4. Exercise

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Exercise 4.1

1.

T_1 and T_2

 $T_1 \subseteq T_2$?

$$\text{Find mapping } h: T_2 \to T_1, x \rightarrowtail \begin{cases} b_3 & x = b_1 \\ 5 & x = b_2 \\ b_4 & x = b_3 \\ b_3 & x = b_4 \\ a_1 & x = a_1 \\ a_2 & x = a_2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow T_1 \subseteq T_2$$

$$T_2 \subseteq T_1$$
?

Impossible since we would have to map the constant 5 to an other constant and T_2 does not contain a constant. So $T_2 \not\subseteq T_1$

Overall

$$\Rightarrow T_1 \subset T_2$$
, but $T_2 \not\subseteq T_1$ and therefore $T_1 \not\equiv T_2$

T_2 and T_3

$$T_2 \subseteq T_3$$
?

iiiiiiii HEAD iiiiiiii HEAD When we map T_3 to T_2 :

 $a1 \rightarrow a1$

 $a2 \rightarrow a2$

 $b3 \rightarrow b4$

 $b2 \rightarrow b3$

 $b1 \rightarrow a1$, but then for (b4, b1) in T_3 we cannot find a matched instance in T_1

So there can not exists a function $h: T_3 \to T_2$. $\Rightarrow T_2 \not\subseteq T_3$

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T_3 \subseteq T_2?
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When we map T_2 to T_3 :

 $a1 \rightarrow a1$

 $a2 \rightarrow a2$

 $b4 \rightarrow b3$

 $b1 \rightarrow b4$

 $b3 \rightarrow b2$

 $b2 \rightarrow b2 \text{ (or b1)}$

but then for (b3,b2) in T_2 we cannot find a matched instance in T_3 So there can not exists a function $h: T_2 \to T_3$. $\Rightarrow T_3 \not\subseteq T_2$

Overall

 $\Rightarrow T_2 \not\subseteq T_3, T_3 \not\subseteq T_2$ and therefore especially $T_2 \not\equiv T_3$

 $T_3 \subseteq T_3$?

Overall

T_1 and T_3

 $T_1 \subseteq T_3$?

When we map T_3 to T_1 :

 $a1 \rightarrow a1$

 $a2 \rightarrow a2$

 $b3 \rightarrow b3$

 $b2 \rightarrow b4$

 $b1 \rightarrow a1$

 $b2 \rightarrow 5$, because of (b2, b3) in T_3 and b3 \rightarrow b3, so conflict with b2 \rightarrow b4

So there can not exists a function $h:T_3\to T_1.\Rightarrow T_1\not\subseteq T_3$

$$T_3 \subseteq T_3$$
?

Analogously to $T_2 \subseteq T_1$ we would have to map the constant 5 to an other constant and T_3 does not contain a constant. So $T_3 \not\subseteq T_1$

Overall

 $\Rightarrow T_1 \not\subseteq T_3, T_3 \not\subseteq T_1$ and therefore especially $T_1 \not\equiv T_3$

2.

 T_1 :

 T_1 is minimal, because if we delete any row and so create T' we can not have a function $h:T\to T'$ such that $T'\subseteq T$

 T_2 :

1. delete row
$$(b_4, a_2)$$
, since we have a function h_1 , with $h_1(x) = \begin{cases} b_1 & \text{if } x = b_4 \\ x & \text{if } x \neq b_4 \end{cases}$

New Tableau
$$T_1'$$
:

2. delete row
$$(a_1, b_3)$$
, since we have a function h_2 , with $h_2(x) = \begin{cases} b_1 & \text{if } x = a_1???\\ b_1 & \text{if } x = a_1\\ b_1 & \text{if } x = a_1\\ a_2 & \text{if } x = b_3\\ x & else \end{cases}$

New Tableau
$$T_1''$$
:

3. delete row
$$(b_2, b_4)$$
, since we have a function h_2 , with $h_3(x) = \begin{cases} b_1 & \text{if } x = b_4 \\ x & else \end{cases}$

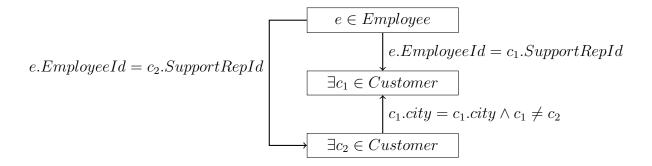
$$\begin{tabular}{ll} New Tableau T_1''': \\ \hline a_1 & a_2 \\ \hline b_1 & a_2 & (R) \\ b_2 & b_1 & (R) \\ b_3 & b_2 & (R) \\ \hline \end{tabular}$$

