# Identités professionnelles des enseignants de français langue seconde :

perceptions d'éducateurs albertains

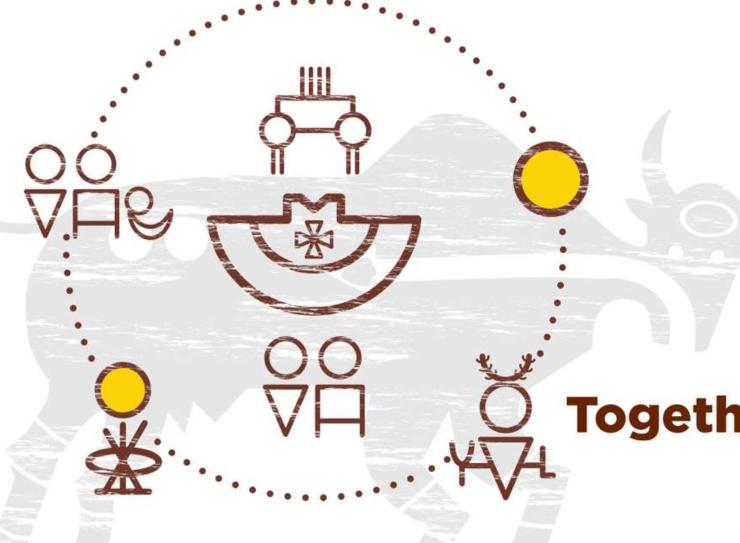
ACLA | CAAL 2023

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The University of Calgary, located in the heart of Southern Alberta, both acknowledges and pays tribute to the traditional territories of the peoples of Treaty 7, which include the Blackfoot Confederacy (comprised of the Siksika, the Piikani, and the Kainai First Nations), the Tsuut'ina First Nation, and the Stoney Nakoda (including Chiniki, Bearspaw, and Goodstoney First Nations). The City of Calgary is also home to the Métis Nation of Alberta Region 3.







Together in a good way

Context Literature review Research study and methodology Interpretation: professional identities Conclusion



# Contexte Context



- L'apprentissage du français langue seconde (FLS) est optionnel
- En 2020-21, selon le gouvernement d'Alberta
  - 43 587 étudiants (6%) en immersion française
  - 122 961 étudiants (17%) dans les cours de FLS
- Selon une étude pancanadienne menée par l'ACPI entre 2020-21, une pénurie du personnel enseignant de FLS en Alberta affecte
  - 37% des écoles offrant l'immersion française
  - 41% des écoles offrant des programmes FLS
- Parmi les causes de la pénurie au Canada (ACPI, 2021; Wernicke et al., 2022)
  - Sentiments d'isolation, de la langue française
  - Conditions de travail

- French as a second language (FSL) learning is optional
- In 2020-2021, according to Alberta government
  - 43 587 students (6%) in French immersion
  - 122 961 students (17%) in FSL courses
- According to a PanCanadian study by ACPI between 2020-2021, a shortage of teaching staff in FSL in Alberta affects
  - 37% of schools offering French immersion
  - 41% of schools offering FSL programs
- Within the causes of the shortage in Canada (ACPI, 2021; Wernicke et al., 2022)
  - Feelings of isolation, from the French language
  - Working conditions



# Les objectifs de notre présentation

Présenter les perceptions des éducateurs albertains quant à leurs identités professionnelles afin de mieux comprendre les diverses experiences en Alberta.

Examiner les discours d'éducateurs albertains par rapport à leur sécurité linguistique et leur compétence professionnelle en milieu minoritaire francophone.

To present Alberta educators' perceptions of their **professional identities** to better understand the diverse experiences in Alberta.

To examine the discourses of Alberta educators in relation to their **linguistic security** and **professional competence** in a Francophone minority setting.

