Identités professionnelles des enseignants de français langue seconde :

perceptions d'éducateurs albertains

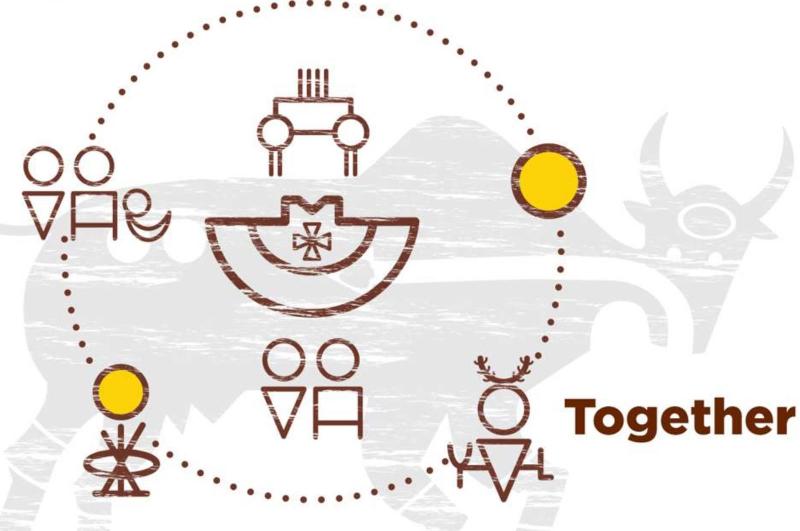
ACLA | CAAL 2023

Tina Leard, Associée de Recherche, University of Calgary Aurélia Mir-Orefice, Assistante de Recherche, University of Calgary Sylvie Roy, Professeure, University of Calgary Fanny Macé, Professeure Adjointe, Université Concordia



The University of Calgary, located in the heart of Southern Alberta, both acknowledges and pays tribute to the traditional territories of the peoples of Treaty 7, which include the Blackfoot Confederacy (comprised of the Siksika, the Piikani, and the Kainai First Nations), the Tsuut'ina First Nation, and the Stoney Nakoda (including Chiniki, Bearspaw, and Goodstoney First Nations). The City of Calgary is also home to the Métis Nation of Alberta Region 3.







Together in a good way

Context Literature review Research study and methodology Interpretation: professional identities Conclusion



Contexte Context



- L'apprentissage du français langue seconde (FLS) est optionnel
- En 2020-21, selon le gouvernement d'Alberta
 - 43 587 étudiants (6%) en immersion française
 - 122 961 étudiants (17%) dans les cours de FLS
- Selon une étude pancanadienne menée par l'ACPI entre 2020-21, une pénurie du personnel enseignant de FLS en Alberta affecte
 - 37% des écoles offrant l'immersion française
 - 41% des écoles offrant des programmes FLS
- Parmi les causes de la pénurie au Canada (ACPI, 2021; Wernicke et al., 2022)
 - Sentiments d'isolation, de la langue française
 - Conditions de travail

- French as a second language (FSL) learning is optional
- In 2020-2021, according to Alberta government
 - 43 587 students (6%) in French immersion
 - 122 961 students (17%) in FSL courses
- According to a PanCanadian study by ACPI between 2020-2021, a shortage of teaching staff in FSL in Alberta affects
 - 37% of schools offering French immersion
 - 41% of schools offering FSL programs
- Within the causes of the shortage in Canada (ACPI, 2021; Wernicke et al., 2022)
 - Feelings of isolation, from the French language
 - Working conditions



Les objectifs de notre présentation

Présenter les perceptions des éducateurs albertains quant à leurs identités professionnelles afin de mieux comprendre les diverses experiences en Alberta.

Examiner les discours d'éducateurs albertains par rapport à leur sécurité linguistique et leur compétence professionnelle en milieu minoritaire francophone.

To present Alberta educators' perceptions of their **professional identities** to better understand the diverse experiences in Alberta.

To examine the discourses of Alberta educators in relation to their **linguistic security** and **professional competence** in a Francophone minority setting.