4. This table T_1''' , which es derived by $h_3(h_2(h_1(T)))$, is now minimal and equivalent

Exercise 4.2

1.a)

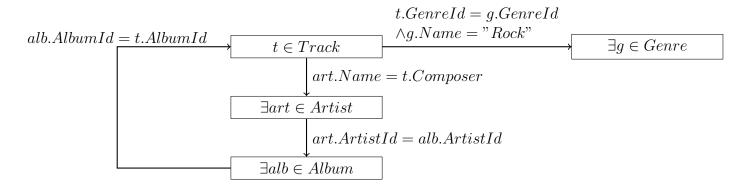
 $\{ < e.EmployeeId, e.LastName > | e \in Employee \land \exists c_1 \in Customer \land c_1.SupportedRepId = \}$ $e.EmployeeId \land \exists c_2 \in Customer \land c_2.SupportRepId = e.EmployeeId \land c_1.City = c_2.City \land c_2.City \land c_3.City \land c_4.City = c_4.City \land c_4.City = c_4.City \land c_5.City \land c_5.Cit$ $c_1 \neq c_2$



This graph is cycle free, which means the query is optimizable using semi-joins.

1.b)

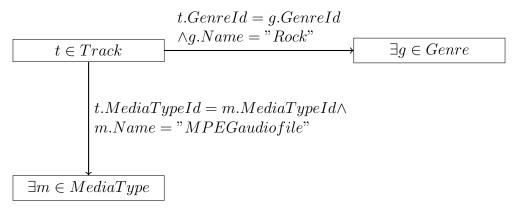
 $\{\langle t.name, t.composer \rangle | \ t \in Track \land \exists g \in Genre \land g.GenreId = t.GenreId \land g.Name = "Rock" \land \exists art \in Artist \land \exists alb \in Album \land alb.ArtistId = art.ArtistId \land t.AlbumId = alb.AlbumId \land t.Composer = art.Name\}$



This Graph has a cycle. This means the query is not optimizable using semi-joins.

2.

 $\{ < t.Name > | \ t \in Track \land t.Miliseconds \leq 90000 \land \exists g \in Genre \land t.GenreId = t.GenreId \land g.Name = "Rock" \land \exists m \in MediaType \land t.MediaTypeId = m.MediaTypeid \land m.Name = "MPEGaudiofile" \}$



TODO: es fehlt das mit den ≤90000ms

The graph is cycle free, which means it can be optimized using semi-joins.

Exercise 4.3

1.

B = # buffer pages in memory = 4 N = # pages in the input file = $\lceil \frac{7500 \cdot 36}{1024 - 64} \rceil = 282$ After the initial pass: # runs (subfiles) = $\lceil \frac{N}{B} \rceil = \lceil \frac{282}{4} \rceil = 71$, each subfiles: 4-pages runs

2.

passes =
$$1 + \lceil \log_{B-1} \lceil \frac{N}{B} \rceil \rceil = 1 + \lceil \log_{4-1} 71 \rceil = 1 + 4 = 5$$

3.

Total costs = $2N \cdot (\#passes) = 2 \cdot 282 \cdot 5 = 2820$ I/Os

4.

If
$$B = 4$$
:

$$1 + \lceil \log_3 \lceil \frac{N}{B} \rceil \rceil = 2 \Rightarrow (\log_3 \lceil \frac{N}{4} \rceil)_{max} = 1 \Rightarrow (\lceil \frac{N}{4} \rceil)_{max} = 3 \Rightarrow N_{max} = 12$$
 # records in the file = $\frac{12 \cdot (1024 - 64)}{36} = 320$ records

If
$$B = 42$$
:

$$1 + \lceil \log_{41} \lceil \frac{N}{B} \rceil \rceil = 2 \Rightarrow (\log_4 1 \lceil \frac{N}{42} \rceil)_{max} = 1 \Rightarrow (\lceil \frac{N}{42} \rceil)_{max} = 41 \Rightarrow N_{max} = 41 \cdot 42 = 1722$$
records in the file = $\frac{1722 \cdot (1024 - 64)}{36} = 45920$ records