See the Assessment Guide for information on how to interpret this report.

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ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

Compilation: PASSED PASSED PASSED SpotBugs: PASSED

Checkstyle: FAILED (0 errors, 1 warning)

Correctness: 34/38 tests passed Memory: 8/8 tests passed Timing: 20/20 tests passed

Running 21 total tests.

Aggregate score: 93.68% [Compilation: 5%, API: 5%, Style: 0%, Correctness: 60%, Timing: 10%, Memory: 20%]

ASSESSMENT DETAILS

The following files were submitted:
3.1K Sep 15 19:35 Percolation.java 2.3K Sep 15 19:35 PercolationStats.java

* COMPILING ************************************
% javac Percolation.java *
% javac PercolationStats.java *
Checking the APIs of your programs.
Percolation:
PercolationStats:

% spotbugs *.class *
% pmd . *
% checkstyle *.java *
% custom checkstyle checks for Percolation.java *
[WARN] Percolation.java:1: We recommend defining at least one private helper method, e.g., to validate the row and column indices or to map from 2D to Checkstyle ends with 0 errors and 1 warning.
% custom checkstyle checks for PercolationStats.java *

Testing correctness of Percolation

```
Tests 1 through 7 create a Percolation object using your code, then repeatedly
open sites by calling open(). After each call to open(), it checks the return values of isOpen(), percolates(), numberOfOpenSites(), and isFull() in that order.
Tests 12 through 15 create a Percolation object using your code, then repeatedly call the methods open(), isOpen(), isFull(), percolates(), and, numberOfOpenSites() in random order with probabilities p = (p1, p2, p3, p4, p5). The tests stop
immediately after the system percolates.
Tests 18 through 21 test backwash.
Except as noted, a site is opened at most once.
Test 1: open predetermined list of sites using file inputs
  * filename = input6.txt
* filename = input8.txt
  * filename = input8-no.txt
  * filename = input10-no.txt
  * filename = greeting57.txt
  * filename = heart25.txt
==> passed
Test 2: open random sites until the system percolates
  * n = 3
* n = 5
  * n = 10
  * n = 10
  * n = 20
  * n = 50
  * n = 50
==> passed
Test 3: open predetermined sites for n = 1 and n = 2 (corner case test)
    filename = input1.txt
  * filename = input1-no.txt
  * filename = input2.txt
  * filename = input2-no.txt
==> passed
Test 4: check predetermined sites with long percolating path
  * filename = snake13.txt
* filename = snake101.txt
Test 5: open every site
  * filename = input5.txt
==> passed
Test 6: open random sites until the system percolates,
         allowing open() to be called on a site more than once
  * n = 3
    n = 5
  * n = 10
  * n = 10
* n = 20
  * n = 20
  * n = 50
* n = 50
Test 7: open random sites with large n
  * n = 250
* n = 500
    n = 1000
  * n = 2000
==> passed
Test 8: call methods with invalid arguments
  * n = 10, (row, col) = (-1, 5)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (11, 5)
               (row, col) = (0, 5)
  * n = 10, (row, col) = (5, -1)
* n = 10, (row, col) = (5, 11)
  * n = 10, (row, col) = (5, 0)

* n = 10, (row, col) = (5, 0)

* n = 10, (row, col) = (-2147483648, -2147483648)

* n = 10, (row, col) = (2147483647, 2147483647)
Test 9: call constructor with invalid argument
  * n = -10
* n = -1
  * n = 0
==> passed
Test 10: create multiple Percolation objects at the same time
          (to make sure you didn't store data in static variables)
==> passed
Test 11: open predetermined list of sites using file inputs,
          but permute the order in which methods are called
  * filename = input8.txt; order = isFull(),
                                                                 isOpen(), percolates()
  * filename = input8.txt; order =
                                                 isFull(), percolates(),
                                                                                  isOpen()
                                                 isOpen(),
  * filename = input8.txt; order =
                                                                 isFull(), percolates()
  * filename = input8.txt; order = isOpen(),

* filename = input8.txt; order = percolates(),
                                                 isOpen(), percolates(),
                                                                                    isFull()
                                                                  isOpen(),
                                                                                    isFull()
  * filename = input8.txt; order = percolates(),
                                                                  isFull(),
==> passed
```

```
* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3) 
* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.4, 0.4, 0.0, 0.0, 0.3)
Test 13: call open() and percolates() in random order until just before system percolates
   * n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)

* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
   * n = 7, trials = 20, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)

* n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)

* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)

* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)

* n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0)
==> passed
Test 14: call open() and isFull() in random order until just before system percolates * n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0) * n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
