

Name - Abu Sufian

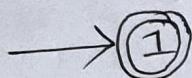
ID - 18-38659-3

Section - M

1. Give NFAs with the specified number of states recognizing each of the following language. In all cases, the alphabet is $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$

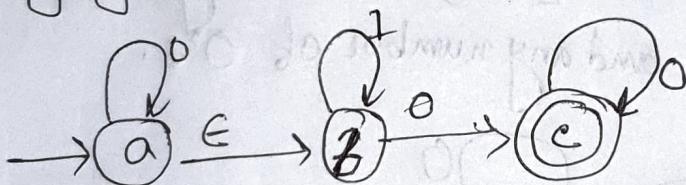
a) The language $\{\epsilon\}$ with one state.

Ans:

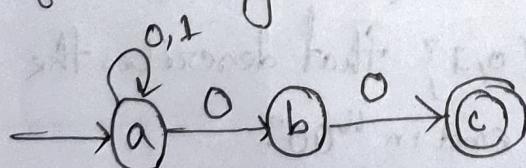


b) The language $0^*1^*0^*0$ with three states.

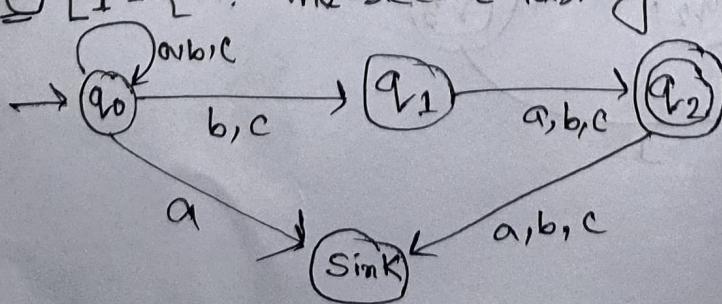
Ans:



c) Draw the simplest possible NFA (in terms of number of states and arcs) for $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ that describes the language of all strings that end in "00".

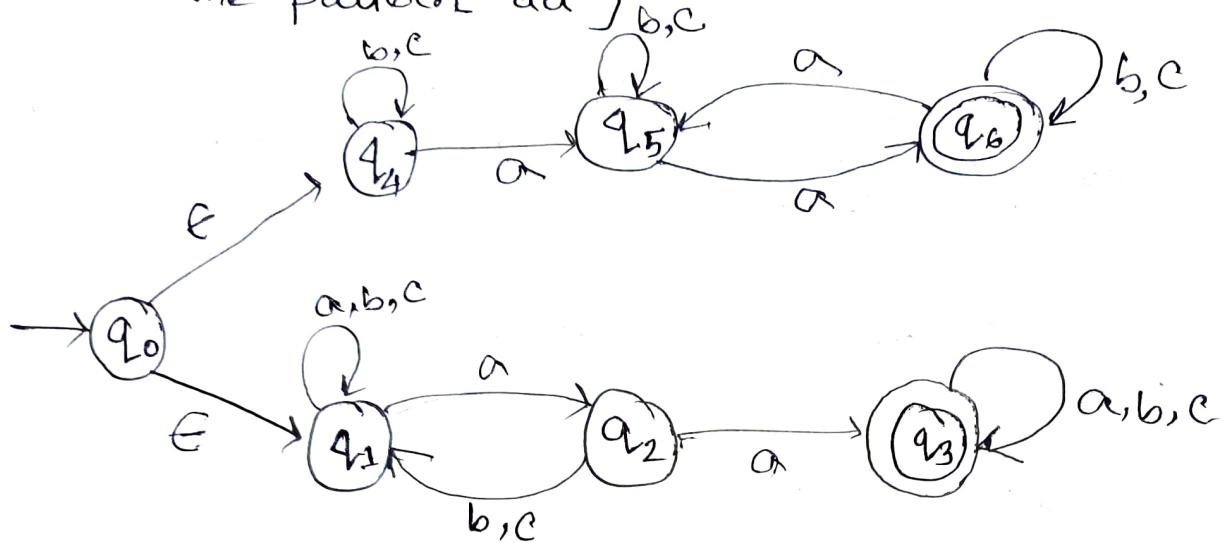


[B] Give NFAs with for the following languages where alphabet is $\Sigma = \{a,b,c\}$. a) $L_1 = \{w : \text{the second last symbol of } w \text{ is not 'a'}\}$

