

# EX2

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## 1 Task 1

$$Q = cm\Delta T \quad (1)$$

$$c(\text{water}) = 4.2 \times 10^3 \text{ J/(kg}^\circ\text{C)} \quad (2)$$

$$P_{\text{loss}} = P_{\text{water}} = 2600 \text{ MW} \quad (3)$$

$$m_{\text{persecond}} = 6.180 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/s} \quad (4)$$

## 2 Task 3

RT-02 Boiling Water Reactors P30

## 3 Task 4

$$1\text{ppb} = 1/1000\text{ppm}$$

$$10\text{ppm} = 200 * 50\text{ppb}$$

## 4 Task 5

A power station with cooling tower loses 600 kg/s of cooling water by evaporation. The river water contains 0.6 g/l of calcium bicarbonate (hardness). It loses 1200L/s water, gets 0.72kg/s,  $2.27 \times 10^7 \text{ kg/year}$  of calcium bicarbonate (hardness).

$$1\text{year} = 31536000\text{s}$$

$$1\text{kg} = 2\text{L}$$

calcium bicarbonate:  $\text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$  Molar mass: 162.1146 g/mol

slaked lime, aka Calcium hydroxide:  $\text{Ca}(\text{OH})_2$  Molar mass: 74.093 g/mol

Density: 2.21 g/cm

In a year of continuous operation,