## Computer systems Bonus 1

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1. How would you represent sets as bit vectors?

Place a 1 if element is in the set and 0 if element is not in the set.

if  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$  then bit vector 10101 would be  $\{1, 3, 5\}$ .

2. Give an example of a limitation of this representation.

The elements in the set will have to stay in the same order.

3. What bit-wise operators can be used for the intersection and join of two sets in your representation?

intersection: & join: |

4. Give a concrete example for sets of 5-6 elements, and calculate their intersection and their join

 $S = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$ 

 $A = 1010101010 = \{0, 2, 4, 6, 8\}$ 

 $B = 0111011001 = \{1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 9\}$ 

 $A \& B = 0010001000 = \{2, 6\}$ 

 $A \mid B = 11111111011 = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9\}$