

Question 1 (a,b)

Original population follows normal distribution

$$\mu = 1.20 \text{ mm}, \sigma = 0.25 \text{ mm}$$

Distribution of means of samples of size n is normal: $\mu_{\bar{X}} = \mu$, $\sigma_{\bar{X}} = \sigma/\sqrt{n}$

(a) $\mu_{\bar{X}} = \mu = 1.20 \text{ mm}$

(b) $\sigma_{\bar{X}}^2 = \frac{\sigma^2}{n} = \frac{(0.25)^2}{16} = 0.00391 \text{ mm}^2$

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Question 1 (c)

- C) Standardization

Follows **standard** normal distribution now

(c) $z_1 = \frac{x_1 - \mu}{\sigma} = \frac{1.35 - 1.20}{0.25} = 0.60$

$= 1 - P(Z < 0.60)$

$= 1 - 0.7257$

$= 0.2743$

Standard Normal Distribution table ($P(Z < z)$)

Z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7704	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8079

Question 1 (d)

The mean of X follows normal distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$
 $n=16$

Standardization

(d) $z_1 = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1.35 - 1.20}{0.25/\sqrt{16}} = 2.40$

$= 1 - P(Z < 2.40)$

$= 1 - 0.9918$

$= 0.0082$

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Question 1 (e)

The mean of X follows normal distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2/n)$
n=32

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(e)} \quad z_1 &= \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = \frac{1.35 - 1.20}{0.25/\sqrt{32}} = 3.39 \\ &= 1 - P(Z < 3.39) \\ &= 1 - 0.9997 \\ &= 0.0003 \end{aligned}$$

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Question 1 (f)

- For the variances (S^2) of samples, χ^2 follow chi-squared distribution

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2} \quad ,$$

σ^2 is variance of original population

$v = n-1$ is degree of freedom

$$(f) \quad \chi^2 = \frac{(16-1) * 0.1146}{(0.25)^2} = 27.504 \quad P(\chi^2 > 27.504) = \alpha = 0.025$$

q	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*	x_{500}^*
1	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.016	2.706	3.841	5.024
2	0.010	0.020	0.051	0.103	0.211	4.501	5.911	7.378
3	0.072	0.115	0.162	0.352	0.584	6.251	7.915	9.438
4	0.297	0.487	0.680	1.061	1.684	7.479	8.879	10.283
5	0.412	0.654	0.831	1.145	1.610	9.236	11.070	12.843
6	0.676	0.872	1.237	1.633	2.204	10.645	12.592	14.444
7	0.980	1.239	1.690	2.147	2.832	12.017	14.075	16.113
8	1.344	1.646	2.180	2.723	3.400	13.362	15.507	17.833
9	1.735	2.088	2.700	3.325	4.168	14.684	16.943	19.623
10	2.158	2.558	3.187	3.950	4.984	15.987	18.387	21.483
11	2.603	3.053	3.816	4.575	5.758	17.275	19.675	23.400
12	3.074	3.571	4.044	5.226	6.384	18.549	20.938	25.337
13	3.565	4.107	4.609	5.892	7.042	19.812	22.262	27.348
14	4.076	4.660	5.199	6.578	7.732	21.065	23.555	29.428
15	4.601	5.229	5.826	7.281	8.547	22.307	24.888	31.588

Question 1 (g)

- For the variances (S^2) of randomly selected samples of size n from a normal population, χ^2 follow chi-squared distribution

- $\chi^2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2}$

$$(g) \chi^2 = \frac{(31-1) \cdot 0.1146}{(0.25)^2} = 55.008 \quad P(\chi^2 > 55.008) = \alpha \cong 0.004$$

