

AuE-ME 4600-6600 (Fall 2022) – Homework Assignment #4

Reference: Chapter 5 (Milliken, Race Car Vehicle Dynamics)

Due Date: 10/20/22, at midnight

Problem 1 (25 pts.)

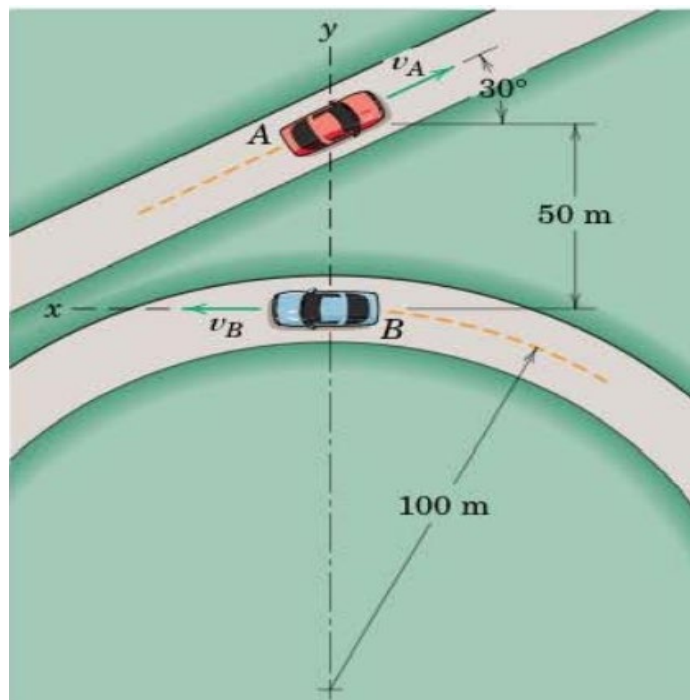
Given a vehicle with wheelbase $l = 3.05$ m and a CG position with $a/l = 0.45$.

- A) Determine the error in the Ackermann steering angle if you use the small angle approximation while cornering with a radius of 105m.
- B) Determine the yaw velocity and the lateral acceleration of a vehicle which travels on circular track with radius 620 ft and a velocity of 70 mph.
- C) Suppose that now the vehicle has a wheelbase of 2.7 m, a mass of 105 slugs and the location of the center of gravity is given by $a/l=0.5$. Determine the vehicle's slip angle. The cornering stiffness at the front and rear wheels amounts to 750 N/deg when the vehicle is driven with 111 km/h on a circular path of radius 232 m. Compare this vehicle slip angle with the vehicle slip angle β_0 for force-free rolling.

Problem 2 (25 pts.)

Each of the two cars A and B is travelling with a constant speed of 90 km/h.

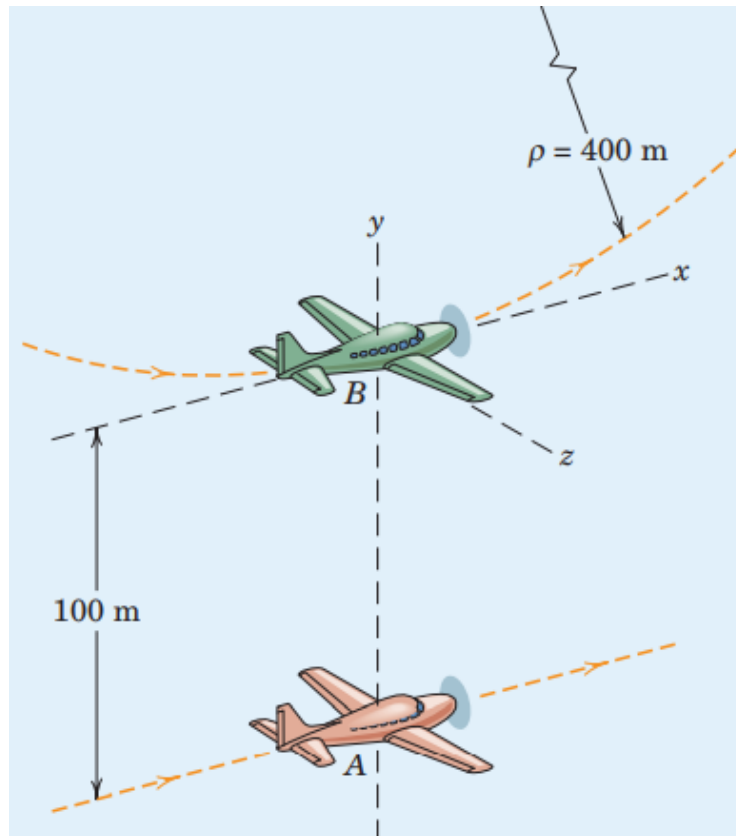
- 1. Determine the velocity and acceleration of car A as seen by an observer moving and rotating with car B when the cars are in the position shown. The x-y axes are attached to car B.
- 2. Is this apparent velocity the negative of the velocity which B appears to have to a nonrotating observer in car A. If not, Explain the reason ?



Problem 3 (25 pts.)

Aircraft B has a constant speed of 150 m/s as it passes the bottom of a circular loop of 400-m radius. Aircraft A flying horizontally in the plane of the loop passes 100 m directly below B at a constant speed of 100 m/s.

- Determine the instantaneous velocity and acceleration which A appears to have to the pilot of B, who is fixed to his rotating aircraft.
- Compare your results for part (a) with the case of erroneously treating the pilot of aircraft B as nonrotating.



Problem 4 (25 pts.)

Consider the following Bicycle Model vehicle:

<i>Mass:</i>	2100 kg
<i>Wheelbase:</i>	3.3 m
<i>Weight Distribution:</i>	Defined below.
<i>Front Cornering Stiffness:</i>	-78.9 kN/rad
<i>Rear Cornering Stiffness:</i>	-77.5 kN/rad

This vehicle is being driven on a 144 m radius (left turn) skid pad at ever increasing speed, from zero to 78 mph.

For the weight distributions 38% front ($a=2.046$ m, $b=1.254$ m), 50% front ($a=1.65$ m, $b=1.65$ m), and 62% front ($a=1.254$ m, $b=2.046$ m), answer the following:

- A. Plot Front Slip Angle vs. Lateral Acceleration
- B. Plot Rear Slip Angle vs. Lateral Acceleration
- C. Plot Vehicle Sideslip Angle (β) vs. Lateral Acceleration
- D. Plot Steer Angle vs. Lateral Acceleration

You should plot the results for all three models in one figure for each of the questions.