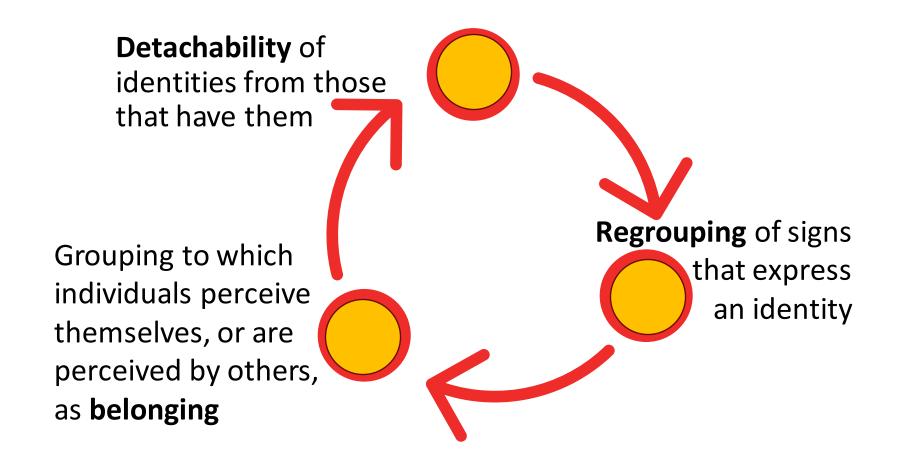


Recension des écrits Literature review



Identity and Belonging

Identity varies through regrouping (Agha, 2006).





Professional Identity

Perceptions of self within the group of FSL teachers and based on continuing interaction (Pappa et al., 2020; Wernicke, 2017)

Occupational commitment

Canrinus et al., 2011

Job satisfaction

Canrinus et al., 2011; Kamanzi et al., 2019

Linguistic security

Byrd Clark & Roy, 2022; Pappa et al., 2020

Self-efficacy

Faez et al., 2021; Kamanzi et al., 2019



La sécurité linguistique

- Acceptation de la diversité du (bi)multilinguisme
- Appréciation des variations intra et interlinguistiques comme légitimes
- Évolution dynamique entre langues pour négocier l'identité et l'appartenance
- Vision d'inclusion en reconnaissant les normes linguistiques né cessaires pour s'épanouir professionnellement

(Byrd Clark & Roy, 2022)



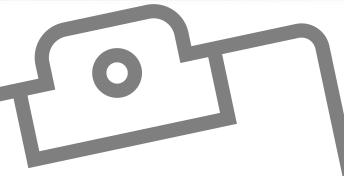
L'étude | Research study



Method

Concurrent Concurrent Design **Data Collection Design Modification Data Collection** Interpretation & Analysis & Analysis Online teacher and **Items analysis** in **Interview questions Surveys** analyzed **Results merged** modified based on and explored leader **surveys** Jupyter with R in Jupyter with (Bandalos, 2018; (Cresswell & Plano Clark, Python preliminary analyses Revelle, 2018) 2017; Daniel, 2019) (Flake & Fried, 2020; Semi-structured and ongoing Vallet, 2018) online and inliterature review **Interviews** Literature review person **interviews** transcribed **Interviews** finalized for teachers and and verified coded line by line leaders in NVivo 12 **Concept model** Constructivist **Saturation** reached **Grounded Theory** Coding reviewed (Charmaz & Thornberg, 2021) **Sociolinguistics** for Change (Roy, 2020)

Online survey for teachers

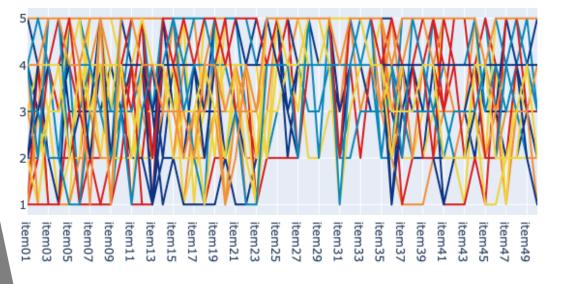


Data collection

May 2022 – January 2023 n = 39 teachers 14 in French and 25 in English Incompletion rate 9%

| languageSurvey | languageToday | languageYouth | languageFamily |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| French | Other | French | French |
| French | English and French | French | French |
| French | Other | French | French |
| English | English | French and English | English |
| English | English | English | English |

| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-----------------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| Tout à fait en désaccord | En désaccord | Ni en accord, ni en désaccord | D'accord | Tout à fait d'accord |
| Strongly disagree | Disagree | Neither agree nor disagree | Agree | Strongly agree |



Preparedness

Items 1-13

Satisfaction Items 14-23

Competence Items 24-36

Confidence Items 37-50



Interviews



Data collection June 2022 – February 2023

Questions pertained to experiences and perceptions on learning and work.

