COURSE NAME

SOFTWARE QUALITY
AND TESTING

CSC 4133

(UNDERGRADUATE)

CHAPTER 5

SOFTWARE QUALITY ENGINEERING

SOFTWARE QUALITY ENGINEERING (SQE)

- To meet or exceed these quality expectations through the selected and execution of appropriate QA activities while minimizing the cost and other project risks under the project constraints
- The SQE process forms an integral part of the overall software engineering process, where other concerns, such as cost and schedule are also considered and managed.
- SQE activities-Generic Testing Process (Systematic testing based on formal models)
- □ Pre-QA activities: Quality Planning/Test Planning
- Most of the key decisions about testing are made during this stage
- Set specific quality goals (high-level activities to test planning)
 - Identify quality perspective and expectation: meaningful to target customers and users
 - Select direct quality measures: quantified measure of the selected quality attributes (efficiency, reliability, usefulness target in quantified values)
 - Assess quality expectations vs. Cost: cost of achieving different quality goals

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SOFTWARE QUALITY ENGINEERING (SQE)

- * Form an overall QA strategy (low-level activities to test preparation, test case)
 - Select appropriate QA activities to perform
 - Choose appropriate quality measurements and models to provide feedback, quality assessment and improvement

Test Procedure Preparation

- Preparing test cases (micro-level)
 - Test case is a collection of entities and related information that allows a test to be executed or a test run to be performed
 - Test case allocation
 - Sequencing of the individual test cases from simple to complex

TEST CASE

Project Name:	Test Designed by: Name
Test Case ID: FR_I0	Test Designed date: date
Test Priority (Low, Medium, High): Medium	Test Executed by: Name
Module Name: login session	Test Execution date: date
Test Title: verify login with valid username and	
password	
Description: Test the website login page	
Precondition: user has valid username and password	

Dependencies: if any

Test Steps	Test Data	Expected Results	Actual Results	Status (Pass/Fail)
 Go to the site Enter username 	Username: urs99 Password: 321	User should login into the application	•	Pass
3. Enter username 3. Enter password	i assword. 321	into the application		
4. Click submit				

Post Condition: User is validated with database and successfully login to account. The account session details are logged in the database

TEST PLAN

- A test plan is a document that describes the objectives, scope, approach, resources, schedule and focus of software testing activities.
- A test plan gives detailed testing information regarding an upcoming testing effort. In other words, a test plan is a systematic approach to testing a system and typically contains a detailed understanding of what the eventual workflow will be.
- Organizations may follow some standard test plan outlines or they can have their own customized test plan outlines.

TEST CASE

- A **test case** is a **document** that describes an input, action, or event, and its expected results, in order to determine if a feature of an application is working correctly.
- In other words, a test case is a document specifying inputs, predicted results and a set of
 execution conditions for a test item.
- Different organizations may use different test case formats.
- Note: Test Plan is a high-level document whereas Test Case is a low-level document.

SOFTWARE QUALITY ENGINEERING (SQE)

- Preparing test suit (macro-level)
 - The collection of individual test cases that will be run in a test sequence until some stopping criteria are satisfied is called a test suite.
 - Involves the construction and allocation of individual test cases in some systematic way based on the specific testing techniques used.
 - Another way to obtain a test suite is through reuse of test cases for earlier versions of the same product. This kind of testing is commonly referred to as regression testing.
 - o In general, all the test cases should form an integrated suite, regardless of their origin, how they are derived, and what models are used to derive them.

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SOFTWARE QUALITY ENGINEERING (SQE)

- ☐ In-QA activities: Test Execution
 - Executing planned QA activities and handling discovered defects
 - Collect failure information: What /where/when/severity/etc.
 - Documentation of testing activities to check future execution results
 - Organizations use template for test execution measurements
- ☐ Post-QA activities: Quality Measurement, Assessment & Improvement
 - Follow-up activities providing feedback and identifying improvement potentials
 - "Post-QA" does not mean after the finish of QA activities. In fact, many of the measurement & analysis activities are carried out parallel to QA activities after they are started. In addition, pre-QA activities may overlap with the QA activities as well.

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TESTING TEAMS: ORGANIZATION & MANAGEMENT

- ☐ Customers and users, who may also serve as testers informally for usability or beta testing
- □ Independent professional testing organizations as trusted intermediary between software vendors and customers
- ☐ Testers and testing teams can be organized into various different structures:
 - Vertical model: would recognize around a product, where dedicated people perform one or more testing tasks for the product
 - Horizontal model: performs one kind of testing for many different products within the organization
 - Mixed model: often used in large software organizations that combine both horizontal and vertical model together in the testing process.

REFERENCES

- □ Software Testing And Quality Assurance Theory and Practice Kshirasagar Naik & Priyadarshi Tripathy
- □ Software Quality Engineering: Testing, Quality Assurance and Quantifiable Improvement Jeff Tian