$\frac{1}{2}(x) = \frac{1}{2}(0) + \frac{1}{2}(0) \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2}(0) \times \frac{1}{$ Seif : 12 - 12 globet , d.G. on off different chan be ohis Taylorentuschlung von fande Stelle O. Hier sogar Dans Lift de Ansalmake Tay be alway offer :

exp : C -> C

7x. exp(ix) ale turblier und behadh

$$= \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(z_{q})}(z_{x}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{x})$$

$$= \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{y}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q})$$

$$= \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q})$$

$$= \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q})$$

$$= \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q}) + \sum_{q=0}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2q_{q})}(z_{q})$$

exp (ix) 1 2 (ix) qx9

- x+ 4/4.12 + 8/6.4+

$$Q_{u} = \pi - \chi - \chi_{u} + \chi_{v}$$

$$Q_{u} = \pi - \chi_{v} + \chi_{v} + \chi_{v}$$

$$M_{v} Q_{u} = \chi_{v} - \chi_{v} + \chi_{v}$$

$$M_{v} Q_{u} - \chi_{u} = \chi_{v} + \chi_{v}$$

$$M_{v} Q_{u} - Q_{u} = \chi_{v} + \chi_{v}$$

even-better-pi-sequence

5.123

hisbesondere, follos Pizzz, steckt in dies-Micatz. (LSW. fir. alkaline Expore to die 4:201 4ul-7.8. 54 Epi. Pri. . 3 =>>

der p; vor Courne : 7.8. 54 Epi. Pri. . 3 =>>

25. 54 Epi. Pri. . 3 =>>

26. 54 Epi. Pri. . 3 =>>

27. 54 Epi. Pri. . 3 =>>

27 preprepser. (26) = 4 + 15hr + ChP2+ DW3+...wit Pripripariist ein Kusertz S, 2 2 2 0 8

un merò callei (2) 2(4) = A+ By + CL P2... -) highstes meetin "infer aproximation and a (sualest P.) Wollen Wie approximation and a versalizatione (1),2(5) (4),2(5) Ansalt Spalter unmerisod bestimme 55-R(45) ty=n'(42) ... 17 - 12 (n) S2=P(42) S1 = R(h)

Seile 2 realth unter: