

### Fall 1987

Two metals, A and B, whose melting points are  $350^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $650^{\circ}\text{C}$  respectively are miscible in all proportions in the liquid state and are partially soluble in one another in the solid state, the maximum solubilities being 5% A and 2% B by mass. At  $200^{\circ}\text{C}$  the solubilities are 1% A and 0.50% B. The two metals form a compound with formula AB which melts at  $450^{\circ}\text{C}$ . The atomic masses of A and B are 110 and 120 respectively. Eutectics are formed at 7.5% and 60% by mass of B and at temperatures of  $300^{\circ}\text{C}$  and  $400^{\circ}\text{C}$  respectively.

(a) Sketch and label the equilibrium temperature-composition diagram (composition as mass %B). Assume all lines are straight.

(b) For an alloy containing 40% B, estimate the following:

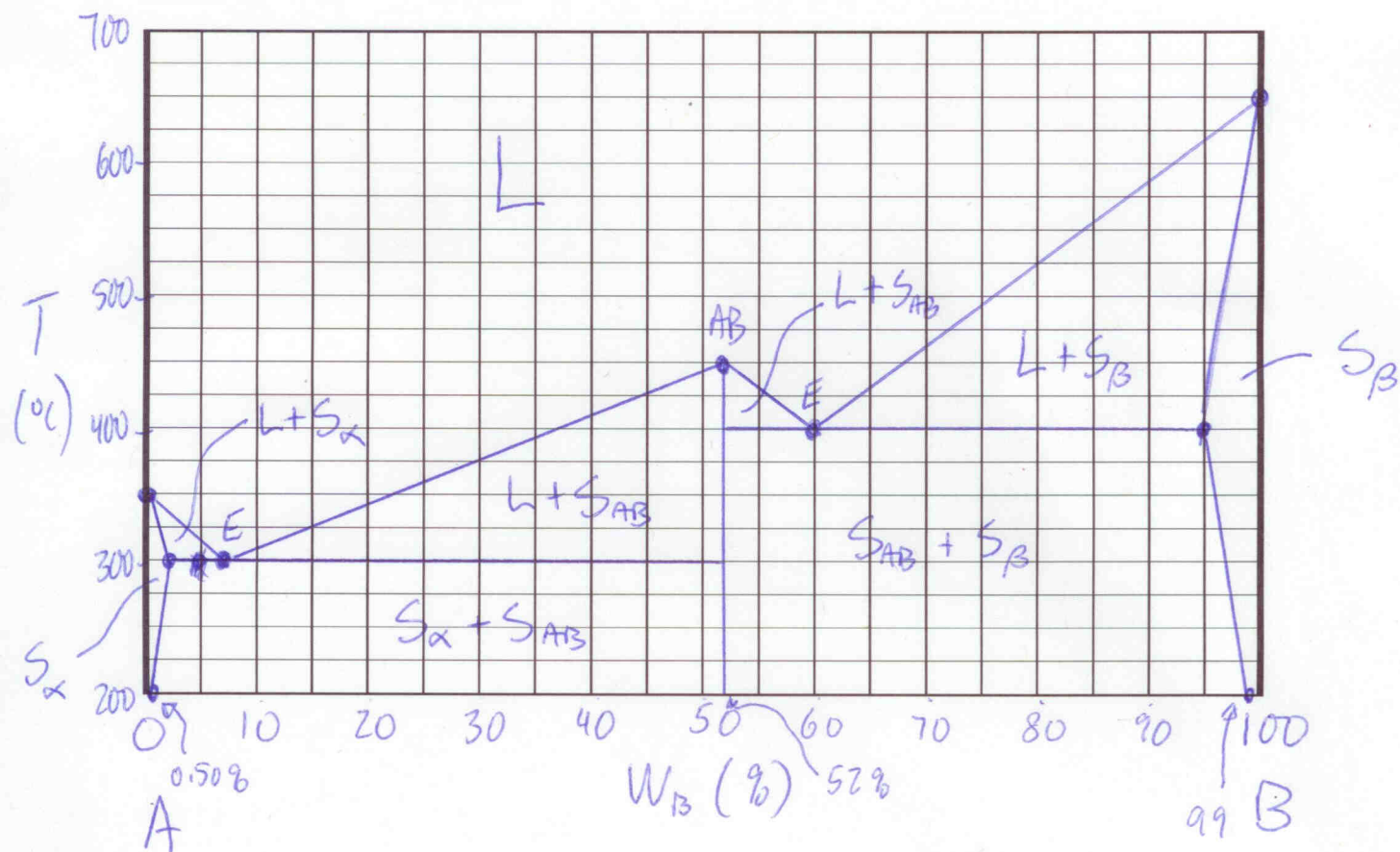
(i) The temperature at which melting begins, on heating from  $200^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

(ii) The temperature at which melting is complete.

(iii) The composition & relative amount of the phases for a mixture in equilibrium at  $350^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Ans. (b) (i)  $300^{\circ}\text{C}$ , (ii)  $400^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,

(iii)  $L(18\%B) + S_{AB}(52\%B)$ ,  $m_L = 0.55m_{AB}$



Compound AB  $\rightarrow$  1:1 molar ratio of A and B

$$\text{so } W_B (\%) = \frac{120}{110+120} = 0.5217 \rightarrow 52.17\%$$