

# Unsupervised learning

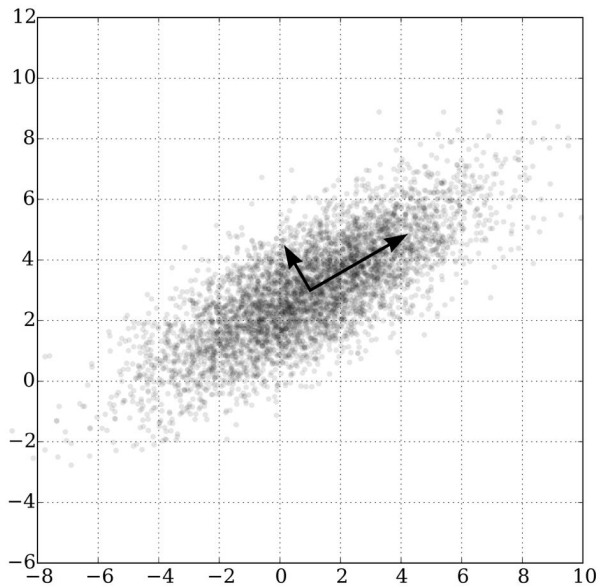
Nikita Mokrov

# Dimension reduction

- Principal Component Analysis (PCA & KernelPCA & BPCA & SPCA)
- Multidimensional scaling (MDS)
- Matrix Factorization (MF & NMF)
- Isomap
- Locally linear embedding (LLE)
- t-SNE (Umap)

# PCA

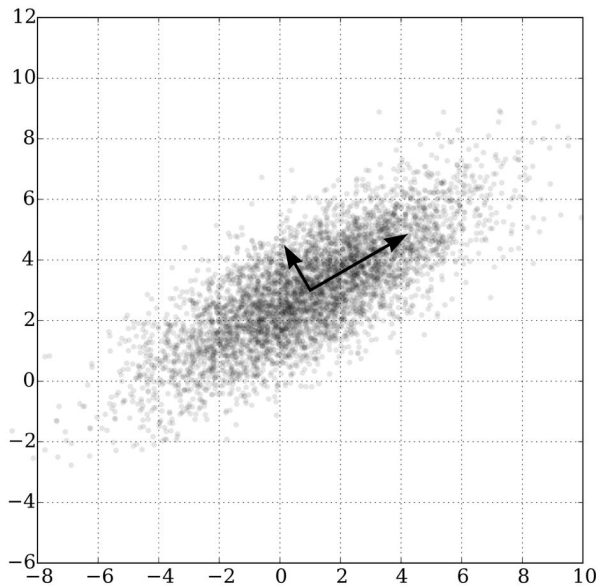
$$\mathbf{w}_1 = \arg \max_{\|\mathbf{w}\|=1} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \{(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_i)^2\}$$



# PCA

$$\mathbf{w}_1 = \arg \max_{\|\mathbf{w}\|=1} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \{(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_i)^2\}$$

$$\mathbf{w}_2 = \arg \max_{\|\mathbf{w}\|=1} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \{[\mathbf{w}^T (\mathbf{x}_i - \underbrace{\mathbf{w}_1 \mathbf{w}_1^T \mathbf{x}_i})]^2\}$$

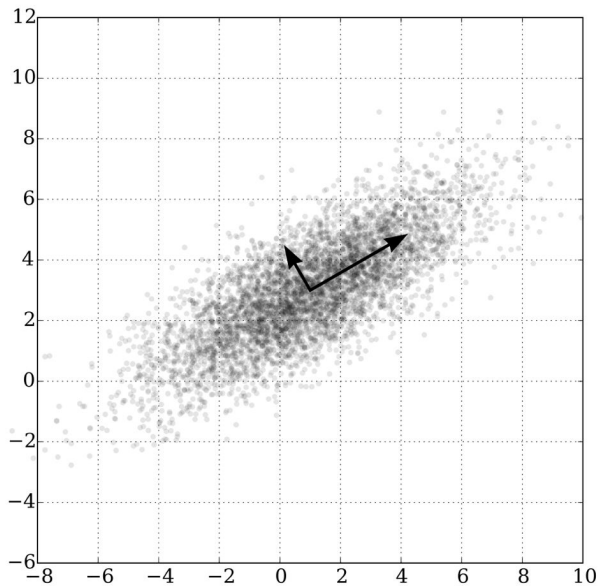


# PCA

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$$\mathbf{w}_2 = \arg \max_{\|\mathbf{w}\|=1} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \{[\mathbf{w}^T (\mathbf{x}_i - \underbrace{\mathbf{w}_1 \mathbf{w}_1^T \mathbf{x}_i})]^2\}$$

