

ASP.NET Workshop - “Model Binding”

Learning Outcome

1. To practice model-binding for a GET request (Exercise 1 & 2)
2. To practice model-binding for a POST request (Exercise 3)

Exercise 1

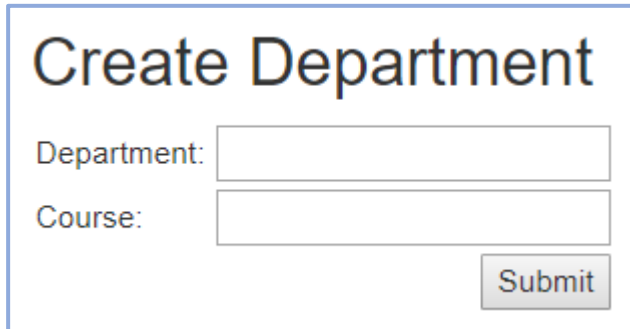
1. Create action method *GetDepartment(string department, string course)* in the Home controller
2. In *GetDepartment*, `Debug.WriteLine` the values of *department* and *course*
3. Create a route such that *GetDepartment* is accessible
4. Access *GetDepartment* with your browser using query string:
localhost:<port>/Home/GetDepartment?department=cs&course=cs123
5. Verify that the Output window shows *department* as “cs” and *course* as “cs123”

Exercise 2

1. Create a class called *Entity*, in the Models folder, with these public properties
 - a. *department* (of type “string”)
 - b. *course* (of type “string”)
2. Create action method *GetDepartment2(Entity entity)* in the Home controller
3. In *GetDepartment2*, `Debug.WriteLine` to print out the Entity object; that is, the values of *department* and *course*
4. Create a route, if necessary, such that *GetDepartment2* is accessible
5. Access *GetDepartment2* with your browser using query string:
localhost:<port>/Home/GetDepartment2?department=cs&course=cs123
6. Verify that the Output window shows *department* as “cs” and *course* as “cs123”.

Exercise 3

1. Create action method *CreateDepartment(Entity entity)* action method in the Home controller
2. In *CreateDepartment*, `Debug.WriteLine` to print out the Entity object; that is, the values of department and course
3. Create a route, if necessary, such that *CreateDepartment* is accessible
4. Create a HTML Form in *CreateDepartment*'s View that looks like this



Create Department

Department:

Course:

5. Set the form's **method** to "POST"
7. Set the form's **action** to "*CreateDepartment*"
8. Enter "cs" and "cs123" into the department and course textboxes respectively.
9. Submit the form
10. Verify that the Output window shows department as "cs" and course as "cs123"