

My First Beamer!

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My first slide!

- Here's a bullet point.
- Here's another one.

My first slide!

- Here's a bullet point.
- Here's another one.
- Here's the Neyman-Pearson Lemma. Isn't this fun?

Theorem (Neyman-Pearson Lemma)

Given any level $\alpha \in [0, 1]$, there exists a likelihood ratio test φ_α with level α , and any likelihood ratio test with level α maximizes $E_1\varphi$ among tests with level at most α .

Columns and Figures

To create columns, we use the `columns` environment, with `column` environments nested inside.

Including figures is just the same as in an article.

A detailed table

Table: Spearman correlation (P -value) between continuous clinicopathologic factors and QOL measures

	QOL Measure	Age, years	BMI	Time on AI 1
Month 1	Δ EuroQOL	0.25 (0.04)	0.01 (0.93)	0.20 (0.10)
	Δ HAQ	0.09 (0.43)	-0.04 (0.77)	-0.19 (0.11)
	Δ VAS	-0.06 (0.59)	0.23 (0.05)	-0.30 (0.01)
	Δ CES-D	0.09 (0.46)	0.04 (0.77)	0.07 (0.55)
	Δ HADS-A	-0.01 (0.96)	-0.12 (0.35)	0.17 (0.18)
Month 3	Δ EuroQOL	0.20 (0.13)	-0.13 (0.31)	0.13 (0.30)
	Δ HAQ	-0.06 (0.63)	-0.02 (0.90)	-0.23 (0.08)
	Δ VAS	-0.45 (<0.001*)	0.22 (0.09)	-0.42 (0.001*)
	Δ CES-D	-0.05 (0.69)	0.16 (0.21)	-0.12 (0.36)
	Δ HADS-A	0.09 (0.52)	0.13 (0.34)	0.02 (0.90)
Month 6	Δ EuroQOL	0.03 (0.82)	-0.15 (0.30)	0.08 (0.59)
	Δ HAQ	-0.09 (0.57)	0.08 (0.63)	-0.10 (0.52)
	Δ VAS	-0.30 (0.06)	0.36 (0.02)	-0.33 (0.03)
	Δ CES-D	0.30 (0.04)	~0.00 (0.98)	0.11 (0.47)
	Δ HADS-A	0.07 (0.68)	0.11 (0.50)	-0.08 (0.62)