$$\mathbf{w}_k = \arg \max_{\|\mathbf{w}\|=1} \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \{[\mathbf{w}^T (\mathbf{x}_i - \underbrace{\sum_{j=1}^{k-1} \mathbf{w}_j \mathbf{w}_j^T \mathbf{x}_i})]^2\}$$

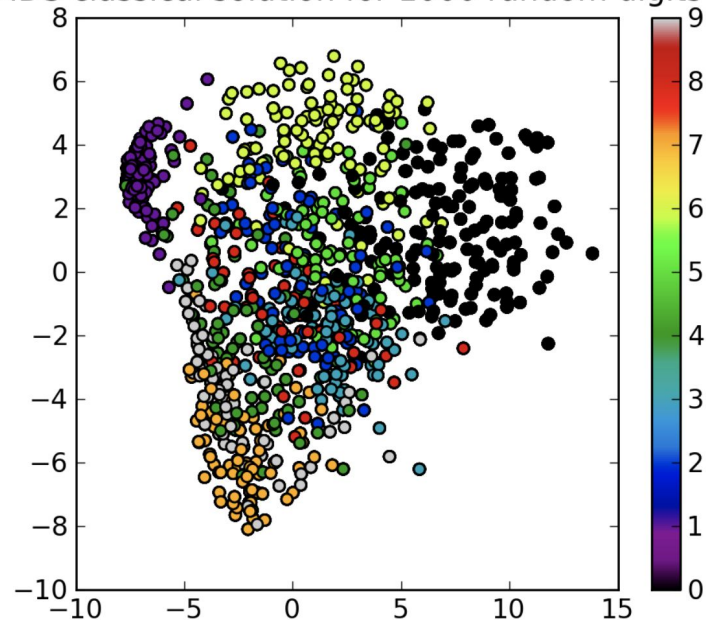


# MDS

$$\min_Y \sum_{i=1}^t \sum_{j=1}^t (\mathbf{d}_{ij}^{(X)} - \mathbf{d}_{ij}^{(Y)})^2$$

where  $\mathbf{d}_{ij}^{(X)} = \|x_i - x_j\|$  and  $\mathbf{d}_{ij}^{(Y)} = \|y_i - y_j\|$ .

