

## Python library (scikit-rf) - example: Ring slot, Tee, T line.

-> Jay Gautam, Darmstadt, Germany. -> Learning objective:

1. Different information about the device.
2. Smith Chart
3. Scattering parameter- frequency domain, time domain
4. Phase diagram
5. Cascading of two network and phase difference

Install the library and import the packages.

```
In [174]: !pip3 install scikit-rf
# pip install scikit-rf
```

```
In [161]: import skrf as rf # import the rf module
from skrf.data import ring_slot, line, tee # import the data of a particular model(example- 2 port n/w ring slot device).

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
```

Device information

```
In [162]: ## information about the ring slot device. It imports the impedance matrix in the frequency range 75-110 GHz
ring_slot
# tee
# line
```

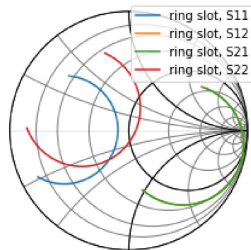
```
Out[162]: 2-Port Network: 'ring slot', 75.0-110.0 GHz, 201 pts, z0=[50.+0.j 50.+0.j]
```

```
In [163]: ## Several attributes: scattering matrix- attribute of this model.
## ways to see the attributes or property: ring_slot.<click tab>, ring_slot.frequency.<click tab>
# ring_slot.s
ring_slot.s.shape # complex matrix of individual 2X2 matrix with 201 elements. no. of frequencies = 201. no. of port=2
# len(ring_slot.s)
# ring_slot.frequency # frequency property
# ring_slot.frequency.f # frequency vector in terms of GHz
# ring_slot.frequency.f_scaled # scaled frequency vector in terms of GHz
```

```
Out[163]: (201, 2, 2)
```

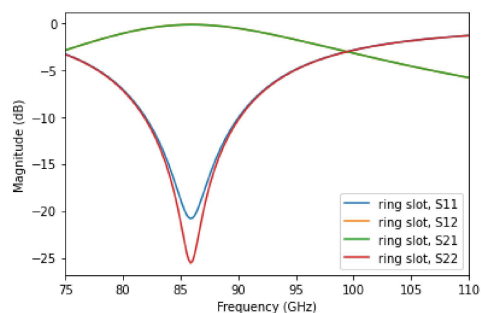
Ring Slot- Smith Chart

```
In [164]: ## Smith chart of the ring slot. Information about scattering parameters
ring_slot.plot_s_smith() # polar plot.
#line.plot_s_smith() # polar plot.
#tee.plot_s_smith() # polar plot.
```

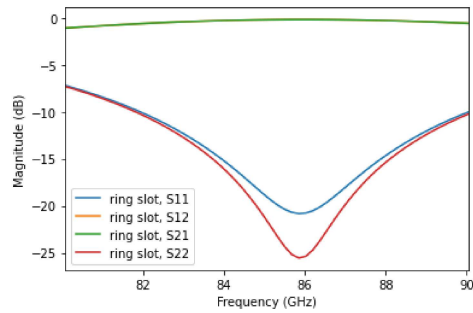


Ring Slot- S-Parameter: Frequency and time domain

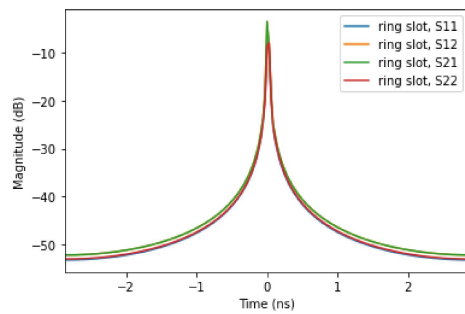
```
In [165]: ring_slot.plot_s_db() # dB- scale plot of S parameters- frequency domain. Magnitude plot.
```



```
In [166]: #ring_slot[80:90].plot_s_db() # dB- scale plot of S parameters- frequency domain. Magnitude plot.
ring_slot['80-90ghz'].plot_s_db() # sliced: dB- scale plot of S parameters- frequency domain. Magnitude plot.
# ring_slot['80-90ghz'].plot_s_db(m=0, n=0) # sliced and s11 with m and n value: dB- scale plot of S parameters- frequency domain. Magnitude plot.
```

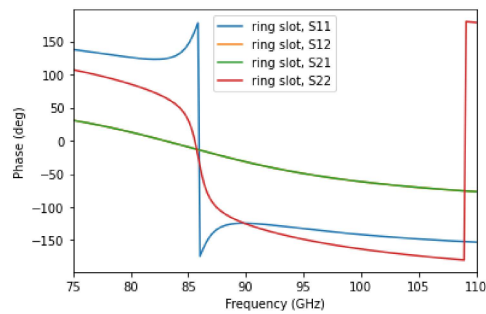


```
In [167]: ring_slot.plot_s_time_db() # dB- scale plot of S parameters- time domain
```



### Ring Slot- Phase diagram

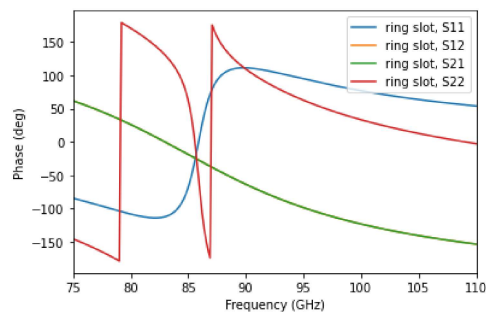
```
In [168]: # phase (in degree) vs frequency plot of S parameters.
ring_slot.plot_s_deg()
```



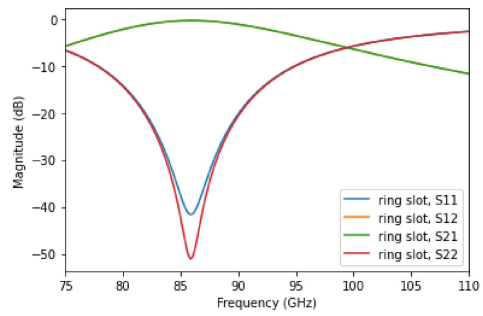
### Ring Slot- cascading two port network

```
In [169]: netw11 = ring_slot.copy()
netw12 = ring_slot.copy()
## cascading two 2 port networks- r1 and r2. Currently both are same.
netw1 = r1*r2
```

```
In [170]: # Phase plot connected network- netw1
netw1.plot_s_deg()
```



```
In [171]: # s-para of connected network: netw1
netw1.plot_s_db()
```



```
In [172]: # Finding phase difference of the devices connected together. Complex division equivalent to subtraction.
netw_phase_diff = (r1*r2)/r2
netw_phase_diff.plot_s_deg() # it will give the phase plot of r1.
```

