

Zadanie 4.

Zad. 3.

za dowolnym $u \in [0,1]$

$$\pi_i = (1-u)p_i + up_{i+1}, i=0,1,2$$

$$S_i = (1-u)\pi_i + u\pi_{i+1}, i=0,1$$

$$t_0 = (1-u)S_0 + uS_1$$

$$\Rightarrow f(u) = t_0$$

DOKAZ: $f(u) = B_0(u)p_0 + B_1(u)p_1 + B_2(u)p_2 + B_3(u)p_3$

$$B_k(t) = \binom{n}{k} t^k (1-t)^{n-k}, \text{ minimum } n=3$$

$$B_0(u) = (1-u)^3$$

$$B_1(u) = 3u(1-u)^2$$

$$B_2(u) = 3u^2(1-u)$$

$$B_3(u) = u^3$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} B_0(u) = (1-u)^3 \\ B_1(u) = 3u(1-u)^2 \\ B_2(u) = 3u^2(1-u) \\ B_3(u) = u^3 \end{array} \right\} f(u) = (1-u)^3 p_0 + 3u(1-u)^2 p_1 + 3u^2(1-u) p_2 + u^3 p_3$$

$$\begin{aligned} t_0 &= (1-u)S_0 + uS_1 = (1-u)((1-u)p_0 + up_1) + u((1-u)p_1 + up_2) \\ &\quad + u((1-u)p_2 + up_3) = \\ &= \dots = (1-u)^3 p_0 + (1-u)^2 up_1 + 2u(1-u)^2 p_1 + 2u^2(1-u) p_2 + \\ &\quad u^2(1-u) p_2 + u^3 p_3 = (1-u)^3 p_0 + 3u(1-u)^2 p_1 + 3u^2(1-u) p_2 + u^3 p_3 \\ &= \underline{f(u)} \end{aligned}$$