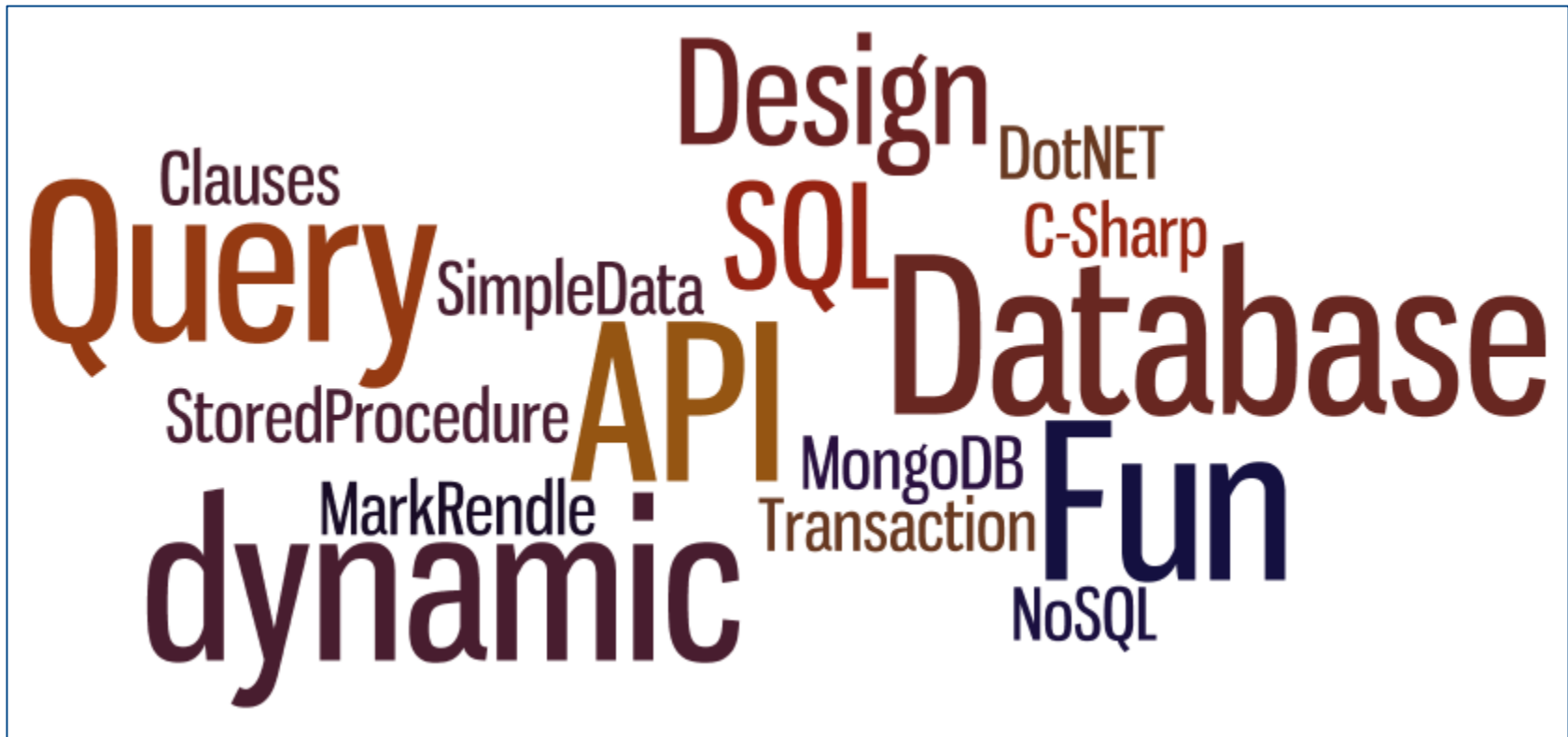


Simple.Data

... an O/RM without O, R or M

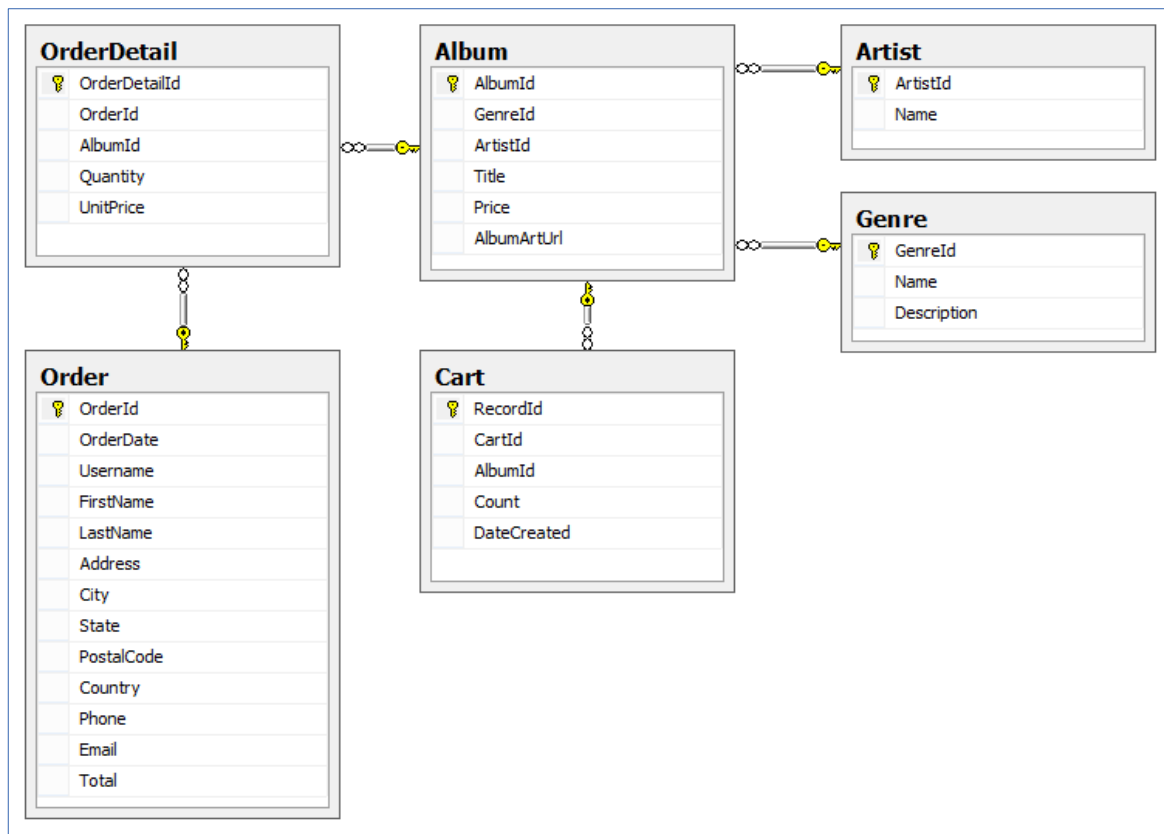
Timothée Bourguignon



An O/RM without O, R or M!

