

# Exploratory Data Analysis

Art Tay

## Appendix - Code

```
# Libraries
library(tidyverse)
library(VIM)
library(mice)
```

```
# Load in Data
data_full <- read.csv("AB_NYC_2019.csv", stringsAsFactors = T, header = T)
dim(data_full)
```

```
## [1] 48895    16
```

```
colnames(data_full)
```

```
## [1] "id"                "name"
## [3] "host_id"           "host_name"
## [5] "neighbourhood_group" "neighbourhood"
## [7] "latitude"          "longitude"
## [9] "room_type"         "price"
## [11] "minimum_nights"    "number_of_reviews"
## [13] "last_review"       "reviews_per_month"
## [15] "calculated_host_listings_count" "availability_365"
```

```
str(data_full)
```

```
## 'data.frame':    48895 obs. of  16 variables:
## $ id                : int  2539 2595 3647 3831 5022 5099 5121 5178 5203 5238 ...
## $ name              : Factor w/ 47906 levels "", "'Fan'tastic",...: 12573 38017 45019 155...
## $ host_id           : int  2787 2845 4632 4869 7192 7322 7356 8967 7490 7549 ...
## $ host_name         : Factor w/ 11453 levels "", "'Cil", "-TheQueensCornerLot",...: 4997 4...
## $ neighbourhood_group : Factor w/ 5 levels "Bronx", "Brooklyn",...: 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 ...
## $ neighbourhood     : Factor w/ 221 levels "Allerton", "Arden Heights",...: 109 128 95 42 ...
## $ latitude          : num  40.6 40.8 40.8 40.7 40.8 ...
## $ longitude          : num  -74 -74 -73.9 -74 -73.9 ...
## $ room_type          : Factor w/ 3 levels "Entire home/apt",...: 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 ...
## $ price              : int  149 225 150 89 80 200 60 79 79 150 ...
## $ minimum_nights     : int  1 1 3 1 10 3 45 2 2 1 ...
## $ number_of_reviews  : int  9 45 0 270 9 74 49 430 118 160 ...
## $ last_review        : Factor w/ 1765 levels "", "2011-03-28",...: 1503 1717 1 1762 1534 1...
## $ reviews_per_month : num  0.21 0.38 NA 4.64 0.1 0.59 0.4 3.47 0.99 1.33 ...
## $ calculated_host_listings_count: int  6 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 ...
## $ availability_365   : int  365 355 365 194 0 129 0 220 0 188 ...
```

