authentication keys: security key-manager key-query
- c. You can safely shut down the node.
- 3. If the Key Manager type displays onboard and the Restored column displays anything other than yes:
 - a. Enter the onboard security key-manager sync command: security key-manager onboard sync

Enter the customer's onboard key management passphrase at the prompt. If the passphrase cannot be provided, contact NetApp Support.

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- b. Verify the Restored column shows yes for all authentication keys: security key-manager key-query
- c. Verify that the Key Manager type shows onboard, and then manually back up the OKM information.
- d. Go to advanced privilege mode and enter y when prompted to continue: set -priv advanced
- e. Enter the command to display the key management backup information: security key-manager onboard show-backup
- f. Copy the contents of the backup information to a separate file or your log file. You'll need it in disaster scenarios where you might need to manually recover OKM.
- g. Return to admin mode: set -priv admin
- h. You can safely shut down the node.

Shut down the node - AFF A800

After completing the NVE or NSE tasks, you need to complete the shutdown of the impaired node.

Option 1: Most systems

After completing the NVE or NSE tasks, you need to complete the shutdown of the impaired node.

Steps

1. If the impaired node isn't at the LOADER prompt:

If the impaired node displays	Then
Waiting for giveback	Press Ctrl-C, and then respond \underline{y} when prompted.
System prompt or password prompt (enter system password)	Take over or halt the impaired node from the healthy node: storage failover takeover -ofnode impaired_node_name + When the impaired node shows Waiting for giveback, press Ctrl-C, and then respond y.

2. From the LOADER prompt, enter: printenv to capture all boot environmental variables. Save the output to your log file.



This command may not work if the boot device is corrupted or non-functional.

Option 2: System is in a MetroCluster



Do not use this procedure if your system is in a two-node MetroCluster configuration.

To shut down the impaired node, you must determine the status of the node and, if necessary, take over the node so that the healthy node continues to serve data from the impaired node storage.

- If you have a cluster with more than two nodes, it must be in quorum. If the cluster is not in quorum or a healthy node shows false for eligibility and health, you must correct the issue before shutting down the impaired node; see the Administration overview with the CLI.
- If you have a MetroCluster configuration, you must have confirmed that the MetroCluster Configuration State is configured and that the nodes are in an enabled and normal state (metrocluster node show).

Steps

1. If AutoSupport is enabled, suppress automatic case creation by invoking an AutoSupport message: system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=number of hours downh

The following AutoSupport message suppresses automatic case creation for two hours: cluster1:*> system node autosupport invoke -node * -type all -message MAINT=2h

- 2. Disable automatic giveback from the console of the healthy node: storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback false
- 3. Take the impaired node to the LOADER prompt:

If the impaired node is displaying	Then
The LOADER prompt	Go to Remove controller module
Waiting for giveback	Press Ctrl-C, and then respond ${\bf y}$ when prompted.

If the impaired node is displaying	Then
System prompt or password prompt (enter system password)	Take over or halt the impaired node from the healthy node: storage failover takeover -ofnode impaired_node_name
	+ When the impaired node shows Waiting for giveback, press Ctrl-C, and then respond y.

Replace the boot media - AFF A800

To replace the boot media, you must remove the impaired controller module, install the replacement boot media, and transfer the boot image to a USB flash drive.

Step 1: Remove the controller module

You must remove the controller module from the chassis when you replace the controller module or replace a component inside the controller module.

- 1. If you are not already grounded, properly ground yourself.
- 2. Unplug the controller module power supplies from the source.
- 3. Release the power cable retainers, and then unplug the cables from the power supplies.
- 4. Loosen the hook and loop strap binding the cables to the cable management device, and then unplug the system cables and SFP and QSFP modules (if needed) from the controller module, keeping track of where the cables were connected.

Leave the cables in the cable management device so that when you reinstall the cable management device, the cables are organized.

- 5. Remove the cable management device from the controller module and set it aside.
- 6. Press down on both of the locking latches, and then rotate both latches downward at the same time.

The controller module moves slightly out of the chassis.



0	Locking latch
2	Locking pin

7. Slide the controller module out of the chassis.

Make sure that you support the bottom of the controller module as you slide it out of the chassis.

- 8. Place the controller module on a stable, flat surface, and then open the air duct:
 - a. Press in the locking tabs on the sides of the air duct toward the middle of the controller module.
 - b. Slide the air duct toward the fan modules, and then rotate it upward to its completely open position.