SQL Server + MvcMusicStore DB

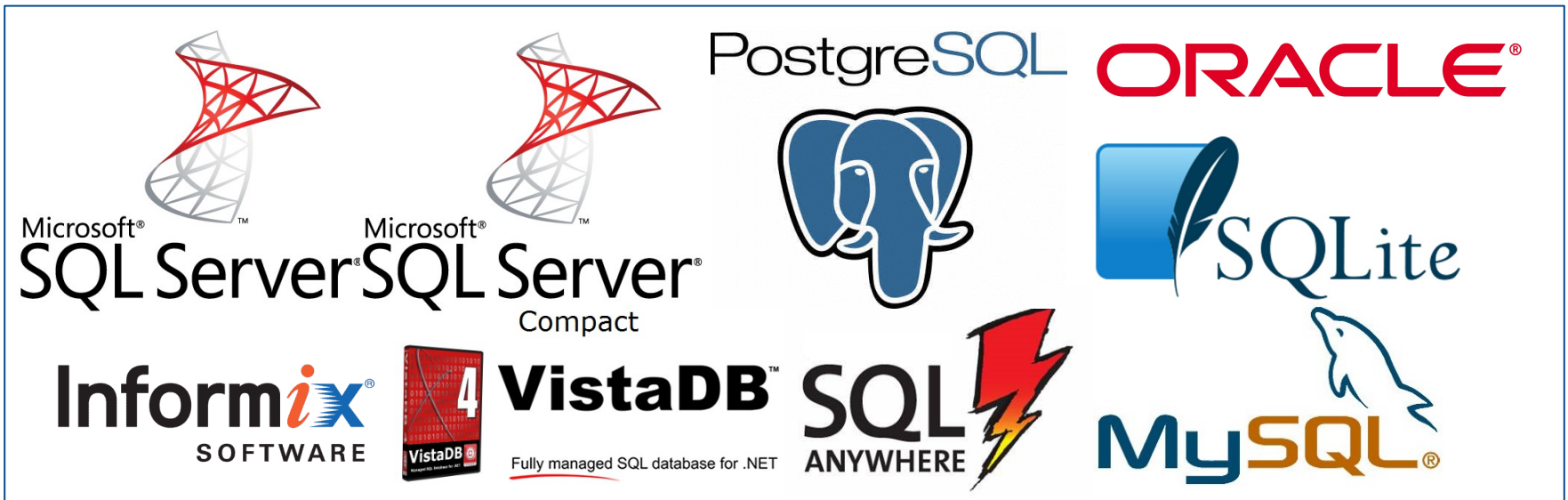
<http://mvcmusicstore.codeplex.com/>



- ▼ Lightweight way of manipulating data
 - ▼ Based on .NET 4.0's „dynamic“ keyword
 - ▼ Interprets method and property names
 - ▼ Maps them to your underlying data-store
 - ▼ Prevents SQL Injection
 - ▼ Inspired by Ruby's ActiveRecord and DataMappers
 - ▼ Open Source & runs on Mono
 - ▼ V1.0 rc3 released in Nov. 2012

- ▼ Generalities
- ▼ Conventions
- ▼ CRUD Operations
- ▼ Objects Returned
- ▼ Joins & Evaluation Strategies
- ▼ Various Functions
- ▼ Tool & Testing
- ▼ Wrap-Up





