

File Name: HW_1

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#1. The number of apartments for each number of garages

```
levels(d1$garage)
```

```
table(d1$garage)
```

```
summary(d1)
```

```
> levels(d1$garage)
```

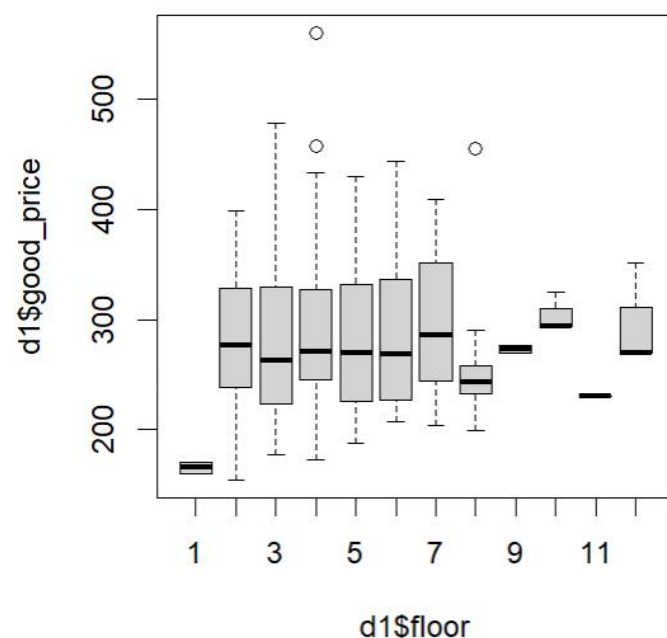
```
[1] "0" "1" "2"
```

```
> table(d1$garage)
```

0	1	2
167	49	2

2. boxplot for the apartment's price for each floor

```
boxplot(d1$good_price~d1$floor,d1)
```



3. table showing No. of apartments for each No. of rooms and garages

```
t1 = table(rooms = d1$rooms,garage = d1$garage)
```

```
t1
```

```
> t1 = table(rooms = d1$rooms,garage = d1$garage)
> t1
```

	garage		
rooms	0	1	2
3	3	0	0
4	46	5	0
5	104	35	2
6	13	8	0
7	1	1	0

#4. Average apartment price(mean) for each room and garage

```
list1 = list(rooms = d1$rooms,garage = d1$garage)
t1=tapply(d1$good_price,list1,mean)
round(t1,2)
```

```
> list1 = list(rooms = d1$rooms,garage = d1$garage)
> t1=tapply(d1$good_price,list1,mean)
> round(t1,2)
```

	garage		
rooms	0	1	2
3	230.33	NA	NA
4	229.27	279.2	NA
5	261.16	344.1	369.25
6	358.99	403.5	NA
7	443.60	286.0	NA

#5. The min and max price of apartments with area between 80 and 90 square meters

```
d2 = d1[d1$area>=80|d1$area<=90,c(2)]
head(d2)
min(d2)
max(d2)
```

```
> d2 = d1[d1$area>=80|d1$area<=90,c(2)]
> head(d2)
[1] 228.0 409.0 199.0 180.0 443.6 173.0
> min(d2)
[1] 155
> max(d2)
[1] 560
>
```

#6. The numerical variable that is most correlated with price

```
d3 = d1[,sapply(d1,is.numeric)]
```

```
d3$price = NULL
```

```
cor(d3) #area is most correlated with price
```

```
plot(good_price~area,d3)
```

```
> d3 = d1[,sapply(d1,is.numeric)]
```

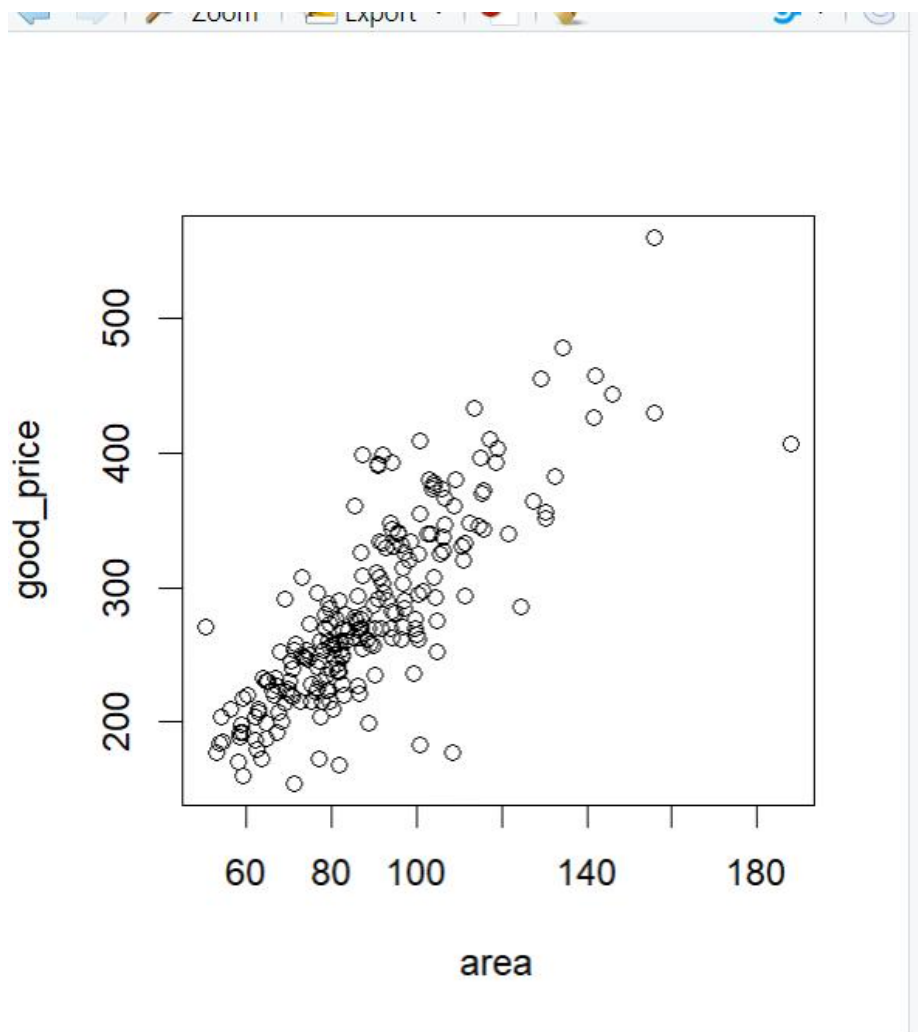
```
> d3$price = NULL
```

```
> cor(d3) #area is most correlated with price
```

