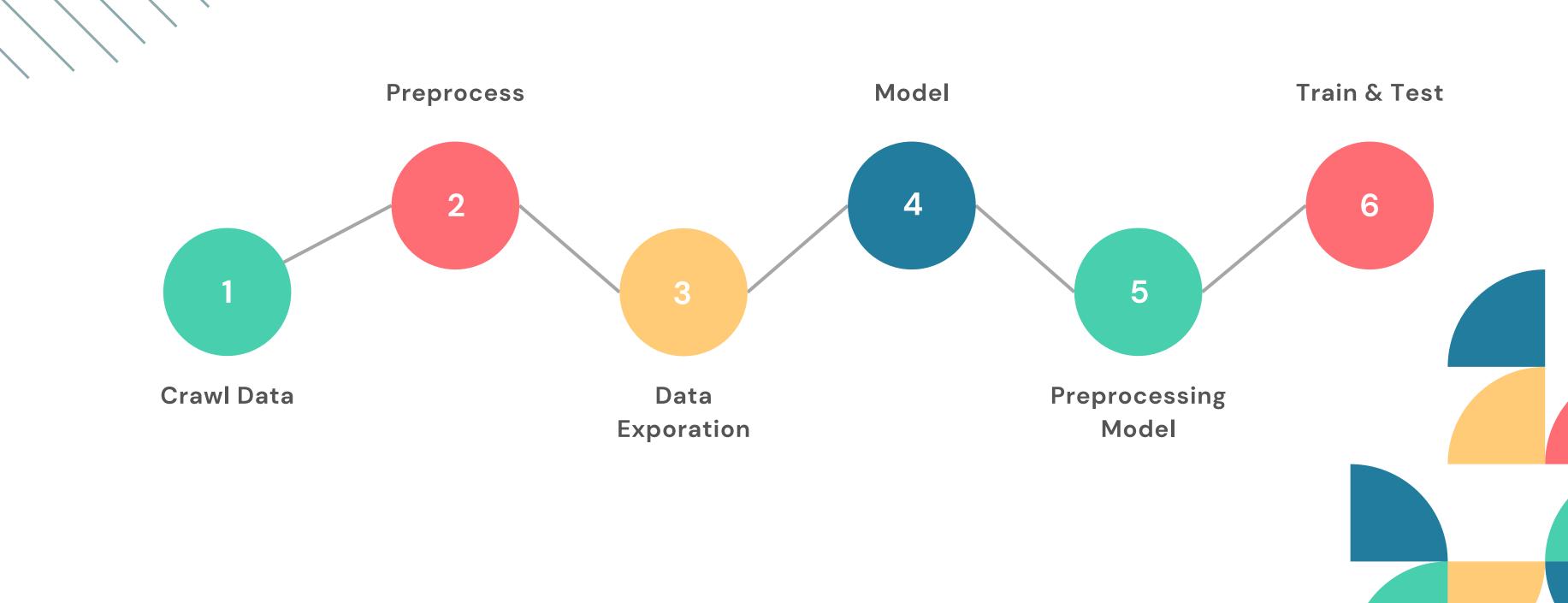
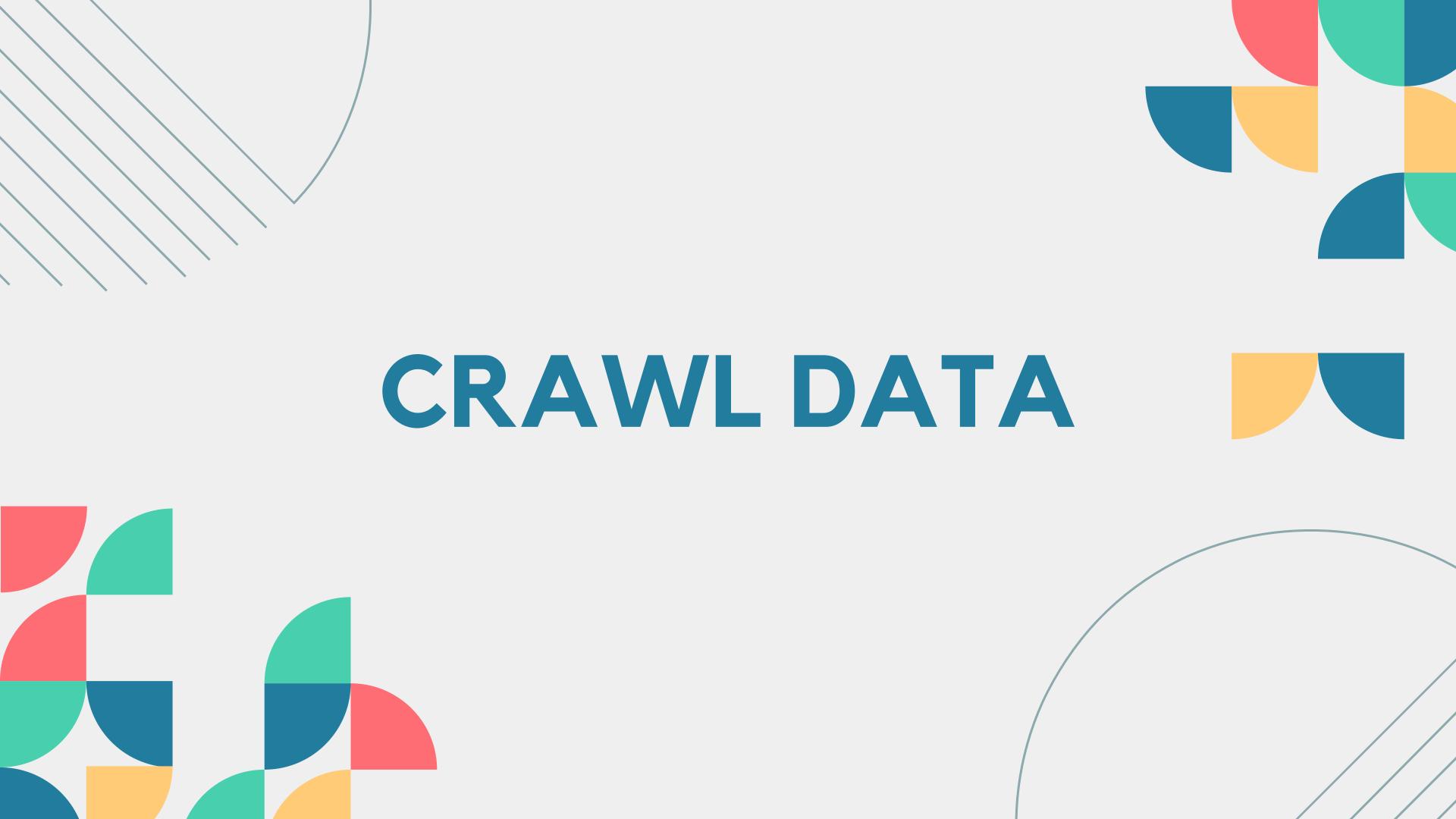


