



2018

狗

年

大

吉

微信公众号：视学算法

```
function s=bopu(fengji,duanshu)

u=[3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17];

wavewmax = [16.444115 9.866469 7.047480 5.481373 4.484760
3.794799 3.288826 2.90190];

if fengji>8

    fengji=8;

end

if fengji<1

    fengji=1;

end

fi=fengji;

u=u(fi);

wmin=0;

wmax=wavewmax(fi);

m=duanshu;

wavemn=(wmax-wmin)/m;

w=[wmin:wavemn:wmax];

s=0.81*exp(-7400./(w*u+eps).^4)./(w.^5+eps);

plot(w,s);
```

```
function [z]=erweihailangboxing(fengji,pinpushu,jiaodushu)
```

```
% 3 2.438306 16.444115 4.053570
```

```
% 5 1.462983 9.866469 2.432142
```

```
% 7 1.044989 7.047480 1.737244
```

```
% 9 0.812770 5.481373 1.351190
```

```
% 11 0.664988 4.484760 1.105519
```

```
% 13 0.562683 3.794799 0.935439
```

```
% 15 0.487659 3.288826 0.810714
```

```
% 17 0.430288 2.901905 0.715336
```

```
wavewmin = [2.438306 1.462983 1.044989 0.812770 0.664988 0.562683  
0.487659 0.430288];
```

```
wavewmax = [16.444115 9.866469 7.047480 5.481373 4.484760  
3.794799 3.288826 2.90190];
```

```
wavewp=[4.053570 2.432142 1.737244 1.351190 1.105519 0.935439  
0.810714 0.715336];
```

```
%-----
```

```
u=[3,5,7,9,11,13,15,17];
```

```
%-----
```

```
if fengji>8
```

```
    fengji=8;
```

```
end
```

```
if fengji<1
```

```
    fengji=1;
```

```
end
```

```
fi=fengji;
```

```
wmin=wavewmin(fi);
```

```
wmax=wavewmax(fi);
```

```
wp=wavewp(fi);
```

```
ui=u(fi);
```

```
M=pinpushu;
```

```
N=jiaodushu;
```

```
wavewn=(wmax-wmin)/M;
```

```
thetawn=pi/N;
```

```
dx=1;
```

```
dy=1;
```

```
x=[0:dx:500];
```

```

y=[0:dy:300];

[x,y]=meshgrid(x,y);

z=zeros(size(x));

for wi=1:M

    for ki=1:N

        theta=-pi/2+(ki-1)*thetawn;

        epsin=rand*2*pi;

        w=wmin+(wi-1)*wavewn+wavewn/2;

        swi=0.81*exp(-7400/(w*ui+eps).^4)*2*(cos(theta)).^2/(pi*(w.^5+
eps));

        an=sqrt(2*swi*wavewn*theta);

        z1=w*w*x*cos(theta)/9.8+w*w*y*sin(theta)/9.8+epsin;

        z=an*cos(z1)+z;

    end

end

surfl(x,y,z);

shading interp;

lightangle(-45,30);

set(findobj(gca,'type','surface'),'FaceLighting','phong','AmbientStrength',
.3,'DiffuseStrength',.8,...

'SpecularStrength',.9,'SpecularExponent',200)

```

```
function [y1]=hailangboxing(fengji,duanshu)
```

```
% 3 2.438306 16.444115 4.053570
```

```
% 5 1.462983 9.866469 2.432142
```

```
% 7 1.044989 7.047480 1.737244
```

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```

```
% 17 0.430288 2.901905 0.715336
```

```
wavewmin = [2.438306 1.462983 1.044989 0.812770 0.664988 0.562683  
0.487659 0.430288];
```

```
wavewmax = [16.444115 9.866469 7.04748 5.481373 4.484760 3.794799  
3.288826 2.901905];
```

```
wavewp=[4.053570 2.432142 1.737244 1.351190 1.105519 0.935439  
0.810714 0.715336];
```

%-----

u=[3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17];

%-----

if fengji>8

 fengji=8;

end

if fengji<1

 fengji=1;

end

fi=fengji;

wmin=wavewmin(fi);

wmax=wavewmax(fi);

%wp=wavewp(fi);

ui=u(fi);

M=duanshu;