10 hours 15 minutes in total; 40 067 words 41 minutes 32 seconds on average

4 interviewers 2 coders with 95% agreement on 3 214 codes

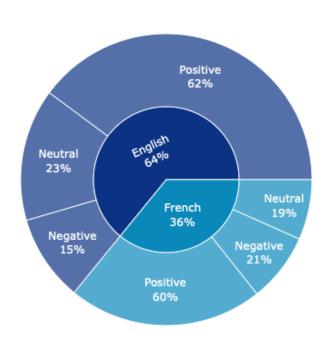


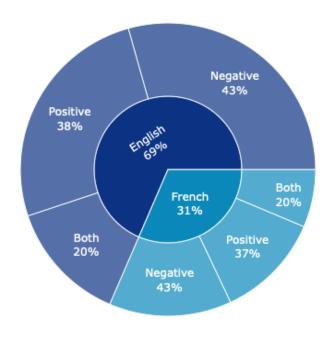
Dataset language and sentiment

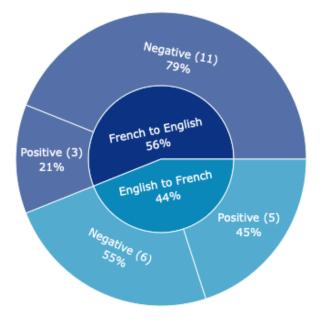
Teacher Survey Language and Item Sentiment

Teacher Interview Language and Code Sentiment

Teacher Interview Codeswitching Sentiment



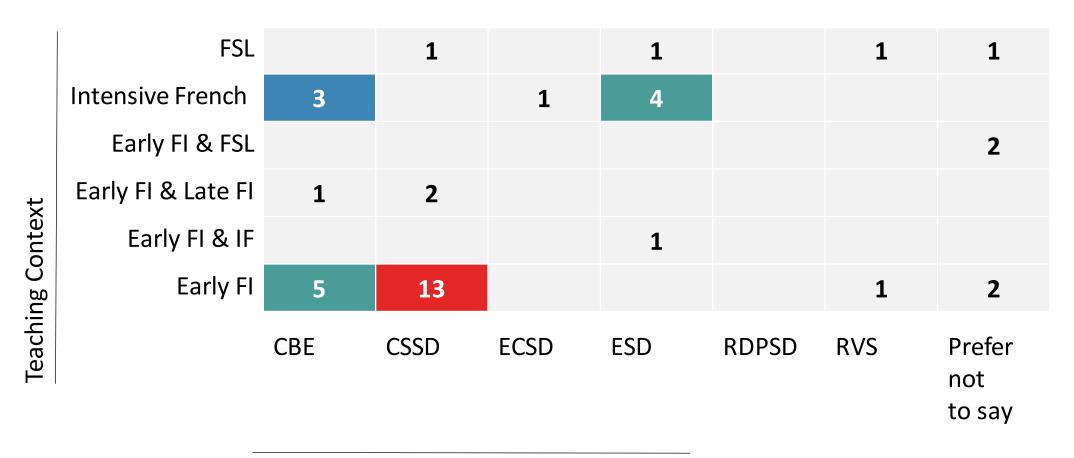






Le contexte d'enseignement – Urbain

Teaching Context and School Boards





School Board

Les participants-enseignants – Les programmes scolaires

Secondary Program(s) Attended and Elementary Program(s) Attended

| | French school | | | 1 | | 1 | | 11 |
|-----------|----------------------|----------|---------------|-----|------------------|----------|------------------------|------------------|
| | FI, French school | | | | | 2 | 1 | |
| | FI | | | | 1 | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| F | Late FI | 1 | | 1 | | | | |
| | FI, FSL | | | | | 1 | | |
| | FSL | 1 | 1 | 4 | | 1 | | 1 |
| Secondary | FSL, Other | 1 | | | | | | |
| ecor | Other | 1 | | | | | | 1 |
| ν̄ς Ι | | Other | FSL, Other | FSL | Early FI, FSL | Early FI | Early FI, French | French school |
| | | Elementa | ary | | | | school | |

