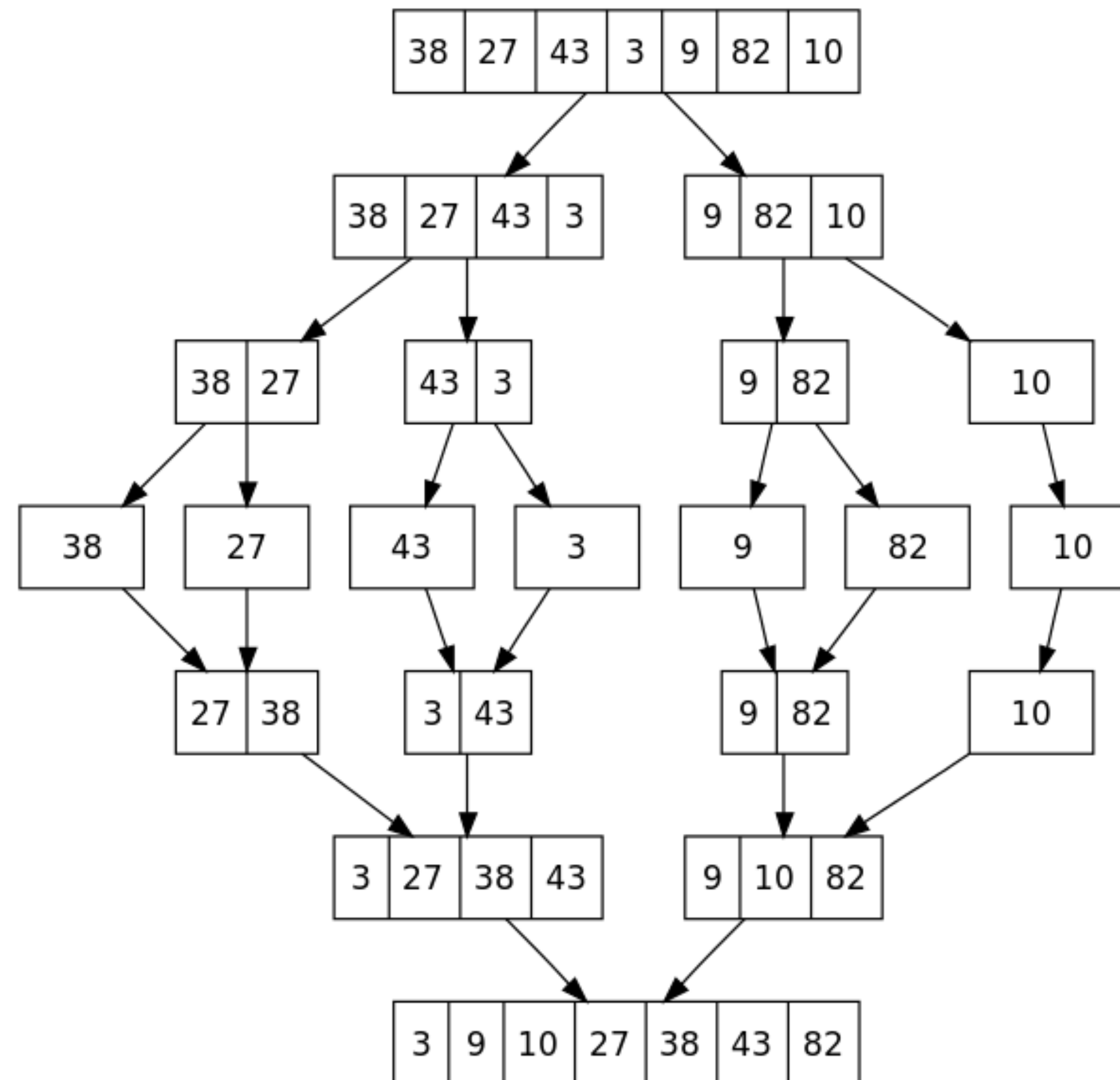




Merge Sort

6 5 3 1 8 7 2 4

Merge Sort



Merge Sort (iterative)

1. Divide array of n elements into n arrays of 1 element
2. Merge neighboring arrays in sorted order
3. Repeat 2 until there's only one array

Merge Sort (recursive)

1. If array is one element, good job it's sorted!
2. Otherwise, split the array and merge sort each half
3. Merge combined halves into sorted whole

Big O

	Bubble Sort	Merge Sort
Time	$O(n^2)$	$O(n \cdot \log n)$
Space	$O(1)$	$O(n)$

Why is merge sort faster?



Merge Sort Speedup

- Combining two lists that are each already sorted into one list that is sorted is a linear time operation
- There are $\log_2(n)$ steps needed to go from n lists of one item each to one list of n items