0	Air duct locking tabs
2	Slide air duct towards fan modules
3	Rotate air duct towards fan modules

Step 2: Replace the boot media

You locate the failed boot media in the controller module by removing Riser 3 on the controller module before you can replace the boot media.

You need a Phillips head screwdriver to remove the screw that holds the boot media in place.

1. Locate the boot media:



0	Air duct
2	Riser 3
3	Phillips #1 screwdriver
4	Boot media screw
6	Boot media

2. Remove the boot media from the controller module:

- a. Using a #1 Phillips head screwdriver, remove the screw holding down the boot media and set the screw aside in a safe place.
- b. Grasping the sides of the boot media, gently rotate the boot media up, and then pull the boot media straight out of the socket and set it aside.
- 3. Install the replacement boot media into the controller module:
 - a. Align the edges of the boot media with the socket housing, and then gently push it squarely into the socket.
 - b. Rotate the boot media down toward the motherboard.
 - c. Secure the boot media to the motherboard using the boot media screw.

Do not over-tighten the screw or you might damage the boot media.

4. Reinstall the riser into the controller module.

- 5. Close the air duct:
 - a. Rotate the air duct downward.
 - b. Slide the air duct toward the risers until it clicks into place.

Step 3: Transfer the boot image to the boot media

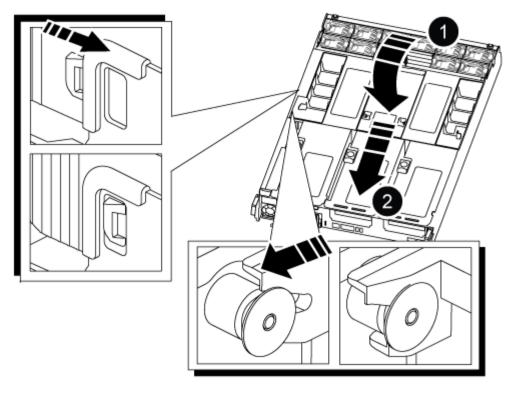
The replacement boot media that you installed is without a boot image so you need to transfer a boot image using a USB flash drive.

Before you begin

- You must have a USB flash drive, formatted to FAT32, with at least 4GB capacity.
- A copy of the same image version of ONTAP as what the impaired controller was running. You can
 download the appropriate image from the Downloads section on the NetApp Support Site
 - If NVE is enabled, download the image with NetApp Volume Encryption, as indicated in the download button.
 - If NVE is not enabled, download the image without NetApp Volume Encryption, as indicated in the download button.
- If your system is an HA pair, you must have a network connection.
- If your system is a stand-alone system you do not need a network connection, but you must perform an additional reboot when restoring the var file system.

Steps

- 1. Download and copy the appropriate service image from the NetApp Support Site to the USB flash drive.
 - a. Download the service image to your work space on your laptop.
 - b. Unzip the service image.
 - NOTE: If you are extracting the contents using Windows, do not use WinZip to extract the netboot image. Use another extraction tool, such as 7-Zip or WinRAR.
 - There are two folders in the unzipped service image file:
 - boot
 - efi
 - c. Copy the efi folder to the top directory on the USB flash drive. The USB flash drive should have the efi folder and the same Service Image (BIOS) version of what the impaired controller is running.
 - d. Remove the USB flash drive from your laptop.
- 2. If you have not already done so, close the air duct:
 - a. Swing the air duct all the way down to the controller module.
 - b. Slide the air duct toward the risers until the locking tabs click into place.
 - c. Inspect the air duct to make sure that it is properly seated and locked into place.



0	Air duct
2	Risers

- 3. Align the end of the controller module with the opening in the chassis, and then gently push the controller module halfway into the system.
- 4. Reinstall the cable management device and recable the system, as needed. + When recabling, remember to reinstall the media converters (SFPs or QSFPs) if they were removed.
- 5. Plug the power cable into the power supply and reinstall the power cable retainer.
- 6. Insert the USB flash drive into the USB slot on the controller module. + Make sure that you install the USB flash drive in the slot labeled for USB devices, and not in the USB console port.
- 7. Gently push the controller module all the way into the system until the controller module locking hooks begin to rise, firmly push on the locking hooks to finish seating the controller module, and then swing the locking hooks into the locked position over the pins on the controller module. + The node begins to boot as soon as it is completely installed into the chassis.
- 8. Interrupt the boot process by pressing Ctrl-C to stop at the LOADER prompt. + If you miss this message, press Ctrl-C, select the option to boot to Maintenance mode, and then halt the node to boot to LOADER.

