

PRODUCT: LCD MODULE

D310T9362V1 LCM NO.

SUPPLIER: 深圳市大显伟业科技有限公司

SPECIFICATION

D310T9362V1

This LCM uses ROHS material

Revision: A

Preliminary

13%	
DX:	CUSTOMER:
大显确认栏	客户确认栏
Quality Assurance Department: 质量部:	Approved by: 客户核准:
Technical Department: 研发部:	
Approved by: 核准:	



REVISION RECORD

REV NO.	REV DATE	CONTENTS	REMARKS	
А	2018-01-02	First release	Preliminary	
			1	
			IV	
		V	7	
		XX		
	12/	3		



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1.General Description

D310T9362V1 is a 480*RGB*800 dots matrix TFT LCD module. It has a TFT panel Composed of 480*3 sources and 800 gates. The LCM can be easily accessed by micro-controller via mipi interface.

2.Features

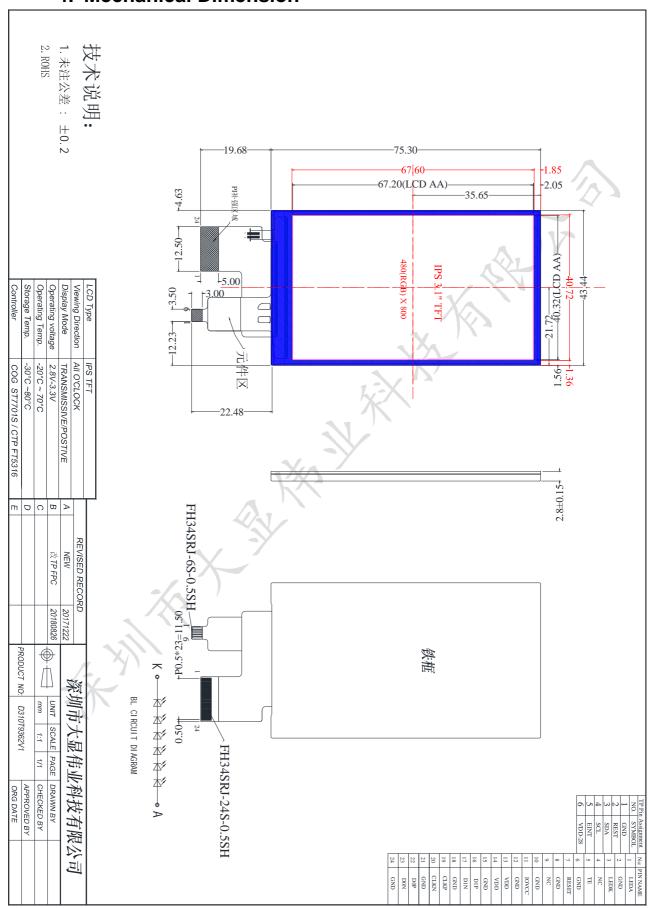
LCD type	IPS TFT
Display Format	Graphic 480*RGB*800 Dot-matrix
Interface Type	MIPI Video Mode
Viewing Direction	ALL
Driver	ST7701S
Backlight	White
Display color	16.7M

3. Mechanical Specification

Item	Specifications	Unit
Dimensional outline	43.44(W)*75.3(H)*2.8 (T) (exclude FPC)	mm
Resolution	480*RGB*800	Dots
Active area	40.32(W)*67.2(H)	mm
Pixel Pitch	0.084 (W)*0.084(V)	mm
ASSY.TYPE	COG+FPC	
WEIGHT	TBD	g



4. Mechanical Dimension





5. Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage for logic	Vci/iovcc	-0.3	4.6	V	
Operating temperature	Topr	-10	60	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstr	-20	70	°C	
Humidity	RH		90	%RH	

6.Electrical Characteristics

 $V_{SS}=0V$, $V_{DD}=2.8V$, $T_{OPR}=-20\sim70^{\circ}{\rm C}$

Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply power for logic	V _{DD-Vss}	2.7	2.8	2.9	
I/O power supply	iovcc	1.7/2.7	1.8/2.8	1.9/2.9	
Input high voltage	V _{IH}	0.8lovcc		V lovcc	
Input low voltage	V _{IL}	-0.3	7 -	0.2iovcc	v
Output high voltage	V _{0H}	0.8IOVCC	-	-	
Output low voltage	V _{0L}	-	-	0.2V _{DD}	
Logic current consumption	I _{DD}	-	50	60	mA
Current consumption during Sleep mode	Is	-	60	90	uA