MDS classical solution for 1000 random digits



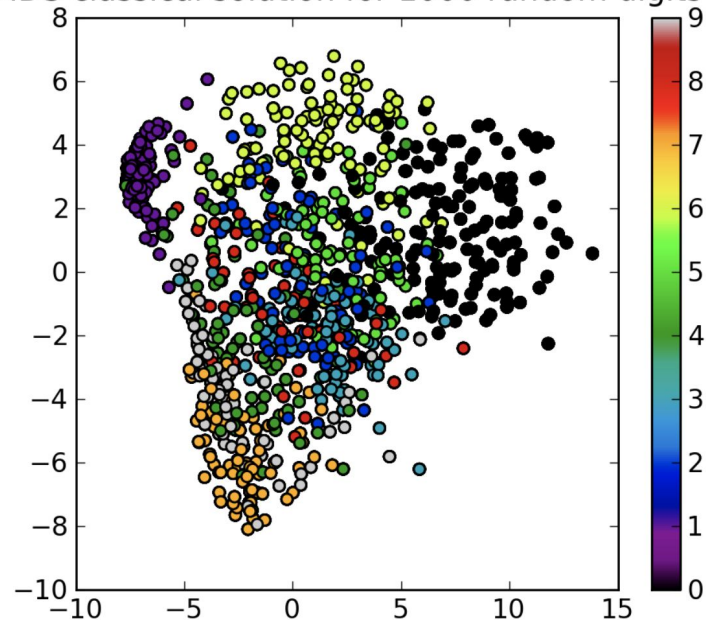
# MDS

$$\min_Y \sum_{i=1}^t \sum_{j=1}^t (x_i^T x_j - y_i^T y_j)^2$$

$$X^T X = V \Lambda V^T$$

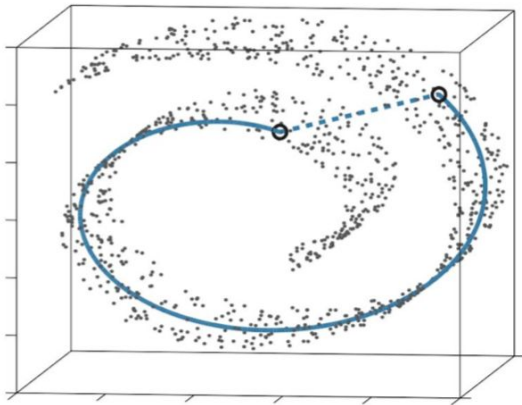
$$Y = \hat{\Lambda}^{1/2} V^T$$

MDS classical solution for 1000 random digits