Alberta
British Columbia
Saskatchewan
Manitoba
Ontario
Québec
New Brunswick
Nova Scotia
Newfoundland

France
Ukraine
Russia
Cameroun
China



Les participants-enseignants – La diversité linguistique

Language(s) Used Most Today and Language(s) Used Most in Youth at Home

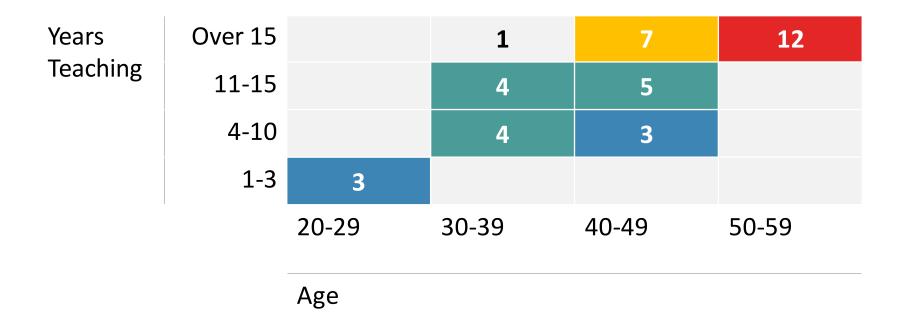
| Today | French | | | | | 4 |
|-------|------------------|-------|-------------------|---------|------------------|--------|
| | English & French | | 1 | 3 | 14 | 3 |
| | English | 1 | | 9 | 1 | 1 |
| | Other | | | | | 2 |
| | | Other | English, Other | English | French & English | French |
| | | Youth | | | | |

Russian
Ukrainian
Hebrew
Dutch
Italian
Hungarian
Polish



Les participants-enseignants – Age et expérience

Number of Years Teaching and Age



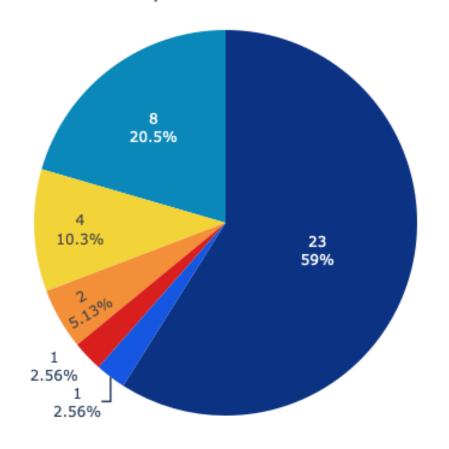


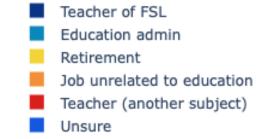
Interprétation: identités professionnelles | Interpretation: professional identities



Professional identity: Occupational commitment

Dans 5 ans, vous travaillerez ... In 5 years from now you will work as ...





| Teachers at risk for commitment | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------------|--|--|--|--|
| In 5 years | Language(s) Used Most | Teaching Context | Years Teaching | | | | |
| Job unrelated to education | French | Early FI | Over 15 | | | | |
| Job unrelated to education | English & French | Early FI | 4-10 | | | | |
| Teacher (another subject) | English | FSL | 4-10 | | | | |
| Unsure | English | Intensive French | 1-3 | | | | |

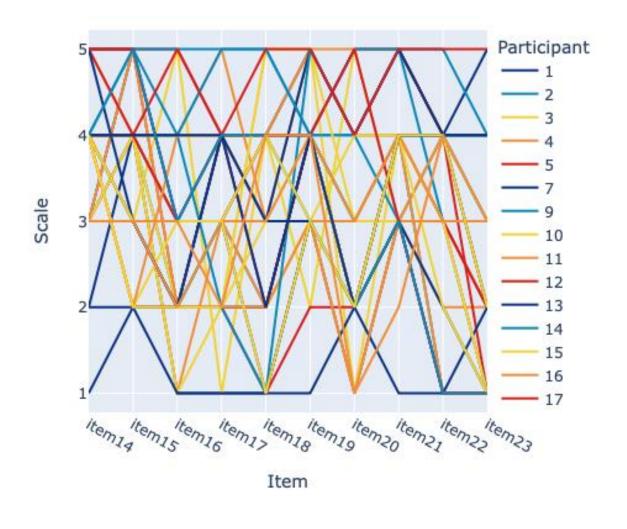
Professional identity: Occupational commitment

Principal's communication on retention in an interview, December 2022

I think it's just really **challenging**. I think education itself, I don't personally think that this is just a retention in immersion problem. I think it's a **retention of the profession** because I think the **profession has changed** a lot... And for one person, and the complexity of the kids and the higher the class sizes there's just so many more demands on teachers... I feel, and I see it in as an administrator **in a dual track or triple track setting**.