# THÀNH VIÊN

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# Mục Lục





#### **CRAWL DATA**

• BASE\_URL = 'http://api.worldbank.org/v2/'

• Region: Asia

• Year: 2015:2022

	Total Population	Female Population	Male Population	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Compulsory Education Dur.	Employment in Industry(%)	Empl Agricul
0	41128771.0	20362329.0	20766442.0	NaN	NaN	9.0	NaN	
1	40099462.0	19844584.0	20254878.0	35.842	7.344	9.0	NaN	
2	38972230.0	19279930.0	19692301.0	36.051	7.113	9.0	18.48131	2
3	37769499.0	18679089.0	19090409.0	36.466	6.791	9.0	18.33941	4
4	36686784.0	18136922.0	18549862.0	36.927	6.981	9.0	18.12015	Ź

## CRAWL DATA

# (	Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
0	Total Population	1316 non-null	float64
1	Female Population	1316 non-null	float64
2	Male Population	1316 non-null	float64
3	Birth Rate	1269 non-null	float64
4	Death Rate	1269 non-null	float64
5	Compulsory Education Dur.	1041 non-null	float64
6	Employment in Industry(%)	1267 non-null	float64
7	Employment in Agriculture(%)	1267 non-null	float64
8	Female Employment in Agriculture(%)	1267 non-null	float64
9	Female Employment in Industry(%)	1267 non-null	float64
10	Unemployment(%)	1311 non-null	float64
11	GDP in USD	1270 non-null	float64
12	National Income per Capita	760 non-null	float64
13	Net income from Abroad	1219 non-null	float64
14	Agriculture value added(in USD)	1215 non-null	float64
15	Electric Power Consumption(kWH per capita)	865 non-null	float64
16	Renewable Energy Consumption (%)	1226 non-null	float64
17	Fossil Fuel Consumption (%)	809 non-null	float64
18	Male life expectancy	1269 non-null	float64
19	Female life expectancy	1269 non-null	float64
24	Year	1316 non-null	int64
25	Country	1316 non-null	object



#### **PREPROCESS**

Preprocessing data involves manipulating data to make it suitable for modeling:

- Standardization of data: Ensuring stability and uniformity in the data's type.
- Handling missing data: Removing missing data such as null or None values
- Noise removal: Eliminating unnecessary or irrelevant data or noise.



#### Answer these questions:

- How many rows and columns are there in your data?
- What is the meaning of each row/column?
- What is the datatype of each column?
- Is this suitable datatype for the column?
- What is the distribution of the data in each column?

How many rows and columns are there in your data?

```
How many rows and columns are there in your data?

num_rows, num_cols = df.shape
print(f"rows: {num_rows}")
print(f"columns: {num_cols}")

✓ 0.0s

rows: 1316
columns: 22
```

What is the meaning of each row/column?

#### For row

Shows the data corresponding to each column of the data table

#### For column

**Total Population**: The total number of people in the country.

**Female Population**: The number of females in the country.

Male Population: The number of males in the country.

Birth Rate: The number of live births per thousand of the population per year.

Death Rate: The number of deaths per thousand of the population per year.

Compulsory Education Dur.: The number of years of compulsory education.

Employment in Industry(%): Percentage of the workforce employed in the industry sector.

Employment in Agriculture(%): Percentage of the workforce employed in the agriculture sector.

Female Employment in Agriculture(%): Percentage of female workforce employed in the agriculture sector.

Female Employment in Industry(%): Percentage of female workforce employed in the industry sector.

Unemployment(%): The percentage of the workforce that is unemployed.

GDP in USD: Gross Domestic Product measured in US dollars.

National Income per Capita: The income earned by each individual in the country.

Net income from Abroad: The net income received from foreign sources.

Agriculture value added(in USD): The value added in agriculture sector in US dollars.

Electric Power Consumption(kWH per capita): Electricity consumed per capita.

Renewable Energy Consumption (%): Percentage of energy consumed from renewable sources.

Fossil Fuel Consumption (%): Percentage of energy consumed from fossil fuels.

Male life expectancy: Average life expectancy for males.

Female life expectancy: Average life expectancy for females.