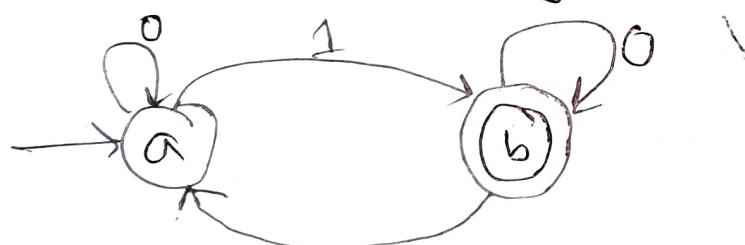


(2)

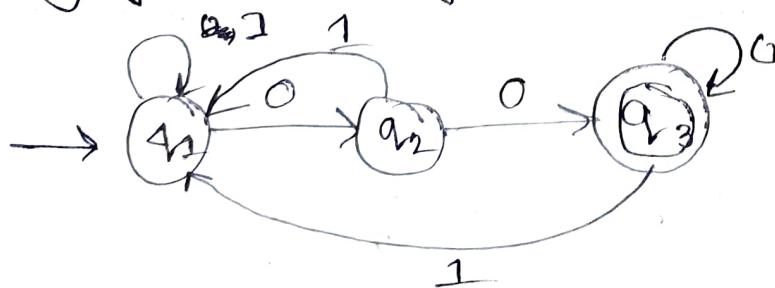
- ⑥ $L_2 = \{w : w \text{ contains an even number of } a's \text{ or contains the pattern 'aa'}\}$



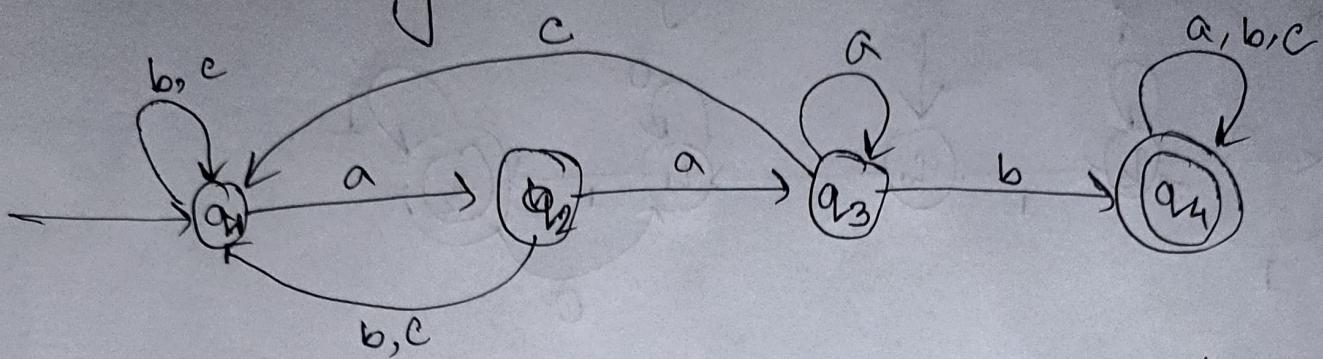
- ② A Give a DFA for $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ and strings that have an odd number of 1's and any number of 0's.



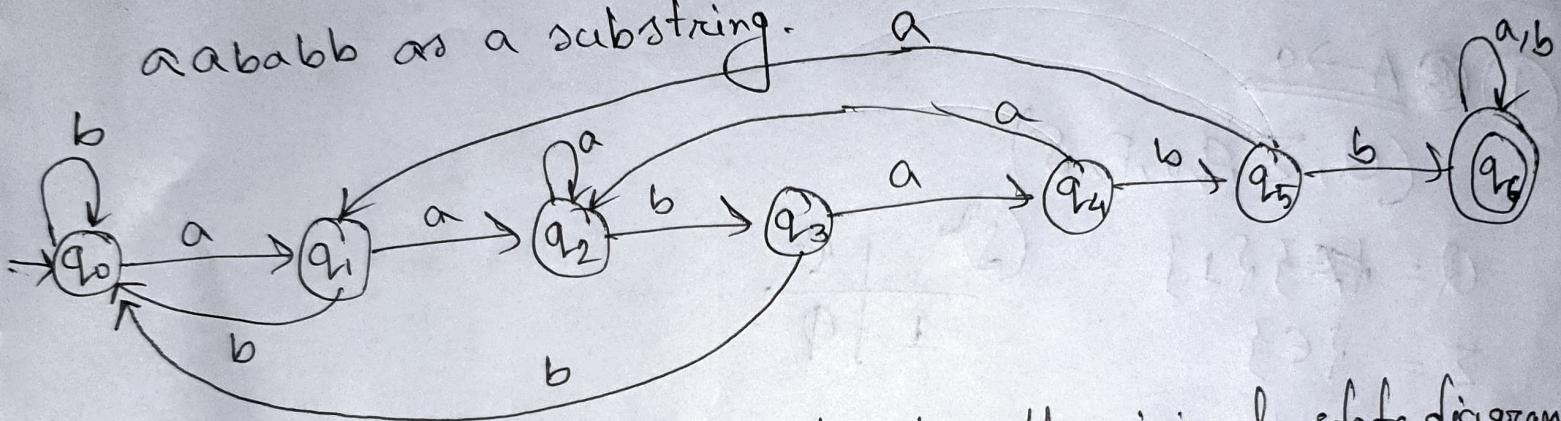
- ③ Draw the simplest possible DFA (in terms of number of states and arcs) for $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$ that describes the language of all strings that end in "00".



