ENGG 319 Quiz 5

Circle the nearest answers.

Q#1. A data set of 60 metal cylinder diameters has mean 5 mm, and standard deviation 0.134 mm. Which of the following represent a 90% confidence interval for the mean diameter in mm? Choose the best answer.

- (a) (4.97, 5.03)
- (b) (4.97, 5.07)
- (c) (4.90, 5.07)
- (d) (4.90, 5.01)
- (e) (4.90, 5.1)

Q#2. A survey of 1250 voters shows that only 98 of them will vote for a candidate 'A'. If the total number of voters are 5000,000, infer with 99% confidence the actual number of voters who will vote for candidate 'A'. Choose the best answer.

- a) Between 300,000 and 500,000
- b) Between 300,000 and 450,000
- c) Between 300,000 and 400,000
- d) Between 400,000 and 500,000
- e) Between 400,000 and 450,000

Q#3. Calculate the probability of type I error if the acceptance region in a hypothesis test is determined to be $z \le 1.645$ assuming the null hypothesis is true. The alternative hypothesis was 'the mean value was greater than 200', and z has standard normal distribution.

- (a) 0.05
- (b) 0.95
- (c) 0.025
- (d) 0.01
- (e) 0.02

Q#4. Consider the following hypothesis test at 0.05 level of significance.

 H_0 : $\mu = 3$

 H_1 : $\mu \neq 3$

The sample mean is 2.15 for sample size, n = 11,160. Assume population standard deviation is 1.05. Consider the following statements.

- (1) The critical region includes z > 1.96 and z < 1.96
- (2) The conclusion of the test is 'Reject H₀'
- (3) The conclusion of the test is 'Do not reject H₀'

Which of the above statement/statements is/are true?

- (a) (1) only
- (b) (3) only
- (c) (1) and (2)
- (d) (1) and (3)
- (e) (2) only

Q#5. An engineer wants to determine whether the mean response time of a drug differs from the control mean response time of $\mu = 1.2$ seconds. Suppose the sample mean is found to be 1.05 seconds for a sample size of 100. Assume population variance is 25 second². Calculate the P-value.

- (a) 0.76
- (b) 0.005
- (c) 0.001
- (d) 0.05
- (e) 0.0026

Q#6. An engineer wants to determine whether the mean response time of a drug differs from the control mean response time of $\mu = 1.2$ seconds at the 1% level of significance. Suppose population variance is 0.025 second², and the true mean response time is 1.1 seconds. Calculate sample size required if power of the test is to be 0.90.

- a) 38
- b) 45
- c) 100
- d) 60
- e) 28