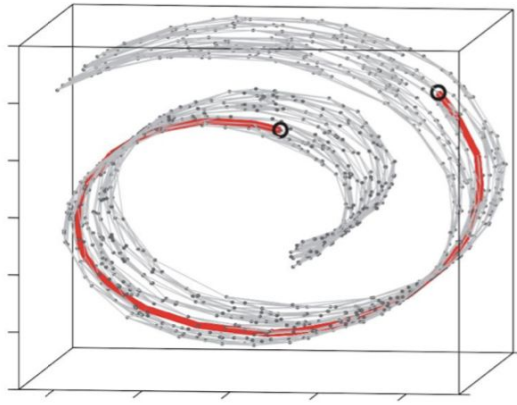


# Isomap

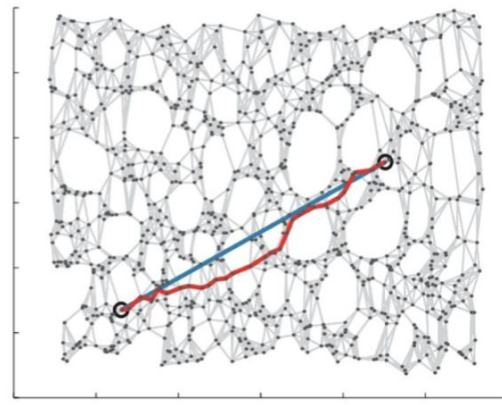
A



B

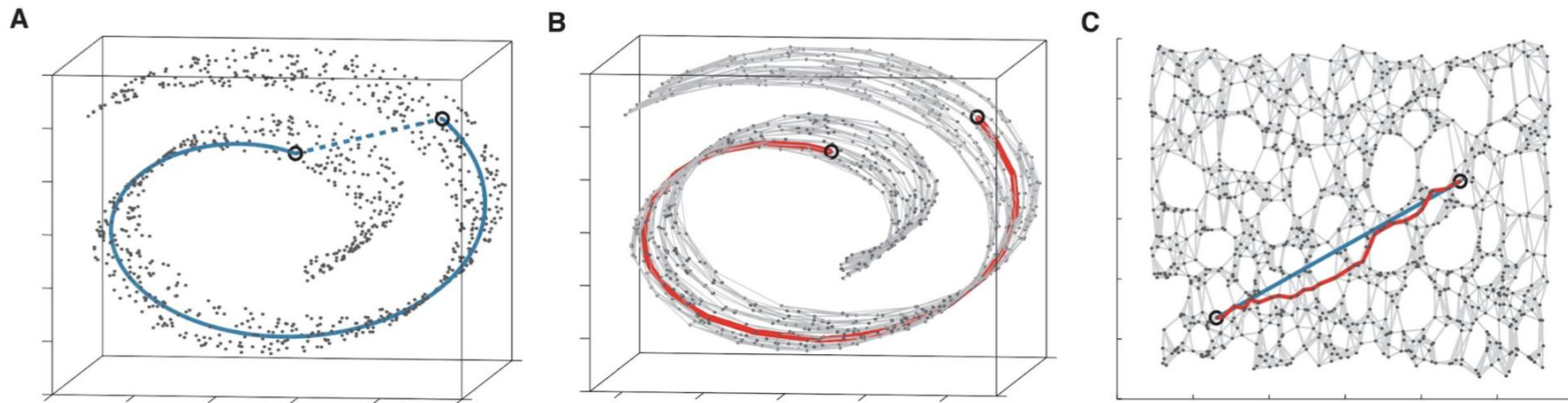


C



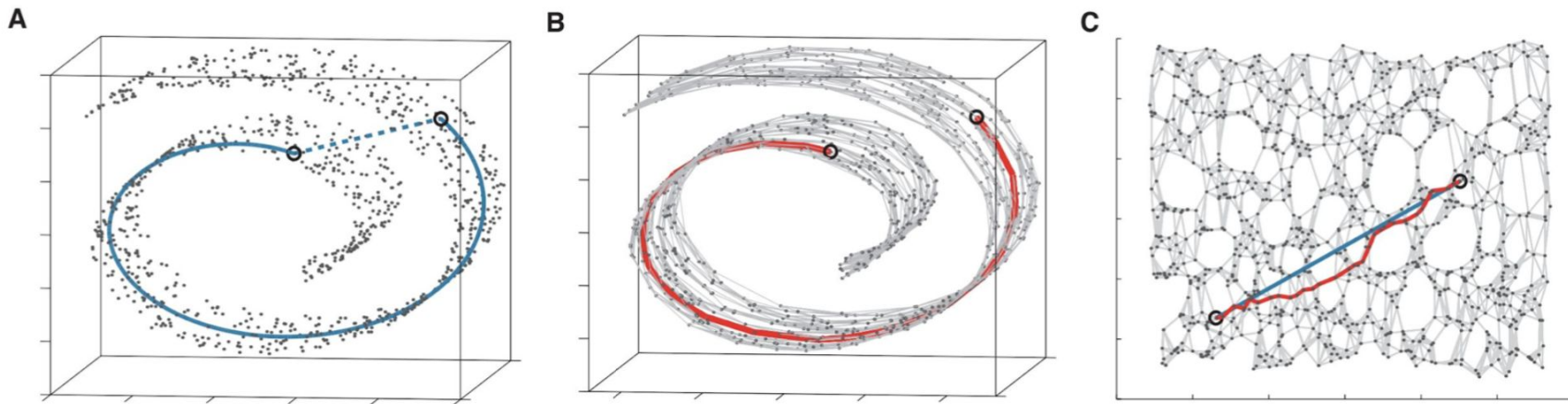


# Isomap



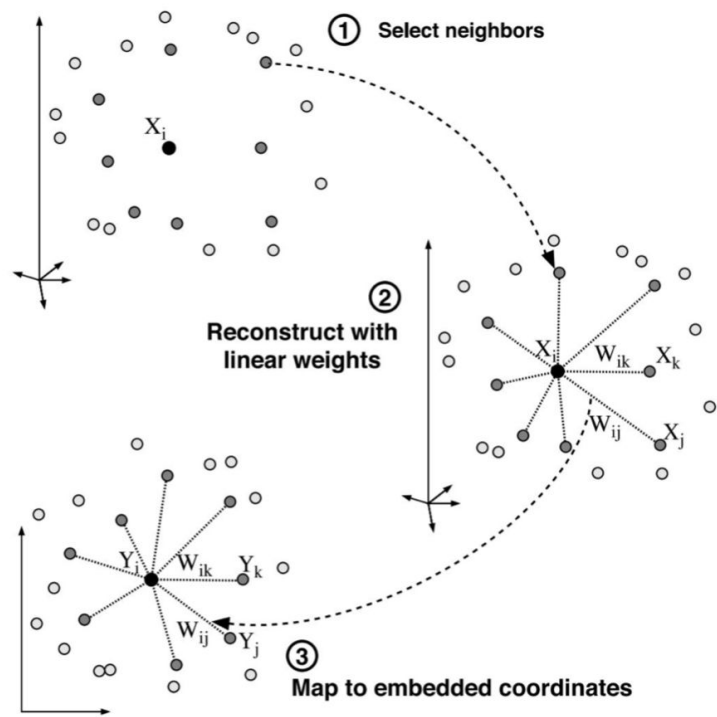
$$\min_Y \sum_{i=1}^t \sum_{j=1}^t (d_{ij}^{(X)} - d_{ij}^{(Y)})^2$$