   * n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)

* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)

* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
   * n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.5, 0.0, 0.5, 0.0, 0.0)
==> passed
Test 15: call all methods in random order until just before system percolates
   * n = 3, trials = 40, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)

* n = 5, trials = 20, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
   * n = 7, trials = 10, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)

* n = 10, trials = 5, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)

* n = 20, trials = 2, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
   * n = 50, trials = 1, p = (0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2, 0.2)
==> passed
Test 16: call all methods in random order until almost all sites are open
               (with inputs not prone to backwash)
   * n = 3
   * n = 5
   * n = 7
   * n = 20
   * n = 50
==> passed
Test 17: substitute WeightedQuickUnionUF data type that sets root nondeterministically;
               call all methods in random order until almost all sites are open
               (with inputs not prone to backwash)
   * n = 3
   * n = 5
   * n = 7
   * n = 10
   * n = 20
   * n = 50
==> passed
Test 18: check for backwash with predetermined sites
   * filename = input20.txt
      - isFull() returns wrong value after 231 sites opened

- student isFull(18, 1) = true

- reference isFull(18, 1) = false
   * filename = input10.txt
      - isFull() returns wrong value after 56 sites opened
- student isFull(9, 1) = true
- reference isFull(9, 1) = false
   * filename = input50.txt
      - isFull() returns wrong value after 1412 sites opened
- student isFull(22, 28) = true
- reference isFull(22, 28) = false
   * filename = jerry47.txt
- isFull() returns wrong value after 1076 sites opened
- student isFull(11, 47) = true
- reference isFull(11, 47) = false
   * filename = sedgewick60.txt
      - isFull() returns wrong value after 1577 sites opened

- student isFull(21, 59) = true

- reference isFull(21, 59) = false
   * filename = wayne98.txt
       - isFull() returns wrong value after 3851 sites opened

- student isFull(69, 9) = true

- reference isFull(69, 9) = false
==> FATI FD
Test 19: check for backwash with predetermined sites that have
               multiple percolating paths
   * filename = input3.txt
      - isFull() returns wrong value after 4 sites opened

- student isFull(3, 1) = true

- reference isFull(3, 1) = false
   * filename = input4.txt
       - isFull() returns wrong value after 7 sites opened

- student isFull(4, 4) = true

- reference isFull(4, 4) = false
   * filename = input7.txt
         isFull() returns wrong value after 12 sites opened
       - student isFull(6, 1) = true

- reference isFull(6, 1) = false
```

```
Test 20: call all methods in random order until all sites are open
           (these inputs are prone to backwash)
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 5 sites opened
- student isFull(2, 3) = true
- reference isFull(2, 3) = false
     - failed on trial 4 of 40
  * n = 5
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 16 sites opened

- student isFull(4, 1) = true

- reference isFull(4, 1) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 20
  * n = 7
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 31 sites opened

- student isFull(6, 4) = true

- reference isFull(6, 4) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 10
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 67 sites opened
     - student isFull(10, 1) = true
- reference isFull(10, 1) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 5
  * n = 20
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 263 sites opened
- student    isFull(17, 5) = true
- reference isFull(17, 5) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 2
  * n = 50
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 1484 sites opened

- student isFull(27, 31) = true

- reference isFull(27, 31) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 1
==> FAILED
Test 21: substitute WeightedQuickUnionUF data type that sets root nondeterministically;
           call all methods in random order until all sites are open (these inputs are prone to backwash)
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 7 sites opened
- student isFull(3, 3) = true
- reference isFull(3, 3) = false
     - failed on trial 2 of 40
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 16 sites opened

- student isFull(5, 4) = true

- reference isFull(5, 4) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 20
  * n = 7
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 26 sites opened
     - student isFull(7, 2) = true
- reference isFull(7, 2) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 10
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 66 sites opened
- student isFull(10, 1) = true
- reference isFull(10, 1) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 5
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 235 sites opened
     - student isFull(16, 4) = true

- reference isFull(16, 4) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 2
  * n = 50
     - isFull() returns wrong value after 1482 sites opened
     - student isFull(41, 50) = true
- reference isFull(41, 50) = false
     - failed on trial 1 of 1
==> FAILED
Total: 17/21 tests passed!
*************************
  TESTING CORRECTNESS (substituting reference Percolation)
Testing correctness of PercolationStats
```