**School enrollment, primary:** Enrollment rate in primary education.

**School enrollment, tertiary**: Enrollment rate in tertiary education.

Primary completion rate: Rate of primary school completion.

Literacy rate: The percentage of the population that can read and write.

Year: The year the data was recorded.

Country: The name of the country.

• What is the datatype of each column?

#### What is the datatype of each column?

dtypes = df.dtypes
dtypes

T. 1.D. 1.1	C3 1.C4
Total Population	float64
Female Population	float64
Male Population	float64
Birth Rate	float64
Death Rate	float64
Compulsory Education Dur.	float64
Employment in Industry(%)	float64
Employment in Agriculture(%)	float64
Female Employment in Agriculture(%)	float64
Female Employment in Industry(%)	float64
Unemployment(%)	float64
GDP in USD	float64
National Income per Capita	float64
Net income from Abroad	float64
Agriculture value added(in USD)	float64
Electric Power Consumption(kWH per capita)	float64
Renewable Energy Consumption (%)	float64
Fossil Fuel Consumption (%)	float64
Male life expectancy	float64
Female life expectancy	float64
School enrollment, primary	float64
School enrollment, tertiary	float64
Primary completion rate	float64
Literacy rate	float64
Year	int64
Country	object
dtype: object	

• Is this suitable datatype for the column?

#### Is this suitable datatype for the column?

These data types seem suitable for the corresponding columns, as they match the nature of the data they hold.

Numerical data is stored as floats or integers, and categorical data like country names is stored as objects.

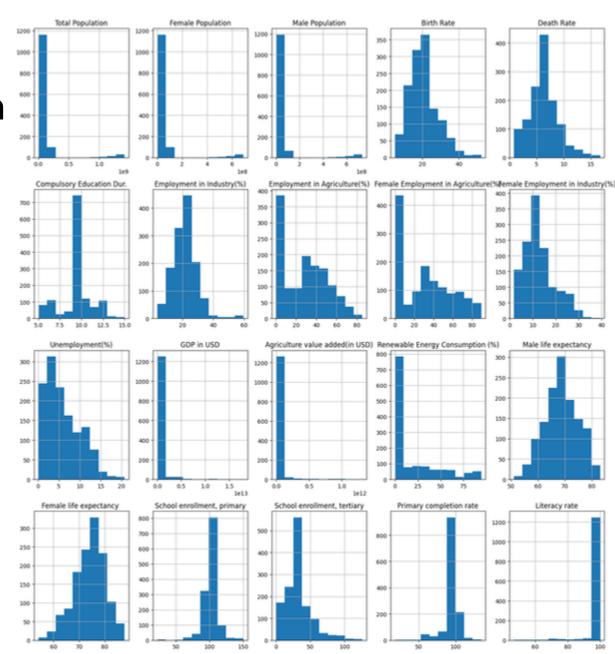
This should allow you to perform various calculations, analyses, and visualizations effectively on this dataset in Python using pandas and other related libraries.

What is the distribution of the data in each column?

```
Total Population Female Population Male Population Birth Rate \
count
           1.316000e+03
                              1.316000e+03
                                               1.316000e+03 1316.000000
           9.020217e+07
                              4.433594e+07
                                               4.586623e+07
                                                               20.669686
mean
std
           2.549317e+08
                             1.240024e+08
                                              1.309465e+08
                                                               7.693830
                             1.249510e+05
min
           2.582080e+05
                                              1.332570e+05
                                                               5.100000
25%
           4.382818e+06
                             2.121473e+06
                                              2.311564e+06
                                                               15.272250
50%
           1.822701e+07
                             9.013542e+06
                                               9.061772e+06
                                                               19.841000
75%
           6.135766e+07
                              3.051728e+07
                                               3.080141e+07
                                                               24.321000
           1.417173e+09
                              6.915285e+08
                                               7.311805e+08
                                                              52.073000
max
       Death Rate Compulsory Education Dur. Employment in Industry(%)
      1316.000000
                                  1316.0000000
                                                             1316.000000
count
          6.338262
                                     8.931611
                                                               21.354252
mean
          2.669952
                                    1.797727
                                                               7.752873
std
min
          0.795000
                                    5.000000
                                                               3.519346
25%
          4.876500
                                    9.000000
                                                               16.338200
50%
          6.208000
                                     9.000000
                                                               20.982230
75%
          7.502750
                                    9.000000
                                                               25.454523
         16.700000
                                    15.000000
                                                               59.578700
max
       Employment in Agriculture(%) Female Employment in Agriculture(%)
                        1316.000000
                                                             1316.000000
count
                          28.955947
                                                               31.696589
mean
                         21.396788
                                                               26.516102
std
min
                          0.324730
                                                               0.007847
25%
                          6.612762
                                                               3.846060
50%
                          29.100450
                                                               30.145570
75%
                         44.913765
                                                               51.072530
                         85.412960
max
                                                               89.413740
```

```
Female Employment in Industry(%) ... GDP in USD \
                            1316.000000 ... 1.316000e+03
count
                             12.886698 ... 4.320544e+11
mean
                              6.665878 ... 1.456643e+12
std
min
                              1.773412 ... 2.904910e+08
                              8.027576 ... 1.258728e+10
25%
                             11.879490 ... 5.296849e+10
50%
75%
                             16.000835 ... 2.346714e+11
                              39.333190 ... 1.796317e+13
max
       Agriculture value added(in USD) Renewable Energy Consumption (%)
                         1.316000e+03
                                                            1316.000000
count
                         2.955903e+10
                                                              19.764871
mean
                                                              26.125644
std
                         1.080030e+11
                                                               0.000000
                         4.972527e+07
min
25%
                         1.006268e+09
                                                               1.197500
50%
                         3.638505e+09
                                                               5.285000
75%
                         1.865373e+10
                                                              33.080000
                         1.311311e+12
                                                              94.370000
max
      Male life expectancy Female life expectancy \
               1316.000000
                                        1316.000000
count
                 68.710672
                                          74.103446
mean
                  6.157865
                                           6.028307
std
min
                 51.039000
                                          54.087000
25%
                 64.592000
                                          70.332750
50%
                 68.479000
                                          74.716000
75%
                 73.142750
                                          78.256500
                 83.100000
                                          87.710000
max
      School enrollment, primary School enrollment, tertiary \
                     1316.000000
                                                  1316.000000
count
                      101.367796
                                                    31.898819
mean
                       10.492194
                                                    19.338474
std
                       22.162991
                                                     0.212900
min
25%
                       97.937523
                                                    19.731844
50%
                      100.911263
                                                    28.845509
75%
                      104.800289
                                                    38.867870
max
                      150.354233
                                                   125.763786
      Primary completion rate Literacy rate
                                                     Year
                   1316.000000
                                 1316.000000 1316.000000
count
mean
                    94.780845
                                   97.773745 2008.500000
                    10.378208
                                    4.807482
                                                 8.080818
std
                    17.885321
                                   46.990051 1995.000000
min
25%
                    95.512396
                                   98.709351 2001.750000
50%
                    96.636715
                                   98.709351 2008.500000
75%
                    97.566250
                                   98.709351 2015.250000
                    134.545609
                                   100.000000 2022.000000
max
```