Boot the recovery image - AFF A800

You must boot the ONTAP image from the USB drive, restore the file system, and verify the environmental variables.

1. From the LOADER prompt, boot the recovery image from the USB flash drive: boot recovery

The image is downloaded from the USB flash drive.

- 2. When prompted, either enter the name of the image or accept the default image displayed inside the brackets on your screen.
- 3. Restore the var file system:

If your system has	Then
A network connection	a. Press ${\bf y}$ when prompted to restore the backup configuration.
	b. Set the healthy node to advanced privilege level: set-privilege advanced
	c. Run the restore backup command: system node restore- backup -node local -target-address impaired_node_IP_address
	d. Return the node to admin level: set -privilege admin
	e. Press ${\bf y}$ when prompted to use the restored configuration.
	f. Press y when prompted to reboot the node.
No network connection	a. Press n when prompted to restore the backup configuration.
	b. Reboot the system when prompted by the system.
	 Select the Update flash from backup config (sync flash) option from the displayed menu.
	If you are prompted to continue with the update, press \mathbf{y} .

If your system has... Then... No network connection and is in a a. Press n when prompted to restore the backup configuration. MetroCluster IP configuration b. Reboot the system when prompted by the system. c. Wait for the iSCSI storage connections to connect. You can proceed after you see the following messages: date-and-time [nodename:iscsi.session.stateChanged:notice]: iSCSI session state is changed to Connected for the target iSCSI-target (type: dr auxiliary, address: ip-address). date-and-time [nodename:iscsi.session.stateChanged:notice]: iSCSI session state is changed to Connected for the target iSCSI-target (type: dr partner, address: ip-address). date-and-time [nodename:iscsi.session.stateChanged:notice]: iSCSI session state is changed to Connected for the target iSCSI-target (type: dr auxiliary, address: ip-address). date-and-time [nodename:iscsi.session.stateChanged:notice]: iSCSI session state is changed to Connected for the target iSCSI-target (type: dr partner, address: ip-address). d. Select the **Update flash from backup config** (sync flash) option from the displayed menu. If you are prompted to continue with the update, press y.

- 4. Ensure that the environmental variables are set as expected:
 - a. Take the node to the LOADER prompt.
 - b. Check the environment variable settings with the printenv command.
 - c. If an environment variable is not set as expected, modify it with the setenv environment_variable_name changed_value command.
 - d. Save your changes using the saveney command.
- 5. The next depends on your system configuration:
 - If your system has onboard keymanager, NSE or NVE configured, go to Restore OKM, NSE, and NVE as needed

- If your system does not have onboard keymanager, NSE or NVE configured, complete the steps in this section.
- 6. From the LOADER prompt, enter the boot ontap command.

If you see	Then
The login prompt	Go to the next Step.
Waiting for giveback	a. Log into the partner node.b. Confirm the target node is ready for giveback with the storage failover show command.

- 7. Connect the console cable to the partner node.
- 8. Give back the node using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local command
- 9. At the cluster prompt, check the logical interfaces with the net int -is-home false command.

If any interfaces are listed as "false", revert those interfaces back to their home port using the net intrevert command.

- 10. Move the console cable to the repaired node and run the version -v command to check the ONTAP versions.
- 11. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.

Restore OKM, NSE, and NVE as needed - AFF A800

Once environment variables are checked, you must complete steps specific to systems that have Onboard Key Manager (OKM), NetApp Storage Encryption (NSE) or NetApp Volume Encryption (NVE) enabled.

Determine which section you should use to restore your OKM, NSE, or NVE configurations:

If NSE or NVE are enabled along with Onboard Key Manager you must restore settings you captured at the beginning of this procedure.

- If NSE or NVE are enabled and Onboard Key Manager is enabled, go to Option 1: Restore NVE or NSE when Onboard Key Manager is enabled.
- If NSE or NVE are enabled for ONATP 9.5, go to Option 2: Restore NSE/NVE on systems running ONTAP 9.5 and earlier.
- If NSE or NVE are enabled for ONTAP 9.6, go to Option 3: Restore NSE/NVE on systems running ONTAP 9.6 and later.