## Data Cleaning

```
# Data cleaning
```

```
# Removing uninformative variables (names).
```

```
data_quant <- data_full %>% select(-c(id, host_id, name, host_name))  
str(data_quant)
```

```
## 'data.frame': 48895 obs. of 12 variables:  
## $ neighbourhood_group : Factor w/ 5 levels "Bronx","Brooklyn",...: 2 3 3 2 3 3 2 3 3 3 ...  
## $ neighbourhood : Factor w/ 221 levels "Allerton","Arden Heights",...: 109 128 95 42 ...  
## $ latitude : num 40.6 40.8 40.8 40.7 40.8 ...  
## $ longitude : num -74 -74 -73.9 -74 -73.9 ...  
## $ room_type : Factor w/ 3 levels "Entire home/apt",...: 2 1 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 ...  
## $ price : int 149 225 150 89 80 200 60 79 79 150 ...  
## $ minimum_nights : int 1 1 3 1 10 3 45 2 2 1 ...  
## $ number_of_reviews : int 9 45 0 270 9 74 49 430 118 160 ...  
## $ last_review : Factor w/ 1765 levels "", "2011-03-28",...: 1503 1717 1 1762 1534 1 ...  
## $ reviews_per_month : num 0.21 0.38 NA 4.64 0.1 0.59 0.4 3.47 0.99 1.33 ...  
## $ calculated_host_listings_count: int 6 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 4 ...  
## $ availability_365 : int 365 355 365 194 0 129 0 220 0 188 ...
```

```
# Missing data.
```

```
# Code value that might mean missing.
```

```
# price == 0 -> NA
```

```
# latitude == 0 -> NA
```

```
# longitude == 0 -> NA
```

```
# min_night == 0 -> NA
```

```
# factors == "" or " " -> NA
```

```
# A functions that checks values of factors to
```

```
# see if they are " " or "".
```

```
# If they are the function replaces them with NA.
```

```
# Otherwise it returns the original value.
```

```
check_empty_string <- function(x){  
  return(x)  
}
```

```
data_quant_mis <- data_quant %>%  
  mutate(price, ifelse(price == 0, NA, price)) %>%  
  mutate(latitude, ifelse(latitude == 0, NA, latitude)) %>%  
  mutate(longitude, ifelse(longitude == 0, NA, longitude)) %>%  
  mutate(minimum_nights, ifelse(minimum_nights == 0, NA, minimum_nights))
```

```
head(data_quant_mis)
```

```