7. Module Function Description

7.1.LCD

Pin No.	Symbol	Description	When not in use
1	LEDA	B/L positive pin	
2	GND	Power Ground	
3	LEDK	B/L negative pin	
4	NC	Dummy	OPEN
5	TE	Dummy	OPEN
6	GND	Power Ground	11
7	RESET	Reset the LCD	A- 14
8	GND	Power Ground	S
9	NC	Dummy	OPEN
10	GND	Power Ground	
11	IOVCC	I/O Power supply,1.8-3.3V type.	
12	GND	Power Ground	
13-14	VDD	Power supply,2.8-3.3V type.	
15	GND	Power Ground	
16	D1P	MIPI DSI differential data pair.	
17	D1N	MIPI DSI dillerential data pali.	
18	GND	Power Ground	
19	CLKP	MIDLDCI differential alcaly pair	
20	CLKN	MIPI DSI differential clock pair.	
21	GND	Power Ground	
22	D0P	MIDLDSI differential data pair	
23	DON	MIPI DSI differential data pair.	
24	GND	Power Ground	

7.2.CTP

Pin	Symbol	Description	When not in use
1	GND	Power Ground	
2	RESET	Reset the CTP	
3	SDA	I2C Serial input/output signal	
4	SCL	I2C Serial input clock	
5	EINT	I2C interrupt	
6	VDD	Power supply,2.8-3.3V type.	



8. Timing Characteristics

Please refer to the IC Datasheet.

- 9 Backlight CharacEtristic
- 9.1 Power supply for led backlight



BL CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

9.2 Absolute maximum rating

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	SPECIFICATIONS	UNIT
POWER DISSIPATION	PD	Vled X 20mA	mW
OPERATION TEMPERATURE	TOPR	-10°C ~+60°C	°C
STORAGE TEMPERATURE	TSTG	-20°C ~+70°C	°C

9.3 Electrical characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max.	Unit
LEDmodule forward Voltage	V.LED.		18.0-19.	8	V
LED module current	I.LED.	15	20	25	mA
LCM Surface brightness Luminance ▼1	L _S .		450		Cd/m ² .
LCM Surface brightness uniform ▼2	L _D .		80		%

▼1 Test condition is:

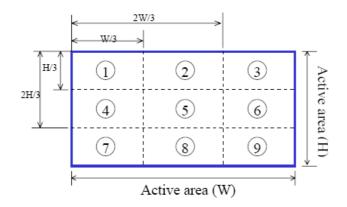
- (a)Center point on active area
- (b)Best Contrast

▼2 Uniform measure condition:

- (a)Measure 9 point.Measure location is show below:
- (b)Uniform=(Min.brightness/Max.brightness)*100%
- (C)Best Contrast.



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10. Optical Specification

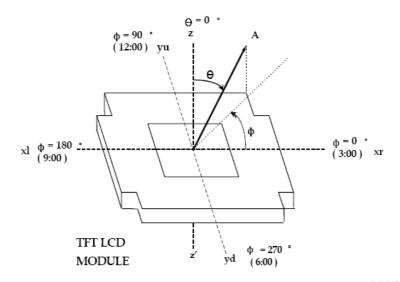
Optical characteritics are determind after the unit has been on and stable for approximately 30 minutes dark environment at 25°C.the value specified are at an approximate distance 500mm from the lcd surface at a viewing angle and θ equal to 0 10.1 LCD Optical Characteristics

Ta=25°C

para	ameter	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Φ=3 O'clock			70	80		
Viewing	Φ= 6 O'clock		200 40	70	80		-1
Angle	Φ=9 O'clock	θ	Cr > 10	70	80		deg
	Φ=12 O'clock	KX		70	80		
Cont	rast ratio	Cr	0.0	750	1000		
Resp	Respone time		θ=0		30	35	
N	NTSC		Ф=0	65	70		
	DED	Х					
	RED	Y					
4	ODEEN	Х					
CIE(x,y)	GREEN	Υ	θ=0				
chromaticty	DLUE	Х	Ф=0				
-17	BLUE	Y					
	\\/\ IITE	Х					
	WHITE	Υ					