③ Give a DFA for $\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$ that accepts any string with ^③aab as a substring.

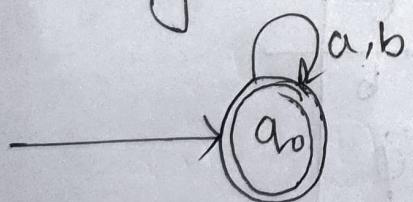


③ Give a DFA for $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$ that accepts any strings with aababb as a substring.

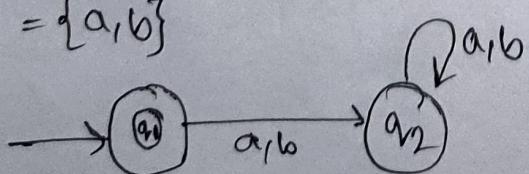


③ For each of the below parts, draw the minimal state diagram of the DFA that recognizes the given language.

A. $L = \text{the empty } \emptyset \text{ language with } \Sigma = \{a, b\}$

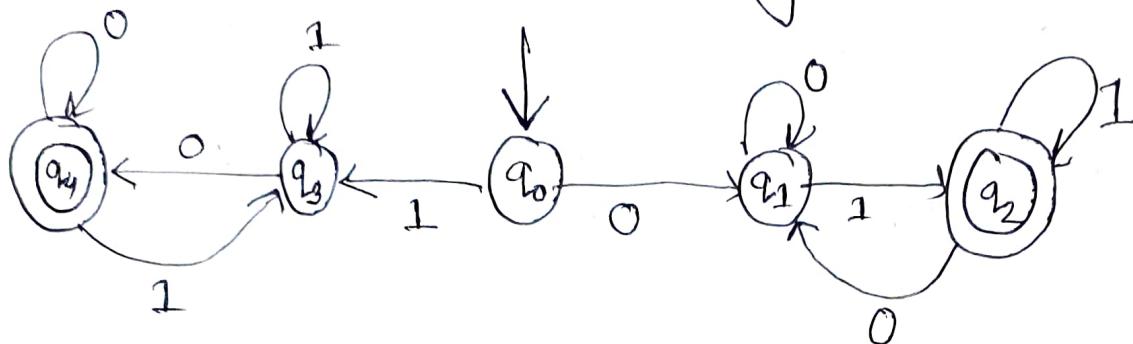


B. $L = \text{the language that accepts only the empty string } \epsilon \text{ with } \Sigma = \{a, b\}$



(4)

$\subseteq L = \{ w \in \Sigma^* \mid w \text{ does not contain an equal number of occurrences of the substrings } 01 \text{ and } 10 \}$ with $\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$



4. Write formal definition for the question 1, 3.

① ~~A~~ \xrightarrow{a}

$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$

$$Q = \cancel{\{q\}} \{1\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{\epsilon\}$$

$$q_0 = \{1\}$$

$$F = \{1\}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \delta \\ \cancel{\epsilon} \\ \hline \begin{array}{c|c} & 1 \\ \hline 1 & \emptyset \\ \hline \emptyset & \emptyset \end{array} \end{array}$$

~~A~~ \xrightarrow{b}
 $(Q, \Sigma, q_0, f, \delta)$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1, \epsilon\}$$

$$Q = \{a, b, c\}$$

$$q_0 = a$$

$$F = \{c\}$$

| | 0 | 1 | ϵ |
|---|---|-------------|-------------|
| a | a | \emptyset | b |
| b | c | b | \emptyset |
| c | c | \emptyset | \emptyset |