Option 1: Restore NVE or NSE when Onboard Key Manager is enabled

Steps

1. Connect the console cable to the target node.

- 2. Use the boot ontap command at the LOADER prompt to boot the node.
- 3. Check the console output:

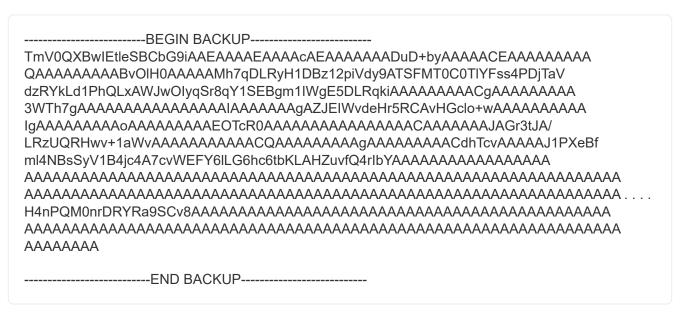
If the console displays	Then
The LOADER prompt	Boot the node to the boot menu: boot_ontap menu
Waiting for giveback	 a. Enter Ctrl-C at the prompt b. At the message: Do you wish to halt this node rather than wait [y/n]?, enter: y c. At the LOADER prompt, enter the boot_ontap menu command.

- 4. At the Boot Menu, enter the hidden command, recover_onboard_keymanager and reply y at the prompt.
- 5. Enter the passphrase for the onboard key manager you obtained from the customer at the beginning of this procedure.
- 6. When prompted to enter the backup data, paste the backup data you captured at the beginning of this procedure, when asked. Paste the output of security key-manager backup show OR security key-manager onboard show-backup command.



The data is output from either security key-manager backup show or security key-manager onboard show-backup command.

Example of backup data:



7. At the Boot Menu select the option for Normal Boot.

The system boots to Waiting for giveback... prompt.

8. Move the console cable to the partner node and login as admin.

- 9. Confirm the target node is ready for giveback with the storage failover show command.
- 10. Give back only the CFO aggregates with the storage failover giveback -fromnode local -only-cfo -aggregates true command.
 - If the command fails because of a failed disk, physically disengage the failed disk, but leave the disk in the slot until a replacement is received.
 - If the command fails because of an open CIFS session, check with the customer on how to close out CIFS sessions.



Terminating CIFS can cause loss of data.

- If the command fails because the partner is "not ready", wait 5 minutes for the NVMEMs to synchronize.
- If the command fails because of an NDMP, SnapMirror, or SnapVault process, disable the process. See the appropriate Documentation Center for more information.
- 11. Once the giveback completes, check the failover and giveback status with the storage failover show and `storage failover show-giveback` commands.

Only the CFO aggregates (root aggregate and CFO style data aggregates) will be shown.

- 12. Move the console cable to the target node.
- 13. If you are running ONTAP 9.5 and earlier, run the key-manager setup wizard:
 - a. Start the wizard using the security key-manager setup -nodenodename command, and then enter the passphrase for onboard key management when prompted.
 - b. Enter the key-manager key show -detail command to see a detailed view of all keys stored in the onboard key manager and verify that the Restored column = yes for all authentication keys.



If the Restored column = anything other than yes, contact Customer Support.

- c. Wait 10 minutes for the key to synchronize across the cluster.
- 14. If you are running ONTAP 9.6 or later:
 - a. Run the security key-manager onboard sync command and then enter the passphrase when prompted.
 - b. Enter the security key-manager key query command to see a detailed view of all keys stored in the onboard key manager and verify that the Restored column = yes/true for all authentication keys.



If the Restored column = anything other than yes/true, contact Customer Support.

- c. Wait 10 minutes for the key to synchronize across the cluster.
- 15. Move the console cable to the partner node.
- 16. Give back the target node using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local command.
- 17. Check the giveback status, 3 minutes after it reports complete, using the storage failover show command.

If giveback is not complete after 20 minutes, contact Customer Support.

- 18. At the clustershell prompt, enter the net int show -is-home false command to list the logical interfaces that are not on their home node and port.
 - If any interfaces are listed as false, revert those interfaces back to their home port using the net intrevert command.
- 19. Move the console cable to the target node and run the version -v command to check the ONTAP versions.
- 20. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.

Option 2: Restore NSE/NVE on systems running ONTAP 9.5 and earlier

Steps

- 1. Connect the console cable to the target node.
- 2. Use the boot ontap command at the LOADER prompt to boot the node.
- 3. Check the console output:

If the console displays	Then
The login prompt	Go to Step 7.
Waiting for giveback	a. Log into the partner node.b. Confirm the target node is ready for giveback with the storage failover show command.

- 4. Move the console cable to the partner node and give back the target node storage using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local -only-cfo-aggregates true local command.
 - If the command fails because of a failed disk, physically disengage the failed disk, but leave the disk in the slot until a replacement is received.
 - If the command fails because of an open CIFS sessions, check with customer how to close out CIFS sessions.