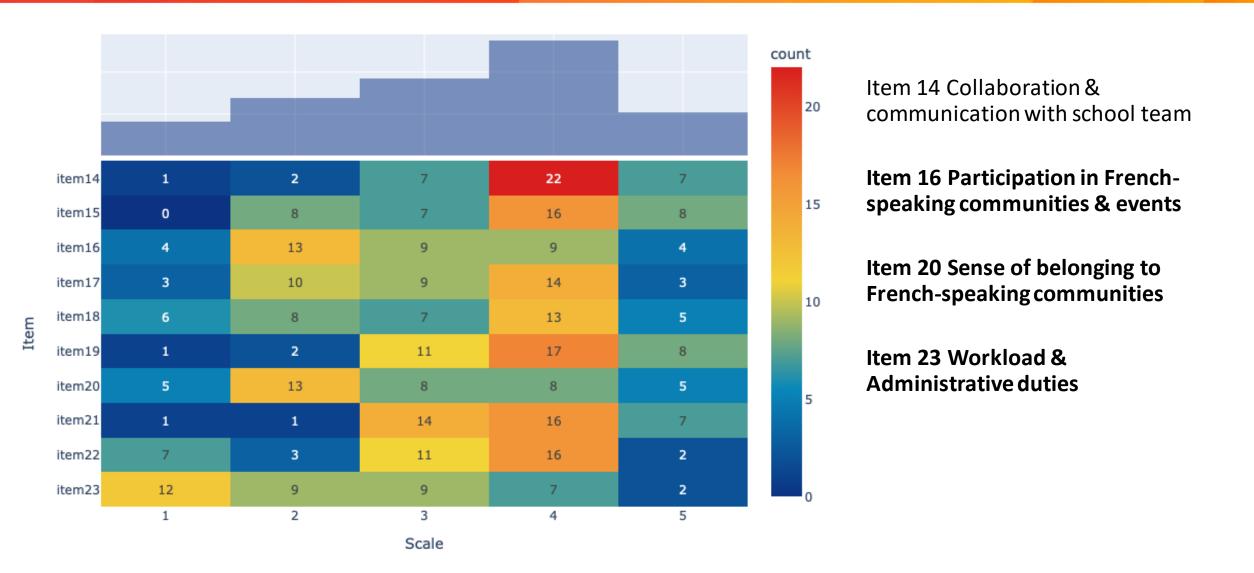
Professional identity: Job satisfaction survey items



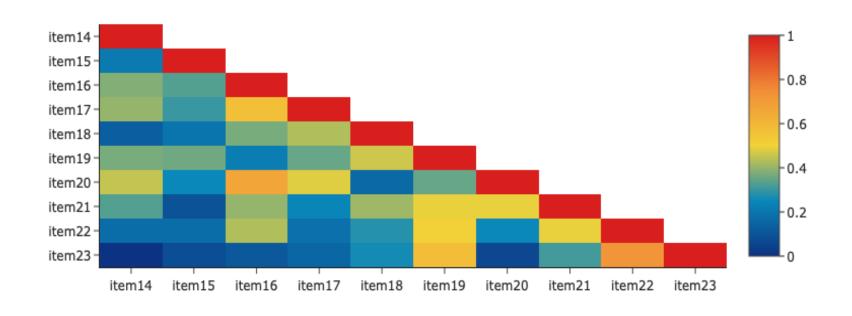
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel SATISFIED thanks to...