file:///D:/Developer/Algorithems/Coursera_Algo_part1/AlgoPart1/Percolation/Autograder Feedback.html

```
Running 17 total tests.
Test 1: check formatting of output of main()
  % java-algs4 PercolationStats 20 10
                                  = 0.605
  mean
  stddev
                                  = 0.04186618895693489
  95% confidence interval = [0.5790510672452389, 0.630948932754761]
  % java-algs4 PercolationStats 200 100
                                  = 0.59384925
                                   = 0.009817562761359477
  stddev
  95% confidence interval = [0.5919250076987735, 0.5957734923012264]
==> passed
Test 2: check that methods in PercolationStats do not print to standard output
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 3: check that mean() returns value in expected range
  * n = 2, trials = 10000

* n = 5, trials = 10000
  * n = 10, trials = 10000
* n = 25, trials = 10000
==> passed
Test 4: check that stddev() returns value in expected range
  * n = 2, trials = 10000

* n = 5, trials = 10000

* n = 10, trials = 10000

* n = 25, trials = 10000
==> passed
Test 5: check that PercolationStats constructor creates
  trials Percolation objects, each of size n-by-n
* n = 15, trials = 15
* n = 20, trials = 10
  * n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 6: check that PercolationStats.main() creates
         trials Percolation objects, each of size n-by-n
  * n = 15, trials = 15
* n = 20, trials = 10
  * n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
Test 7: check that PercolationStats calls open() until system percolates
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
    n = 100, trials =
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 8: check that PercolationStats does not call open() after system percolates
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 9: check that mean() is consistent with the number of intercepted calls to open()
         on blocked sites
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 10: check that stddev() is consistent with the number of intercepted calls to open()
           on blocked sites
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 11: check that confidenceLo() and confidenceHigh() are consistent with mean() and stddev()
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 12: check that exception is thrown if either n or trials is out of bounds
  * n = -23, trials = 42
* n = 23, trials = 0
* n = -42, trials = 0
  * n = 42, trials = -1

* n = -2147483648, trials = -2147483648
==> passed
Test 13: create two PercolationStats objects at the same time and check mean()
  est 13: create two PercolationStats objects at the same time and (to make sure you didn't store data in static variables)

* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 50, trials2 = 5

* n1 = 50, trials1 = 5, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10

* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 25, trials2 = 10
```

```
* n1 = 25, trials1 = 10, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10

* n1 = 50, trials1 = 10, n2 = 15, trials2 = 100

* n1 = 15, trials1 = 100, n2 = 50, trials2 = 10
==> passed
Test 14: check that the methods return the same value, regardless of
         the order in which they are called
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
  * n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 15: check that no calls to StdRandom.setSeed()
 * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 20, trials = 10
 * n = 40, trials = 10
* n = 80, trials = 10
==> passed
Test 16: check distribution of number of sites opened until percolation
 * n = 2, trials = 100000

* n = 3, trials = 100000

* n = 4, trials = 100000
==> passed
Test 17: check that each site is opened the expected number of times
 * n = 2, trials = 100000

* n = 3, trials = 100000

* n = 4, trials = 100000
==> passed
Total: 17/17 tests passed!
**********************
* MEMORY (substituting reference Percolation)
Analyzing memory of PercolationStats
                                     -----
Running 4 total tests.
Test 1a-1d: check memory usage as a function of T trials for n = 100
            (max allowed: 8*T + 128 bytes)
                         bytes
_____
=> passed
               16
                           192
                32
                            320
=> passed
                64
                            576
=> passed
=> passed
              128
                           1088
==> 4/4 tests passed
Estimated student memory = 8.00 \text{ T} + 64.00 \quad (R^2 = 1.000)
Total: 4/4 tests passed!
_____
Timing PercolationStats
                       Running 4 total tests.
* n = 100, trials = 50
* n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 2: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods and
        count calls to methods in StdRandom.
  * n = 20, trials = 10

* n = 20, trials = 10
  * n = 40, trials = 10
  * n = 80, trials = 10
==> passed
Test 3: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods and
      count calls to methods in Percolation.
  * n = 20, trials = 10
* n = 50, trials = 20
* n = 100, trials = 50
  * n = 64, trials = 150
==> passed
Test 4: Call PercolationStats constructor and instance methods with trials = 3
        and values of n that go up by a multiplicative factor of \mathsf{sqrt}(2). The test passes when n reaches 2,896.
```