The chart displays layout the distribution of the data



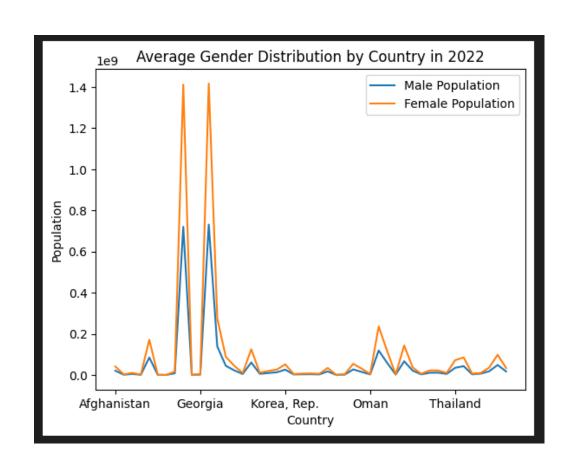
• Đặt những câu hỏi để tìm hiểu rõ hơn về data

#### Making your own question 01? (1.5 points)

A possible question is: How does the gender distribution vary by continent?

Answering this question will: show the differences in male and female populations across continents.

How we answer this question: Calculate the average male and female populations for each continent.



For more understanding about our data

#### Making your own question 02? (1.5 points)

A possible question is: Is there a correlation between a country's GDP and its birth rate growth in 2020?

Answering this question will: help us understand the relationship between economic development and population growth.

How we answer this question: Calculate the correlation between GDP and population growth for each country in 2020.

GDP in USD         Birth Rate           Country         Country         36.1           Afghanistan         2.014345e+10         36.1           Armenia         1.264170e+10         12.5           Azerbaijan         4.269300e+10         12.5           Bahrain         3.462181e+10         12.6           Bangladesh         3.739022e+11         18.1           Bhutan         2.325186e+09         12.6           Brunei Darussalam         1.200580e+10         14.2           Cambodia         2.587280e+10         19.8           China         1.468774e+13         8.5			
Afghanistan 2.014345e+10 36.1  Armenia 1.264170e+10 12.5  Azerbaijan 4.269300e+10 12.5  Bahrain 3.462181e+10 12.6  Bangladesh 3.739022e+11 18.1  Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6  Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2  Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8		GDP in USD	Birth Rate
Armenia 1.264170e+10 12.5  Azerbaijan 4.269300e+10 12.5  Bahrain 3.462181e+10 12.6  Bangladesh 3.739022e+11 18.1  Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6  Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2  Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Country		
Azerbaijan 4.269300e+10 12.5  Bahrain 3.462181e+10 12.6  Bangladesh 3.739022e+11 18.1  Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6  Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2  Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Afghanistan	2.014345e+10	36.1
Bahrain 3.462181e+10 12.6 Bangladesh 3.739022e+11 18.1 Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6 Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2 Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Armenia	1.264170e+10	12.5
Bangladesh 3.739022e+11 18.1  Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6  Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2  Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Azerbaijan	4.269300e+10	12.5
Bhutan 2.325186e+09 12.6  Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2  Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Bahrain	3.462181e+10	12.6
Brunei Darussalam 1.200580e+10 14.2 Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Bangladesh	3.739022e+11	18.1
Cambodia 2.587280e+10 19.8	Bhutan	2.325186e+09	12.6
	Brunei Darussalam	1.200580e+10	14.2
China 1.468774e+13 8.5	Cambodia	2.587280e+10	19.8
	China	1.468774e+13	8.5
Cyprus 2.500827e+10 10.6	Cyprus	2.500827e+10	10.6