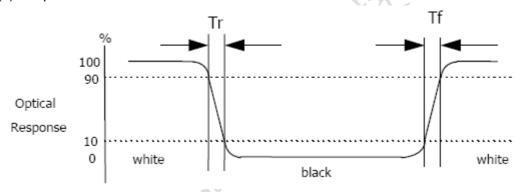
10.2 LCD Optical Characteristics

(1)LCD Viewing Angle



viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10.the angles are for the horizontal or x axis and the vertical or y axis with respect to the z axis which is normal to the lcd surface.

(2) Response time



Response time is the time required for the display to transition from white to black (Rising time, Tr) and from black to white (Falling time, Tf).for additional information

(3)Contrast Ratio(CR)

Contrast Ratio(CR) is defined mathematically as:

Surface Luminance with all white pixels

Contrast Ratio=

Surface Luminance with all black pixels

Surface luminance is the center point across the lcd surface 500mm from the surface with all pixels displaying white.

11.Reliability

11.1.Mtbf

The LCD module shall be designed to meet a minimum MTBF value of 50000 hours with normal.(25°Cin the room without sunlight).

11.2.Test condition



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NO.	ITEM	CONDITION	Cr
1	High Temperature Non-Operating	70°C*48Hrs	*No Defect Of
ļ	Test		Operational
2	Low Temperature Non-Operating Test	-20°C*48Hrs	Function In
3	High Temperature/Humidity	50°C*90%RH*48Hrs	Room
3	Non-Operating Test		Temperature Are
4	High Temperature Operating Test	60°C*48Hrs	Allowable.
5	Low Temperature Operating Test	-10°C*48Hrs	
		-10°C(30Min)	*IDD of LCM in
6	Thermal Shock Test	-25°C(5Min)	Pre-and
		-60(30Min)*2 Cycles	Post-test Should
		Voltage:±6KV	Follow
7	ESD test	R: 330Ω C:150pF	Specification
		Air discharge, 10time	

Notes:

- 1. Judgments should be made after exposure in room temperature for two hours.
- 2. The distill water is used for the high temperature/humidity test.
- 3. The sample above is individually for every reliability tests condition.

12.PRECAUTIONS FOR USE OF LCD MODULES

12-1 Handing precations

- (1) The display panel is made of glass. Do not subject it to a mechanical shock by dropping it or impact.
- (2) If the display panel is damaged and the liquid crystal substance leaks out, be sure not to get any in your mouth. If the substance contacts your skin or clothes, wash it off using soap and water.
- (3) Do not apply excessive force to the display surface or the adjoining areas since this may cause the color tone to vary.
- (4) The polarizer covering the display surface of the LCD module is soft and easily scratched. Handle this polarizer carefully.
- (5) If the display surface becomes contaminated, breathe on the surface and gently wipe it with a soft dry cloth. If it is heavily contaminated, moisten cloth with one of the following solvents:
 - Isopropyl alcohol
 - Ethyl alcohol
- (6) Solvents other than those above-mentioned may damage the polarizer. Especially, do not use the following.
 - Water
 - Ketone
 - Aromatic solvents
 - (7) Exercise care to minimize corrosion of the electrode. Corrosion of the



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electrodes is accelerated by water droplets, moisture condensation or a current flow in a high-humidity environment.

- (8) Install the LCD Module by using the mounting holes. When mounting the LCD module make sure it is free of twisting, warping and distortion. In particular, do not forcibly pull or bend the I/O cable or the backlight cable.
 - (9) Do not attempt to disassemble or process the LCD module.
 - (10) NC terminal should be open. Do not connect anything.
 - (11) If the logic circuit power is off, do not apply the input signals.
- (12) To prevent destruction of the elements by static electricity, be careful to maintain an optimum work environment.
 - Be sure to ground the body when handling the LCD modules.
- Tools required for assembling, such as soldering irons, must be properly grounded.
- To reduce the amount of static electricity generated, do not conduct assembling and other work under dry conditions.
 - The LCD module is coated with a film to protect the display surface.

Exercise care when peeling off this protective film since static electricity may be generated.

