

Couchbase stress testing application

BeerFast



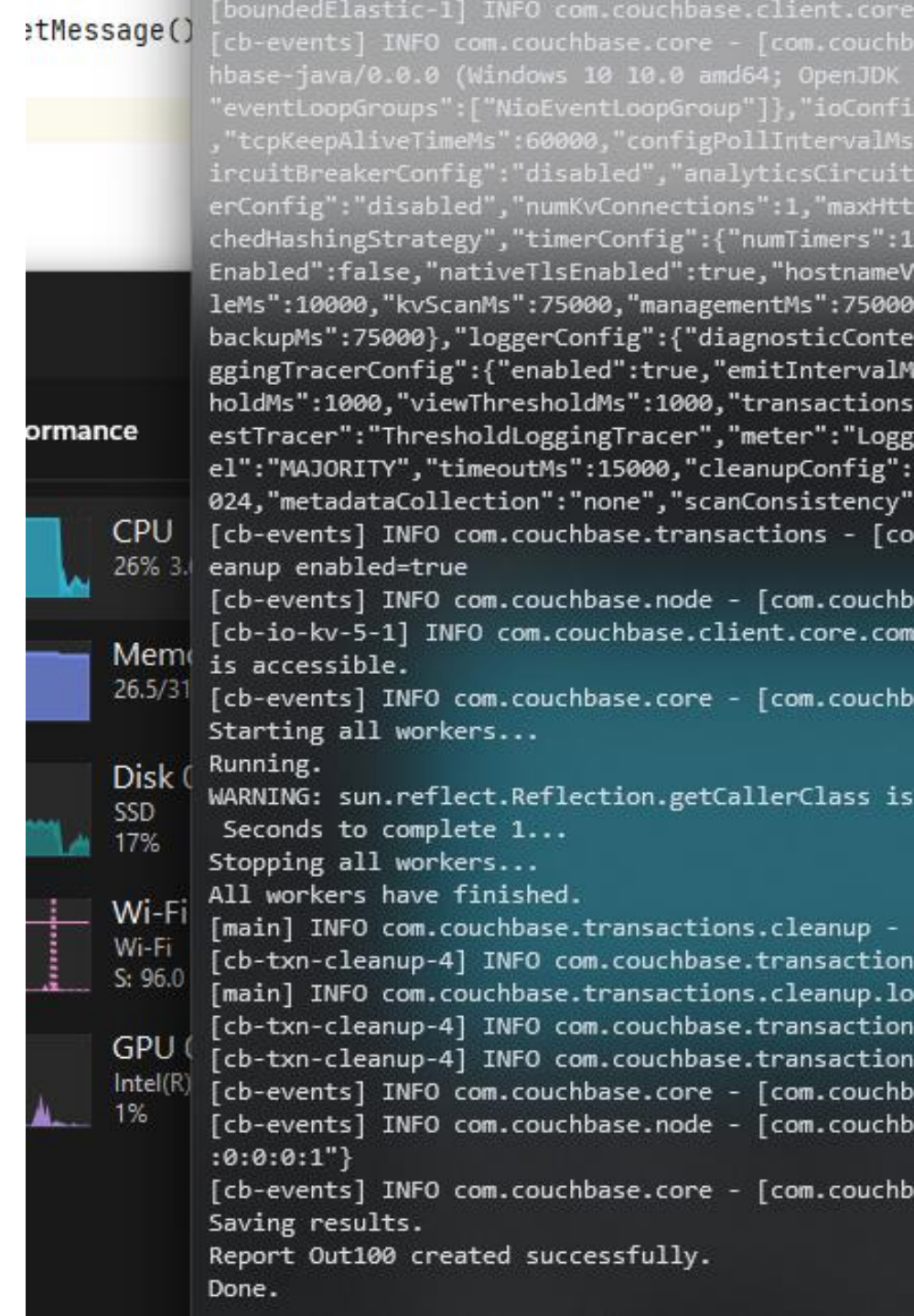
A close-up photograph of three tall, clear glass beer glasses filled with beer. The glass on the left contains a light golden beer with a thick, white head of foam. The middle glass contains a darker, amber-colored beer with a thinner layer of white foam. The glass on the right contains a very dark, almost black beer with a thin layer of white foam. The background is blurred, showing more glasses and a warm, indoor lighting.

