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Exercise 1

 \mathbf{a}

 $Traces(TS) = \{\emptyset(\emptyset^+[\{a\}])^*\emptyset\{b\}\} \cup \{\emptyset^\omega\} \cup \{\emptyset(\emptyset^+\{a\})^\omega\} \cup \{\emptyset(\emptyset^+(\{a\}\emptyset)^*)^+\emptyset^\omega\}$

We have always enter the "second" state, which is the state reached by the initial state using τ . Now we have several options. We could either take the self loop infinitely times. If we take it only finitely many times (including 0) we could also go to the state labelled with $\{a\}$ and back. This could also be an infinite circle. Otherwise we again could take the self loop as often as we like. This process of selfloop-circle-selfloop can also be repeated infinitely often. We could also stop after having performed the desired amount of these loops and enter the state labelled with $\{b\}$ and have a finite trace.

So we denote, like in regular expressions, the ability to take the loops finitely or infinitely often with the Kleene-star.

b)

No, since $t = \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \{b\} \in Traces(TS_1)$ but $t \notin Traces(TS_2)$

Exercise 2

a)

- (i) $LT_{(i)} = \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^A P)^\omega : \exists i \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } winter \in A_i\}$
- (ii) $LT_{(ii)} = \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^A P)^\omega : \forall i \in \mathbb{N} : awe some \in A_i\}$
- (iii) $LT_{(iii)} = \{A_0A_1A_2\dots \in (2^AP)^\omega: A_0 = \{here\} \land \exists i,j \in \mathbb{N}, 1 \leq i < j, A_i = \emptyset, A_j = \{here\}\}$
- (iv) $LT_{(iv)} = \{A_0A_1A_2\dots \in (2^AP)^\omega : A_0 = \{live, hero\} \land \exists i \in \mathbb{N} \text{ s.t. } A_i \in \{\{hero\}, \{live\}\} \land \forall j \in \mathbb{N}, i \leq jA_i = A_j\}$
- (v) $LT_{(v)} = \{A_0 A_1 A_2 \dots \in (2^A P)^\omega : A_0 = \{day, form_1\} \land \forall i \in \mathbb{N} \setminus \{0\} : (A_{i-1} = \{day, form_1\} \Rightarrow A_i = \{night, form_2\} \lor A_i = \{kiss\}) \land (A_{i-1} = \{night, form_2\} \Rightarrow A_i = \{day, form_1\} \lor A_i = \{kiss\}) \land (A_{i-1} = \{kiss\} \Rightarrow A_i = \{true_form\}) \land (A_{i-1} = \{true_form\} \Rightarrow A_i = \{true_form\}) \}$
- (vi) $LT_{(vi)} = \{A_0A_1A_2\dots \in (2^AP)^\omega : (\exists i \in \mathbb{N}, A_i = \{in_debt\}) \Rightarrow (\exists j \in \mathbb{N}, i < j, A_j = \emptyset)\}$
- (vii) it's a valid statement. It contains every possible word $A \in 2^{AP^{\omega}}$, since anything and therefore every combination of ap_1, \ldots, ap_n is possible

(viii)
$$LT_{(viii)} = \{A_0A_1A_2 \dots \in (2^AP)^{\omega} : A_0 = \{legen\} \land \exists n \in \mathbb{N} (A_n = \{dary\} \land \forall i \in \mathbb{N}, 0 < i < n, A_i = \{wait_for_it\})\}$$

b)

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(i)} & & \\ & \text{is saftey} & \text{is liveness?} \\ \hline & \text{no} & \text{yes} \\ \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: every given word can be expanded such that *winter* is contained, by simply adding if it is not originally in the word.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{(ii)} & & \\ & \text{is saftey} & \text{is liveness?} \\ \hline & \text{yes} & & \text{no} \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: Once having a prefix of a word that in one particular state does not contain the AP *awesome* then we cannot satisfy this property any longer

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(iii)} & & \\ \hline \textbf{is saftey} & \textbf{is liveness?} \\ \hline \textbf{no} & \textbf{no} \\ \end{array}$$

Justification: There are two forms in which this LT can be violated

- 1. We dont start with here
- 2. We start with here, but never come back

We therefore cannot define one single prefix s.t. it holds for every word violating $LT_{(iii)}$. Also we can not find a suffix σ' to the word $\sigma = \emptyset$ s.t. $\sigma\sigma' \models LT_{(iii)}$. Therefore it is neither.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(iv)} & & \\ \hline \textbf{is saftey} & \textbf{is liveness?} \\ \hline \textbf{no} & \textbf{no} \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: for $\omega = \emptyset$ we cannot find a continuation ω' s.t. $\omega \omega' \models LT_{(vi)}$. But we can not find a prefix s.t. if we start with $\{live, here\}\{hero\}\{hero\}\dots$ and continue with $\{hero\}$ finitely many times that we go back to a state $\{live, hero\}$. For a safety property such a prefix has to exists for every word not in $LT_{(vi)}$. So it's neither. Model Checking Exercise Sheet 3

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(v)} & \underline{\text{is saftey}} & \text{is liveness?} \\ \hline \textbf{yes} & \text{no} \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: for $\omega = day \in BadPref_{(v)}$ we cannot find a continuation ω' s.t. $\omega\omega' \models LT_{(v)}$

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(vi)} & & \\ \underline{\text{is saftey}} & \text{is liveness?} \\ \hline & \text{no} & \text{yes} \\ \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: every finite word not containing $in_{-}dept$ already satisfies $LT_{(vi)}$. Every finite word containing ...

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \text{(vii)} & & \\ \hline \text{is saftey} & \text{is liveness?} \\ \hline \text{yes} & & \text{yes} \\ \end{array}$$

Justification: per definition in lecture 6 on slide 162.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \textbf{(viii)} & & \\ \hline \textbf{is saftey} & \textbf{is liveness?} \\ \hline \textbf{yes} & \textbf{no} \\ \end{array}$$

<u>Justification</u>: if the word has the prefix $\omega = dary$ we cannot find a continuation s.t. $\omega\omega' \models LT_{(viii)}$