

$$P < A^T P A + Q - A^T P B (R + B^T P B)^{-1} B^T P A \quad - (1)$$

$$P > 0 \quad - (2)$$

Schur Complement

$$\begin{bmatrix} X & Y \\ Y^T & Z \end{bmatrix} > 0 \Leftrightarrow \begin{bmatrix} X - Y Z^{-1} Y^T & 0 \\ 0 & Z \end{bmatrix} > 0$$

The given inequality (1)(2) can be expressed as

$$A^T P A + Q - P - A^T P B (R + B^T P B)^{-1} B^T P A > 0 \quad - (3)$$

$$P > 0 \quad - (4)$$

$$\text{Let } X = A^T P A + Q - P$$

$$Y = A^T P B \Leftrightarrow Y^T = B^T P A$$

$$Z = R + B^T P B$$

Then inequality (3) can be expressed as

$$\begin{bmatrix} A^T P A + Q - P & A^T P B \\ B^T P A & R + B^T P B \end{bmatrix} > 0 \quad - (5)$$

Inequality (4) can be included into (5) as follows

$$\begin{bmatrix} A^T P A + Q - P & A^T P B & 0 \\ B^T P A & R + B^T P B & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & P \end{bmatrix} > 0$$