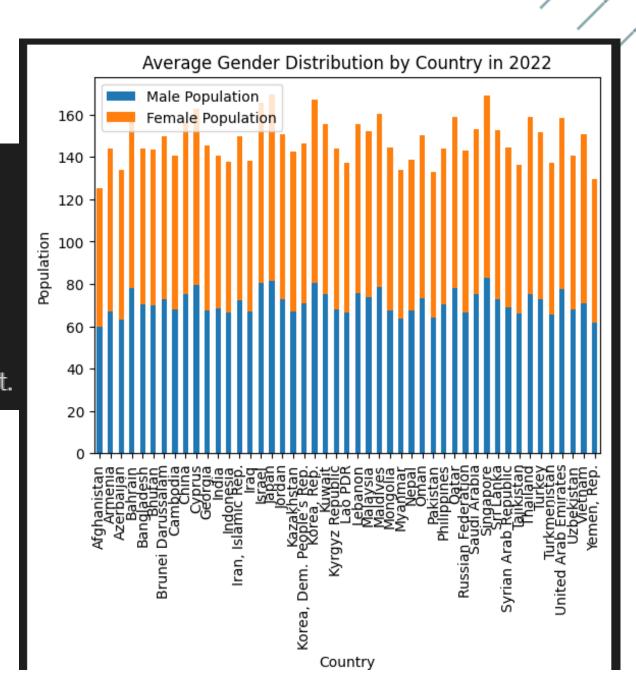
• For more understanding about our data

#### Making your own question 03? (1.5 points)

A possible question is: How does the gender distribution life expectancy by continent in 2020?

Answering this question will: show the differences in male and life expectancy across continents.

How we answer this question: Calculate the average male and female life expectancy for each continent.



For more understanding about our data

#### Making your own question 04? (1.5 points)

A possible question is: What is top 5 country have the average percentage of students who complete primary school in each country?

Answering this question will: Show the top 5 averages of Primary completion rate for each continents.

How we answer this question: Calculate the average Primary completion rate for each continent.

	Avg.Primary completion rate	Country
42	109.053139	Turkmenistan
16	106.328373	Japan
10	102.607251	Georgia
26	102.517827	Maldives
45	102.214230	Vietnam

For more understanding about our data

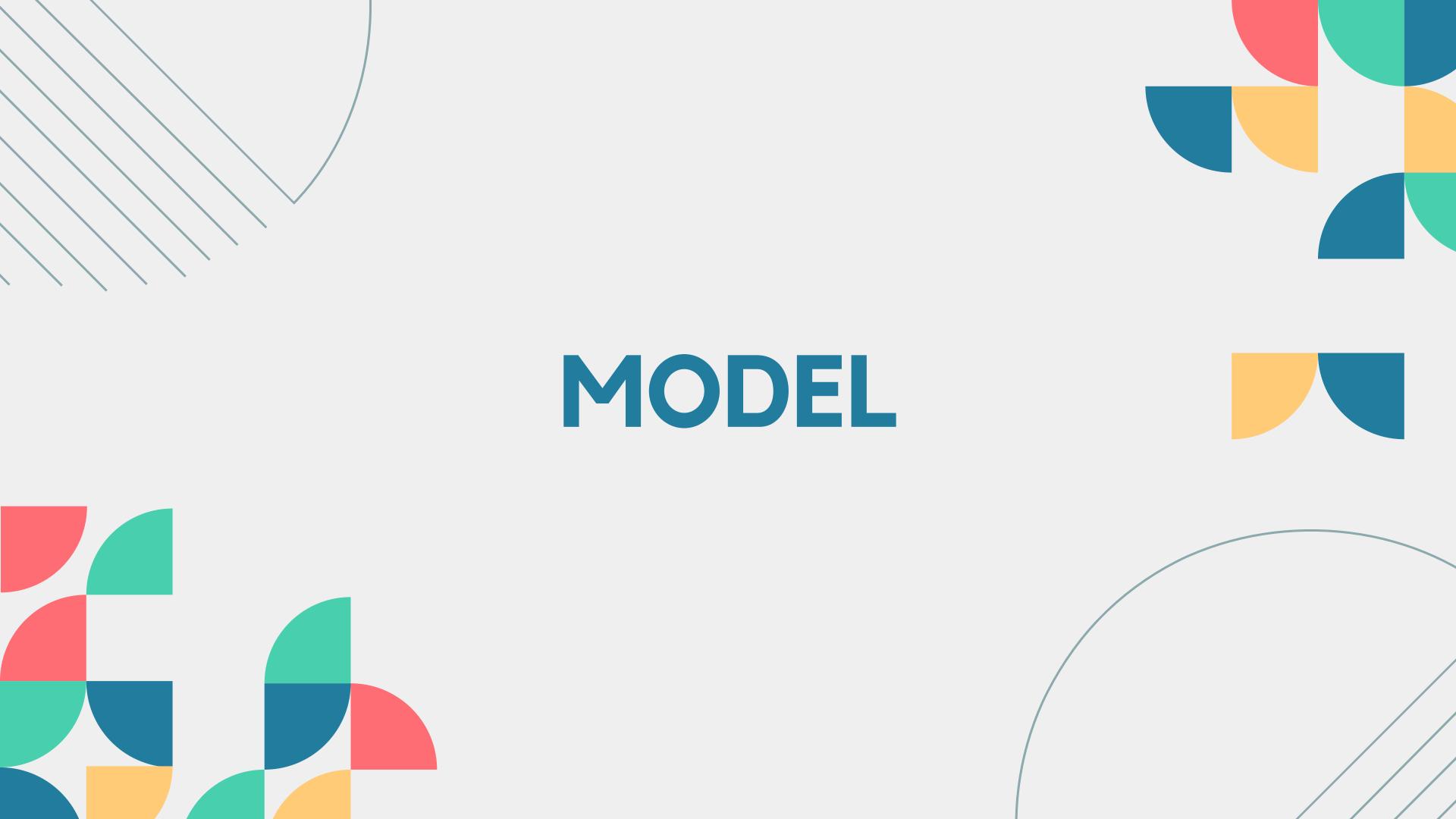
#### Making your own question 05? (1.5 points)

A possible question is: What is top 5 country have the average highest unemployment rate?