#	λ	α_{\max}	α_{\min}	α_{avg}	α_{std}	β_{\max}	β_{\min}	β_{avg}	β_{std}	γ_{\max}	γ_{\min}	γ_{avg}	γ_{std}
0	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
1	0.002	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.003	0.211	0.000	0.091	0.278	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
2	0.002	0.015	0.012	0.032	0.058	0.253	0.751	0.938	1.145	0.283	0.145	0.283	0.145
3	0.002	0.015	0.012	0.032	0.058	0.253	0.751	0.938	1.145	0.283	0.145	0.283	0.145
4	0.012	0.034	0.031	0.145	0.145	0.146	0.236	0.110	0.283	0.145	0.000	0.000	0.000
5	0.046	0.872	0.727	1.645	2.284	0.105	0.245	0.120	0.146	0.812	0.145	0.812	0.145
6	0.046	0.872	0.727	1.645	2.284	0.105	0.245	0.120	0.146	0.812	0.145	0.812	0.145
7	0.134	1.466	0.180	2.733	3.400	0.140	0.330	0.150	0.733	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
8	0.134	1.466	0.180	2.733	3.400	0.140	0.330	0.150	0.733	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000
9	0.256	2.558	0.247	3.940	4.985	0.187	0.307	0.245	0.833	0.230	0.245	0.833	0.230
10	0.256	2.558	0.247	3.940	4.985	0.187	0.307	0.245	0.833	0.230	0.245	0.833	0.230
11	0.360	3.003	0.510	4.575	5.578	0.172	0.375	0.205	0.210	0.475	0.265	0.475	0.265
12	0.360	3.003	0.510	4.575	5.578	0.172	0.375	0.205	0.210	0.475	0.265	0.475	0.265
13	2.065	4.000	0.000	5.892	7.072	0.285	0.232	0.263	0.736	0.285	0.285	0.736	0.285
14	2.065	4.000	0.000	5.892	7.072	0.285	0.232	0.263	0.736	0.285	0.285	0.736	0.285
15	4.075	4.600	0.620	6.571	7.790	0.146	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.146	0.265	0.265	0.146
16	4.075	4.600	0.620	6.571	7.790	0.146	0.265	0.265	0.265	0.146	0.265	0.265	0.146
17	5.812	5.812	0.000	7.962	9.312	0.254	0.266	0.266	0.843	0.266	0.843	0.266	0.843
18	5.812	5.812	0.000	7.962	9.312	0.254	0.266	0.266	0.843	0.266	0.843	0.266	0.843
19	6.285	7.015	0.231	9.300	10.085	0.268	0.289	0.289	0.326	0.843	0.326	0.843	0.326
20	6.285	7.015	0.231	9.300	10.085	0.268	0.289	0.289	0.326	0.843	0.326	0.843	0.326
21	6.844	7.633	0.807	10.117	11.651	0.269	0.304	0.304	0.442	0.361	0.361	0.442	0.361
22	6.844	7.633	0.807	10.117	11.651	0.269	0.304	0.304	0.442	0.361	0.361	0.442	0.361
23	8.930	8.937	0.283	11.591	13.240	0.615	0.322	0.379	0.839	0.615	0.839	0.615	0.839
24	8.930	8.937	0.283	11.591	13.240	0.615	0.322	0.379	0.839	0.615	0.839	0.615	0.839
25	9.030	11.097	1.659	13.091	14.888	0.327	0.307	0.307	0.476	0.476	0.476	0.476	0.476
26	9.030	11.097	1.659	13.091	14.888	0.327	0.307	0.307	0.476	0.476	0.476	0.476	0.476
27	9.886	10.986	0.281	13.848	15.659	0.339	0.310	0.310	0.489	0.489	0.489	0.489	0.489
28	9.886	10.986	0.281	13.848	15.659	0.339	0.310	0.310	0.489	0.489	0.489	0.489	0.489
29	11.102	12.198	1.844	15.797	17.292	0.352	0.308	0.308	0.493	0.492	0.492	0.492	0.492
30	11.102	12.198	1.844	15.797	17.292	0.352	0.308	0.308	0.493	0.492	0.492	0.492	0.492
31	13.088	12.959	1.473	16.151	18.114	0.341	0.313	0.313	0.493	0.493	0.493	0.493	0.493
32	13.088	12.959	1.473	16.151	18.114	0.341	0.313	0.313	0.493	0.493	0.493	0.493	0.493
33	14.121	14.256	0.160	17.708	19.768	0.300	0.320	0.320	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.472
34	14.121	14.256	0.160	17.708	19.768	0.300	0.320	0.320	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.472	0.472

Question 2

- Original population $\sim N(\mu = 109 \text{ db}, \sigma = 23 \text{ db})$
- Distribution of means of samples of size n is normal: $\mu_{\bar{X}} = \mu, \sigma_{\bar{X}} = \sigma/\sqrt{n}$

$$\begin{aligned}
 2. \quad z_1 &= \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = \frac{115 - 109}{23/\sqrt{8}} = 0.7379 \approx 0.74 \\
 &= 1 - P(Z < 0.74) \\
 &= 1 - 0.7704 \\
 &= 0.2296 \\
 &\approx 0.23
 \end{aligned}$$

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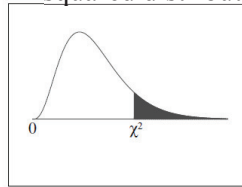
Question 3

- For the variances (S^2) of randomly selected samples of size n from a normal population, χ^2 follow chi-squared distribution

$$\chi^2 = \frac{(n-1)S^2}{\sigma^2}, \text{ df} = n-1=4, \alpha = 0.05$$

$$P(S^2 > S_0^2) = P(\chi^2 > \chi_0^2) = 0.05$$

$$\chi_0^2 = 9.488 = \frac{(5-1)S_0^2}{(0.6)^2} \Rightarrow S_0^2 = 0.854 s^2$$



Chi-Square Distribution Table The shaded area is equal to α for $\chi^2 = \chi_{\alpha}^2$.

