```
clc;
clear all;
%RZ+I
bit stream = [1 1 0 0 1 1];
no bits = length(bit stream); %no bits=6
bit rate = 1000; % 1 kbps
pulse per bit = 2; % for differential manchester
pulse duration = 1/((pulse per bit)*(bit rate));
%pulse duration=1/2*1000=1/2000=0.0005=0.5ms
no pulses = no bits*pulse per bit; % no pulse=6*2=12
samples per pulse = 500;
fs = (samples per pulse)/(pulse duration); %sampling frequency
% including pulse duration in sampling frequency
% ensures having enough samples in each pulse
t = 0:1/fs:(no pulses)*(pulse duration); % sampling interval
% total duration = (no_pulse) * (pulse_duration)
no samples = length(t); % total number of samples
dig sig = zeros(1, no samples);
max_voltage = +2;
min_voltage = -2;
inv bit = 0; % inverting bit (in the lab sheet it is 1, but it should be 0)
last state = max voltage; %+v
inv last state = min voltage; % inverse of last state, -v
for i = 1:no bits
    j = (i-1) *2;
    if bit stream(i) == inv bit
        dig sig((j*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+1)*(samples per pulse)) =
inv_last_state*ones(1, samples_per_pulse);
        dig_sig(((j+1)*(samples_per_pulse)+1):(j+2)*(samples_per_pulse)) =
last state*ones(1, samples per pulse);
    else
        dig sig((j*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+1)*(samples per pulse)) =
last state*ones(1, samples_per_pulse);
        dig sig(((j+1)*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+2)*(samples per pulse)) =
inv last state*ones(1, samples per pulse);
        temp_cons = last_state; % temporary constant
        last_state = inv_last_state;
        inv_last_state = temp_cons;
    end
end
figure
plot(t,dig_sig,'linewidth',1.5)
grid on
xlabel('time in seconds')
ylabel('Voltage')
ylim([(min voltage - (max voltage)*0.2) (max voltage+max voltage*0.2)])
title(['Differential Manchester for ',num2str(bit_stream),', last state =
',num2str(last state),', inverting bit is ',num2str(inv bit),''])
```

```
clc;
clear all;
bit stream = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 1];
no bits = length(bit stream); %no bit=8
bit_rate = 1000; % 1 kbps
pulse per bit = 1; % for unipolar nrz
pulse duration = 1/((pulse per bit)*(bit rate));
%pulse_duration=1/1*1000=1x10-3 (second)=1 ms
no pulses = no bits*pulse per bit; %no pulses=8*1=8
samples per pulse = 500;
fs = (samples per pulse)/(pulse duration); %sampling frequency
t = 0:1/fs:(no pulses)*(pulse duration); % sampling interval, total
duration = (no pulse) * (pulse duration)
no samples = length(t); % no samples=4001
dig_sig = zeros(1,no_samples); % intial digital signal (line coded
signal according to unipolor nrz)
max voltage = 5;
min voltage = 0;
for i = 1:8
    if bit stream(i) == 1
        dig sig(((i-1)*(samples per pulse)+1):i*(samples per pulse)) =
max voltage*ones(1, samples per pulse);
    else
        dig sig(((i-1)*(samples per pulse)+1):i*(samples per pulse)) =
min voltage*ones(1, samples per pulse);
    end
end
plot(t,dig sig,'linewidth',1.5)
grid on
xlabel('time in seconds')
ylabel('Voltage')
ylim([(min voltage - (max voltage)*0.2)
(max_voltage+max_voltage*0.2)])
title(['Unipolar NRZ for ', num2str(bit stream),''])
```

```
clc;
clear all;
bit_stream = [1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1];
no bits = length(bit stream); % no bits=8
bit rate = 1000; % 1 kbps
pulse per bit = 2; % for unipolar rz
pulse duration = 1/((pulse per bit)*(bit rate));
pulse duration=1/(2*1000)=1/2000=0.0005=0.5ms
no pulses = no bits*pulse per bit; %no pulses=8*2=16
samples per pulse = 500;
fs = (samples per pulse) / (pulse duration); %sampling frequency
% including pulse duration in sampling frequency
% ensures having enough samples in each pulse
t = 0:1/fs:(no pulses)*(pulse duration); % sampling interval
% total duration = (no pulse) * (pulse duration)
no samples = length(t); % total number of samples
dig sig = zeros(1, no samples);
max voltage = 5;
min voltage = 0;
for i = 1:no bits
    j = (i-1)*2;
    if bit stream(i) == 1
        dig sig((j*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+1)*(samples per pulse)) =
max voltage*ones(1, samples per pulse);
dig sig(((j+1)*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+2)*(samples per pulse)) =
zeros(1, samples per pulse);
    else
        dig sig((j*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+1)*(samples per pulse)) =
min voltage*ones(1, samples per pulse);
dig sig(((j+1)*(samples per pulse)+1):(j+2)*(samples per pulse)) =
zeros(1, samples per pulse);
    end
end
plot(t,dig sig,'linewidth',1.5)
grid on
xlabel('time in seconds')
ylabel('Voltage')
ylim([(min voltage - (max voltage)*0.2)
(max voltage+max voltage*0.2)])
title(['Unipolar RZ for ',num2str(bit stream),''])
```