Answering this question will: Show the top 5 countries with the highest average unemployment rate

How we answer this question: Calculate the average unemployment rate for 5 continents.

	Avg.Unemployment rate	Country
17	14.601536	Jordan
10	14.276750	Georgia
46	12.364821	Yemen, Rep.
13	11.263286	Iran, Islamic Rep.
39	11.052964	Tajikistan



#### MODEL

- Linear Regression
- Feedforward Neural Network (FNN)
- Recurrent Neural Network (RNN)
- -> Check literacy rate of countries

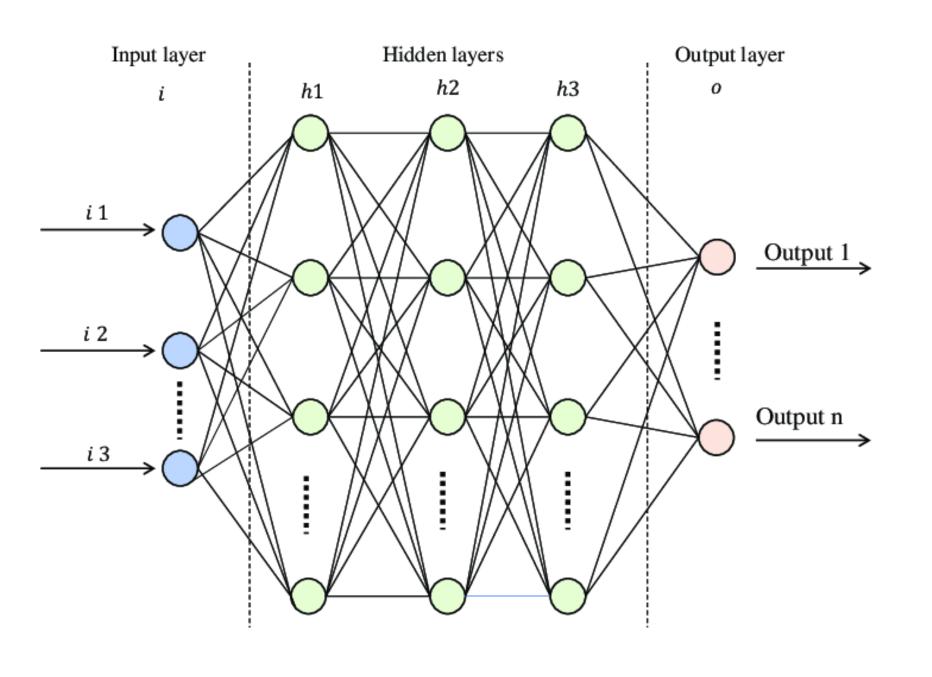
#### LINEAR REGRESSION

• Linear regression is a statistical method and a fundamental machine learning algorithm used for modeling the relationship between a dependent variable and one or more independent variables. The core idea is to find the linear relationship that best describes the data.

• A type of artificial neural network in which the information moves in only one direction forward from the input layer, through the hidden layers (if any), and finally to the output layer. There are no cycles or loops in the network.

#### The three main types of layers in a typical FNN are:

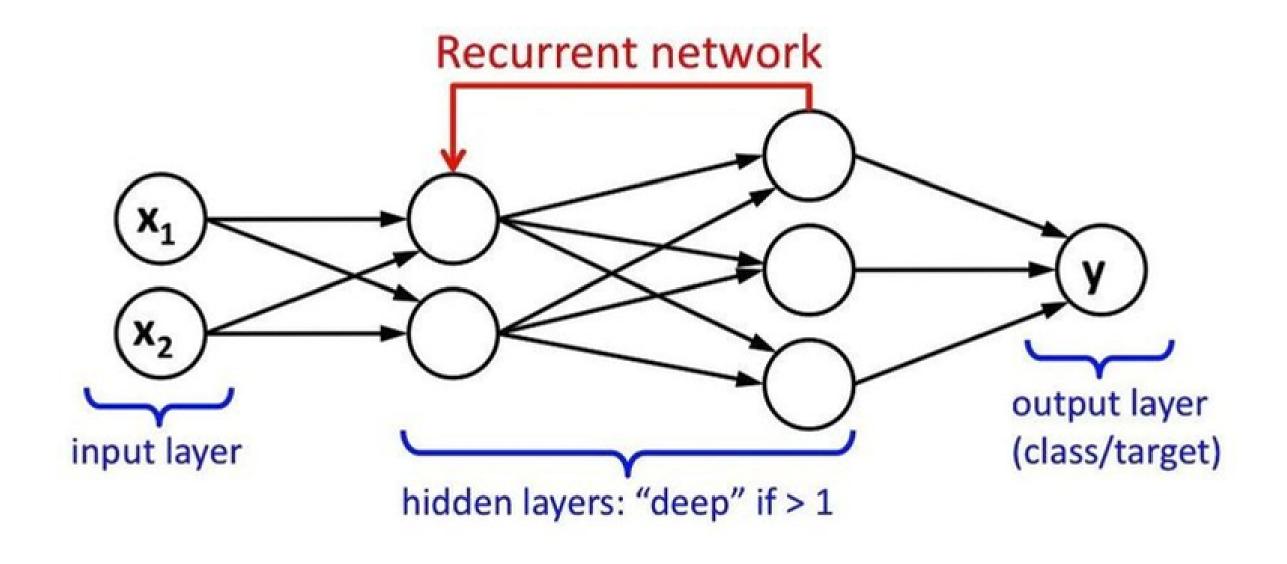
- Input Layer: This layer receives the initial input data. Each neuron in this layer represents a feature or input variable.
- **Hidden Layers:** These layers come between the input and output layers, perform computations on the input data using weights and activation functions to produce an output that is passed to the next layer, and can have multiple hidden layers.
- Output Layer: The final output of the network.