A \rightarrow c

$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$

$Q = \{a, b, c\}$ δ

$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$

$q_0 = a$

$F = \{c\}$

| | 0 | 1 |
|---|---|---|
| a | a | a |
| b | c | ∅ |
| c | ∅ | ∅ |

B \rightarrow a

$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$

$Q_* = \{q_0, q_1, q_2\}$

$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

start $q_0 = q_0$

state $F = \{q_2\}$

| | a | b | c |
|-------|------------------------|-------|-------|
| q_0 | $\{q_0, \text{sink}\}$ | q_0 | q_0 |
| q_1 | q_2 | q_2 | q_2 |
| q_2 | sink | sink | sink |

B \rightarrow b

$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$

$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4, q_5, q_6\}$

$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

start state, $q_0 = q_0$

$F = \{q_3, q_6\}$

| | a | b | c | ε |
|-------|----------------|-------|-------|----------------|
| q_0 | ∅ | ∅ | ∅ | $\{q_1, q_4\}$ |
| q_1 | $\{q_1, q_2\}$ | q_1 | q_1 | ∅ |
| q_2 | q_3 | q_1 | q_1 | ∅ |
| q_3 | q_3 | q_3 | q_3 | ∅ |
| q_4 | q_5 | q_4 | q_4 | ∅ |
| q_5 | q_6 | q_5 | q_5 | ∅ |
| q_6 | q_5 | q_6 | q_6 | ∅ |

(6)

$$\boxed{3} \xrightarrow{\quad A \quad}$$

$$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$$

$$Q = \{q_0\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$$\text{start state } q_0 = q_0$$

$$F = \{q_0\}$$

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| | a | b |
| q_0 | q_0 | q_0 |

$$\frac{3 \rightarrow B}{}$$

$$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$$

$$Q = \{q_1, q_2\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$$\text{start state } q_0 = q_1$$

$$F = \{q_1\}$$

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| | a | b |
| q_1 | q_2 | q_2 |
| q_2 | q_2 | q_2 |

$$\frac{3 \rightarrow C}{}$$

$$(Q, \Sigma, q_0, F, \delta)$$

$$Q = \{q_0, q_1, q_2, q_3, q_4\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\text{start state } q_0 = q_0$$

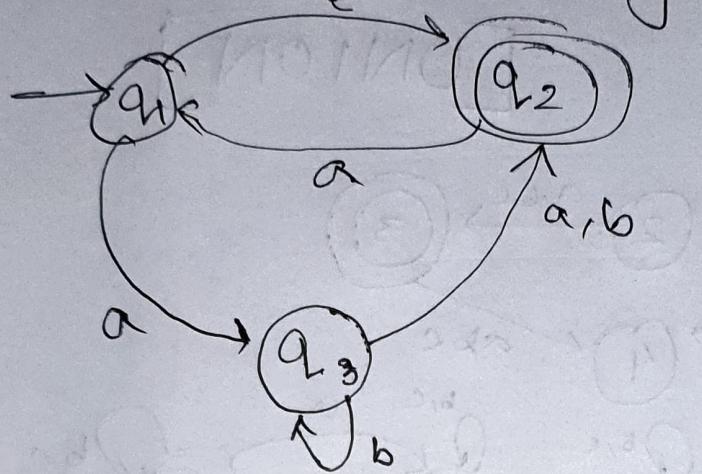
$$F = \{q_2, q_4\}$$

$$0 \qquad \qquad 1$$

| | | |
|-------|-------|-------|
| q_0 | q_1 | q_3 |
| q_1 | q_1 | q_2 |
| q_2 | q_1 | q_2 |
| q_3 | q_4 | q_3 |
| q_4 | q_4 | q_3 |

(7)

5. Given the following state diagram of an NFA over the alphabet $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$, convert it into the state diagram of its equivalent DFA. Show every step.