12-2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

When storing the LCD modules, avoid exposure to direct sunlight or to the light of fluorescent lamps. Keep the modules in bags (avoid high temperature / high humidity and low temperatures below 0°C). Whenever possible, the LCD modules should be stored in the same conditions in which they were shipped from our company.

12-3 OTHERS

Liquid crystals solidify under low temperature (below the storage temperature range) leading to defective orientation or the generation of air bubbles (black or white). Air bubbles may also be generated if the module is subject to a low temperature.

If the LCD modules have been operating for a long time showing the same display patterns, the display patterns may remain on the screen as ghost images and a slight contrast irregularity may also appear. A normal operating status can be regained by suspending use for some time. It should be noted that this phenomenon does not adversely affect performance reliability.

To minimize the performance degradation of the LCD modules resulting from destruction caused by static electricity etc., exercise care to avoid holding the following sections when handling the modules.

- Exposed area of the printed circuit board.
- Terminal electrode sections.

13. USING LCD MODULES

13-1 Liquid crystal display modules

LCD is composed of glass and polarizer. Pay attention to the following items when handling.

- (1) Please keep the temperature within specified range for use and storage. Polarization degradation, bubble generation or polarizer peel-off may occur with high temperature and high humidity.
- (2) Do not touch, push or rub the exposed polarizers with anything harder than an HB pencil lead (glass, tweezers, etc.).
- (3) N-hexane is recommended for cleaning the adhesives used to attach front/rear polarizers and reflectors made of organic substances which will be damaged by chemicals such as acetone, toluene, ethanol and isopropylalcohol.
- (4) When the display surface becomes dusty, wipe gently with absorbent cotton or other soft material like chamois soaked in petroleum benzin. Do not scrub hard to avoid damaging the display surface.
- (5) Wipe off saliva or water drops immediately, contact with water over a long period of time may cause deformation or color fading.
 - (6) Avoid contacting oil and fats.
- (7) Condensation on the surface and contact with terminals due to cold will damage, stain or dirty the polarizers. After products are tested at low temperature they must be warmed up in a container before coming is contacting with room temperature air.
 - (8) Do not put or attach anything on the display area to avoid leaving marks on.
- (9) Do not touch the display with bare hands. This will stain the display area and degradate insulation between terminals (some cosmetics are determinated to the polarizers).
- (10) As glass is fragile. It tends to become or chipped during handling especially on the edges. Please avoid dropping or jarring.

13-2 Precaution for handing LCD modules

Since LCM has been assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision, avoid applying excessive shocks to the module or making any alterations or modifications to it.

- (1) Do not alter, modify or change the shape of the tab on the metal frame.
- (2) Do not make extra holes on the printed circuit board, modify its shape or change the positions of components to be attached.
 - (3) Do not damage or modify the pattern writing on the printed circuit board.
- (4) Absolutely do not modify the zebra rubber strip (conductive rubber) or heat seal connector.
- (5) Except for soldering the interface, do not make any alterations or modifications with a soldering iron.



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- (6) Do not drop, bend or twist LCM.
- (7) In order to avoid the cracking of the FPC, you should to pay attention to the area of FPC(R50mm) where the FPC was bent .the edge of cover lay; the area of surface of Ni-Au platting, the area of soldering land the area of through hole.

13-3 Elecrto-static discharge control

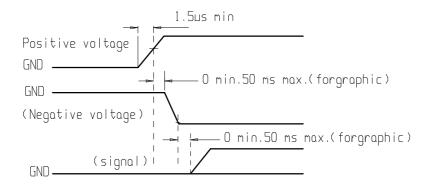
Since this module uses a CMOS LSI, the same careful attention should be paid to electrostatic discharge as for an ordinary CMOS IC.

- (1) Make certain that you are grounded when handing LCM.
- (2) Before remove LCM from its packing case or incorporating it into a set, be sure the module and your body have the same electric potential.
- (3) When soldering the terminal of LCM, make certain the AC power source for the soldering iron does not leak.
- (4) When using an electric screwdriver to attach LCM, the screwdriver should be of ground potentiality to minimize as much as possible any transmission of electromagnetic waves produced sparks coming from the commutator of the motor.
- (5) As far as possible make the electric potential of your work clothes and that of the work bench the ground potential.
- (6) To reduce the generation of static electricity be careful that the air in the work is not

too dried. A relative humidity of 50%-60% is recommended.

