

# **Lost in Translation**

## **Reguläre Ausdrücke als Englische Sätze**

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- Foreword
- \* Expression
  - VerbalExpression
  - SimpleExpression
  - MagicExpression
- Wrap up



- Why express yourself like this?

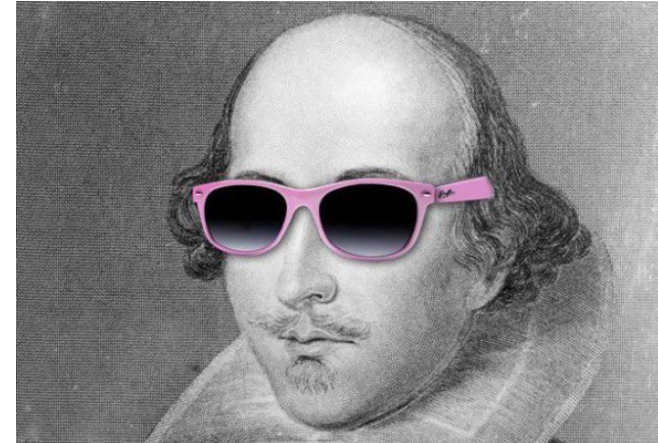
```
[A-Z0-9._%+~]+@[A-Z0-9.-]+\.[A-Z]{2,4}
```

- When you can say it like Shakespeare?

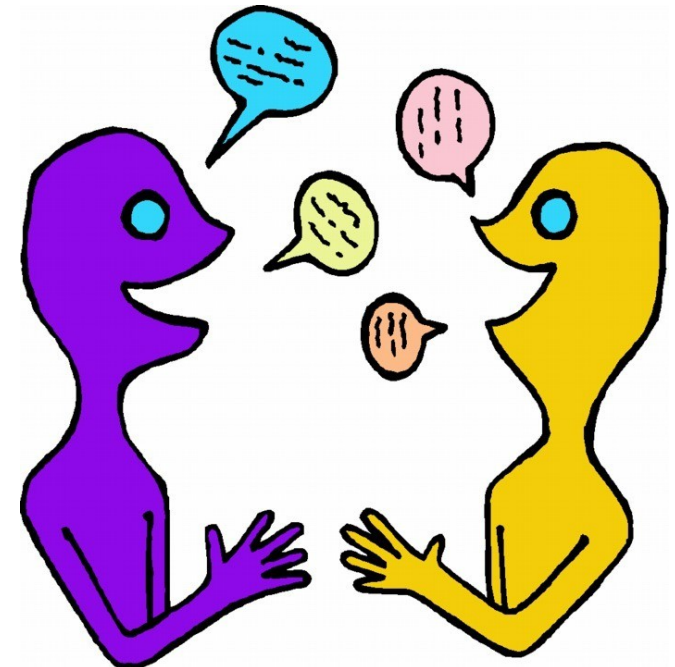
**“Thou shall match a string of letters  
follow'd by @  
then some other characters  
a dram dot  
and some moo stuff”**

- A more coder friendly version maybe?

```
Thou.shallmatch(a-string-of-letters)
  .followdbby("@")
  .then.someothercharacters()
  .adram(".")
  .and.some(moostuff);
```



- “SimpleExpression”
  - Syntax close to the English language
  - Build as a fluent API
  - Tailored for newbie's
    - Could it satisfy veterans too?
  - Outputs regular expressions



- Example for a “C# dynamics” talk
  - Write a real DSL (at least) once
  - See if it works...
  - Regular Expression knowledge refresh
- 
- ~~Get rich and famous (bitches!)~~
- 
- **Because I can!**



- “Some people, when confronted with a problem, think:  
‘I know, I'll use regular expressions.’  
Now they have two problems”
  
- “Some people, when confronted with a problem, think:  
‘I know, I'll create a DSL that wraps regular expressions.’  
Now they have three problems”

## Why? What is there to lose?

(© Franck Mée, a “friend” who likes loves regular expressions)

