

Matrix Methods – Statistics Honours

Chapter 1 Exercises Solutions

Exercise 1.1

$$\mathbf{D}_{(p \times p)} = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & d_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & d_p \end{bmatrix}, \text{ then}$$

$${}_p\mathbf{D}_p\mathbf{A}_m = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 & 0 & \dots & 0 \\ 0 & d_2 & \dots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \dots & d_p \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & \dots & a_{1m} \\ a_{21} & \dots & a_{2m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ a_{p1} & \dots & a_{pm} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} d_1 a_{11} & \dots & d_1 a_{1m} \\ d_2 a_{21} & \dots & d_2 a_{2m} \\ \vdots & & \vdots \\ d_p a_{p1} & \dots & d_p a_{pm} \end{bmatrix} \text{ so that}$$

The ij -th element of \mathbf{DA} is given by $d_i a_{ij}$, or $\mathbf{DA} = \{d_i a_{ij}\}$.

Exercise 1.2

a)

$$\begin{aligned} ({}_m\mathbf{A}_n\mathbf{B}_p)' &= \left(\left\{ \sum_{k=1}^n a_{ik}b_{kj} \right\} \right)' = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{k1} & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{k2} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{kp} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{k1} & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{k2} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{kp} \end{bmatrix}' \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{k1} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{k1} \\ \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{k2} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{k2} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \sum_{k=1}^n a_{1k}b_{kp} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n a_{mk}b_{kp} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \sum_{k=1}^n b_{k1}a_{1k} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n b_{k1}a_{mk} \\ \sum_{k=1}^n b_{k2}a_{1k} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n b_{k2}a_{mk} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \sum_{k=1}^n b_{kp}a_{1k} & \dots & \sum_{k=1}^n b_{kp}a_{mk} \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \left\{ \sum_{k=1}^n b_{ki}a_{jk} \right\} = \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{A}' \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
tr({}_m\mathbf{A}_n\mathbf{B}_m) &= tr\left(\left\{\sum_{k=1}^n a_{ik}b_{kj}\right\}\right) \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^m \left[\sum_{k=1}^n a_{ik}b_{k\textcolor{red}{i}}\right] \\
&= \sum_{k=1}^n \sum_{i=1}^m b_{ki}a_{ik} \\
&= tr\left(\left\{\sum_{i=1}^m b_{ki}a_{i\textcolor{red}{h}}\right\}\right) \\
&= tr(\mathbf{BA})
\end{aligned}$$

Exercise 1.3

Let $\mathbf{B} = \mathbf{A}'$, then

$$tr(\mathbf{A}'\mathbf{A}) = tr\left(\left\{\sum_{k=1}^n b_{ik}a_{kj}\right\}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\sum_{k=1}^n b_{ik}a_{ki}\right] = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{k=1}^n a_{ki}a_{ki} = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^n a_{ij}^2$$

Exercise 1.4

a)

$$\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{1} = [1 \dots 1] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 1 + \dots + 1 = n$$

b)

$$\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{x} = [1 \dots 1] \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} = x_1 + \dots + x_n = \sum_{i=1}^n x_i$$

c)

$$\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right)\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x} - \left(\frac{1}{n}\sum_{i=1}^n x_i\right)\mathbf{1} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{bmatrix} - \bar{x} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \vdots \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 - \bar{x} \\ x_2 - \bar{x} \\ \vdots \\ x_n - \bar{x} \end{bmatrix}$$

Exercise 1.5

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right)\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right) &= \mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{I}\mathbf{J} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{n^2}\mathbf{J}\mathbf{J} \\ &= \mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J} + \frac{1}{n^2}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}' \\ &= \mathbf{I} - \frac{2}{n}\mathbf{J} + \frac{n}{n^2}\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}' \\ &= \mathbf{I} - \frac{2}{n}\mathbf{J} + \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J} = \mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\end{aligned}$$

Exercise 1.6

$$\begin{aligned}\mathbf{x}'\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right)\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right)\mathbf{x} &= \mathbf{x}'\left(\mathbf{I} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{J}\right)\mathbf{x} \\ &= \mathbf{x}'\mathbf{x} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{J}\mathbf{x} \\ &= \mathbf{x}'\mathbf{x} - \frac{1}{n}\mathbf{x}'\mathbf{1}\mathbf{1}'\mathbf{x} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - \frac{1}{n}\left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i\right)^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2 - n\bar{x}^2 \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \bar{x})^2\end{aligned}$$