13-4 Precautions for operation

- (1) Viewing angle varies with the change of liquid crystal driving voltage (VO). Adjust VO to show the best contrast.
 - (2) Driving the LCD in the voltage above the limit shortens its life.
- (3) Response time is greatly delayed at temperature below the operating temperature range. However, this does not mean the LCD will be out of the order. It will recover when it returns to the specified temperature range.
- (4) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, the display will become abnormal. However, it will return to normal if it is turned off and then back on.
- (5) Condensation on terminals can cause an electrochemical reaction disrupting the terminal circuit. Therefore, it must be used under the relative condition of 40°C, 50% RH.
- (6) When turning the power on, input each signal after the positive/negative voltage becomes stable.



13-5 Storge

When storing LCD as spares for some years, the following precaution are necessary.

- (1) Store them in a sealed polyethylene bag. If properly sealed, there is no need for dessicant.
- (2) Store them in a dark place. Do not expose to sunlight or fluorescent light, keep the temperature between 0°C and 35°C.
- (3) The polarizer surface should not come in contact with any other objects. (We advise you to store them in the container in which they were shipped.)
 - (4) Environmental conditions:
 - Do not leave them for more than 160hrs, at 70°C.
 - Should not be left for more than 48hrs. at -20°C.

13-6 Safety

- (1) It is recommended to crush damaged or unnecessary LCD into pieces and wash them off with solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should later be burned.
- (2) If any liquid leaks out of a damaged glass cell and comes in contact with the hands, wash off thoroughly with soap and water.

13-7 Limited warranty

Unless agreed between DX and customer, DX will replace or repair any of its LCD modules which are found to be functionally defective when inspected in accordance with DX LCD acceptance standards (copies available upon request) for a period of one year from date of shipments. Cosmetic/visual defects must be returned to DX within 90 days of shipment. Confirmation of such date shall be based on freight documents. The warranty liability of DX limited to repair and/or replacement on the terms set forth above. DX will not be responsible for any subsequent or consequential events.

13-8 Return Lcm Under Warranty

No warranty can be granted if the precautions stated above have been disregarded. The typical examples of violations are:

- Broken LCD glass.



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- Circuit modified in any way, including addition of components.

Module repairs will be invoiced to the customer upon mutual agreement. Modules must be returned with sufficient description of the failures or defects. Any connectors or cable installed by the customer must be removed completely without damaging the PCB's eyelet, conductors and terminals.

14.Inspection standard

This specification is made to be used as the standard acceptance/rejection criteria for Color mobile phone LCM with touch pannel.

1 Sample plan

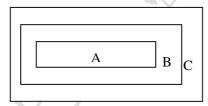
Sampling plan according to GB/T2828.1-2003/ISO 2859-1: 1999 and ANSI/ASQC Z1.4-1993, normal level 2 and based on:

Major defect: AQL 1.0 Minor defect: AQL 1.5

2. Inspection condition

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is about 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 20~40W light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.

3. Definition of inspection zone in LCD.



Zone A: character/Digit area

Zone B: viewing area except Zone A (ZoneA+ZoneB=minimum Viewing area)

Zone C: Outside viewing area (invisible area after assembly in customer's product)

Fig.1 Inspection zones in an LCD.

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C are permissible, when it is no trouble for

quality and assembly of customer's product.

14.1 Major Defect



Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classificatio n of defects
14.1.1	All functional defects	 No display Display abnormally Missing vertical, horizontal segment Short circuit Back-light no lighting, flickering and abnormal lighting. 	
14.1.2	Missing	Missing component	Major
14.1.3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed. No more than 1.5%	

14.2 Cosmetic Defect

Item No	Items to be inspected	Ins	Classificatio n of defects			
14.2.1	Clear Spots Black and white Spot defect Pinhole, Foreign Particle, polarizer Dirt	For dark/white spot, so as $\Phi = \frac{(x+y)}{2}$ Zone Size(mm) $\Phi \le 0.1$ $0.10 < \Phi \le 0.2$ $0.2 < \Phi \le 0.25$	A Igno	Accept B	able Qty C Ignore	Minor
		Ф > 0.25	0			