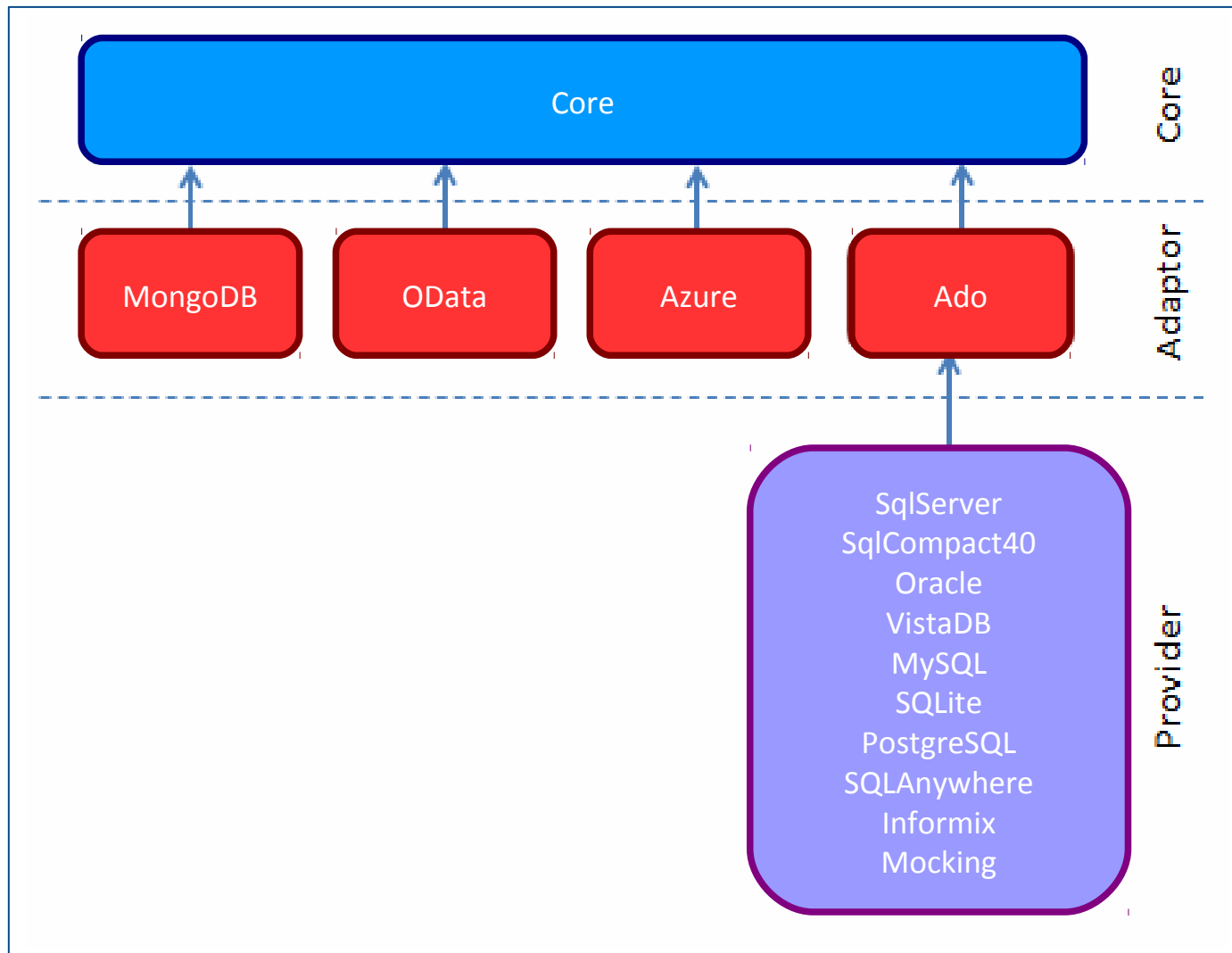


▼ MongoDB

+ MvcMusicStore DB

Package Architecture

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```
PM> Install-Package  
Simple.Data.SqlServer  
Simple.Data.Ado  
Simple.Data.SqlCompact40  
Simple.Data.Sqlite  
Simple.Data.MongoDB  
...
```

Conventions

```
var magicDb = Database
    .OpenConnection("ConnectionString");

var fileDb = Database
    .OpenConnection("MyDB.sdf");
```

- ▼ Per default connections are aggressively opened and closed for each query
- ▼ Supports shared connections

▼ The „Fluid“ Way

- ▼ Methods & properties convention-based mapping

▼ The „Indexer“ Way

- ▼ Identification via an indexer syntax

```
db.album.FindAllByGenreId(3);
```

Table/View

Command

Column

Parameters

▼ The problem