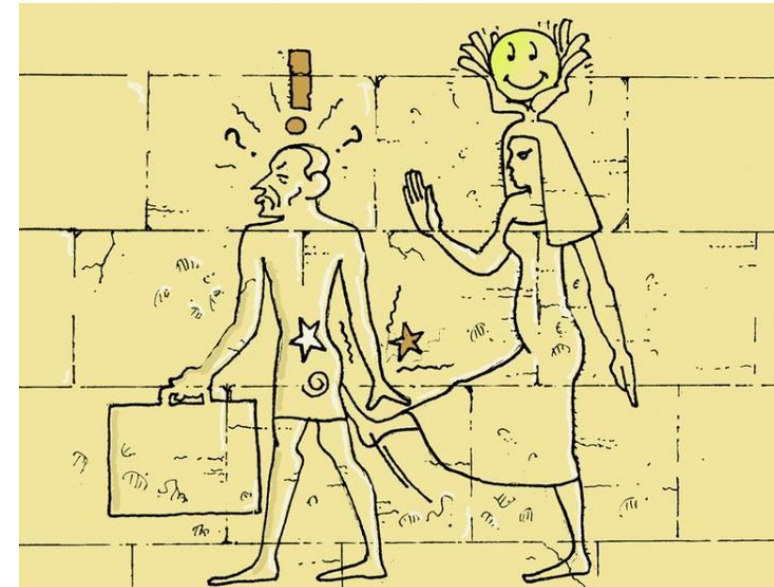
- The more complex the expression, the more surprised and god-like you'll feel when it works
- When you write one that works and you know no-one will ever understand, feel like Houdini mystifying everyone
- You can strip down someone's regex to pieces and yet never figure it out. Which makes you feel like looking at Houdini and God's work combined
- Old regexes (of yours) are like teenage kids, you know they came out of you, but you don't quite get them anymore



- How to write regular expressions
- Do's and don'ts working with Regexes
- Optimization & performance
- Devise on the RFC822 Email Regex

[illegible]

??







## VerbalExpression

- “JavaScript Regular expressions made easy”
  - On github ([github.com/VerbalExpressions](https://github.com/VerbalExpressions))
  - Forks for: Ruby, C#, Python, Java, Groovy, PHP, Haskell, C++ and Objective-C

```
var tester = VerEx()
    .startOfLine()
    .then( "http" )
    .maybe( "s" )
    .then( "://" )
    .maybe( "www." )
    .anythingBut( " " )
    .endOfLine();
```

- Inconsistent “Find()” function

```
var expression = VerEx()
    .find( "http" )
    .maybe( "s" )
    .then( "://" )
    .or()
    .then( "ftp://" )
```

## ■ Branching

Could you please get me a burger and fries or a pizza?



```
var expression = VerEx()
  .find( "http" ).maybe( "s" ).then( "://" )
  .or()
  .then( "ftp://" )
```

?

```
var expression = VerEx()
  .find( "http" )
  .maybe( "s" )
  .then( "://" )
```

```
var expression = VerEx()
  .find( "http" )
  .maybe( "s" )
  .then( "ftp://" )
```

Can you tell what this VerbalExpression does?

```
VerEx().then( "." ).replace( my_paragraph, ". Stop." );
```

- Is this intuitive?
- Why not this?

```
VerEx().find( "." ).in( my_paragraph).replaceWith(". Stop." );
```

## SimpleExpression

SMILEYS



- Here's how you use a SimpleExpression

```
dynamic simpex = new SimpleExpression();

simpex.here.I.can.chain.my.commands
        .Generate();

Console.Write(simpex.Expression);
```

- „dynamic“

```
dynamic someInt = 4;
someInt.ICanWriteHereWhateverIWantAndItCompiles("doh");
// ... but will crash & burn in flames at runtime
```

## ■ Floating point number matching

```

simpex
  .Maybe('-')
  .Numbers                //Default is „zero or more“
  .One('.')
  .Numbers.AtLeast(1)
  .Generate();
  
```

## ■ Hexadecimal Color

```

simpex
  .One('#')
  .Numbers.And("abcdef").Exactly(3)
  .Or
  .Numbers.And("abcdef").Exactly(6)
  .Generate();
  
```

## ■ Email validation

```
string allowedChars = @"!#$%&'*/+=?^_`{|}~-";
```

**Simpex**

```
.Group
    .Alphanumerics.And(allowedChars).AtLeast(1)
.Together.As("beforeAt")
.One('@')
.Group
    .Letters.And(allowedChars).AtLeast(1)
    .Group
        .One(".")
        .Alphanumerics.And(allowedChars).AtLeast(1)
    .Together.As("dotAndAfter")
.Together.As("afterAt")
.Generate();
```

- Isn't the following gorgeous to read? (the answer is YES ;)

```
simpex.Letters.AtLeast(3).AtMost(4)
simpex.Text("abcd").Except("a")
simpex.Group.Text("aeiouy").Together.As("SomeLetters")
```

- What about the following?

```
simpex.Group.Text("aeiouy").Together.Exactly(2)
```

- You wanted to say 'twice' instead of 'two', didn't you?