	211147 CAE	,,	1 12 4 1 4 1		/灰本 : A
Clear	Zone	A	cceptable C	Qty	
Spots	Size(mm)	Α	В	С	
TP Dirt	Ф≤0.1	lgn	ore		
	0.10 < Φ≤0.15	;	3		
	0.15 < Φ≤0.25	2	2	Ignore	
	0.25 < Ф	()		
Dim Spots	2. Zone	P	Acceptable C	Qty	T D
	Size(mm)	Α	В	CL	
Circle shaped	Ф≤0.2	lgn	ore		
and dim edged	0.20 < Φ≤0.40	2	2 X4		
defects	0.40 < Φ≤0.60	7	X	Ignore	
	0.60 < Ф)		

Item No	Items to be inspected	V.	Classificatio n of defects				
	Line defect	S	size(mm)		cceptable Q		
	Black line,	L(Length W(Width)			zone		
	White line,)	vv(vvidiri)	Α	В	С	
-17	Foreign	Ignore	W≤0.02	Ignore			
	material on polarizer	L≤3.0	0.02 < W≤0.03		2	lanor	Minor
		L≤2.0	0.03 < W≤0.05		1	Ignor e	
			0.05 < W	Define as spot defect			
14.2.2				ı		ı	



	1/1	クリリソン	* 71K 1 71K ₂	11/	7 M	A -	'	版 本: A	
	Foreign material on		The line can be seen after mobile phone in the operating condition:						
	TP film	size(mm) Acceptable C		ble Qty					
		L(Length	\\/\\/idth\		zor	ne			
)	W(Width)	Α	В		С		
		Ignore	W≤0.03	Iç	gnore				
		L≤5.0	0.03 < W≤0.05		3	ı	gnor e		
			0.05 < W	Define a	ıs spot d	efect	IV		
	Dim line assembling or in the operating condition, judge by the line defect of 4.2.2.								
14.2.3	Polarizer scratch		ch can be seen or some special a	- V.		_			
	TP film scratch		Size(mm)	А	ccepta	ble Qty			
	Scratch	L(Length)	W(Width)		Zor	ne			
		L(Lengur)	vv(vvidiri)	Α	В	С			
		Ignore	W≤0.03	Igr	nore				
		5.0 < L≤10	.0 0.03 < W≤0.0	05	2				
		L≤5.0	0.05 < W≤0.0	08	1	Ignore	е		
12	XIIII		0.08 < W		0				



Item No	Items to be inspected		Classificatio n of defects					
	Polarize Air bubble	Air bubbles betw	Air bubbles between glass & polarizer					
14.2.4		2. Zone	Accepta	able Qty				
		Size(mm)	A B	С				
		Ф≤0.2	Ignore					
		0.20 < Φ≤0.30	2	Δ.	Minor			
		0.30 < Φ≤0.50	1	Ignore				
		0.50 < Ф	0	X				
14.2.5	Glass defect	(i) Chips on corr A:LCD Glass de	k/-/\	Y				
		Z		+				
	-/	Х	Y	Z				
		≤2.0	≤S	Disregard	Minor			
Notes: S=contact pad length Chips on the corner of terminal shall not be allowed to extend into the ITO pad or expose perimeter seal. B:TP Glass defect								
		X(mm)	Y(mm)	Z(mm)				
		≤3.0	≤3.0	Disregard				



			/ / / / A
Item No	Items to be inspected	Inspection Standard	Classificatio n of defects
14.2.5	Glass defect	(ii)Usual surface cracks A:LCD Glass defect X Y ≤3.0	Minor
		X(mm) Y(mm) Z(mm) ≤6.0 < 2.0 Disregard	
- 17		(iii) Crack Cracks tend to break are not allowed.	Major

14.3 Parts Defect



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Item No	Items to be inspecte d	Inspection Standard	Classificatio n of defects
14.3.1	Parts contrapo sition	 Not allow IC and FPC/heat-seal lead width is more than 50% beyond lead pattern. Not allow chip or solder component is off center more than 50% of the pad outline. 	Minor
14.3.2	SMT	According to the <acceptability assemblies="" electronic="" of=""> IPC-A-610C class 2 standard. Component missing or function defect are Major defect, the others are Minor defect.</acceptability>	