- A Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) is a type of artificial neural network designed to process sequential and time-series data. RNNs are capable of handling sequence information by storing and utilizing information from previous time steps when computing information at the current time step.
- The structure of an RNN comprises "memory units" that can store information and access information from previous time steps. Each memory unit takes input from the current time step along with information from the previous time step to make predictions or generate results at the current time step.

#### The layers of a Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) typically include:

- **Input Layer**: This is the initial layer of the neural network, responsible for receiving input data and passing it forward to the subsequent layer. In the context of an RNN, the input layer often receives sequences of data, such as a sequence of words in a sentence.
- Recurrent Layer: This layer is pivotal in an RNN as it retains information from the past. It maintains a hidden state and takes input from the previous layer along with the previous hidden state to generate new outputs and update the hidden state.
- Output Layer: The final layer of the neural network, producing predictions or the model's output. In an RNN model, the output layer might be used to predict the next value in a sequence or generate predictions based on information from previous time steps.



# PREPROCESSING MODEL

#### LINEAR REGRESSION

- Identify the necessary columns
- Using label encoding to change the "Country" column to number for training
- Split data to train and test set for training
- Then apply StandardScaler for normalization across the data columns.

- Identify the necessary columns
- Split data to train, validate and test set
- Apply StandardScaler for normalization across the data columns.
- Concatenate the preprocessed and normalized columns into the feature dataset for training.
- Using label encoding to change the "Country" column to number for training
- Then concatenate the preprocessed and normalized columns into the feature dataset for training.

- Identify the necessary columns
- Utilize One-Hot Encoding technique to transform the 'Country' column (names of countries) into integers since machine learning models often require numerical values as input data, not textual labels.
- Apply StandardScaler for normalization across the data columns.
- Concatenate the preprocessed and normalized columns into the feature dataset for training.
- Then, split the data into the training set, validation set, and test set.

# TRAIN & TEST

#### LINEAR REGRESSION

Result train and test:

Linear Regression:

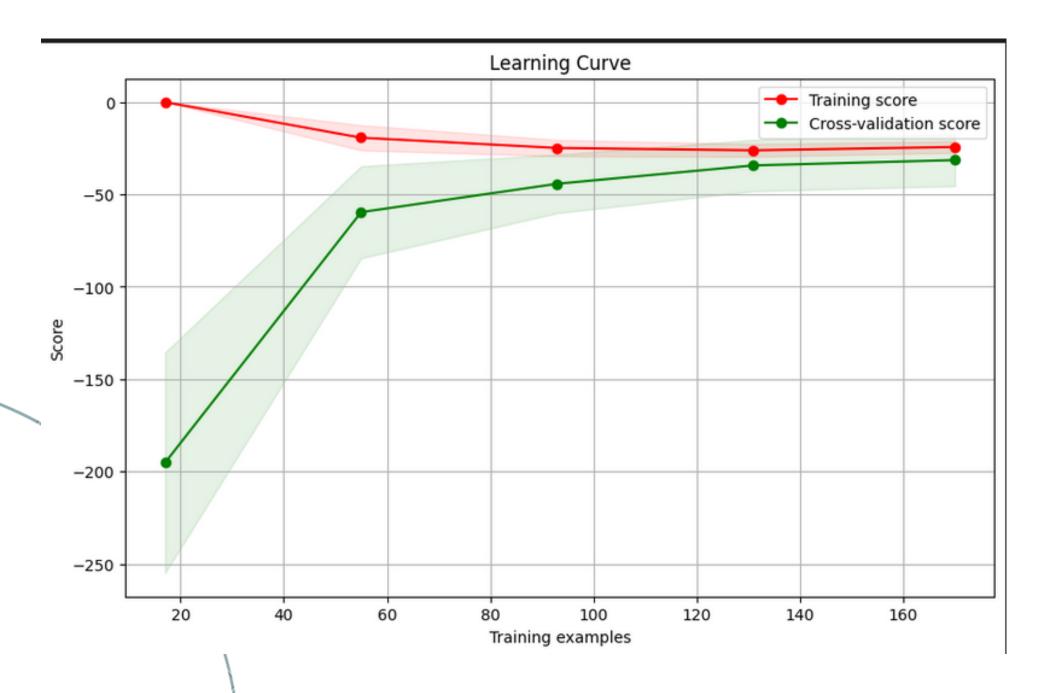
Mean Squared Error: 27.403293803258343

R-squared: 0.5566496633434844

Linear Regression model is providing a moderate level of performance on the given dataset. It's capturing a significant portion of the variance in the target variable, but there is room for improvement, especially if higher predictive accuracy is desired.