Answer:

STT of NFA

| | a | b | ϵ |
|-------|-----------|----------------|-------------|
| q_1 | $\{q_3\}$ | \emptyset | $\{q_2\}$ |
| q_2 | $\{q_1\}$ | \emptyset | \emptyset |
| q_3 | $\{q_2\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ | \emptyset |

STT of DFA

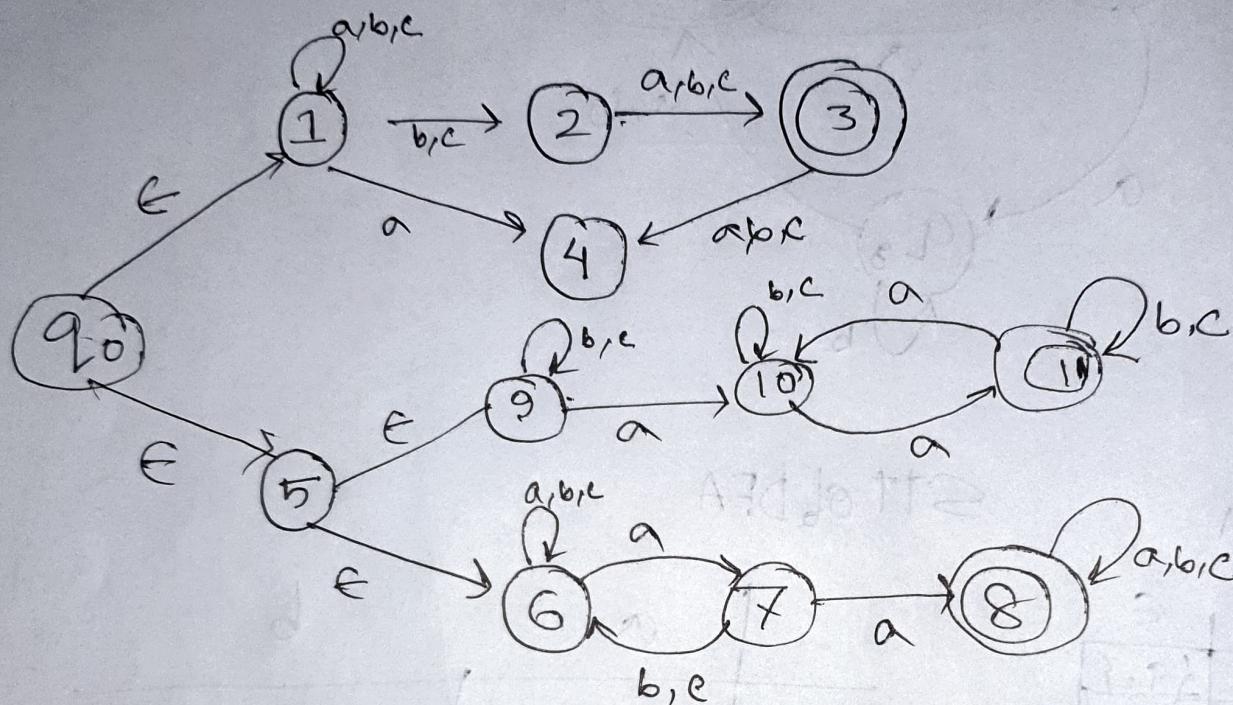
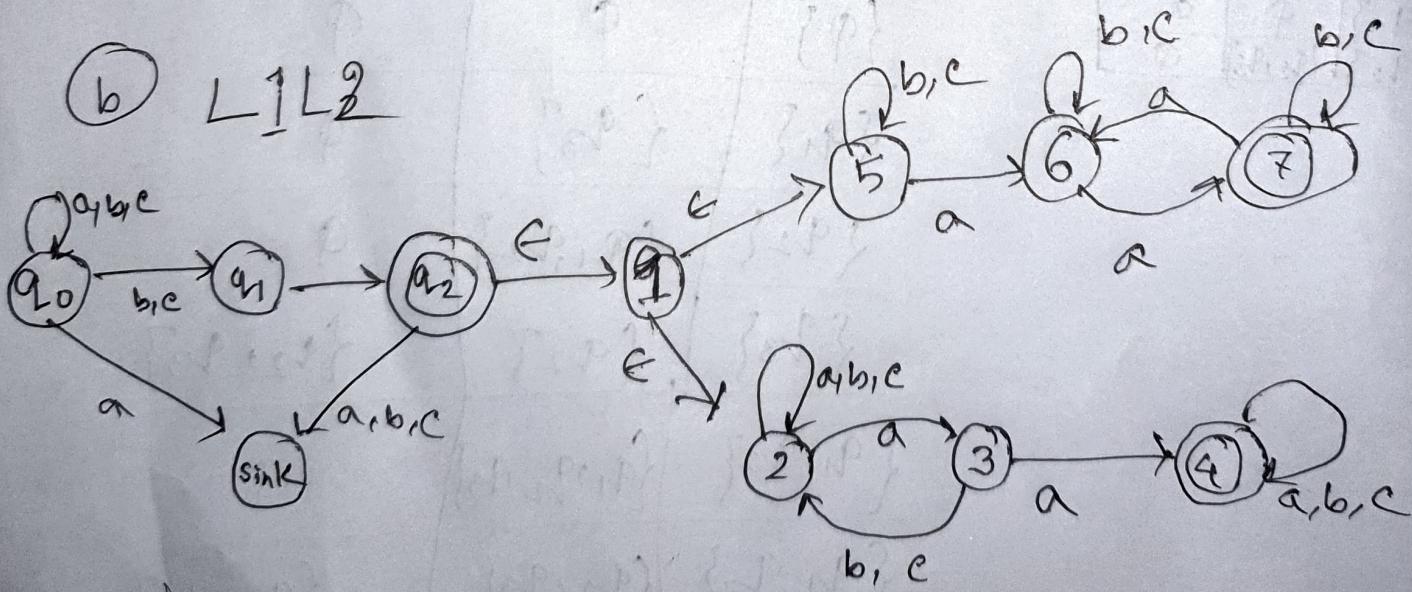
| | a | b |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| $\{\emptyset\}$ | \emptyset | \emptyset |
| $\{q_1\}$ | $\{q_3\}$ | \emptyset |
| $\{q_2\}$ | $\{q_1, q_2\}$ | \emptyset |
| $\{q_3\}$ | $\{q_2\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ |
| $\{q_1, q_2\}$ | $\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$ | \emptyset |
| $\{q_1, q_3\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ |
| $\{q_2, q_3\}$ | $\{q_1, q_2\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ |
| $\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$ | $\{q_1, q_2, q_3\}$ | $\{q_2, q_3\}$ |