- 14 Collaboration & communication with school team (direction, colleagues, parents and students)
- 15 Mentoring by experienced teachers
- 16 Participation in French-speaking communities & events
- 17 Participation in French language training
- 18 Salary
- 19 Sense of a school culture of excellence & social belonging
- 20 Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities
- 21 Vacation
- 22 Well-being
- 23 Workload & Administrative duties

Professional identity: Job satisfaction frequencies



Professional identity: Job satisfaction



Item 16 Participation in French-speaking communities & events

Item 20 Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities

Item 23 Workload & Administrative duties

Spearman Correlations, n = 39

Cronbach Alpha for reliability of inter-items 14-23 correlations: (0.84, CI95%[0.75, 0.9])

Items 16/20, $\mathbf{r} = 0.67$, CI95%[0.45, 0.81], p=0.0001, power=0.998



Professional identity: Linguistic security

Participation aux communautés & aux événements de / en langue française

Participation in French-speaking communities & events



Mode 2 Median 3 Sentiment d'appartenance aux communautés de langue française

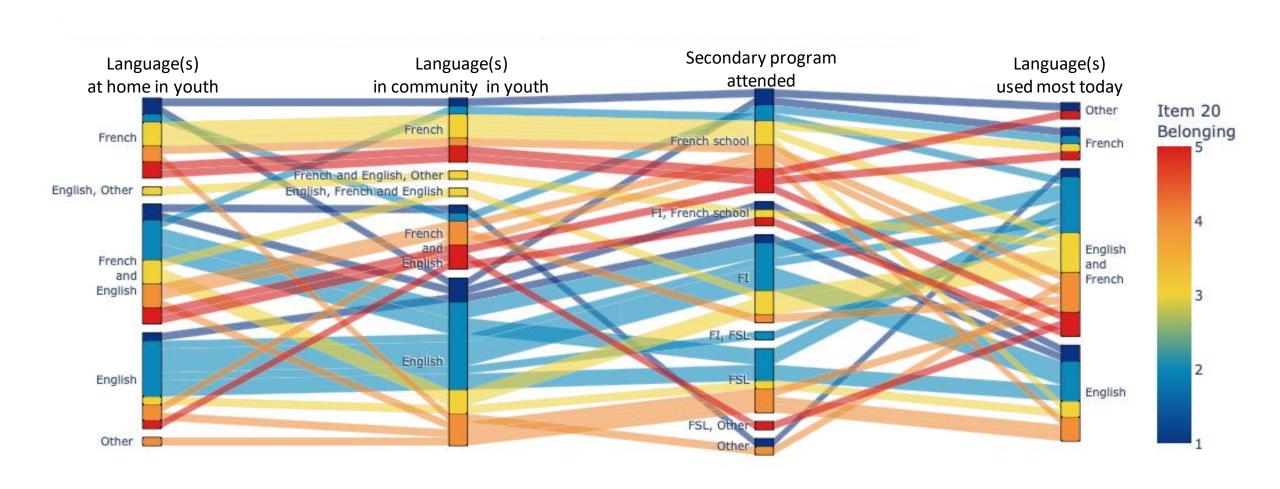
Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities



Mode 2 Median 3

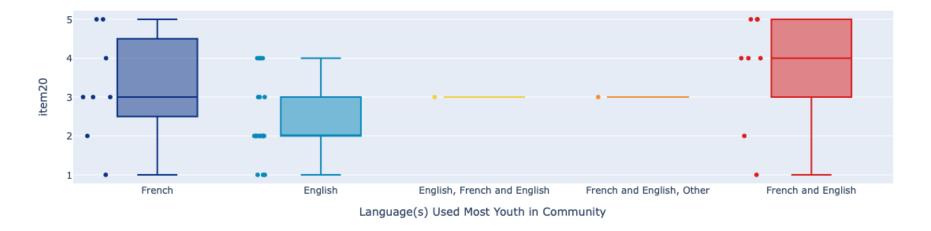


Professional identity: Linguistic experience by belonging



Professional identity: Linguistic security subsets

Item 20 Belonging by Language(s) Spoken in Youth in the Community



Item 20 Belonging by Secondary Program Attended





Professional identity: Linguistic experience to classroom



Regrouping

Item 16 Participation:

2

Item 20 Belonging:

From Alberta.

Spoke English in the community in youth. Attended French immersion as a student. Teach secondary intensive French.

experience.

In 5 years... FSL teacher.

"Teaching a subject I am passionate about and feel successful at second language teaching.
Find it difficult to include diversity in FSL, don't know if I'm doing it right.
Same with Indigenous perspectives...
Am I doing enough?"

Online survey comments – October 2022

Detaching

Item 16 Participation:

2

Item 20 Belonging:

From Saskatchewan and live in Alberta. Spoke English in the community in youth. Attended French immersion as a student. Teach secondary intensive French. 11-15 years' experience.