# Isomap

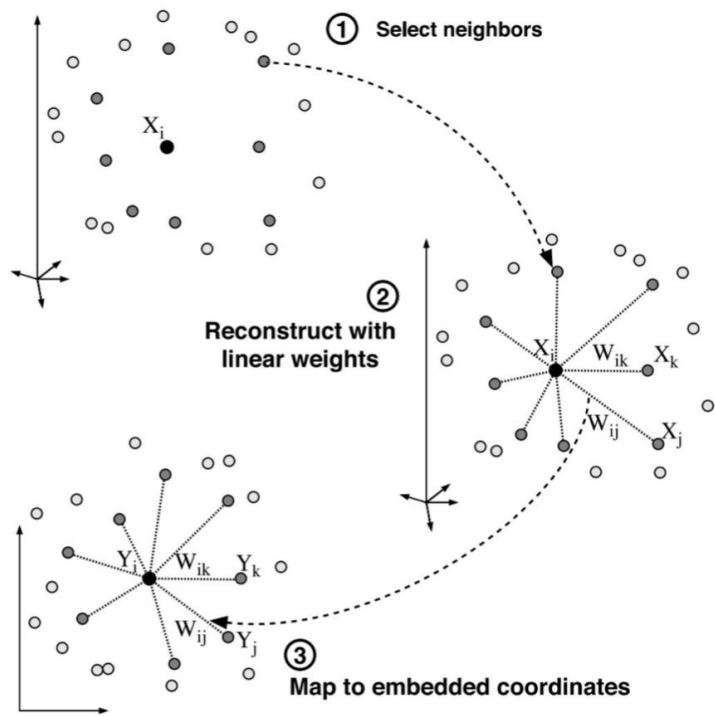


$$\min_Y \sum_{i=1}^t \sum_{j=1}^t (d_{ij}^{(X)} - d_{ij}^{(Y)})^2 \quad \longleftarrow d_G(i, j)$$

# LLE

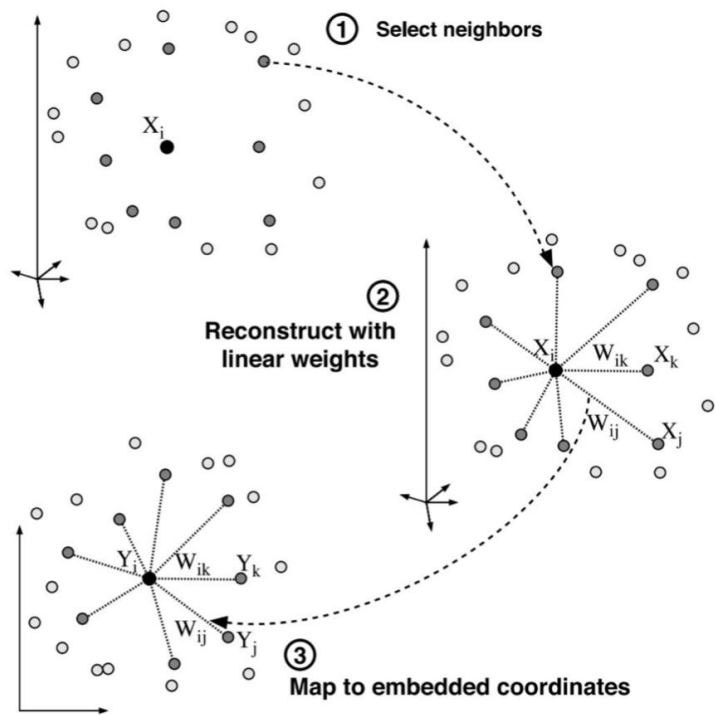


# LLE



$$\varepsilon(W) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| x_i - \sum_{j=1}^K W_{ij} x_j \right\|^2$$

# LLE



$$\varepsilon(W) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| x_i - \sum_{j=1}^K W_{ij} x_j \right\|^2$$

$$\Phi(Y) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left\| y_i - \sum_{j=1}^n W_{ij} y_j \right\|^2$$

# SNE

$$p_{j|i} = \frac{\exp(-\frac{\|x_i - x_j\|^2}{2\sigma_i^2})}{\sum_{k \neq i} \exp(-\frac{\|x_i - x_k\|^2}{2\sigma_i^2})}$$

$$q_{j|i} = \frac{\exp(-\|y_i - y_j\|^2)}{\sum_{k \neq i} \exp(-\|y_i - y_k\|^2)}$$