#### LINEAR REGRESSION

• Result:



#### **Evaluate:**

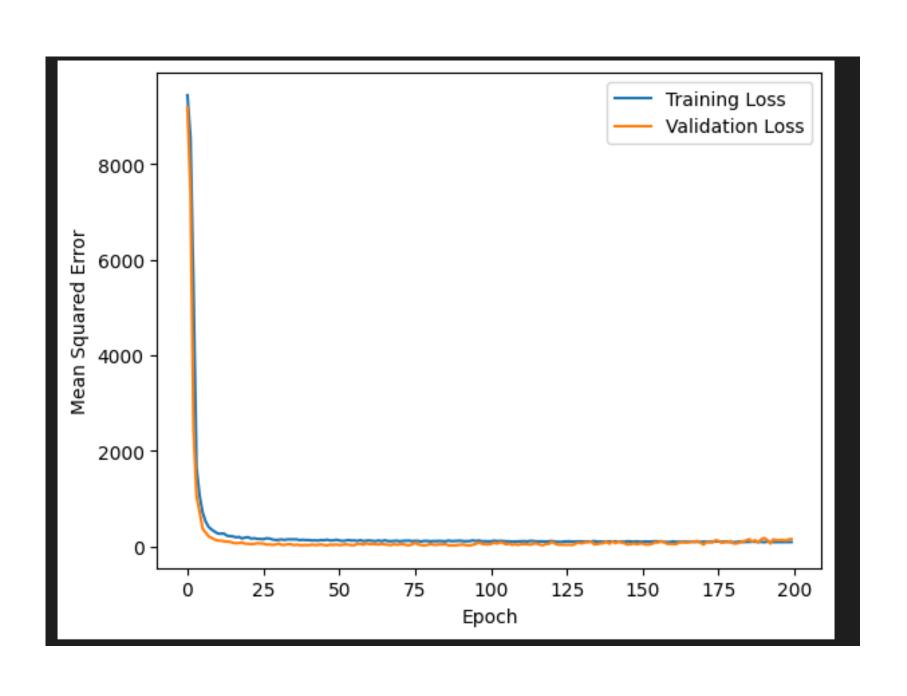
MSE when training for the first time, there is a high error with the training process and low results compared to the testing process, but later on the model is equal in terms of accuracy.

```
9/9 [=============== ] - 0s 4ms/step - loss: 144.9937
```

Test Loss: 144.9937286376953

Mean Squared Error: 144.9937305678236

Mean Absolute Error: 11.750068057667125



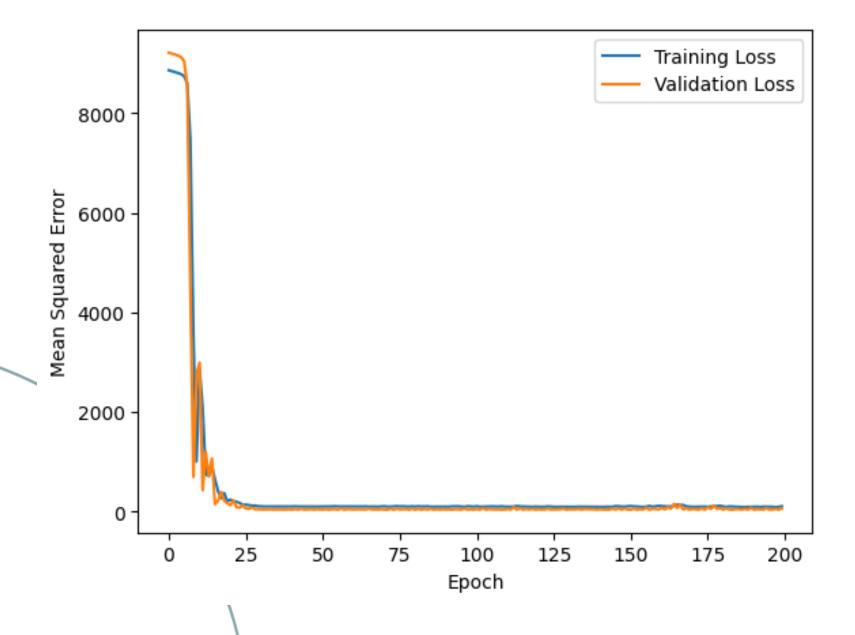
• kết quả train & test:

Mean Squared Error: 22.992698307012418

Mean Absolute Error: 3.447645669031625

```
Epoch 2/200
3/3 [======================== ] - 0s 39ms/step - loss: 8804.4102 - val_loss: 9154.6230
3/3 [================ ] - 0s 25ms/step - loss: 8741.1416 - val_loss: 9040.7969
3/3 [================ ] - 0s 30ms/step - loss: 2857.9089 - val_loss: 2991.4316
3/3 [================== ] - 0s 21ms/step - loss: 107.7399 - val_loss: 65.4188
2/2 [============ - - os 5ms/step - loss: 69.1145
2/2 [======] - 0s 3ms/step
```

• Visualize:



#### • Evaluate:

- Both the training error curve (in blue) and the validation error curve (in orange) exhibit a substantial decrease as the number of iterations increases, indicating an effectively learning model.
- Around 25 iterations, both curves stabilize, suggesting minimal reduction in error with increasing iterations, indicating convergence.
- The mean squared error (MSE) of the model is approximately 500 at the 200th iteration, which could be considered relatively low depending on the problem and dataset.

#### **COMPARISON BETWEEN MODELS**

- Linear Regression is a basic model, is the first model to think about when there's some problem, but the there's many limited, but in our project, it has the small MSE, which mean linear regression is pretty suitable with our project
- FNN is artificial neural network, in our project, the MSE is biggest
- CNN is artificial neural network, in our project, the MSE is smallest

#### REFERENCE

- https://www.ibm.com/topics/linearregression#:~:text=Resources-,What%20is%20linear%20regression%3F,is%20called%20the%20independent%20variable
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6AK7qC2XGHY&t=12s
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=jTzJ9zjC8nU
- https://nttuan8.com/bai-13-recurrent-neural-network/
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?
   v=nwD5U2WxTdk&list=PLuhqtP7jdD8AFocJuxC6\_ZzOHepAWL9cF
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IWPkNkShNbo&t=180s