Terminating CIFS can cause loss of data.

- If the command fails because the partner "not ready", wait 5 minutes for the NVMEMs to synchronize.
- If the command fails because of an NDMP, SnapMirror, or SnapVault process, disable the process. See the appropriate Documentation Center for more information.
- 5. Wait 3 minutes and check the failover status with the storage failover show command.
- 6. At the clustershell prompt, enter the net int show -is-home false command to list the logical interfaces that are not on their home node and port.

If any interfaces are listed as false, revert those interfaces back to their home port using the net intrevert command.

- 7. Move the console cable to the target node and run the version -v command to check the ONTAP versions.
- 8. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.
- 9. Use the storage encryption disk show at the clustershell prompt, to review the output.
 - (i)

This command does not work if NVE (NetApp Volume Encryption) is configured

- 10. Use the security key-manager query to display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers.
 - If the Restored column = yes and all key managers report in an available state, go to Complete the replacement process.
 - of the Restored column = anything other than yes, and/or one or more key managers is not available, use the security key-manager restore -address command to retrieve and restore all authentication keys (AKs) and key IDs associated with all nodes from all available key management servers.

Check the output of the security key-manager query again to ensure that the Restored column = yes and all key managers report in an available state

- 11. If the Onboard Key Management is enabled:
 - a. Use the security key-manager key show -detail to see a detailed view of all keys stored in the onboard key manager.
 - b. Use the security key-manager key show -detail command and verify that the Restored column = yes for all authentication keys.

If the Restored column = anything other than yes, use the security key-manager setup -node Repaired (Target) node command to restore the Onboard Key Management settings.

Rerun the security key-manager key show -detail command to verify Restored column = yes for all authentication keys.

- 12. Connect the console cable to the partner node.
- 13. Give back the node using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local command.
- 14. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.

Option 3: Restore NSE/NVE on systems running ONTAP 9.6 and later

Steps

- 1. Connect the console cable to the target node.
- 2. Use the boot_ontap command at the LOADER prompt to boot the node.
- 3. Check the console output:

If the console displays	Then
The login prompt	Go to Step 7.

If the console displays	Then
Waiting for giveback	a. Log into the partner node.b. Confirm the target node is ready for giveback with the storage failover show command.

- 4. Move the console cable to the partner node and give back the target node storage using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local -only-cfo-aggregates true local command.
 - If the command fails because of a failed disk, physically disengage the failed disk, but leave the disk in the slot until a replacement is received.
 - If the command fails because of an open CIFS session, check with the customer on how to close out CIFS sessions.



Terminating CIFS can cause loss of data.

- If the command fails because the partner is "not ready", wait 5 minutes for the NVMEMs to synchronize.
- If the command fails because of an NDMP, SnapMirror, or SnapVault process, disable the process. See the appropriate Documentation Center for more information.
- 5. Wait 3 minutes and check the failover status with the storage failover show command.
- 6. At the clustershell prompt, enter the net int show -is-home false command to list the logical interfaces that are not on their home node and port.

If any interfaces are listed as false, revert those interfaces back to their home port using the net intrevert command.

- 7. Move the console cable to the target node and run the version -v command to check the ONTAP versions.
- 8. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.
- 9. Use the storage encryption disk show at the clustershell prompt, to review the output.
- 10. Use the security key-manager key query command to display the key IDs of the authentication keys that are stored on the key management servers.
 - If the Restored column = yes/true, you are done and can proceed to complete the replacement process.
 - If the Key Manager type = external and the Restored column = anything other than yes/true, use the security key-manager external restore command to restore the key IDs of the authentication keys.



If the command fails, contact Customer Support.

• If the Key Manager type = onboard and the Restored column = anything other than yes/true, use the security key-manager onboard sync command to re-sync the Key Manager type.

Use the security key-manager key query to verify that the Restored column = yes/true for all

authentication keys.

- 11. Connect the console cable to the partner node.
- 12. Give back the node using the storage failover giveback -fromnode local command.
- 13. Restore automatic giveback if you disabled it by using the storage failover modify -node local -auto-giveback true command.

Return the failed part to NetApp - AFF A800

After you replace the part, you can return the failed part to NetApp, as described in the RMA instructions shipped with the kit. Contact technical support at NetApp Support, 888-463-8277 (North America), 00-800-44-638277 (Europe), or +800-800-80-800 (Asia/Pacific) if you need the RMA number or additional help with the replacement procedure.

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