

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 2) & i & 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \\
 & x_i & -1 \quad 0 \quad 2 \\
 & y_i & 16 \quad 8 \quad 16
 \end{array}$$

a) Bedingungengleichungen:

$$a_0 + b_0 x_0 + c_0 x_0^2 + d_0 x_0^3 = y_0$$

$$a_0 + b_0 x_1 + c_0 x_1^2 + d_0 x_1^3 = y_1$$

$$a_1 + b_1 x_1 + c_1 x_1^2 + d_1 x_1^3 = y_1$$

$$a_1 + b_1 x_2 + c_1 x_2^2 + d_1 x_2^3 = y_2$$

$$b_0 + 2c_0 x_1 + 3d_0 x_1^2 = b_1 + 2c_1 x_1 + 3d_1 x_1^2$$

$$2c_0 + 6d_0 x_1^2 = 2c_1 + 6d_1 x_1^2$$

$$2c_0 + 6d_0 x_0 = 0$$

$$2c_1 + 6d_1 x_2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow a_0 - b_0 + c_0 - d_0 = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow a_0 = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow a_1 + 2b_1 + 4c_1 + 8d_1 = 16$$

$$\Rightarrow b_0 = b_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 2c_0 = 2c_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 2c_0 - 6d_0 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 2c_1 + 6d_1 = 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \Downarrow \\
 \text{LGS} \\
 \Downarrow
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 \dots \\
 \Downarrow
 \end{array}$$

$$a_0 = 8, b_0 = -4, c_0 = 6, d_0 = 2$$

$$a_1 = 8, b_1 = -4, c_1 = 6, d_1 = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow s_3(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 8 & x < 0 \\ -x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 8 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{lcl}
 b) & i & 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \\
 & x_i & -1 \quad 0 \quad 2 \\
 & y_i & 16 \quad 8 \quad 16 \\
 & i & 1 \quad 1 \quad 1
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} y_i & 16 & 8 & 16 \\ h_i & 1 & 2 & - \end{array}$$

Gamma bestimmen

$$\gamma_1 = 6 \left(\frac{y_2 - y_1}{h_2} - \frac{y_1 - y_0}{h_0} \right) = 6 \left(\frac{16 - 8}{2} - \frac{8 - 16}{1} \right) = 72$$

Matrix bestimmen

$$A = (2(h_0 + h_1)) = (2(2 + 1)) = (6)$$

Beta bestimmen

$$A \cdot \beta = \gamma \Rightarrow (6) \cdot \beta = (72) \Rightarrow \beta = (12)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{mit } \beta_0 = \beta_1 = 0: \quad \begin{array}{ccc} i & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ \beta_i & 0 & 12 & 0 \end{array}$$

Alpha bestimmen

$$\alpha_0 = \frac{y_1 - y_0}{h_0} - \frac{1}{3}\beta_0 h_0 - \frac{1}{6}\beta_1 h_0 = \frac{8 - 16}{1} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 0 \cdot 1 - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 12 \cdot 1 = -10$$

$$\alpha_1 = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{h_1} - \frac{1}{3}\beta_1 h_1 - \frac{1}{6}\beta_2 h_1 = \frac{16 - 8}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 12 \cdot 2 - \frac{1}{6} \cdot 0 \cdot 2 = -4$$

P bestimmen

$$\begin{aligned} p_0(x) &= y_0 + \alpha_0(x - x_0) + \frac{\beta_0}{2}(x - x_0)^2 + \frac{\beta_1 - \beta_0}{6h_0}(x - x_0)^3 \\ &= 16 - 10(x + 1) + 0(x + 1)^2 + \frac{12}{6}(x + 1)^3 \\ &= 8 - 4x + 6x^2 + 2x^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 p_1(x) &= \gamma_1 + \alpha_1(x-x_1) + \frac{\beta_2}{2}(x-x_1)^2 + \frac{\beta_2-\beta_1}{6h_1}(x-x_1)^3 \\
 &= 8 - 4x + 6x^2 - x^3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow s_2(x) = \begin{cases} 2x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 8 & x < 0 \\ -x^3 + 6x^2 - 4x + 8 & x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$