BeerFast

- Why BeerFast ?
- Code repository
 - [Tinariven/BeerFast](#)
- Author
 - Michał Joachimski & Copilot
“pair programming”

Test conditions

- Couchbase installed as Docker container inside WSL Ubuntu (Windows Subsystem Linux)
- Run on
 - 13th Gen Intel(R) Core(TM) i7-1370P 1.90 GHz
 - 32GB RAM
 - Java 11 OpenJDK build 11.0.8



The image shows a terminal window with Couchbase logs. A Windows Task Manager performance overlay is visible on the left side of the terminal, showing CPU at 26%, Memory at 26.5/31 GB, Disk at 17%, Wi-Fi at 96.0%, and GPU at 1%.

```
etMessage()
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.client.core - [com.couchb
hbase-java/0.0.0 (Windows 10 10.0 amd64; OpenJDK
"eventLoopGroups":["NioEventLoopGroup"]},"ioConfi
,"tcpKeepAliveTimeMs":60000,"configPollIntervalMs
ircuitBreakerConfig":"disabled","analyticsCircuit
erConfig":"disabled","numKvConnections":1,"maxHtt
chedHashingStrategy","timerConfig":{"numTimers":
Enabled":false,"nativeTlsEnabled":true,"hostnameV
leMs":10000,"kvScanMs":75000,"managementMs":75000
backupMs":75000},"loggerConfig":{"diagnosticConte
ggingTracerConfig":{"enabled":true,"emitIntervalM
holdMs":1000,"viewThresholdMs":1000,"transactions
estTracer":"ThresholdLoggingTracer","meter":"Logg
el":"MAJORITY","timeoutMs":15000,"cleanupConfig":
024,"metadataCollection":"none","scanConsistency"
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.transactions - [co
eanup enabled=true
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.node - [com.couchb
[cb-io-kv-5-1] INFO com.couchbase.client.core.com
is accessible.
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.core - [com.couchb
Starting all workers...
Running.
WARNING: sun.reflect.Reflection.getCallerClass is
Seconds to complete 1...
Stopping all workers...
All workers have finished.
[main] INFO com.couchbase.transactions.cleanup -
[cb-txn-cleanup-4] INFO com.couchbase.transaction
[main] INFO com.couchbase.transactions.cleanup.lo
[cb-txn-cleanup-4] INFO com.couchbase.transaction
[cb-txn-cleanup-4] INFO com.couchbase.transaction
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.core - [com.couchb
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.node - [com.couchb
:0:0:0:1"}
[cb-events] INFO com.couchbase.core - [com.couchb
Saving results.
Report Out100 created successfully.
Done.
```

