

Samantha was tasked with calculating the average monthly salaries for all employees in the **EMPLOYEES** table, but did not realize her keyboard's 0 key was broken until after completing the calculation. She wants your help finding the difference between her miscalculation (using salaries with any zeros removed), and the actual average salary.

Write a query calculating the amount of error (i.e.: *actual* — *miscalculated* average monthly salaries), and round it up to the next integer.

#### Input Format

The **EMPLOYEES** table is described as follows:

<i>Column</i>	<i>Type</i>
<i>ID</i>	<i>Integer</i>
<i>Name</i>	<i>String</i>
<i>Salary</i>	<i>Integer</i>

**Note:** Salary is per month.

#### Constraints

$1000 < \text{Salary} < 10^5$ .

#### Sample Input

<i>ID</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Salary</i>
1	Kristeen	1420
2	Ashley	2006
3	Julia	2210
4	Maria	3000

#### Sample Output

2061

### Explanation

The table below shows the salaries without zeros as they were entered by Samantha:

<i>ID</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Salary</i>
1	Kristeen	142
2	Ashley	26
3	Julia	221
4	Maria	3

Samantha computes an average salary of 98.00. The actual average salary is 2159.00.

The resulting error between the two calculations is  $2159.00 - 98.00 = 2061.00$ . Since it is equal to the integer 2061, it does not get rounded up.

```
SELECT CEIL((AVG(Salary)) - (AVG(REPLACE(Salary, '0', '')))) as a FROM EMPLOYEES;
```