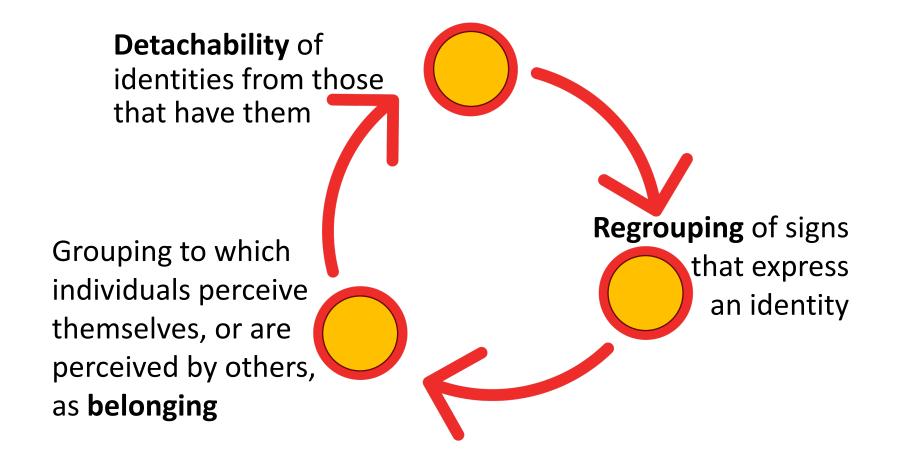


# Recension des écrits Literature review



# **Identity and Belonging**

Identity varies through regrouping (Agha, 2006).





# **Professional Identity**

Perceptions of self within the group of FSL teachers and based on continuing interaction (Pappa et al., 2020; Wernicke, 2017)

### **Occupational commitment**

Canrinus et al., 2011

### Job satisfaction

Canrinus et al., 2011; Kamanzi et al., 2019

### **Linguistic security**

Byrd Clark & Roy, 2022; Pappa et al., 2020

### **Self-efficacy**

Faez et al., 2021; Kamanzi et al., 2019



# La sécurité linguistique

- Acceptation de la diversité du (bi)multilinguisme
- Appréciation des variations intra et interlinguistiques comme légitimes
- Évolution dynamique entre langues pour négocier l'identité et l'appartenance
- Vision d'inclusion en reconnaissant les normes linguistiques nécessaires pour s'épanouir professionnellement

(Byrd Clark & Roy, 2022)



# L'étude Research study



### Method

Concurrent Concurrent **Data Collection Design Modification Data Collection** Interpretation Design & Analysis & Analysis Online teacher and **Items analysis** in **Interview questions Surveys** analyzed **Results merged modified** based on in Jupyter with leader **surveys** Jupyter with R and explored (Bandalos, 2018; (Cresswell & Plano Clark, preliminary analyses Python Revelle, 2018) 2017; Daniel, 2019) Semi-structured and ongoing (Flake & Fried, 2020; Vallet, 2018) online and inliterature review **Interviews** Literature review person interviews transcribed **Interviews** finalized for teachers and and verified coded line by line leaders in NVivo 12 **Concept model** Constructivist **Saturation** reached **Grounded Theory** Coding reviewed (Charmaz & Thornberg, 2021) **Sociolinguistics** for Change (Roy, 2020)

# Online survey for teachers

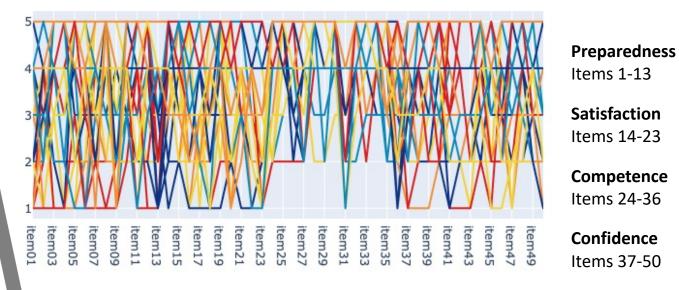


### **Data collection**

May 2022 – January 2023 n = 39 teachers 14 in French and 25 in English Incompletion rate 9%

languageSurvey	languageToday	languageYouth	languageFamily
French	Other	French	French
French	English and French	French	French
French	Other	French	French
English	English	French and English	English
English	English	English	English

1	2	3	4	5
Tout à fait en désaccord	En désaccord	Ni en accord, ni en désaccord	D'accord	Tout à fait d'accord
Strongly disagree	Disagree	Neither agree nor disagree	Agree	Strongly agree





### **Interviews**



Data collection June 2022 – February 2023

Questions pertained to experiences and perceptions on learning and work.