- What does the following mean?

**Simpex**

**.Group.AtLeast(4).AtMost(5).Numbers.Exactly(2)  
.Together.One(' ').AtMost(2)**

- *“4 to 5 groups of 2 numbers followed by at most 2 spaces”*
- *“group at least 4 and at most 5 numbers, twice”*
- The problem here:

**Group.AtMost.X.Exactly.Together.Y.AtMost**

- And no, pushing it after the ‘together’ wouldn’t solve the issue

**Group.X.Exactly.Together.AtMost.Y.AtMost**

- How can we solve this?

- “Stuttering”, one of the limits of that prose

```

Simpex
  .Group
    .Group
      .Text(abcd)
      .Group
        .Letters.And("-")
        .Together
      .Together
      .Text("cde")
    .Together
  
```



- Create now, join later

```
var abcd = new SimpleExpression().Text("abcd").Generate();
var efgh = new SimpleExpression().Text("efgh").Generate();

simpex.Sub(abcd).Or.Sub(efgh).Generate();
```

- That encapsulated grouping example

```
var innerMostGp = new SimpleExpression().
    Goup.Letters.And("-").Together.Generate();

var innerGp = new SimpleExpression()
    .Group.Text(abcd).Sub(innerMostGp).Together.Generate();

var outerGp = new SimpleExpression()
    .Group.Sub(innerGp).Text("cde").Together.Generate();
```

- What is meant here?

```
simpex.EitherOf("a|b|c").AtLeast(2)
```

- *“a, b or c, at least two of them”*
- *“twice a or twice b or twice c”*
- How do I do I express the other one?

- Regular expression “experts” cannot help it, they have to fall back onto what they know
- Does this create a class? A Group? Capturing or not?

```
simpex.Letters.Except("aeiou").And("$${%&").AtLeast(2).AtMost(4)
```

- The more you know what regular expressions can do, the more disturbing SimpleExpression is

- Simple.Data (a C# model for this kind of architecture) has a true reason for using dynamics: the functions are not known at compile time
  - In SimpleExpression's case, everything is known beforehand
  - No reason for using dynamics :'(
  - Fully "implement-able" via a Fluent API
- No Intellisense support

- SimpleExpression commands cannot be linearly parsed
- Simple repeat count

```
Simpex.One("x").AtLeast(3).AtMost("5")
```

```
// x => x{3,} => x{3,5}
```