In 5 years... FSL teacher.

"At this point in my career I am a **confident teacher** but the **language experience is lacking** after living in Alberta with limited opportunities to speak French.

I would like to see more **PD** offered for second language speakers to build stronger skills in environment where there are **not only francophone speakers**; this creates an environment where second language speakers feel **judged** and **not competent** enough therefore limiting their willingness to take risks with their language."

Online survey comments – November 2022.

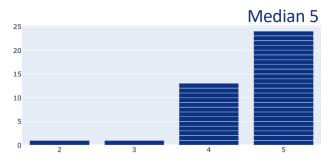
Professional identity: Perceptions on language and pedagogy

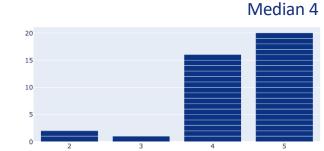
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel **COMPETENT** in

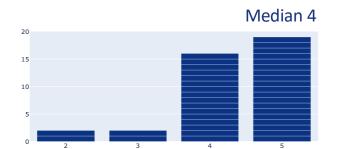










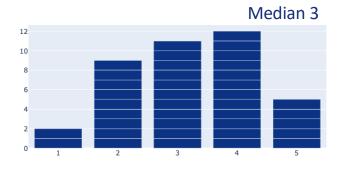


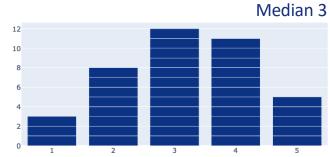
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel **CONFIDENT** because you receive support in

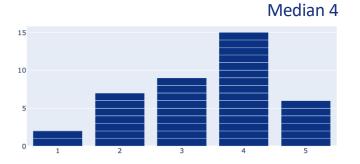
42 French <u>oral</u> skills

43
French written skills

47 Pedagogy (FSL/Immersion/French [first language])





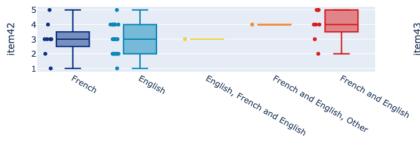


Professional identity: Satisfaction, competence, and confidence

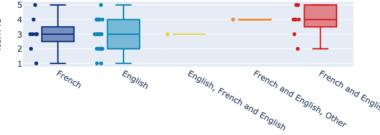
| | item14 | item16 | item20 | item28 | item29 | item33 | item42 | item43 | item47 | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 14 Satisfaction with school team | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 Satisfaction participation in French communities | .38* | | | | | | | | Spea Correl | arman ations |
| 20 Satisfaction belonging to French language | .45** | .67** | | | | | | | | n= 39 |
| 28 Competence French oral | 02 | .2 | .16 | | | | | for inte | Cronbach r-item reli | ability |
| 29 Competence French written | 06 | .26 | .22 | .79** | | | | (U.83, C | 95%[0.74] * | , u.9]) 'p<.05 |
| 33 Competence French pedagogy | 16 | .27 | .15 | .48** | .66** | | | | | *p<.01 |
| 42 Confidence French oral | .34* | .54** | .45** | .21 | .21 | .03 | | | | |
| 43 Confidence French written | .3 | .61** | .51** | .27 | .28 | .16 | .94** | | | |
| 47 Confidence French pedagogy | .35* | .35* | .42* | .07 | .14 | .24 | .66** | .63** | | |

Professional identity: Self-efficacy subsets

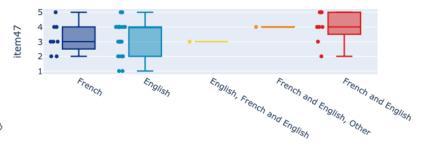
Item 42 Confidence French Oral Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



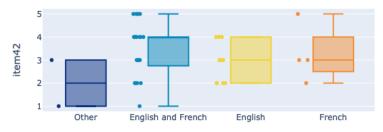
Item 43 Confidence French Written Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



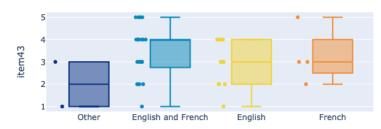
Item 47 Confidence French Pedagogy (Median = 4) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



