Cells under non-standard conditions

Challenge questions

$$BrO_3 (aq) + 6H^+ (aq) + 3e^- \rightarrow Br^- (aq) + 3H_2O (\ell)$$

$$E^{\circ} = +1.44 \text{ V}$$

- (1) a) What is the **pH** of this half-cell under standard conditions?
 - b) Follow-up: What would be the pH of a **basic** half-cell under standard conditions?
- (2) If the BrO₃/Br⁻ were connected to the following half-cell, which species would undergo **reduction** under standard conditions?

$$Pt^{2+}$$
 (aq) + 2 e⁻ \rightarrow Pt (s)

$$E^{\circ} = +1.20 \text{ V}$$

- a. Pt (s)
- b. Pt^{2+} (aq)
- c. BrO_3 (aq)
- d. $Br^-(aq)$
- e. H⁺ (aq)

$$BrO_3 (aq) + 6H^+ (aq) + 3e^- \rightarrow Br^- (aq) + 3H_2O (\ell)$$

$$E^{\circ} = +1.44 \text{ V}$$

(3) If the **pH is increased** in this half-cell, what happens to the reduction potential (measured relative to SHE)?

- a. E increases
- b. E decreases
- c. E stays the same
- d. More information is needed

(4) At what **pH** will this cell become the anode when paired with the Pt²⁺/Pt half-cell to make a voltaic cell? Assume all non [H⁺] concentrations are still at standard conditions.

$$Pt^{2+}$$
 (aq) + 2 e⁻ \to Pt (s)

$$E^{\circ} = +1.20 \text{ V}$$

Answers

- a) pH 0
 b) pH 14
- 2. C
- 3. A
- 4. pH > 2.03