Test scenario



Run with
1,10,50,100,1000
number of threads



Loaded up 100 json
files



Test over 180
seconds



8 measures collected

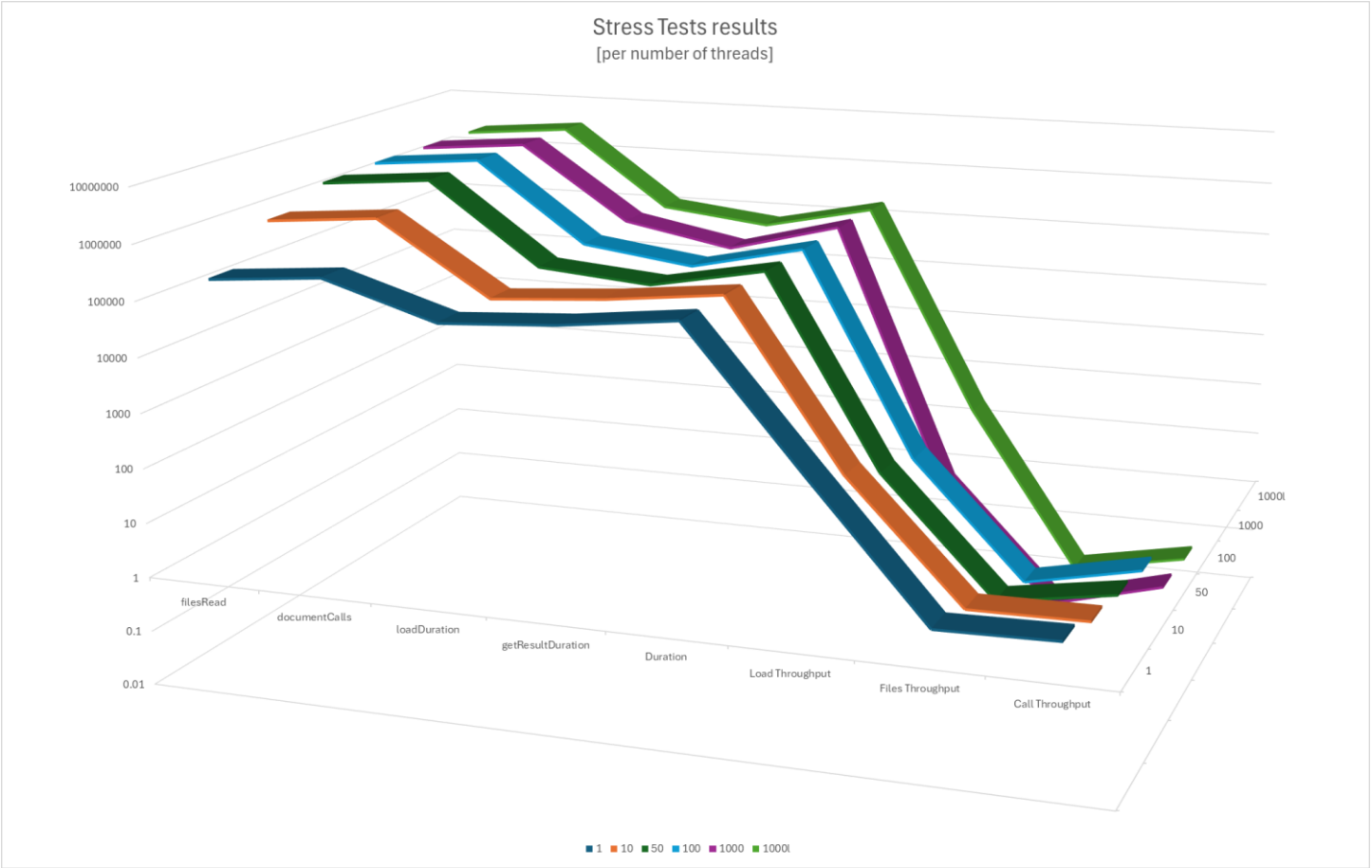
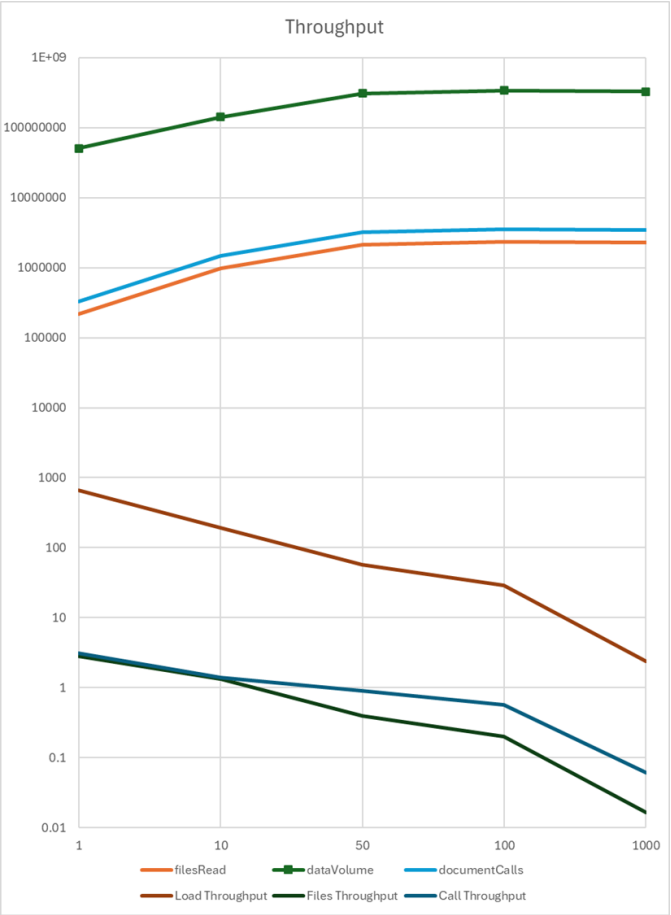