10 hours 15 minutes in total; 40 067 words 41 minutes 32 seconds on average

4 interviewers 2 coders with 95% agreement on 3 214 codes

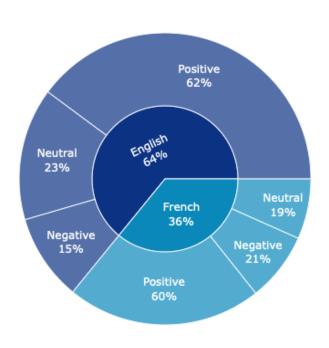


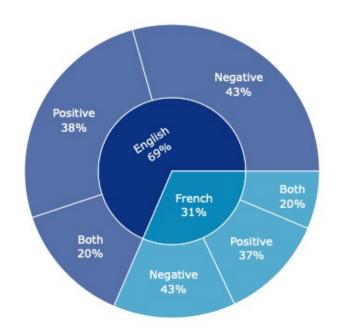
# **Dataset language and sentiment**

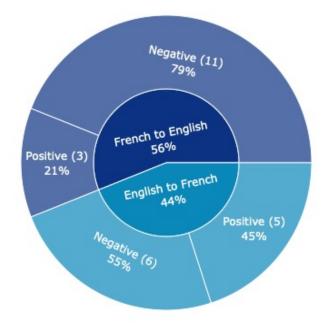
Teacher Survey Language and Item Sentiment

Teacher Interview Language and Code Sentiment

Teacher Interview Codeswitching Sentiment



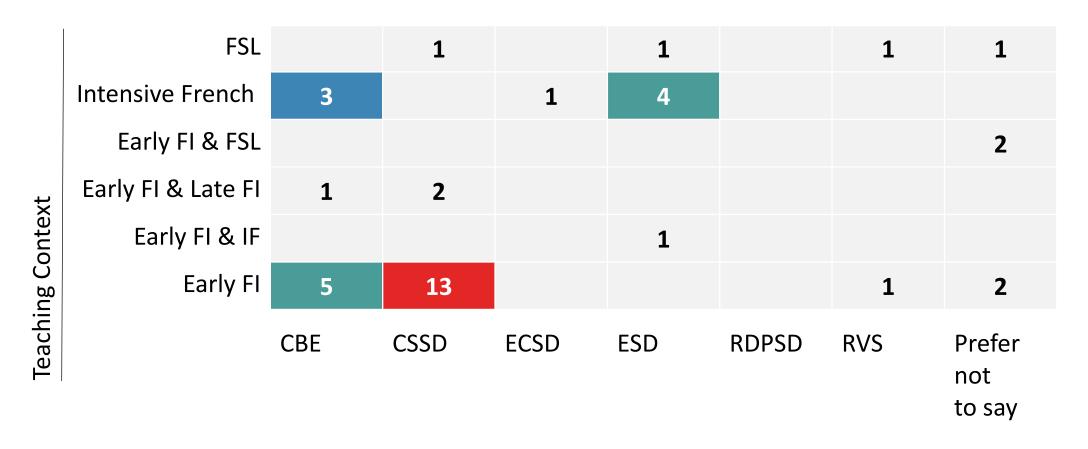






# Le contexte d'enseignement – Urbain

### **Teaching Context and School Boards**





**School Board** 

# Les participants-enseignants – Les programmes scolaires

### Secondary Program(s) Attended and Elementary Program(s) Attended

	French school			1		1		11
	FI, French school					2	1	
	FI				1	6	1	1
	Late FI	1		1				
	FI, FSL					1		
>	FSL	1	1	4		1		1
Secondary	FSL, Other	1						
ecor	Other	1						1
S		Other  Elementa	FSL, Other	FSL	Early FI, FSL	Early FI	Early FI, French school	French school

Alberta
British Columbia
Saskatchewan
Manitoba
Ontario
Québec
New Brunswick
Nova Scotia
Newfoundland