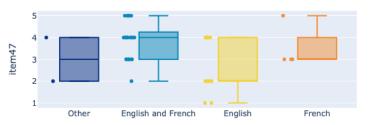
Item 42 Confidence French Oral Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most Today



Item 43 Confidence French Written Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most Today



Item 47 Confidence French Pedagogy (Median = 4) by Language(s) Used Most Today





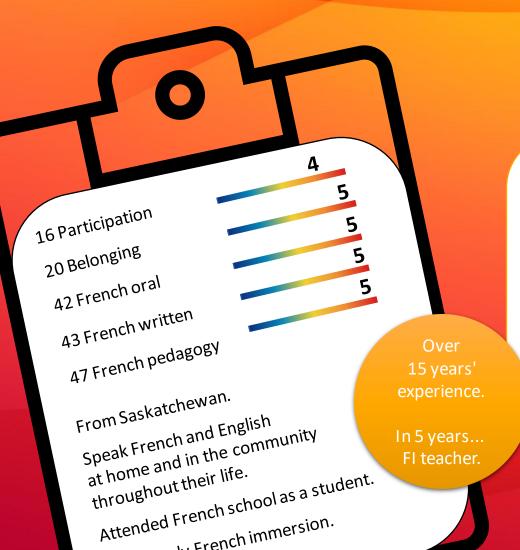
Professional identity: Linguistic participation in youth

Secondary Program(s) Attended and Language(s) Used Most in the Community in Youth

| Secondary program attended | French school | 1 | | | 4 | 8 |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------|---------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------------------|--------|
| | FI, French school | 1 | 1 | | 1 | |
| | FI | 9 | | 1 | 1 | |
| | FI, FSL | 1 | | | | |
| | FSL | 8 | | | | |
| | FSL, Other | | | | 1 | |
| | Other | 1 | | | 1 | |
| | | English | French & English, Other | French & English, English | French & English | French |
| Language(s) in community in youth | | | | | | |



Professional identity: A case of belonging



Teach early French immersion.

"... tu es capable de soutenir les autres, puis c'est ton temps, les autres vont t'aider aussi. Il faut utiliser ton équipe."

"Les meilleurs moments dans la salle de classe. Ah, c'est juste entendre les enfants qui sont à l'aise en français, qui sont calmes en français, sont capable d'utiliser leurs stratégies d'apprendre une langue...

...c'est leur bien être, le plus important. Ils vont rien apprendre s'ils se sentent ou il y a un manque de sécurité. "

"C'est **beaucoup changé** depuis 10 ans... je dirais plutôt un tiers [des élèves] viennent des familles qui soit ils parlent une autre langue à la maison, comme l'espagnol ou l'hongarien, ou la Russie, ou il y a plusieurs... Ils viennent avec toutes sortes de langues et puis toutes sortes d'accents."

Entrevue virtuelle – décembre 2022

Conclusion



Les limitations

- Exclusion des écoles rurales
- Un manque de participation dans le sondage des éducateurs pour chaque conseil scolaire
- Les 2 seuls allophones
 enseignants de l'étude n'ont pas
 participé à une entrevue
- En entrevues, seulement 1 enseignant d'une famille hors Canada (de la France) a participé
- Seulement 3 enseignants ont indiqué avoir entre 1 et 3 ans d'expérience

- Exclusion of rural schools
- Varied participation for teachers and leaders across school boards
- No interviews for the only 2 teachers identifying as allophone
- Only 1 interview of a teacher whose family originated outside Canada (France)
- Only 3 teachers in the 1-3 years' experience category participated in an interview



Conditions for change: Promoting bi-multilingualism in FSL

- Competence survey scores in French language skills and pedagogy were high but weakly correlated (ρ>.05) to sense of belonging to and confidence in French scores
- Subgroup medians of teachers who spoke mostly English in the community in their youth and attended immersion were lower for sense of belonging to French-speaking communities with discourses of identity detaching and regrouping
- Subgroup medians of teachers identifying more as bilingual were higher for confidence in French language skills and pedagogy than monolinguals with francophones largely indicating neutral
- Teachers with affirming professional identities indicating regrouping around and belonging to French-speaking communities presented discourses about diversity and for student inclusion

In the Albertan FSL context...

What is community?

What comprises participation?

What pedagogies can promote diversity and inclusion?

How can teacher linguistic security and self-efficacy be addressed?

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Merci!



wpsites.ucalgary.ca/education-french-programming/conferences

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