```
//Find by „Candy“ or find by „C and Y“?  
db.sweets.FindAllByCAndY("Oreo");
```

▼ The solution

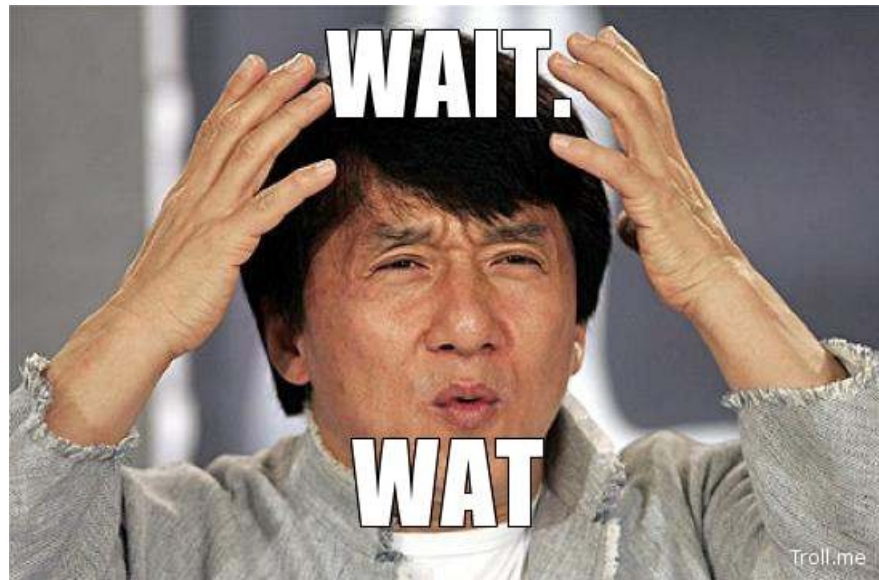
```
//Full indexer way  
db["sweets"].FindAllBy(Candy: "Oreo");  
//Hybrid fluid + indexer  
db.sweets.FindAllBy(Candy: "Oreo");  
db["city"].FindAllByCityName("Paris");
```

▼ Sequence

- ▼ Exact match
- ▼ Case-insensitive - non-alphanumeric chars
- ▼ Pluralized/Singularized version

▼ The following are thus all identical

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| ▼ Albums.GenreId | ▼ [ALBUM].[GENREID] |
| ▼ Album.GenreId | ▼ AlBuM.geNReId |
| ▼ ALBUMS.GENREID | ▼ Al__*bum.Genr-eld |
| ▼ ALBUM.GENREID | ▼ ... |
| ▼ [ALBUMS].[GENREID] | |



- ▼ Dynamics => no member / function inference
- ▼ Schema analyse planned for Simple.Data v2
- ▼ Tool: Simple.Data.Pad
- ▼ Still easy to get used to

CRUD OPERATIONS

- ▼ Insert(object or named parameters)

▼ Read

- ▼ All()
- ▼ Find(simple expressions)
- ▼ Get(primary key)
- ▼ FindAll(optional condition)
- ▼ FindAllByXXX(parameter)

- ▼ Update(object or named parameters)
 - ▼ Update
 - ▼ UpdateByXXX
 - ▼ UpdateAll + optional condition
- ▼ Upsert e.g. Update or Insert
- ▼ Some kind of optimistic locking
 - ▼ Update(modifiedObject, originalObject)
 - ▼ Fails if the column(s) you are modifying changed
 - ▼ Nota: does not work with Upsert

- ▼ Delete
 - ▼ Delete(object or named parameters)
 - ▼ DeleteByXXX(parameters)
 - ▼ DeleteAll(optional conditions)



▼ CRUD Operations

- ▼ Insert
- ▼ Update
- ▼ Delete
- ▼ Read

Objects Returned

- ▼ Dynamic object
- ▼ Contains a property for each of the columns requested whose values are those of the single row retrieved from the data store
- ▼ „Cast-able“ to a concrete implementation

- ▼ Dynamic object
- ▼ Similar to LINQ structure
- ▼ Executes when enumerated
- ▼ Contains a SimpleRecord object for each row returned

▼ Casting to objects