France
Ukraine
Russia
Cameroun
China



# Les participants-enseignants – La diversité linguistique

### Language(s) Used Most Today and Language(s) Used Most in Youth at Home

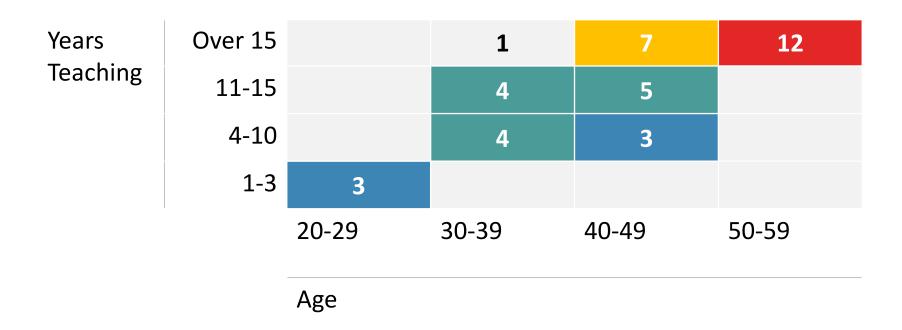
Today	French					4
	English & French		1	3	14	3
	English	1		9	1	1
	Other					2
		Other	English, Other	English	French & English	French
		Youth				

Russian
Ukrainian
Hebrew
Dutch
Italian
Hungarian
Polish



# Les participants-enseignants – Age et expérience

### **Number of Years Teaching and Age**



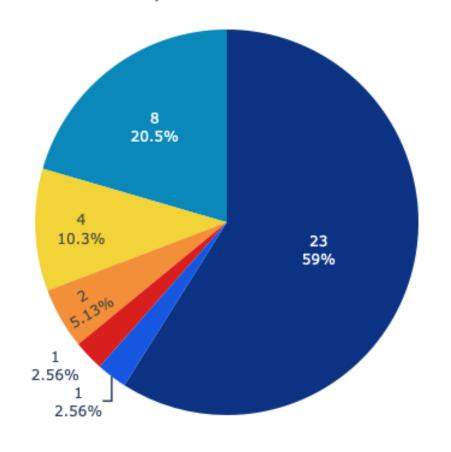


Interprétation: identités professionnelles | Interpretation: professional identities



# **Professional identity: Occupational commitment**

Dans 5 ans, vous travaillerez ... In 5 years from now you will work as ...



Teacher of FSL
Education admin
Retirement
Job unrelated to education
Teacher (another subject)
Unsure

Teachers at risk for commitment								
In 5 years	Language(s) Used Most	Teaching Context	Years Teaching					
Job unrelated to education	French	Early FI	Over 15					
Job unrelated to education	English & French	Early FI	4-10					
Teacher (another subject)	English	FSL	4-10					
Unsure	English	Intensive French	1-3					

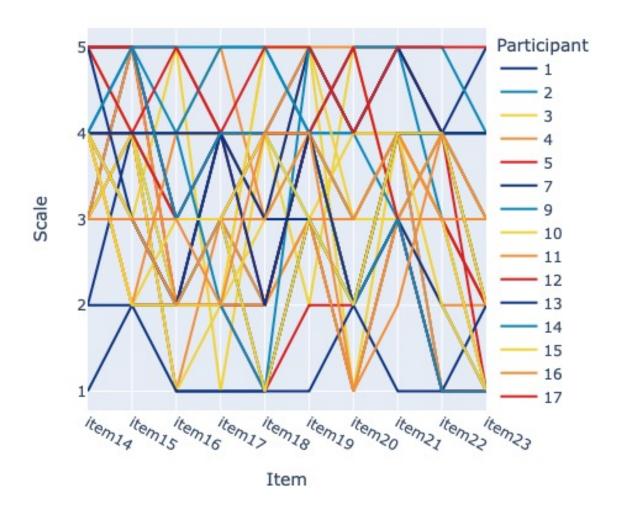
# Professional identity: Occupational commitment

Principal's communication on retention in an interview, December 2022

I think it's just really **challenging**. I think education itself, I don't personally think that this is just a retention in immersion problem. I think it's a **retention of the profession** because I think the **profession has changed** a lot... And for one person, and the complexity of the kids and the higher the class sizes there's just so many more demands on teachers... I feel, and I see it in as an administrator **in a dual track or triple track setting**.



