Electricity and Magnetism

- •Physics 259 L02
 - •Lecture 12



Chapter 23

(please read chapter 22 of the textbook)



Last time

• Chapter 22

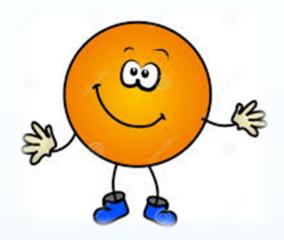


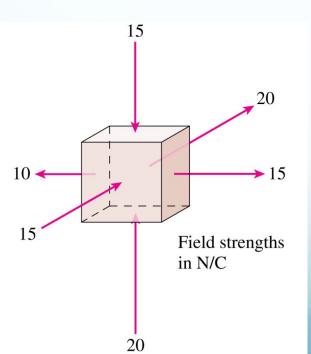
This time

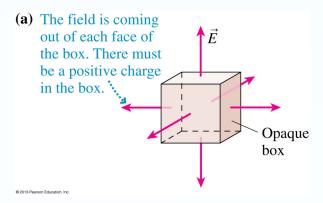
• Chapter 23

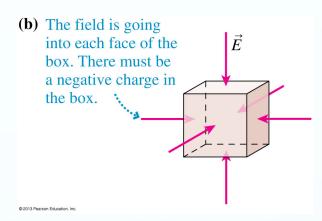


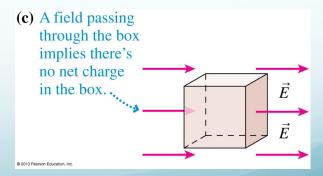
23-1: The Electric Flux











A closed surface through which an electric field passes is called **Gaussian surface**

An imaginary mathematical surface

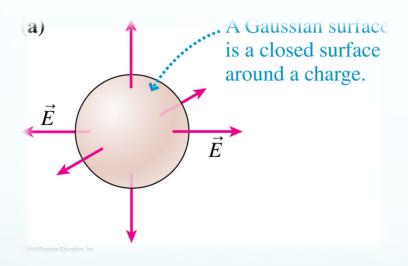


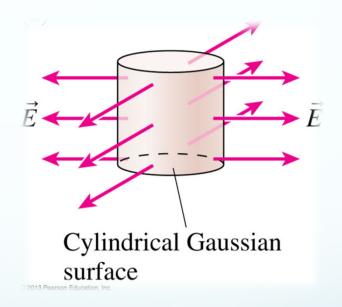
Electric Flux; Gauss' Law

Gauss' Law is equivalent to Coulomb's law. It will provide us:

- (i) an easier way to calculate the electric field in specific circumstances (especially situations with a high degree of symmetry)
- (ii) a better understanding of the properties of conductors in electrostatic equilibrium (more on this as we go)
- (iii) It is valid for moving charges not limited to electrostatics.

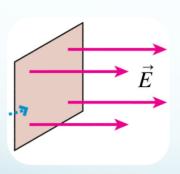
The Gaussian surface is most useful when it matches the shape of the field

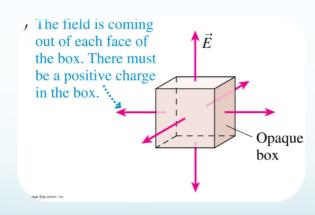


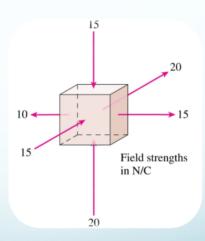


Electric Flux (Φ_e)

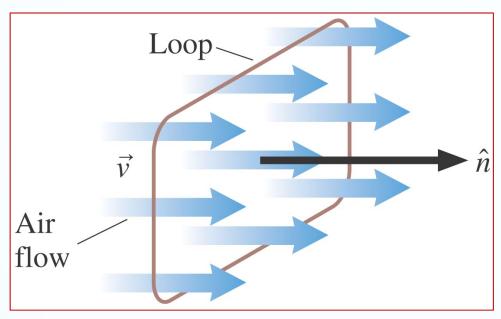
- Amount of electric field going through a surface
- The number of field lines coming through a surface

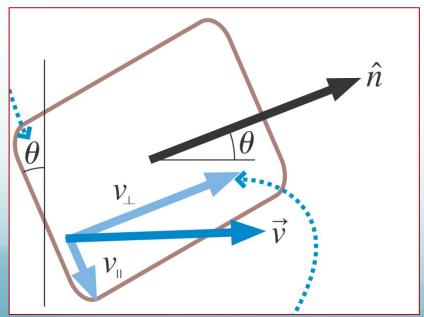


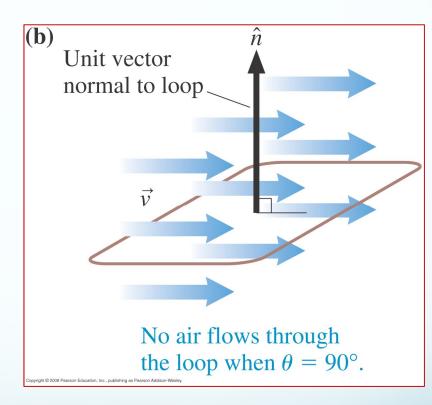




Wind going through a loop







The Electric Flux

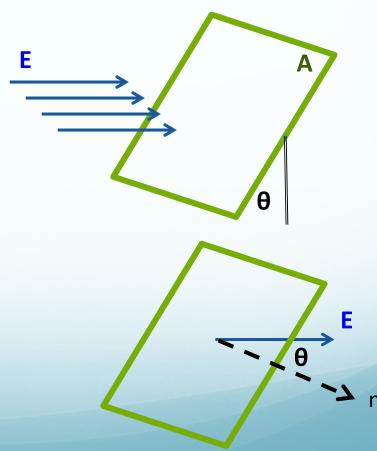
Amount of electric field going through a surface

$$\Phi_e \alpha E$$

$$\Phi_e \alpha A$$

$$\Phi_e \alpha \theta$$

$$\Phi_{\rm e} = E_{\perp}A = EA\cos\theta$$

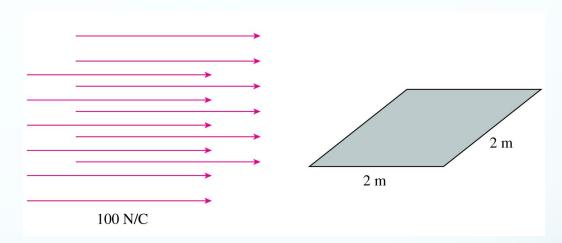


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QuickCheck 27.2

The electric flux through the shaded surface is

- A. 0.
- B. 200 N m/C.
- C. $400 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}$.
- D. Some other value.

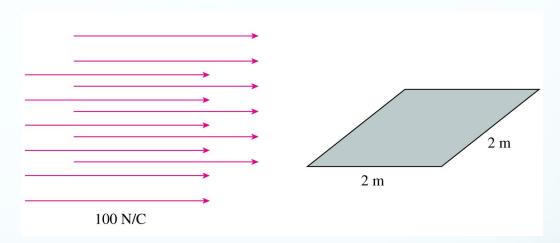


QuickCheck 27.2

The electric flux through the shaded surface is



- B. 200 N m/C.
- C. $400 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}$.
- D. Some other value.



This section we talked about:

Chapter 23.1

See you on Monday