- ▼ Implicit

- ▼ Explicit: `Cast<T>`, `ToList`, `ToList<T>`, `ToArray`, `ToArray<T>`

▼ Hands-On



- ▼ Implicit casting

- ▼ Explicit casting

Joins & Evaluation Strategies



- ▼ Lazy natural evaluation
- ▼ Casting + Lazy?
- ▼ Eager evaluation

▶ Lazy loading

- ▶ „Natural Joins“ e.g. „Table chaining“

▶ Eager Loading

▶ „With Joins“

- ▶ With/WithXXX } Foreign-Key relationship present

- ▶ WithOne

- ▶ WithMany

} No Foreign-Key relationship necessary
(no referential integrity)

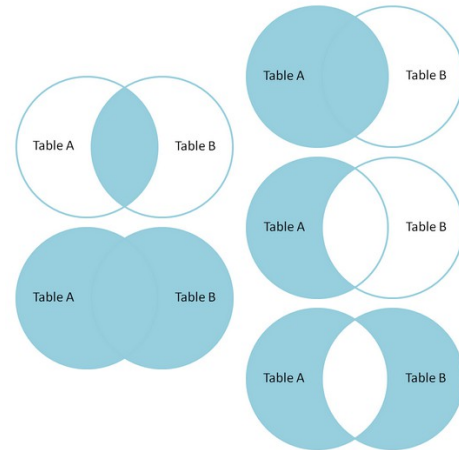
▶ „Explicit Joins“

- ▶ Join

- ▶ LeftJoin

- ▶ OuterJoin

} Natural joins can be used as part of an explicit join, the join is then eager loaded





- ▼ Eager Joins
 - ▼ Select + Natural Joins + As
 - ▼ With

Various Functions

- ▼ OrderBy, OrderByDescending
- ▼ ThenBy, ThenByDescending

```
db.Albums.All().OrderByGenreId()  
                .ThenByArtistIdDescending();
```

- ▼ GetCount
- ▼ GetCountBy
- ▼ Exists, Any
- ▼ ExistsBy, AnyBy

```
int albumCount = db.Albums.GetCount(  
    db.Albums.GenreId == 2);
```

- ▼ Select
 - ▼ Star & AllColumns

```
db.Albums.All().Select(db.Albums.Title,  
                        db.Albums.ArtistId);
```

▼ Column Aliasing: As(string)

```
var albums = db.Albums.All().Select(  
    db.Albums.AlbumId,  
    db.Albums.Title.As("AlbumName"));
```

- ▼ Where clauses
 - ▼ Operators (+, -, *, /, %)
 - ▼ IN, BETWEEN, LIKE, IS NULL

```
var albums = db.Albums.FindAllByGenreId(1)
    .Select(db.Albums.Title)
    .Where(db.Albums.Price < 8);

db.Albums.All().Where(
    db.Albums.Title.Like("%Side Of The%"));
```

- ▼ Grouping and Aggregates
 - ▼ Having → Group By / Having
 - ▼ Min, Max, Avg, Sum

```
var cheapAlbums = db.Albums.All()  
    .Having(db.Albums.Price < 9).ToList();
```

```
var totalCost = db.Albums.All().Select(  
    db.Albums.Price.Sum().As("TotalCost"));
```

▼ Like a function...