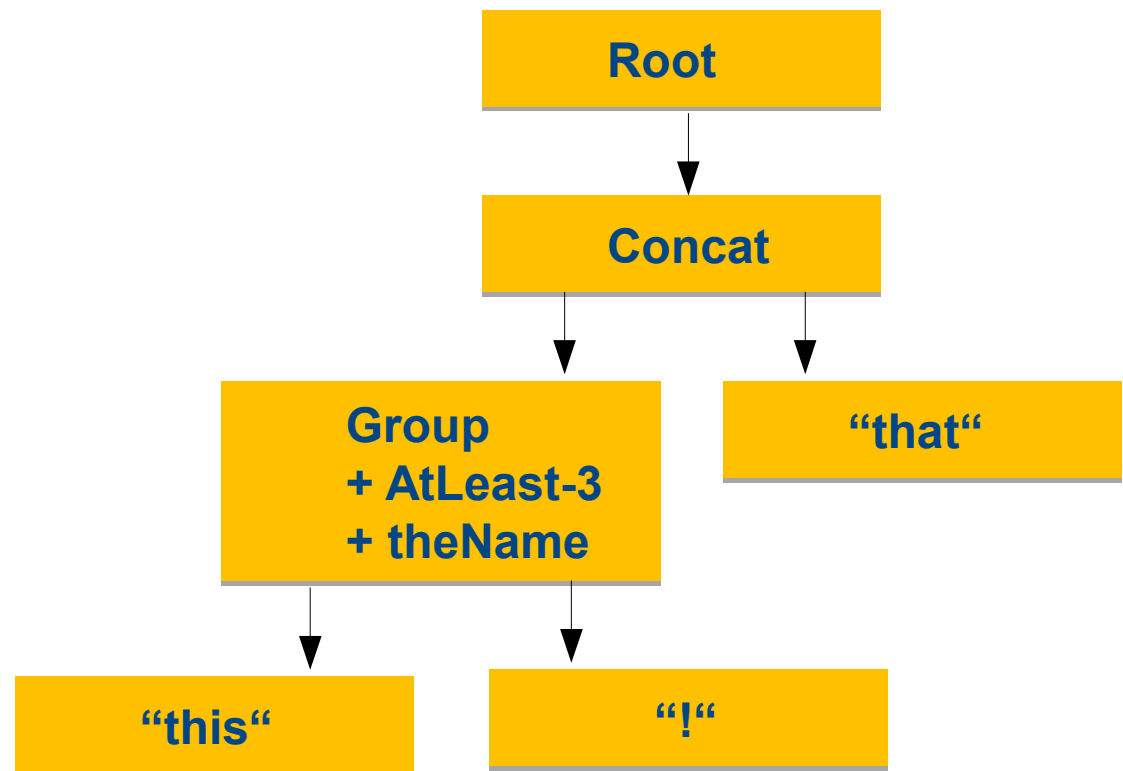
- Named groups and repeat count

```
simpex  
    .Group.AtLeast(3).Text("something").Together.As("theName")
```

```
// (<theName>something){3,}
```

**simpex**

```
.Group.AtLeast(3)
  .Text("this").One("!")
.Together.As("theName")
.Text("that")
.Generate();
```



**(<theName>this!){3,})that**



- SimpleExpression's semantic is really nice... but it is like *"death by 1000 paper cuts"*
- Many edge cases where the grammatic doesn't fit that well and tend to pull down the concept as a whole
- Could be changed using parenthesis again, reordering some elements in a logical way instead of a grammatical order, thus losing some readability for the sake of precision

## MagicExpression



- Evolutions compared to SimpleExpression
  - Loses the dynamic part of the SimpleExpression and comes back to a fluent API
  - Replaces parts of the commands with their less-funky but non-ambiguous functional equivalents
    - As a direct consequence, gets rid of the cumbersome Abstract Syntax Tree and thus of half of the complexity of SimpleExpression's implementation
  - Pushes the DSL way further than SimpleExpression was ever able to by adding many regular expression concepts to the equation

- Install via Nuget

**Install-Package MagicExpression**

- Instanciation

```
var magicWand = Magex.New();  
  
magicWand.The.Functions.Here;    //no lame .Generate() here  
  
Console.WriteLine(magicWand.Expression);
```

## Example 1: floating point match

```
var magicWand = Magex.New();

MagicWand
    .Character('-').Repeat.AtMostOnce()
    .CharacterIn(Characters.Numeral).Repeat.Any()
    .Character('.')
    .CharacterIn(Characters.Numeral).Repeat.AtLeastOnce();

// Creates the following regex:  -?[0-9]*\.[0-9]+
// Matches "1.234", "-1.234", "0.0", ".01"
// Doesn't Match "0", "1,234", "0x234", "#1a4f66"
```

- Character() & CharacterIn()
- .Repeat trigger
- Optional block handled via .AtMostOnce()
  - .Any() or .Between(0, uint) would also do the trick

```
var magicWand = Magex.New()
    .Character('<')
    .CaptureAs("tag", x =>
        x.CharacterNotIn('>').Repeat.AtLeastOnce())
    .Character('>')
    .Character().Repeat.Any().Lazy()
    .String("</")
    .BackReference("tag")
    .Character('>');

// Matches "<strong>hello world</strong>" & "<h1>A title</h1>"
// Doesn't match "<h1>A tag mismatch</strong>"
```

