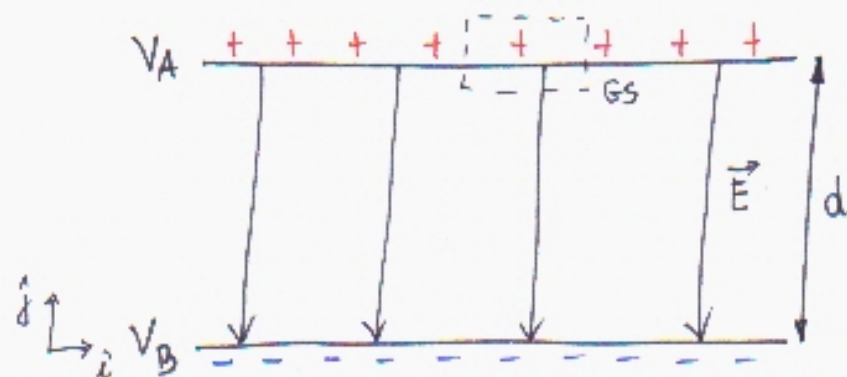


# PARALLEL PLATES CAPACITOR



GS - Gaussian surface  
cube, side area =  $a^2$

$d$  - separation of the plates

1. Find electric field (Gauss' Law)

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E \cdot \cancel{a^2} = \frac{\cancel{\sigma} a^2}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0}$$

2. Find potential difference:

$$\Delta V_{AB} = - \int \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l}$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \int_A^B E dy = \int_A^B \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} dy = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} [y]_A^B = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} (d - 0)$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{\sigma}{\epsilon_0} \cdot d = \frac{Q}{A} \frac{d}{\epsilon_0} \quad \left( \sigma = \frac{Q}{A} \right)$$

$A$  - area of the plate

3. Calculate capacitance

$$Q = C \cdot \Delta V$$

true for all capacitors

$$C = \frac{Q}{\Delta V}$$

$$C = \frac{\cancel{Q}}{\frac{\cancel{Q} \cdot d}{A \cdot \epsilon_0}}$$

$$C = \frac{\epsilon_0 A}{d}$$

Capacitance is a measure of how much charge is required to raise the electric potential by one volt.

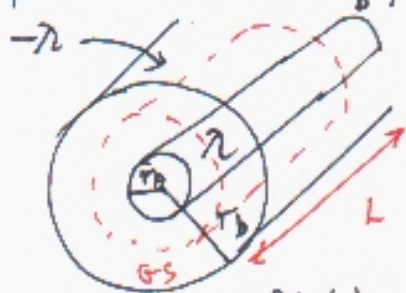
$$C = \frac{Q}{\Delta V}$$

$$\left[ \frac{C}{V} = F \right]$$

F - farad

# CYLINDRICAL CAPACITOR

(long cylindrical conductor of radius  $r_a$   
~~surround~~ surrounded by a larger cylindrical conducting shell  
 with radius  $r_b$ )



$$r_a < r < r_b$$

1. Find electric field for

$$\oint \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{A} = \frac{Q_{enc}}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E \cdot 2\pi r \cdot L = \frac{\lambda \cdot L}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0 r}$$

2. Find  $\Delta V_{AB}$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \int_A^B \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0 r} dr = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0} \int_A^B \frac{dr}{r} = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0} [\ln r]_A^B$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0} \ln \left( \frac{r_B}{r_A} \right)$$

3. Find capacitance

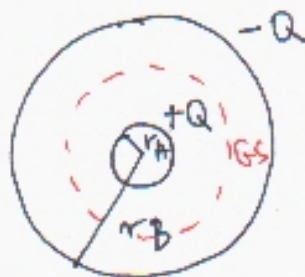
$$C = \frac{Q}{\Delta V}$$

$$C = \frac{\lambda \cdot L}{\frac{\lambda}{2\pi \epsilon_0} \ln \left( \frac{r_B}{r_A} \right)}$$

$$C = \frac{2\pi \epsilon_0 \cdot L}{\ln \left( \frac{r_B}{r_A} \right)}$$

Capacitance per length:  $c = \frac{C}{L} = \frac{2\pi \epsilon_0}{\ln \left( \frac{r_B}{r_A} \right)}$

# SPHERICAL CAPACITOR



Inner conductor with radius  $r_A$   
 Surrounded by a second  
 Concentric shell with radius  $r_B$ .

1. Find  $\vec{E}$  (Gauss' Law)

$$E \cdot 4\pi r^2 = \frac{+Q}{\epsilon_0}$$

$$E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{Q}{r^2}$$

2. Find  $\Delta V_{AB}$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \int_A^B E \cdot dr = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \int_A^B \frac{dr}{r^2}$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[ -\frac{1}{r} \right]_A^B$$

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[ \frac{1}{r_A} - \frac{1}{r_B} \right]$$

Common denominator

$$\Delta V_{AB} = \frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[ \frac{r_B - r_A}{r_A \cdot r_B} \right]$$

3. Find Capacitance:

$$C = \frac{Q}{\Delta V}$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{\frac{Q}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[ \frac{r_B - r_A}{r_A \cdot r_B} \right]}$$

$$C = 4\pi\epsilon_0 \frac{r_A \cdot r_B}{r_B - r_A}$$