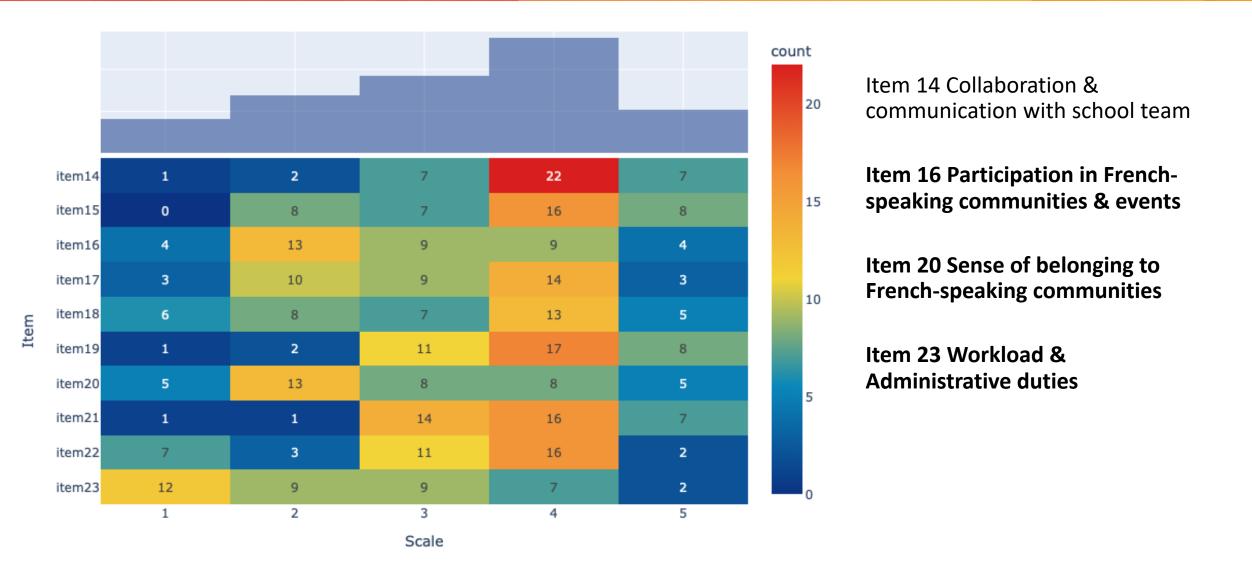
# Professional identity: Job satisfaction survey items



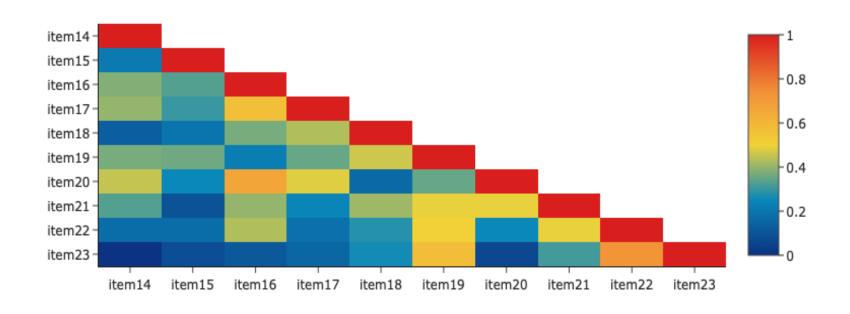
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel SATISFIED thanks to...