## neighbourhood_group neighbourhood latitude longitude room_type price  
## 1 Brooklyn Kensington 40.64749 -73.97237 Private room 149  
## 2 Manhattan Midtown 40.75362 -73.98377 Entire home/apt 225  
## 3 Manhattan Harlem 40.80902 -73.94190 Private room 150  
## 4 Brooklyn Clinton Hill 40.68514 -73.95976 Entire home/apt 89
```

```

## 5      Manhattan  East Harlem 40.79851 -73.94399 Entire home/apt 80
## 6      Manhattan  Murray Hill 40.74767 -73.97500 Entire home/apt 200
##  minimum_nights number_of_reviews last_review reviews_per_month
## 1           1           9 2018-10-19           0.21
## 2           1          45 2019-05-21           0.38
## 3           3           0                NA
## 4           1         270 2019-07-05           4.64
## 5          10           9 2018-11-19           0.10
## 6           3          74 2019-06-22           0.59
##  calculated_host_listings_count availability_365 ifelse(price == 0, NA, price)
## 1              6              365              149
## 2              2              355              225
## 3              1              365              150
## 4              1              194              89
## 5              1               0              80
## 6              1             129             200
##  ifelse(latitude == 0, NA, latitude) ifelse(longitude == 0, NA, longitude)
## 1              40.64749          -73.97237
## 2              40.75362          -73.98377
## 3              40.80902          -73.94190
## 4              40.68514          -73.95976
## 5              40.79851          -73.94399
## 6              40.74767          -73.97500
##  ifelse(minimum_nights == 0, NA, minimum_nights)
## 1              1
## 2              1
## 3              3
## 4              1
## 5             10
## 6              3

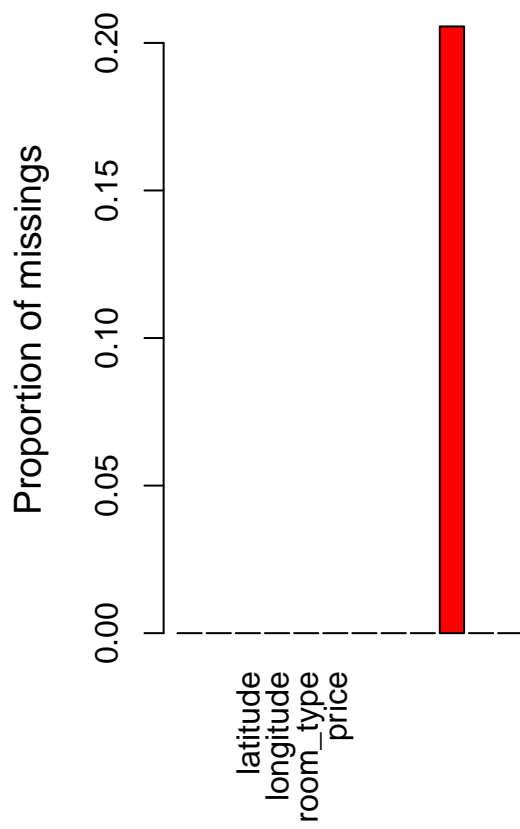
```

```

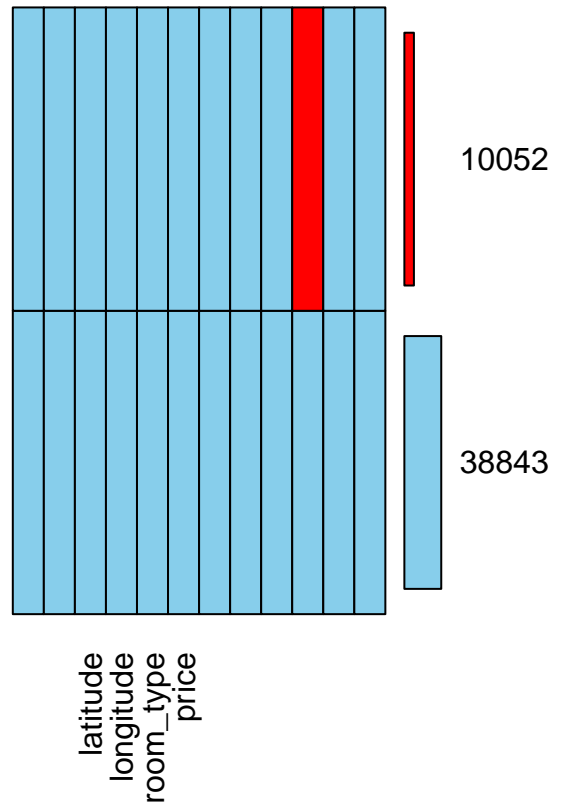
# Check for amount and types of missing data.
mis_plot <- aggr(data_quant, number = T, prop = c(T, F))

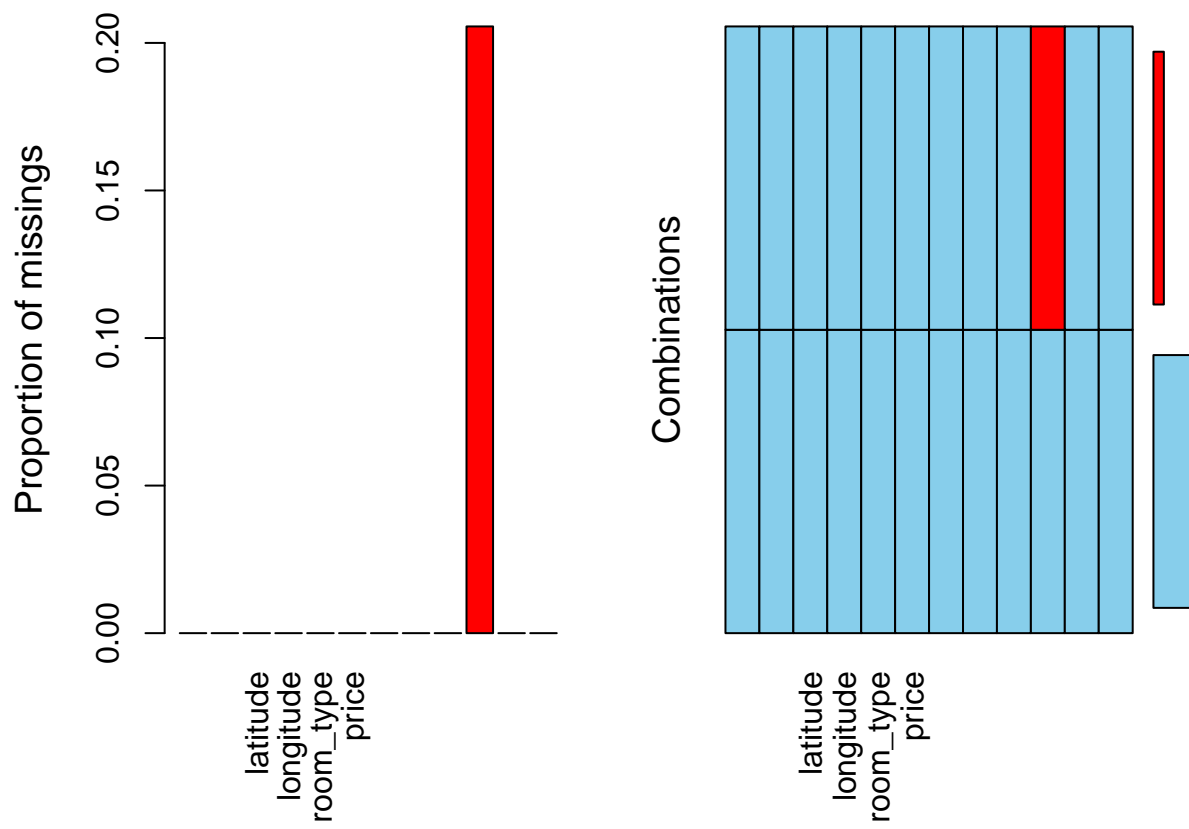
```

```
plot(mis_plot)
```



