



LAB 2

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM: READING, WRITING AND DEBUGGING

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Structure Diagrams

- ▶ Shows the breakdown of system to its lowest manageable levels.
- ▶ Used to represent classes, relationship between types.
- ▶ The components are arranged in form of a tree.

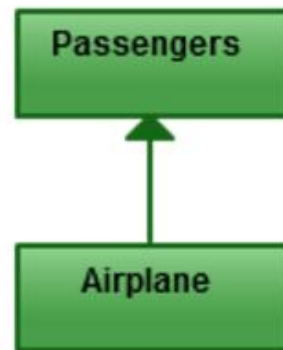
Relationships presented by these diagrams

► Class Diagram

- **Inheritance**
- **Dependency** – some set of UML elements are dependent in other UML Elements. Also called as supplier client relationship.
- **Association** – Defines dependency but a much stronger dependency.
- **Aggregation** - it is an association that represents the part whole or part of relationship. Represented by “has a” relationship. Eg: Professor has a class to teach.
- **Composition** – used when representing real world whole part relationship. Eg: Engine is a part of car.
- **Multiplicity** – Many to one or many to many relation.
- **Reflexive** – Relation into itself
- These diagrams are represented using Unified Modeling Language.



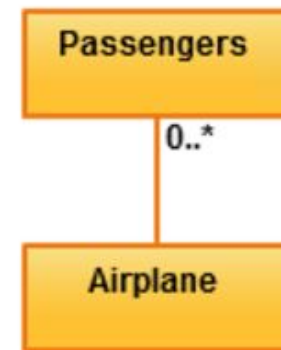
Association



Directed Association



Reflexive Association



Multiplicity



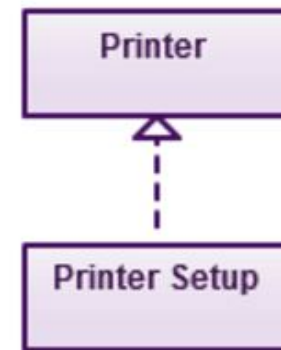
Aggregation



Composition



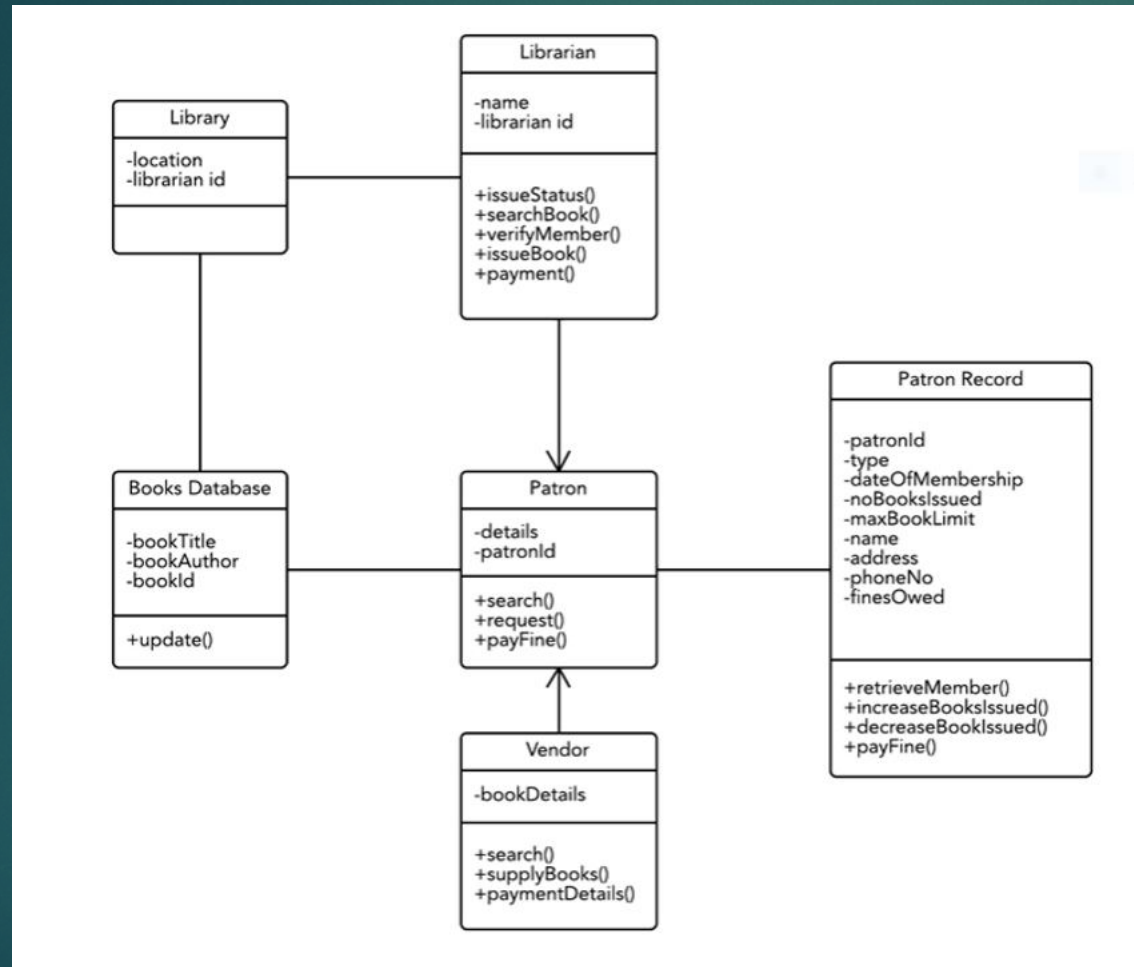
Inheritance



Realization

Relationships in UML class diagrams

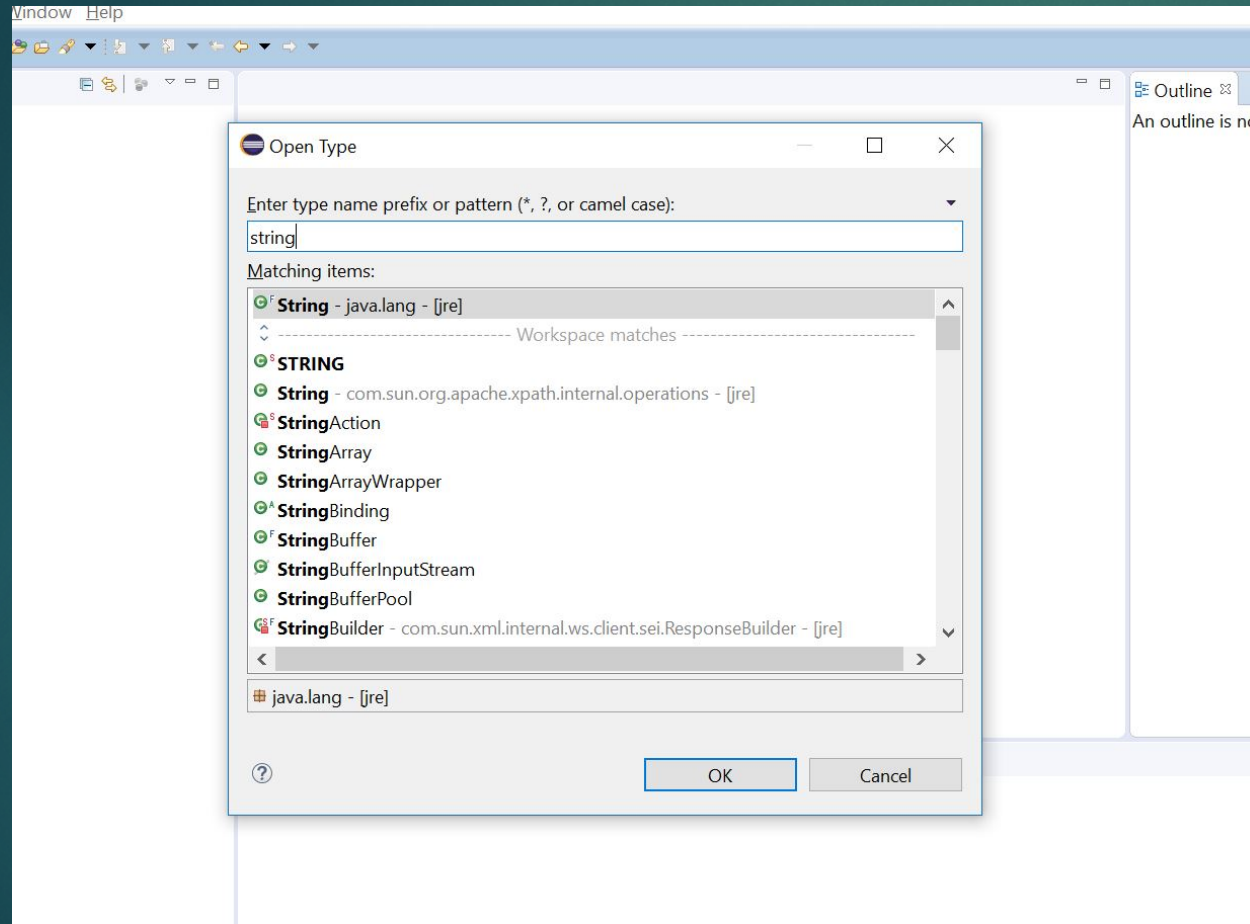
Example of a class diagram



Reading code of a class file – `java.lang.string`

- ▶ Open eclipse
- ▶ Go to Navigate → Open task
- ▶ Or press ctrl+shift+T in windows environment

You'll see this window



Click OK

Package Explorer

- > Lab1
- > org.lsmr.vending.frontend1
- > seng301.assn1
 - src

AbstractCoinAcceptor.class

String.class

```
103 * @author Ulf Zibis
104 * @see java.lang.Object#toString()
105 * @see java.lang.StringBuffer
106 * @see java.lang.StringBuilder
107 * @see java.nio.charset.Charset
108 * @since JDK1.0
109 */
110
111 public final class String
112     implements java.io.Serializable, Comparable<String>, CharSequence
113     /** The value is used for character storage. */
114     private final char value[];
115
116     /** Cache the hash code for the string */
117     private int hash; // Default to 0
118
119     /** use serialVersionUID from JDK 1.0.2 for interoperability */
120     private static final long serialVersionUID = -6849794470754667710L;
121
122     /**
123      * Class String is special cased within the Serialization Stream
124      *
125      * A String instance is written into an ObjectOutputStream accord:
126      * <a href="{@docRoot}/../platform/serialization/spec/output.html"
127      * Object Serialization Specification, Section 6.2, "Stream Element
128      */
129     private static final ObjectOutputStreamField[] serialPersistentFields =
130         new ObjectOutputStreamField[0];
131
132     /**
133      * Initializes a newly created {@code String} object so that it re
134      * an empty character sequence. Note that use of this constructor
```