- 14 Collaboration & communication with school team (direction, colleagues, parents and students)
- 15 Mentoring by experienced teachers
- 16 Participation in French-speaking communities & events
- 17 Participation in French language training
- 18 Salary
- 19 Sense of a school culture of excellence & social belonging
- 20 Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities
- 21 Vacation
- 22 Well-being
- 23 Workload & Administrative duties

# Professional identity: Job satisfaction frequencies



# Professional identity: Job satisfaction



Item 16 Participation in French-speaking communities & events

Item 20 Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities

Item 23 Workload & Administrative duties

Spearman Correlation Coefficients, n = 39

Cronbach Alpha for reliability of inter-items 14-23 correlations: (.84, CI95%[.75, .90])

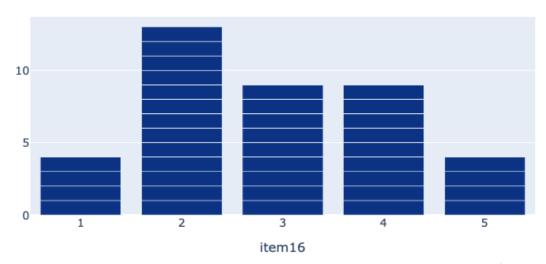
Items 16/20,  $\mathbf{r}_s = .67$ , CI95%[.45, .81], p = .0001, power = .998



# **Professional identity: Linguistic security**

Participation aux communautés & aux événements de / en langue française

Participation in French-speaking communities & events



Mode 2 Median 3 Sentiment d'appartenance aux communautés de langue française

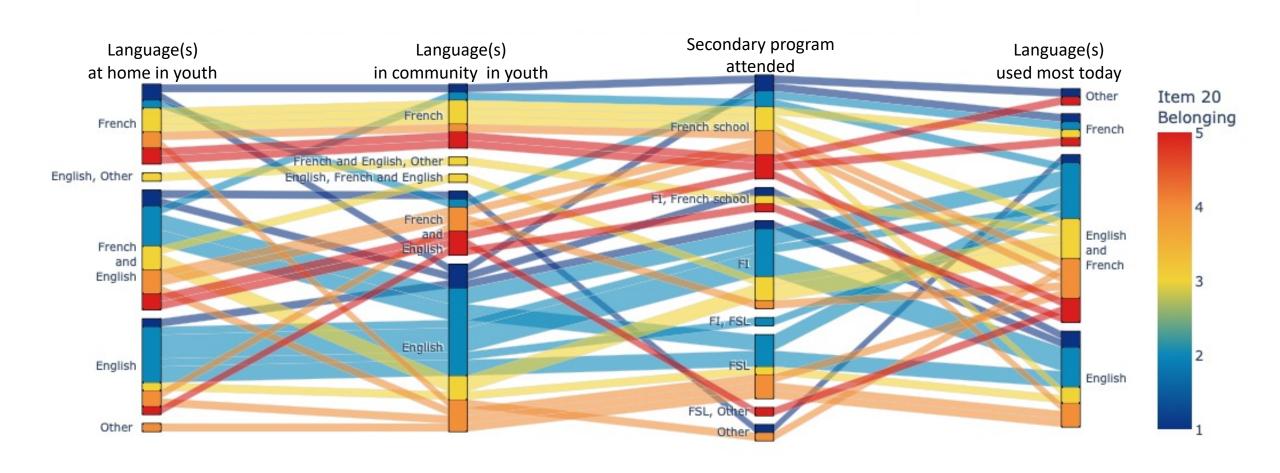
Sense of belonging to French-speaking communities



Mode 2 Median 3

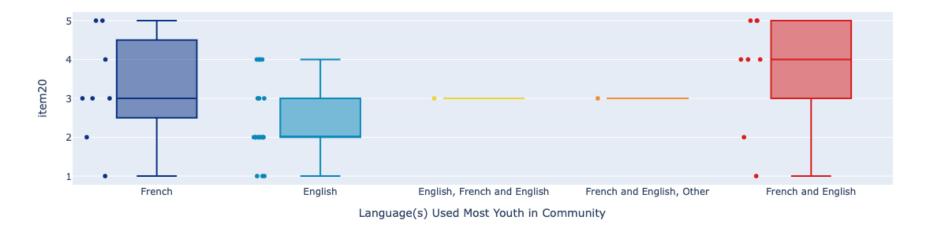


# Professional identity: Linguistic experience by belonging



# Professional identity: Linguistic security subsets

Item 20 Belonging by Language(s) Spoken in Youth in the Community



Item 20 Belonging by Secondary Program Attended





# Professional identity: Linguistic experience to classroom



Regrouping

Item 16 Participation:

Item 20 Belonging:

From Alberta.