```
CREATE PROCEDURE ProcedureWithParameters  
@One VARCHAR(MAX),  
@Two VARCHAR(MAX)  
AS  
  
SELECT * FROM Customers  
WHERE Firstname = @One and Lastname like @Two
```

```
db.ProcedureWithParameters(1, 2);
```

▼ Wrap up the calls

```
using (var transaction = db.BeginTransaction())  
{  
    transaction.albums.Insert(GenreId: 1...);  
    transaction.Commit();  
}
```


Tool & Testing

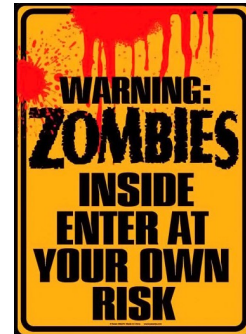


Tool: Simple.Data.Pad

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Similar to LINQ-Pad... kind of...

<https://github.com/markrendle/Simple.Data.Pad>



Simple.Data.Pad 0.16.2

Connection

OpenConnection ▼ (Data Source=.\SQLEXPRESS;Initial Catalog=world;Integrated Security=True)

Run

```
db.city.FindAllByCountryCode("USA").Where(db.city.Population > 1000000);
```

ID	Name	CountryCode	District	Population
3793	New York	USA	New York	8008278
3794	Los Angeles	USA	California	3694820
3795	Chicago	USA	Illinois	2896016
3796	Houston	USA	Texas	1953631
3797	Philadelphia	USA	Pennsylvania	1517550
3798	Phoenix	USA	Arizona	1321045
3799	San Diego	USA	California	1223400
3800	Dallas	USA	Texas	1188580
3801	San Antonio	USA	Texas	1144646

Results Trace