6

Based on our answer in 1(B), design an NFA to recognize each of the following language:

(a) $L_1 \cup L_2$

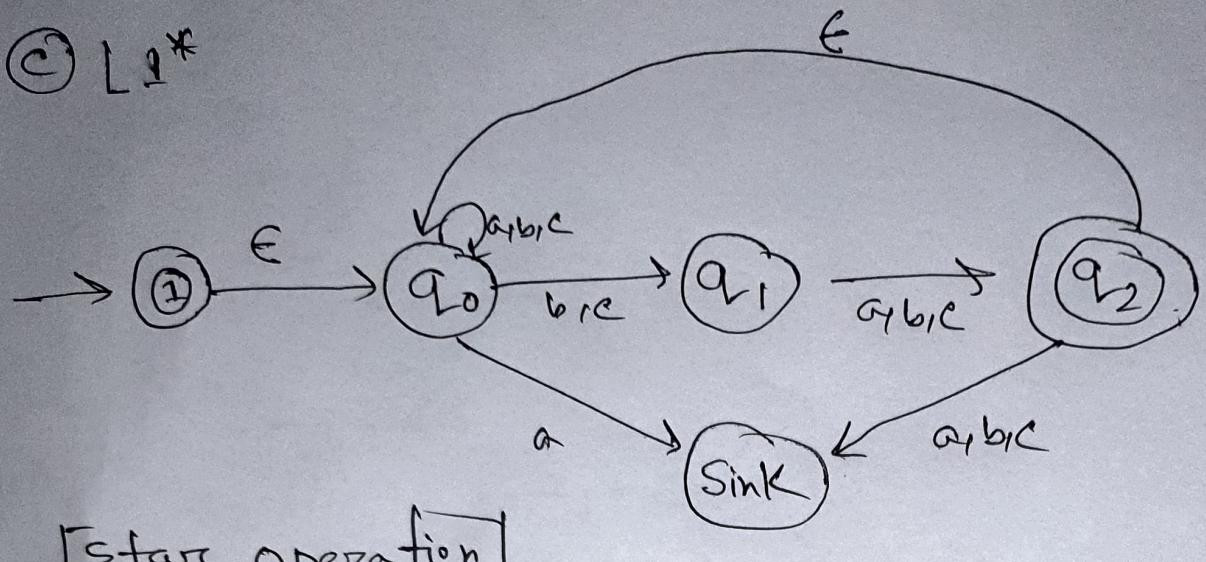
[UNION]

(b) $L_1 L_2$ 

[CONCATENATION]

c) L^*

⑤



[start operation]