df	$\chi_{.995}^2$	$\chi_{.990}^2$	$\chi_{.975}^2$	$\chi_{.950}^2$	$\chi_{.900}^2$	$\chi_{.100}^2$	$\chi_{.050}^2$
1	0.000	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.016	2.706	3.841
2	0.010	0.020	0.051	0.103	0.211	4.605	5.991
3	0.072	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.251	7.815
4	0.207	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.779	9.488
5	0.412	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.610	9.236	11.070
6	0.676	0.872	1.237	1.635	2.204	10.645	12.592

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Question 4

- Original population $\sim N(\mu = 12.5 \text{ day}, \sigma = 5.5 \text{ day})$

$$z_1 = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{\sigma/\sqrt{n}} = \frac{14 - 12.5}{5.5/\sqrt{12}} = 0.9448 \approx 0.95$$

$$= 1 - P(Z < 0.95)$$

$$= 1 - 0.8289$$

$$= 0.1711$$

$$\approx 0.17$$

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Question 5

- Original population $\sim N(\mu = 120 \text{ days}, \sigma = \text{unknown})$
- T-distribution is used when population standard deviation is unknown
- Sample with $n=8$ observations, $\bar{X} = 133 \text{ days}$, $S = 16 \text{ days}$
- $T = \frac{\bar{X} - \mu}{S/\sqrt{n}} = \frac{133 - 120}{16/\sqrt{8}} = 2.298$

$$t_{0.025} = 2.365$$

The claim is valid

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Question 6

- If you want to compare variances of two independent samples from two normal populations, then use the f-distribution where
- $F = \frac{S_1^2/\sigma_1^2}{S_2^2/\sigma_2^2}$,
- $v_1 = n_1 - 1, v_2 = n_2 - 1, f_{1-\alpha}(v_1, v_2) = 1/f_\alpha(v_2, v_1)$
- $n_1 = 10, S_1^2 = 10.441, n_2 = 8, S_2^2 = 1.846$
- $\frac{\sigma_1^2}{\sigma_2^2} = 1 \Rightarrow F = \frac{S_1^2/\sigma_1^2}{S_2^2/\sigma_2^2} = \frac{10.441}{1.846} = 5.66$

According to fisher distribution table (next slide):

$$v_1 = 9, v_2 = 7, F = 5.66 \Rightarrow 0.01 < \alpha < 0.05$$

Online fisher calculator

Degrees of freedom 1:

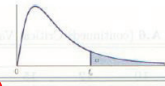
Degrees of freedom 2:

F-value:

Probability value: 0.01620456

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Table A.6* Critical Values of the F-Distribution



v_2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	161.45	199.50	215.71	224.58	230.16	233.99	236.77	238.88	240.54
2	18.51	19.00	19.16	19.25	19.30	19.33	19.35	19.37	19.38
3	10.13	9.55	9.28	9.12	9.01	8.94	8.89	8.85	8.81
4	7.71	6.94	6.59	6.39	6.26	6.16	6.09	6.04	6.00
5	6.61	5.79	5.41	5.19	5.05	4.95	4.88	4.82	4.77
6	5.99	5.14	4.76	4.53	4.39	4.28	4.21	4.15	4.10
7	5.59	4.74	4.35	4.12	3.97	3.87	3.79	3.73	3.68

Table A.6 (continued) Critical Values of the F-Distribution

v_2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
1	4052.18	4999.50	5403.35	5624.58	5763.65	5858.99	5928.36	5981.07	6022.47
2	98.50	99.00	99.17	99.25	99.30	99.33	99.36	99.37	99.39
3	34.12	30.82	29.46	28.71	28.24	27.91	27.67	27.49	27.35
4	21.20	18.00	16.69	15.98	15.52	15.21	14.98	14.80	14.66
5	16.26	13.27	12.06	11.39	10.97	10.67	10.46	10.29	10.16
6	13.75	10.92	9.78	9.15	8.75	8.47	8.26	8.10	7.98
7	12.25	9.55	8.45	7.85	7.46	7.19	6.99	6.84	6.72

$$v_1 = 9, v_2 = 7, F = 5.66 \Rightarrow 0.01 < \alpha < 0.05$$

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Question 7

- $\mu_1 = 292.50, \sigma_1 = 15.6, \mu_2 = 266.10, \sigma_2 = 18.20$
- two samples taken from different populations with size $n_1=16$ & $n_2=16$
- Difference of means of two samples (from different populations) with size n_1 and n_2 follow normal distribution where:

$$\mu_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2} = \mu_1 - \mu_2, \quad \sigma_{\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2}^2 = \frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}$$

- $Z = \frac{(\bar{X}_1 - \bar{X}_2) - (\mu_1 - \mu_2)}{\sqrt{\frac{\sigma_1^2}{n_1} + \frac{\sigma_2^2}{n_2}}} = \frac{30 - (292.50 - 266.10)}{5.9927} = 0.60$
- $1 - P(Z < 0.6) = 1 - 0.7257 = 0.02743$