	good_price	area	age	floor	rooms
good_price	1.00000000	0.80914892	-0.27240165	0.02910637	0.52557062
area	0.80914892	1.00000000	-0.05226235	0.08165600	0.63816604
age	-0.27240165	-0.05226235	1.00000000	-0.08124348	-0.08274509
floor	0.02910637	0.08165600	-0.08124348	1.00000000	0.13011339
rooms	0.52557062	0.63816604	-0.08274509	0.13011339	1.00000000

```
> plot(good_price~area,d3)
```

```
>
```



7. On Average, street type S4 is \$10.67 more expensive than apartment in type S2.

```
d4 = d1[d1$street=="S4",2]
```

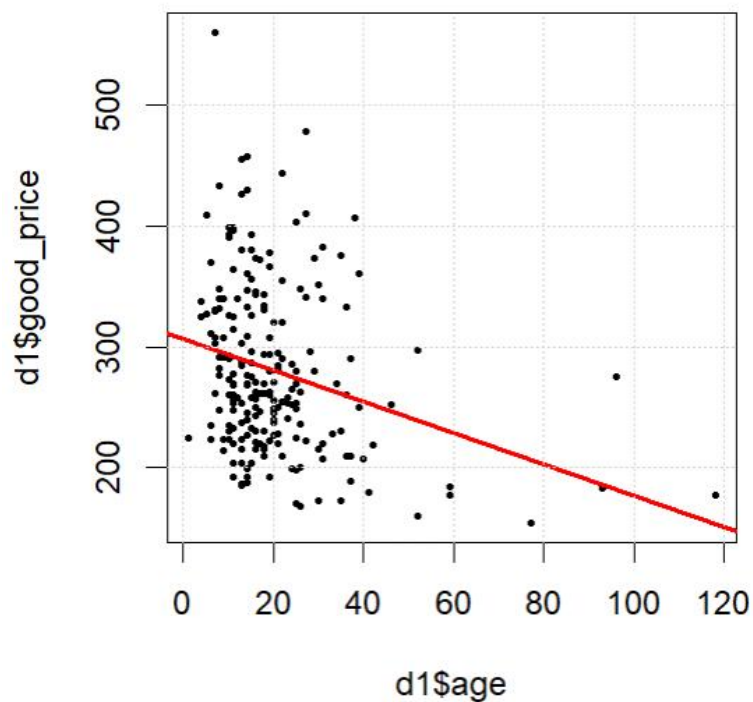
```
d2 = d1[d1$street=="S2",2]
```

```
mean(d4)-mean(d2)
```

```
> d4 = d1[d1$street=="S4",2]
> d2 = d1[d1$street=="S2",2]
> mean(d4)-mean(d2)
[1] 10.67302
```

```
#8. The scatterplot of price against age with regression line and average price trend.
plot(d1$good_price~d1$age,data=d1,pch=20,cex=0.75)
m1<-lm(d1$good_price~d1$age,data = d1)
coefficients(m1)
abline(m1,col = "red",lwd=2)
grid()
# Intercept:306.475;x:-1.293
#For each additional year of age, the average price decreases $1.29
```

```
> plot(d1$good_price~d1$age,data=d1,pch=20,cex=0.75)
> m1<-lm(d1$good_price~d1$age,data = d1)
> coefficients(m1)
(Intercept)      d1$age
 306.475159    -1.293438
> abline(m1,col = "red",lwd=2)
> grid()
```



```
#9. The scatterplot of price against area with cost 2500 euros.
# Suppose 1 euro is equal to 1.08 dollars, then 2500 euros will be 2700 dollars.
dollars = 2500*0.8/1000
d5 = d1[d1$good_price= dollars]
plot(d5~d1$area, data = d1, pch=19, cex=0.75)
m2<-lm(d1$good_price~area, d1)
coefficients(m2)
abline(m2)
abline(m2,col = "red")
abline(m2,col = "red", lwd=2)
grid()
# What is your estimate of how much is the price increase by square meter?
# Intercept = 40.818, area = 2.704
# I estimate that square meter increase 1 meter, price will increase $2.7.
```