Outline

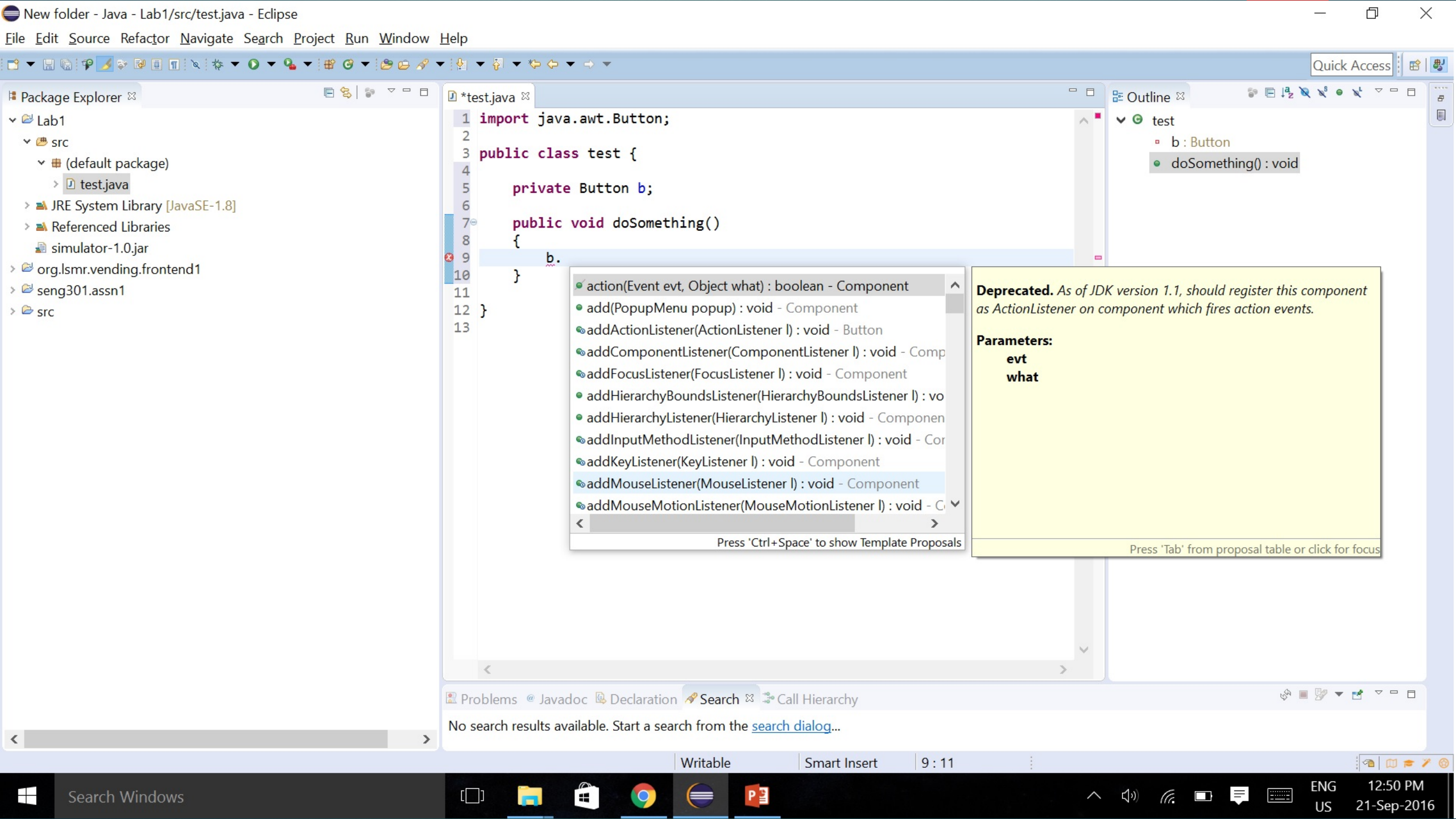
- String
 - value : char[]
 - hash : int
 - serialVersionUID : long
 - serialPersistentFields : ObjectOutputStreamField[]
 - String()
 - String(String)
 - String(char[])
 - String(char[], int, int)
 - String(int[], int, int)
 - String(byte[], int, int, int)
 - String(byte[], int)
 - checkBounds(byte[], int, int) : void
 - String(byte[], int, int, String)
 - String(byte[], int, int, Charset)
 - String(byte[], String)
 - String(byte[], Charset)
 - String(byte[], int, int)
 - String(byte[])
 - String(StringBuffer)
 - String(StringBuilder)
 - String(char[], boolean)
 - length() : int
 - isEmpty() : boolean
 - charAt(int) : char
 - codePointAt(int) : int

Problems Javadoc Declaration Search Call Hierarchy

No search results available. Start a search from the [search dialog...](#)

Writing Code – Auto Completion

- ▶ Ctrl + Space in Windows environment.
- ▶ Command + Space in Mac environment.



You can continue with your Lab
exercise