Spoke English in the community in youth. Attended French immersion as a student. Teach secondary intensive French.

11-15 years' experience.

In 5 years... FSL teacher.

"Teaching a subject I am passionate about and **feel successful** at - second language teaching.
Find it **difficult to include diversity** in FSL, don't know if I'm doing it right.
Same with Indigenous perspectives...

Am I doing enough?"

Online survey comments – October 2022

Detaching

Item 16 Participation:

Item 20 Belonging:

From Saskatchewan and live in Alberta.

Spoke English in the community in youth.

Attended French immersion as a student.

Teach secondary intensive French.

11-15 years' experience.

In 5 years... FSL teacher.

"At this point in my career I am a **confident teacher** but the **language experience is lacking** after living in Alberta with limited opportunities to speak French.

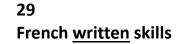
I would like to see more **PD** offered for second language speakers to build stronger skills in environment where there are **not only francophone speakers**; this creates an environment where second language speakers feel **judged** and **not competent** enough therefore limiting their willingness to take risks with their language."

Online survey comments – November 2022.

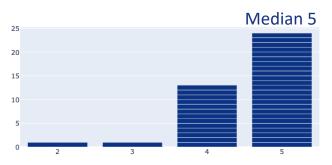
# Professional identity: Perceptions on language and pedagogy

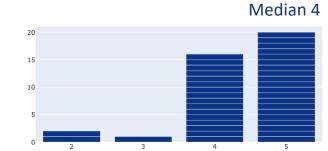
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel **COMPETENT** in

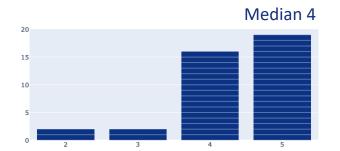










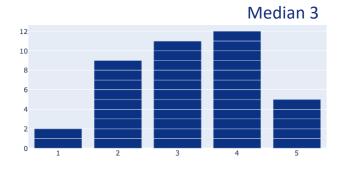


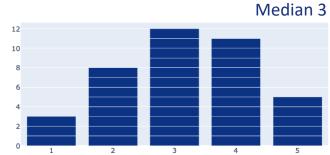
When thinking about your current teaching position, you feel **CONFIDENT** because you receive support in

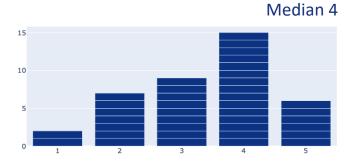
42 French <u>oral</u> skills

43
French written skills

**47 Pedagogy** (FSL / Immersion / French [first language])





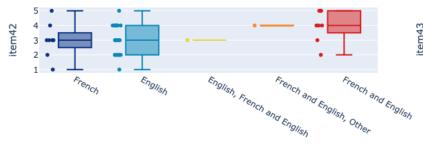


### Professional identity: Satisfaction, competence, and confidence

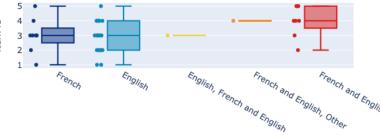
	item14	item16	item20	item28	item29	item33	item42	item43	item47	
14 Satisfaction with school team										
16 Satisfaction participation in French communities	.38*								Spea Corre	rman lation
20 Satisfaction belonging to French communities	.45**	.67**							Coeffic	<b>cients</b> n= 39
28 Competence French oral	02	.2	.16						Cronbach	•
29 Competence French written	06	.26	.22	.79**					r-item relia CI95%[.74	•
33 Competence French pedagogy	16	.27	.15	.48**	.66**				•	0 < .05 0 < .01
42 Confidence French oral	.34*	.54**	.45**	.21	.21	.03				
43 Confidence French written	.3	.61**	.51**	.27	.28	.16	.94**			
47 Confidence French pedagogy	.35*	.35*	.42*	.07	.14	.24	.66**	.63**		