Output stored as csv
files

Measures

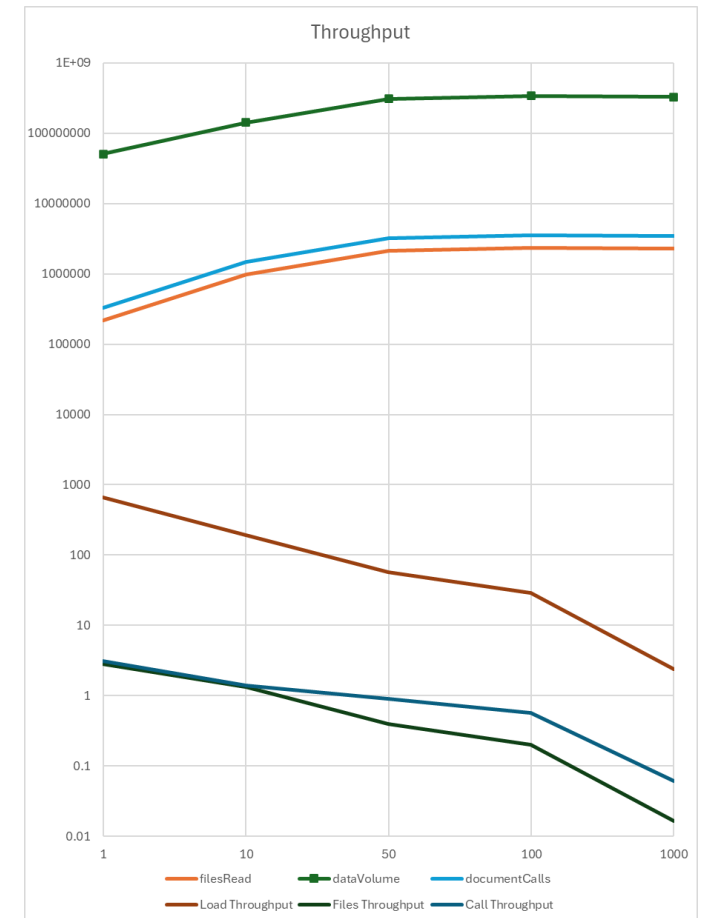
- Thread start and end timestamp [ms]
- Number of loops executed
- Document loading duration (loadDuration) [ms]
- Document retrieving duration (getResultDuration) [ms]
- Number of document read & loaded (filesRead)
- Number of document retrieved (documentCalls)
- Document volume (dataVolume) [B]

Test results



Conclusions

- Increasing number of threads
 - From 1 to 10 increases number of documents processed by 3.5x
 - Jump from 10 to 50 just doubles quantity
 - 100 gives only 10% increase over 50
 - 1000 threads does not bring value
- With large number of threads > 100
 - CPU, disk (IO) and Couchbase API limitation became a bottle neck
- Increasing the size of documents 10x does not affect performance



Final thoughts

- It was fun to do this exercise
- Good is enough
 - Each code can be improved, but do not need to
- Programming is like riding the bicycle
 - You can change bike but do not forget how to ride
- AI automates simple tasks
- I've recall/learned a lot 😊
- I like beer