%epsin=rand*2*pi;

wavewn=(wmax-wmin)/M;

dx=0.5;

dz=0.5;

```

x=[0:dx:125];

z=[0:dz:125];

[x,z]=meshgrid(x,z);

y=zeros(size(x));

for wi=1:M

    epsin=rand*2*pi;

    w=wmin+(wi-1)*wavewn;

    swi=0.81*exp(-7400/(w*ui+eps).^4)/(w.^5+eps);

    an=sqrt(2*swi*wavewn);

    y1=w*w*x/9.8+epsin;

    y=an*cos(y1)+y;

end

y1=y(25,:);

plot(y1);

```

```

function [data1]=SDwave(N,initWave)

```

%输入 N 为：方阵的维数 2^N+1 ,在方阵的四个角的顶点上放置的初值，

maxWave 为波动的程度

%这里定为四个初值一样，这是可拼接的必要条件

% Example:

```

%      tic;

```

```

%      d=SquareDiamond2(5,0,10);

```

```
%      d=d-mod(d,1);  
  
%      colormap(pink);  
  
%  
  
%      surf(d);  
  
%      shading faceted  
  
%      axis equal  
  
%      toc
```

```
%n=2^N;  
  
% data=zeros(n+1);  
  
% data(1,1)=initvalue;  
  
% data(1,n+1)=initvalue;  
  
% data(n+1,1)=initvalue;  
  
% data(n+1,n+1)=initvalue;  
  
data=initWave;  
  
r0=0.03;  
  
for i1=1:N  
  
    w=(N-i1)/(N-1);  
  
    r=r0*w*w;  
  
    data=mytry(data,r);
```



```

    nd=size(data,1);
    for idn=2:nd-1
        for idm=2:nd-1
            data1(idn,idm)=(1/6)*(data(idn,idm-1)+data(idn,idm+1)+data(idn
+1,idm)+data(idn-1,idm)+data(idn,idm)+data(idn,idm));
        end
    end
end

end

colormap(winter);
surf(data1);

```

```

function [x]=rnd(absvalue)

```

%扩展的随机函数生成器，产生绝对值小于 absvalue 的随机实数

x=(rand(1)-0.5)*2*absvalue;

function [data]=mytry(initdata,r)

%square=====

%x---x

%-----

%--0-- 由四个 x 定中间的 0

%-----

%x---x

m=2;

n0=size(initdata,1);

for i1=1:n0

 for i2=1:n0

 data(i1*2-1,i2*2-1)=initdata(i1,i2);

 end

end

 n=n0*2-2;

for i=1:m:n

 for j=1:m:n

```

        data((i+i+m)/2,(j+j+m)/2)=(data(i,j)+data(i,j+m)+data(i+m,j)+data(i
+m,j+m))/4+rnd(r);

```

```

    end

```

```

end

```

```

%diamond=====

```

```

=

```

```

%---x--

```

```

%-----

```

```

%x-0-x 由四个 x 定中间的 0

```

```

%-----

```

```

%---x--

```

```

%钻石步骤的横向部分

```

```

%line No.1 and last

```

```

for j=1+m/2:m:n

```

```

    data(1,j)=(data(1,j+m/2)+data(1+m/2,j)+data(1,j-m/2)+data(n+1-m/2,
j))/4+rnd(r);

```

```

    data(n+1,j)=data(1,j);

```

```

end

```

```

%middle

```

```

for i=1+m:m:n

```

```

for j=1+m/2:m:n

    data(i,j)=(data(i,j+m/2)+data(i+m/2,j)+data(i,j-m/2)+data(i-m/2,j))/4
+rnd(r);

end

end

```

%钻石步骤的纵向部分

%line No.1 and last

```

for i=1+m/2:m:n

    data(i,1)=(data(i,1+m/2)+data(i+m/2,1)+data(i,n+1-m/2)+data(i-m/2,
1))/4+rnd(r);

    data(i,n+1)=data(i,1);

end

```

%middle

```

for i=1+m/2:m:n

    for j=1+m:m:n

        data(i,j)=(data(i,j+m/2)+data(i+m/2,j)+data(i,j-m/2)+data(i-m/2,j))/4
+rnd(r);

    end

end

```

```
% if (m>2)

%   data=mytry(data,m/2,r/3,n);

% end

%
```



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