```
Simple.Data.Ado:
Text
select [dbo].[city].[ID],[dbo].[city].
[Name],[dbo].[city].[CountryCode],[dbo].
[city].[District],[dbo].[city].
[Population] from [dbo].[city] WHERE
([dbo].[city].[CountryCode] = @p1 AND
[dbo].[city].[Population] > @p2)
@p1 (AnsiStringFixedLength) = USA
@p2 (Int32) = 1000000
```

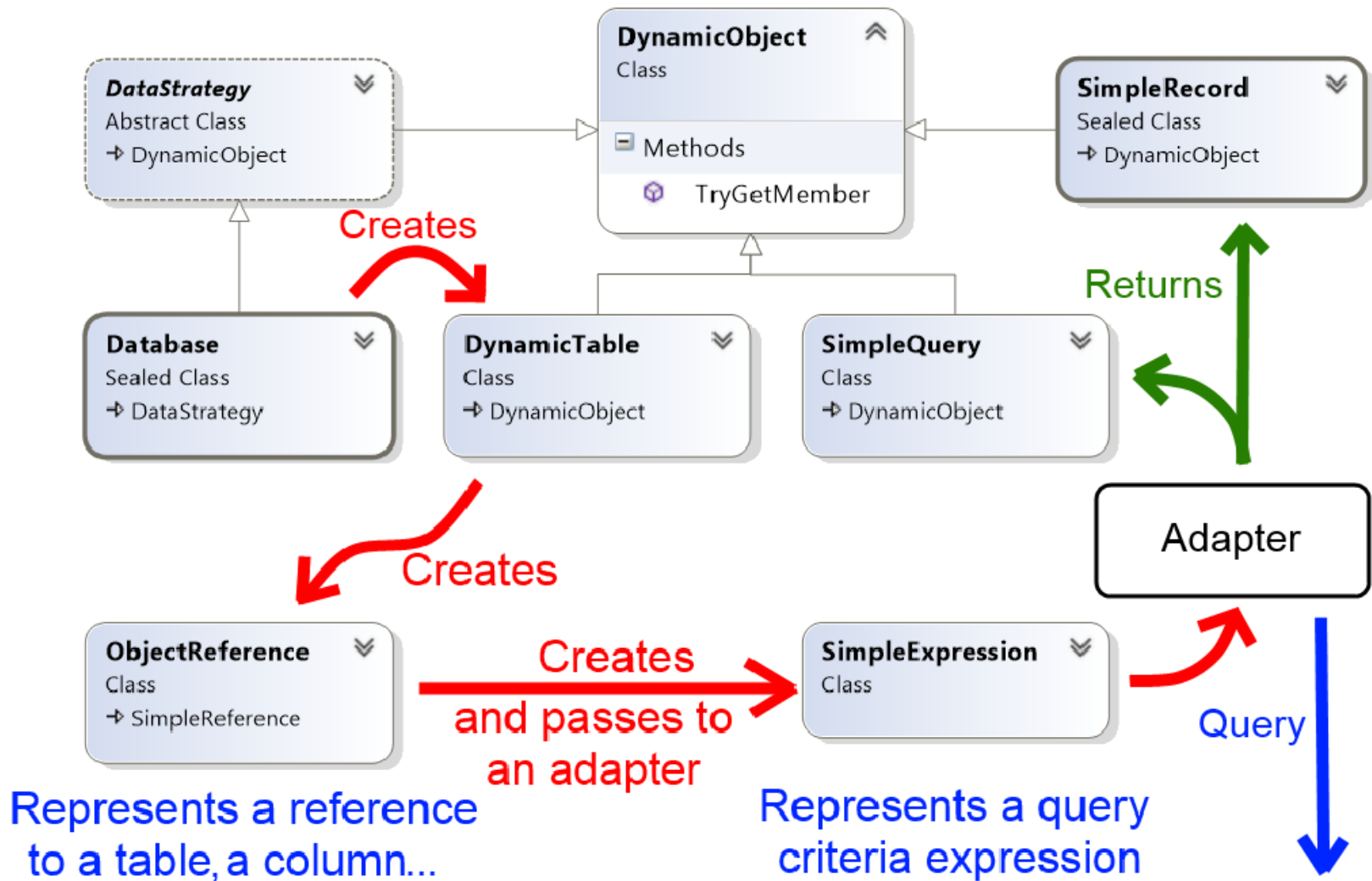
Results

Trace

```
[Test]
public void Should_do_something()
{
    var adapter = new InMemoryAdapter();
    Database.UseMockAdapter(adapter);
    var db = Database.Open();
    db.Test.Insert(Id: 1, Name: "Alice");
    //...
}
```

- ▼ The InMemoryAdapter supports
 - ▼ Joins, Transactions, Stored procedures...

- ▼ Tweaking functions
 - ▼ SetKeyColumn
 - ▼ SetAutoIncrementColumn
 - ▼ AddFunction (stored procedure)
 - ▼ ConfigureJoin
 - ▼ ...



Wrap-Up

- ▼ OpenSource, Mono
- ▼ Everything is dynamic
- ▼ Fluid-, Indexer Way
- ▼ CRUD
 - ▼ FindXXX, DeleteXXX, UpdateXXX etc.
- ▼ Dynamics Objects Returned
- ▼ Joins, lazy, eager
 - ▼ Natural, WithXXX, Join
- ▼ Various Functions
 - ▼ Group, Order, Scalar, Modifiers etc.
- ▼ Tool & Testing
- ▼ Design

- ▼ Lightweight
- ▼ Readable
- ▼ Compelling
- ▼ Fun to use
- ▼ Interesting design
- ▼ Dynamics extensive testing
- ▼ Good understanding upfront
- ▼ My Recommendation
 - ▼ Try it and study it
 - ▼ Take it for a spin for some tooling and/or prototyping
 - ▼ ...and some projects?



- ▼ Github
 - ▼ <https://github.com/markrendle/Simple.Data>
- ▼ Nuget
 - ▼ <http://nuget.org/packages?q=simple.data>
- ▼ GoogleGroup
 - ▼ <https://groups.google.com/forum/?fromgroups#!forum/simpliedata>
- ▼ Framework Author: Mark Rendle
 - ▼ @MarkRendle
 - ▼ <http://blog.markrendle.net/>

Fragen?

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Durchhänger?



Eine kleine Stärkung gibt es jetzt am MATHEMA-Stand!