- Group() → Non-capturing group
- Capture() → Capturing group
- CaptureAs() → Named capturing group
- BackReference(string) → Back reference on a named group



```
var magicWand = Magex.New();
magicWand.Options = RegexOptions.IgnoreCase;
const string allowedChars = @"!#$%&'*/+=?^_`{|}~.-";
```

**MagicWand**

```
.Alternative(
    Magex.New().String("http"),
    Magex.New().String("ftp"))
.Character('s').Repeat.AtMostOnce()
.String(":/")
.Group(Magex.New().String("www."))
.Repeat.AtMostOnce()
.CharacterIn(Characters.Alphanumeric, allowedChars);
```

- CharacterIn(params char[])

- What do these match?

```
Magex.New()
  .Character('#')
  .Alternative(
    Magex.New().CharacterIn(Characters.Numeral, "abcdefABCDEF")
    .Repeat.Times(6),
    Magex.New().CharacterIn(Characters.Numeral, "abcdefABCDEF")
    .Repeat.Times(3).EndOfLine());
```

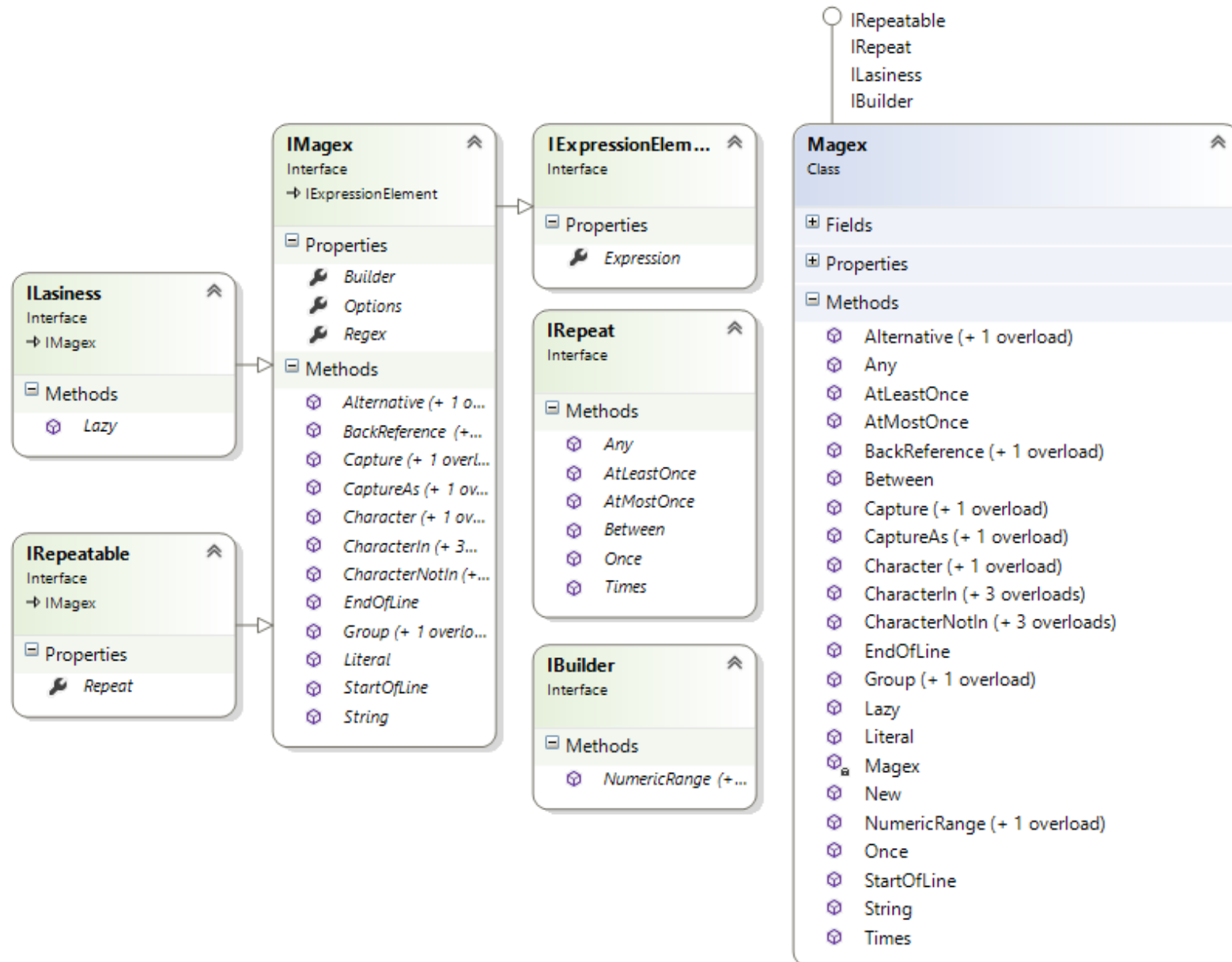
```
Magex.New()
  .Character('0')
  .CharacterIn("xX")
  .CharacterIn(Characters.Numeral, "abcdefABCDEF").Repeat.Times(6);
```

