

## Discrete and Algorithmic Geometry

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### Sheet 2

due on Monday, November 17, 2014

#### WRITING

- (1) Let  $P \subset \mathbb{R}^d$ ,  $Q \subset \mathbb{R}^e$  be two non-empty polytopes. Prove that the set of faces of the cartesian product polytope  $P \times Q = \{(p, q) \in \mathbb{R}^{d+e} : p \in P, q \in Q\}$  exactly equals  $\{F \times G : F \text{ is face of } P, G \text{ is face of } Q\}$ . Conclude that

$$f_k(P \times Q) = \sum_{i+j=k, i,j \geq 0} f_i(P) f_j(Q) \quad \text{for } k \geq 0,$$

and use this formula to calculate the entire  $f$ -vector of the permutahedron

$$P_n = \text{conv} \{ (\pi(1), \pi(2), \dots, \pi(n))^T : \pi \in S_n \}.$$

- (2) A *lattice polytope* is the convex hull of finitely many vertices with integer coordinates. Two lattice polytopes  $P, Q \subset \mathbb{R}^d$  are *lattice equivalent* or *lattice isomorphic* if there exist  $A \in \mathbb{Z}^{d \times d}$  with  $\det(A) = \pm 1$  and  $b \in \mathbb{Z}^d$  such that  $Q = f(P)$  for the affine map  $f(x) = Ax + b$ . (How is this different from demanding that  $P$  and  $Q$  be  $\text{Sl}_d(\mathbb{Z})$ -equivalent?)
- (a) Prove that the *modular group*  $\text{Sl}_2(\mathbb{Z})$  is generated by the elements  $S = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $T = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , i.e., any  $A \in \text{Sl}_2(\mathbb{Z})$  is expressible as a product of matrices  $S$  and  $T$ .
  - (b) Interpret the preceding result geometrically, and use it to classify the lattice polygons with (i) no, (ii) exactly one strictly interior lattice point up to lattice equivalence.

#### SOFTWARE

- (3) Explain the difference between a public/private key pair for `ssh` and a public/private key pair for `gpg`. Gather information about the recommended key sizes, and explain briefly the advantages and disadvantages of the `gpg` software, making special mention of the latest versions. Then place a public/private `gpg`(!) keypair of the recommended size into `2014/public_keys`. Again, don't forget to commit and push your changes, and issue a pull request.
- (4) Using your favorite software environment, write a function  $\chi$  that checks if two 3-dimensional lattice tetrahedra are lattice equivalent. Your function should take two  $4 \times 4$  matrices  $P, Q$  as input, and output a  $4 \times 4$  matrix  $A$ . The columns of the input matrices  $P$  and  $Q$  are to be interpreted as the homogeneous coordinates of the vertices of the respective lattice tetrahedra. The output  $A$  is either 0 (if  $\tilde{P} = \text{conv cols } P$  is not lattice isomorphic to  $\tilde{Q}$ ), or encodes a  $\mathbb{Z}$ -affine map that sends  $\tilde{P}$  to  $\tilde{Q}$ .

In particular, your function should correctly reproduce the calculation

$$\chi \left( \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \right) = I_4.$$

Provide a rudimentary testing facility and testsuite for your function. You should be able to input the two matrices from two plain text files, where each row encodes a vertex of the tetrahedron, and write the output matrix to a third file. For instance, the matrix  $P$  above would be encoded as

```
1 0 0 0
1 1 0 0
1 0 1 0
1 2 3 5
```

Also prepare a function `test_chi` that reads a file containing lines of the form  
`matrix_P1.txt matrix_P2.txt result_P1_P2.txt`  
`matrix_P3.txt matrix_P3.txt result_P3_P4.txt`  
and executes the tests with the corresponding filenames. When you are done, your instructor will provide you with more examples to test your function on!

Create a directory of the form `2014/exercises/sheet2/your_name_here/code` and put all relevant source code in there. Don't forget a README so that other people (i.e., you in the future) can figure out how your function works! And, as always, don't forget the pull request.