The approximate order-of-growth is n $^{\land}$ (log ratio)

	n	seconds	log	ratio
	724	0.16		2.6
	1024	0.41		2.8
	1448	1.18		3.0
	2048	2.84		2.5
	2896	6.81		2.5
==>	passed			

Total: 4/4 tests passed!

Analyzing memory of Percolation

*-----

Running 4 total tests.

Test 1a-1d: check that total memory \leftarrow 17 n^2 + 128 n + 1024 bytes

	n	bytes	
=> passed	64	39096	
=> passed	256	598200	
=> passed	512	2375864	
=> passed	1024	9470136	
==> 4/4 tests	passed		

Estimated student memory = $9.00 \text{ n}^2 + 32.00 \text{ n} + 184.00 \quad (R^2 = 1.000)$

Test 2 (bonus): check that total memory <= 11 n^2 + 128 n + 1024 bytes
- bonus available only if solution passes backwash correctness test
==> FAILED

Total: 4/4 tests passed!

Timing Percolation

*-----

Running 16 total tests.

Test 1a-1e: Creates an n-by-n percolation system; open sites at random until the system percolates, interleaving calls to percolates() and open(). Count calls to connected(), union() and find().

	n	union()	2 * connected() + find()	constructor	
=> passed	16	183	306	1	
=> passed	32	890	1340	1	
=> passed	64	2758	4718	1	
=> passed	128	11433	19344	1	
=> passed	256	46307	77764	1	
=> passed	512	190479	315882	1	
=> passed	1024	724579	1232426	1	
==> 7/7 tests passed					

If one of the values in the table violates the performance limits the factor by which you failed the test appears in parentheses. For example, (9.6x) in the union() column indicates that it uses 9.6x too many calls.

Tests 2a-2f: Check whether the number of calls to union(), connected(), and find() is a constant per call to open(), isOpen(), isFull(), and percolates(). The table shows the maximum number of union() and find() calls made during a single call to open(), isOpen(), isFull(), and percolates(). One call to connected() counts as two calls to find().

	n	per open()	per isOpen()	per isFull()	<pre>per percolates()</pre>	
=> passed	16	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	32	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	64	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	128	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	256	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	512	4	0	2	2	
=> passed	1024	4	0	2	2	
==> 7/7 test	s passed					

Running time (in seconds) depends on the machine on which the script runs.

Test 3: Create an n-by-n percolation system; interleave calls to percolates() and open() until the system percolates. The values of n go up by a factor of sqrt(2). The test is passed if n >= 4096 in under 10 seconds.

The approximate order-of-growth is n ^ (log ratio)

	n	seconds	log ratio	union-find operations	log ratio
	1024 1448 2048 2896 4096	0.10 0.28 0.72 1.82 4.01	2.4 3.0 2.7 2.7 2.3	2726088 5445056 10883316 21811040 43371856	2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0 2.0
==> t	passed				

Test 4: Create an n-by-n percolation system; interleave calls to open(), percolates(), isOpen(), isFull(), and numberOfOpenSites() until. the system percolates. The values of n go up by a factor of sqrt(2). The test is passed if n >= 4096 in under 10 seconds.

n	seconds	log ratio	union-find operations	log ratio
1024	0.11	2.2	3984692	2.0
1448	0.29	2.8	7979346	2.0
2048	0.79	2.8	15978300	2.0
2896	1.95	2.6	31634156	2.0
4096	4.31	2.3	63171502	2.0
==> passed				

Total: 16/16 tests passed!