- What does this match?

```
Magex.New()
    .Builder.NumericRange(1, 255).Character('.')
    .Builder.NumericRange(0, 255).Character('.')
    .Builder.NumericRange(0, 255).Character('.')
    .Builder.NumericRange(0, 255);
```

- Builder property to help you with predefined functions
  - Currently only NumericRange()
- Literal(string) function to add a predefined regular expression
- Other functions?
  - Email? Date with pseudo variable format → „yyyy-MM-dd“ ?
  - Hex, Floating point number... ? **Any idea / wishes?**

# Architecture: Magex Interfaces



`magex.Character('s').Repeat.AtMostOnce().Character...`

## IMagex

Methods	
Alternative	IRepeatable
Alternative	IRepeatable
BackReference	IRepeatable
BackReference	IRepeatable
Capture	IRepeatable
Capture	IRepeatable
CaptureAs	IRepeatable
CaptureAs	IRepeatable
Character	IRepeatable
Character	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterIn	IRepeatable
CharacterNotIn	IRepeatable
CharacterNotIn	IRepeatable
CharacterNotIn	IRepeatable
CharacterNotIn	IRepeatable
CharacterNotIn	IRepeatable
EndOfLine	IMagex
Group	IRepeatable
Group	IRepeatable
Literal	IMagex
StartOfLine	IMagex
String	IMagex

## IMagex

Properties	
Builder	IBuilder
Expression	string
Options	RegexOptions
Regex	Regex
Repeat	IRepeat

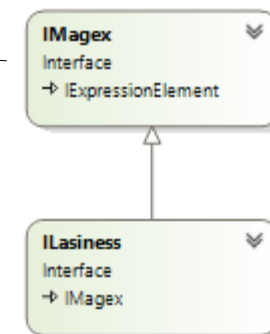
## IRepeat

Methods	
Any	ILasiness
AtLeastOnce	ILasiness
AtMostOnce	ILasiness
Between	ILasiness
Once	IMagex
Times	IMagex

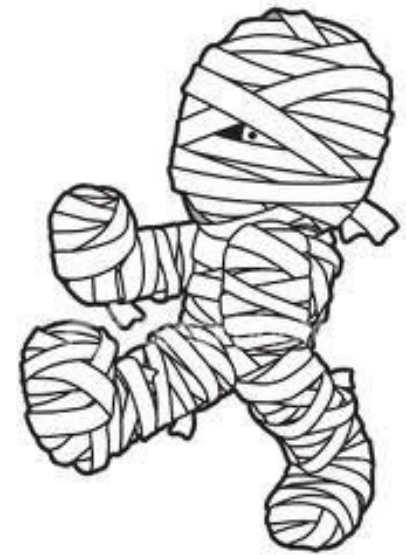
Only those methods are available after .Repeat

IMagex gives us access to all those Methods...

Gives an ILasiness Back, e.g. an IMagex



## Let's wrap up



- It is possible to write such a DSL!
  - ~~I'm going to be rich and famous~~
  - Our languages are not always a good thing to immitate
  - But (in this case) a pinch of DSL doesn't hurt
  
- SimpleExpression
  - Semantically (very?) attractive, but not viable as is
  - Early retirement?
  
- MagicExpression
  - Semantically less sexy, but architecturally gorgeous and easier to add features to
  - Next big feature → Reverse engineer regular expressions?

**QUESTIONS?  
SUGGESTIONS?  
IDEAS?**

**THANKS!**

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