## Data Structure Homework 1

1. Please derive the corresponding time complexity (Big-O) for each of the following program segments. (20%)

```
(a) k = 0;
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
k++;
```

```
(b) k = 0;
for (i=0; i<n; i++)
for (j=0; j<5*n; j++)
k++;
```

```
(c) k = 0;

for (i=0; i<n; i++)

for (j=0; j≤i*i; j++)

k++;
```

- (d) If the time complexity of Sort() is expressed as O(nlogn)
   i = 1;
   while (i<=n) {
   Sort();
   i = i \* 3;
   }</pre>
- Assume that each int element of an array occupies 4 units of storage and each
  double element of an array occupies 8 units of storage. Suppose that the first
  element of array A is A[0][0] and its address is 120. Please give the address of the
  indicated element in each of the following cases. (20%)
  - (a) int A[5][3] with column-major order, please find the address of element A[4][1]
  - (b) double A[4][6] with row-major order, please find the address of element A[2][3]
- 3. (a) Please derive the time complexity of the polynomial function f(n) is  $O(n^k)$ . (10%)

$$f(n) = a_k n^k + a_{k-1} n^{k-1} + a_{k-2} n^{k-2} + \dots + a_1 n^1 + a_0 n^0$$

(b) Please explain why the time complexity of the function x(n) and y(n) are O(logn). (10%)

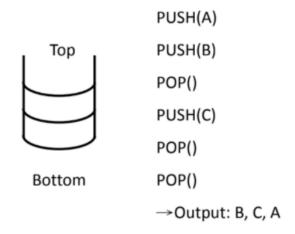
$$x(n) = \log_a n$$
;  $y(n) = \log_b n$ ;  $a, b$  are constants

4. Determine the value of the following postfix expressions when the variables have the following values: A is 32, B is 16, C is 4, D is 3, E is 5, and F is 2.

Show its evaluation steps (also show the stack of buffer values during execution). (20%)

- (a) ABC/\*D-E%F+
- (b) ABCD+\*EF\*%+
- 5. There are five sequentially input data {A, B, C, D, E}. When we perform the PUSH(X) or POP(), which situation(s) of output will not happen? Please explain your answer step by step. (20%)
  - (a) E, D, C, B, A
  - (b) A, C, D, B, E
  - (c) B, A, C, E, D
  - (d) C, E, D, A, B
  - (e) C, B, A, D, E

## Example:



## **Notices**

- 1. 繳交方式: 手寫(A4)
- 2. 繳交時間: 3/29(一)下課前(18:00)放置教室前方的小箱子,請勿遲交
- 3. 請在 A4 右上方附上姓名、學號、系級
- 4. 請附上詳細計算過程,若未附上該題零分計算