

Data Sheet – CHEM 209

Periodic Table

1 1A																	18 8A
1 H 1.008	2 2A											13 3A	14 4A	15 5A	16 6A	17 7A	2 He 4.003
3 Li 6.941	4 Be 9.012											5 B 10.81	6 C 12.01	7 N 14.01	8 O 16.00	9 F 19.00	10 Ne 20.18
11 Na 22.99	12 Mg 24.31	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 Al 26.98	14 Si 28.09	15 P 30.97	16 S 32.07	17 Cl 35.45	18 Ar 39.95
19 K 39.10	20 Ca 40.08	21 Sc 44.96	22 Ti 47.88	23 V 50.94	24 Cr 52.00	25 Mn 54.94	26 Fe 55.85	27 Co 58.93	28 Ni 58.69	29 Cu 63.55	30 Zn 65.38	31 Ga 69.72	32 Ge 72.59	33 As 74.92	34 Se 78.96	35 Br 79.90	36 Kr 83.80
37 Rb 85.47	38 Sr 87.62	39 Y 88.91	40 Zr 91.22	41 Nb 92.91	42 Mo 95.94	43 Tc (98)	44 Ru 101.1	45 Rh 102.9	46 Pd 106.4	47 Ag 107.9	48 Cd 112.4	49 In 114.8	50 Sn 118.7	51 Sb 121.8	52 Te 127.6	53 I 126.9	54 Xe 131.3
55 Cs 132.9	56 Ba 137.3	57* La 138.9	72 Hf 178.5	73 Ta 180.9	74 W 183.9	75 Re 186.2	76 Os 190.2	77 Ir 192.2	78 Pt 195.1	79 Au 197.0	80 Hg 200.6	81 Tl 204.4	82 Pb 207.2	83 Bi 209.0	84 Po (209)	85 At (210)	86 Rn (222)
87 Fr (223)	88 Ra 226.0	89** Ac (227)	104 Rf (261)	105 Ha (262)	106 Sg (263)	107 Ns (262)	108 Hs (265)	109 Mt (266)	110 Uun (269)	111 Uuu (272)							

Legend:

1	← Atomic number (Z)
H	← Atomic symbol
1.008	← Atomic mass (amu)

Lanthanides *

58 Ce 140.1	59 Pr 140.9	60 Nd 144.2	61 Pm (145)	62 Sm 150.4	63 Eu 152.0	64 Gd 157.3	65 Tb 158.9	66 Dy 162.5	67 Ho 164.9	68 Er 167.3	69 Tm 168.9	70 Yb 173.0	71 Lu 175.0
90 Th 232.0	91 Pa 231.0	92 U 238.0	93 Np 237.0	94 Pu (244)	95 Am (243)	96 Cm (247)	97 Bk (247)	98 Cf (251)	99 Es (252)	100 Fm (257)	101 Md (258)	102 No (259)	103 Lr (260)

Actinides **

Strong Acids: HCl, HBr, HI, HNO₃, H₂SO₄, HClO₄

Strong Bases: Hydroxides of Group 1 (Li to Cs) and Group 2 (Ca, Sr, Ba)

Constants: Gas Constant: $R = 0.08205 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$ $= 8.314 \text{ L} \cdot \text{kPa} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} = 8.314 \text{ J} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$ $= 0.08314 \text{ L} \cdot \text{bar} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot \text{K}^{-1}$ Avogadro's number: $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}$ Faraday's Constant: $F = 96485 \text{ C/mol electrons}$ Planck's Constant: $h = 6.626 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$ Speed of Light: $c = 2.998 \times 10^8 \text{ m} \cdot \text{s}^{-1}$ Rydberg Constant: $R = 1.096776 \times 10^7 \text{ m}^{-1}$ Factoring Rydberg Constant: $R_H = R \cdot h \cdot c = 2.18 \times 10^{-18} \text{ J}$	Conversion Factors: $1 \text{ J} = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^2 \cdot \text{s}^{-2}$ $T(\text{K}) = T(^{\circ}\text{C}) + 273.15$ $1 \text{ Pa} = 1 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-2} = 10^{-5} \text{ bar}$ $1 \text{ L} \cdot \text{atm} = 101.3 \text{ J}$ $1 \text{ atm} = 760.0 \text{ torr} = 101.3 \text{ kPa} = 760.0 \text{ mm Hg} = 1.013 \text{ bar}$ $1 \text{ L} = 10^{-3} \text{ m}^3$ $1 \text{ C} = 1 \text{ J/V} \quad 1 \text{ A} = 1 \text{ C/s}$ STP conditions: 0°C, 100 kPa Electrochemical standard state: 100 kPa, 1 M, (25°C unless stated otherwise)
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$$[A]_t = -kt + [A]_0$$

$$\ln[A]_t = -kt + \ln[A]_0$$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$E^{\circ} = E^{\circ}_{\text{cathode}} - E^{\circ}_{\text{anode}}$$

$$c = \lambda \nu$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{[A]_0}{[A]_t} \right) = kt$$

$$\frac{1}{[A]_t} = kt + \frac{1}{[A]_0}$$

$$K = K_c(RT)^{\Delta n}$$

$$pH = -\log[H^+]$$

$$E = E^{\circ} - \frac{0.0592}{n_e} \log Q$$

$$E = h\nu$$

$$E = mc^2$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{[A]_0}{2k}$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k}$$

$$K_w = K_a \cdot K_b$$

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

$$E^{\circ} = \frac{RT}{nF} \ln K$$

$$\frac{1}{\lambda} = R \left(\frac{1}{n_1^2} - \frac{1}{n_2^2} \right)$$

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{1}{k[A]_0}$$

$$k = Ae^{(-E_a/RT)}$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$E^{\circ} = \frac{0.0592}{n_e} \log K$$

$$\Delta E = -R_H \left(\frac{Z^2}{n_f^2} - \frac{Z^2}{n_i^2} \right)$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{k_2}{k_1} \right) = \frac{E_a}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{K_2}{K_1} \right) = \frac{\Delta H}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right)$$

$$pH = pK_a + \log \left(\frac{[\text{conj. base}]}{[\text{conj. acid}]} \right)$$

$$nFE^{\circ} = RT \ln K$$