# **Professional identity: Self-efficacy subsets**

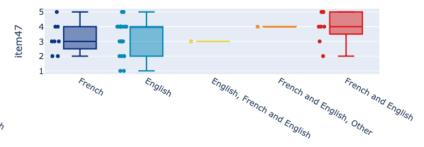
Item 42 Confidence French Oral Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



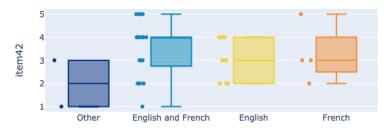
Item 43 Confidence French Written Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



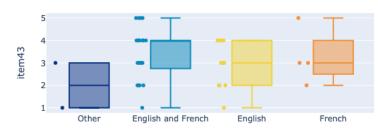
Item 47 Confidence French Pedagogy (Median = 4) by Language(s) Used Most in Youth in the Community



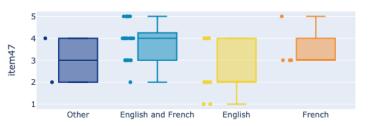
Item 42 Confidence French Oral Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most Today



Item 43 Confidence French Written Skills (Median = 3) by Language(s) Used Most Today



Item 47 Confidence French Pedagogy (Median = 4) by Language(s) Used Most Today





# Professional identity: Linguistic participation in youth

### Secondary Program(s) Attended and Language(s) Used Most in the Community in Youth

Secondary program attended	French school FI, French school	1 1	1		1	8	
	FI	9		1	1		
	FI, FSL	1					
	FSL	8					
	FSL, Other				1		
	Other	1			1		
		English	French & English, Other	French & English, English	French & English	French	
	Language(s) in community in youth						



# Professional identity: A case of belonging



Teach early French immersion.

"... tu es capable de soutenir les autres, puis c'est ton temps, les autres vont t'aider aussi. Il faut utiliser ton équipe."

"Les meilleurs moments dans la salle de classe. Ah, c'est juste entendre les enfants qui sont à l'aise en français, qui sont calmes en français, sont capable d'utiliser leurs stratégies d'apprendre une langue...

...c'est leur bien être, le plus important. Ils vont rien apprendre s'ils se sentent ou il y a un manque de sécurité. "

"C'est **beaucoup changé** depuis 10 ans... je dirais plutôt un tiers [des élèves] viennent des familles qui soit ils parlent une autre langue à la maison, comme l'espagnol ou l'hongarien, ou la Russie, ou il y a plusieurs... Ils viennent avec toutes sortes de langues et puis toutes sortes d'accents."

Entrevue virtuelle – décembre 2022

# Conclusion



### Les limitations

- Exclusion des **écoles rurales**
- Un manque de participation dans le sondage des éducateurs pour chaque conseil scolaire
- Les 2 seuls allophones
   enseignants de l'étude n'ont pas
   participé à une entrevue
- En entrevues, seulement 1 enseignant d'une famille hors Canada (de la France) a participé
- Seulement 3 enseignants ont indiqué avoir entre 1 et 3 ans d'expérience

- Exclusion of rural schools
- Varied participation for teachers and leaders across school boards
- No interviews for the only 2 teachers identifying as allophone
- Only 1 interview of a teacher whose family originated outside Canada (France)
- Only 3 teachers in the 1-3 years' experience category participated in an interview



# Conditions for change: Promoting bi-multilingualism in FSL

- Competence survey scores in French language skills and pedagogy were high but weakly correlated (p > .05) to sense of belonging to and confidence in French scores
- Subgroup medians of teachers who spoke mostly English in the community in their youth and attended immersion were lower for sense of belonging to French-speaking communities with discourses of identity detaching and regrouping
- Subgroup medians of teachers identifying more as bilingual were higher for confidence in French language skills and pedagogy than monolinguals with francophones largely indicating neutral
- Teachers with affirming professional identities indicating regrouping around and belonging to French-speaking communities presented discourses about diversity and for student inclusion

In the Albertan FSL context...

What is community?

What comprises participation?

What pedagogies can promote diversity and inclusion?

How can teacher linguistic security and self-efficacy be addressed?

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## Merci!



wpsites.ucalgary.ca/education-french-programming/conferences

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