Combinations



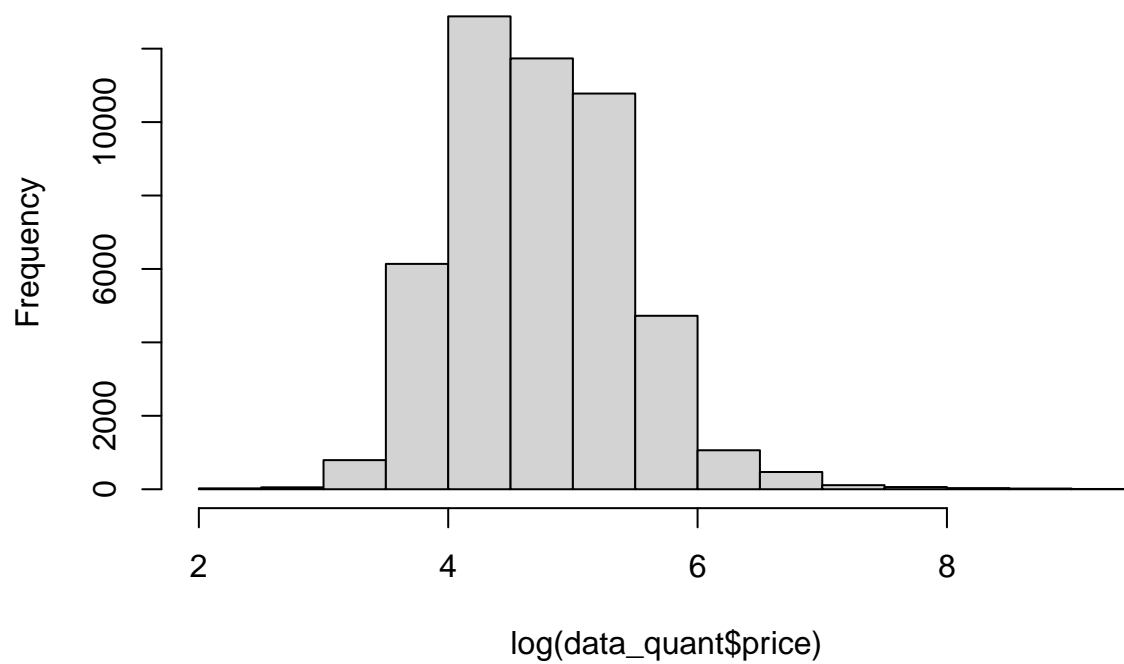


## Feature Engineering

## Visualizations

```
# Histogram of price
hist(log(data_quant$price)) # very right skewed - expected
```

**Histogram of  $\log(\text{data\_quant}\$price)$**



```
# boxplot by neighborhood  
plot_1 <- data_quant %>%  
  ggplot(aes(x = neighbourhood_group, y = log(price))) +  
  geom_boxplot()
```