# SNE

$$p_{j|i} = \frac{\exp(-\frac{\|x_i - x_j\|^2}{2\sigma_i^2})}{\sum_{k \neq i} \exp(-\frac{\|x_i - x_k\|^2}{2\sigma_i^2})}$$

$$q_{j|i} = \frac{\exp(-\|y_i - y_j\|^2)}{\sum_{k \neq i} \exp(-\|y_i - y_k\|^2)}$$

$$D_{KL}(P \parallel Q) \rightarrow \min_Y$$



# tSNE

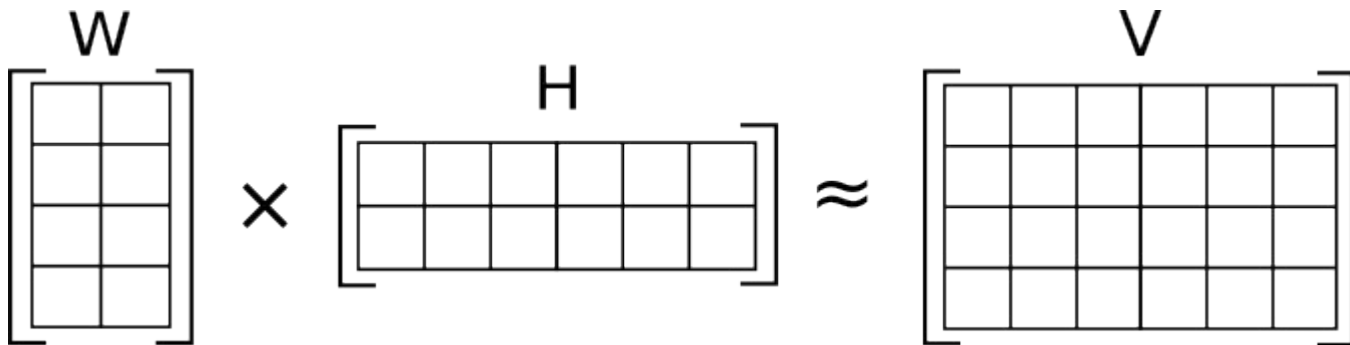
$$q_{ij} = \frac{\frac{1}{1 + ||y_i - y_j||^2}}{\sum_{k \neq i} \frac{1}{1 + ||y_i - y_k||^2}}$$





MF

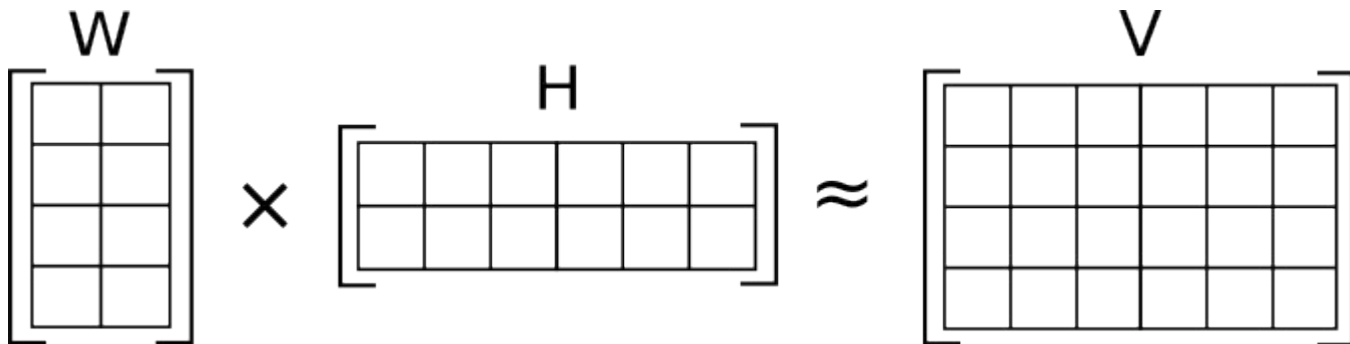
$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{W}\mathbf{H}.$$



# NMF

$$\mathbf{V} = \mathbf{WH}.$$

$$W \geq 0, H \geq 0.$$



# Main ideas (review)

- PCA
- MDS
- MF & NMF
- Isomap
- LLE
- t-SNE

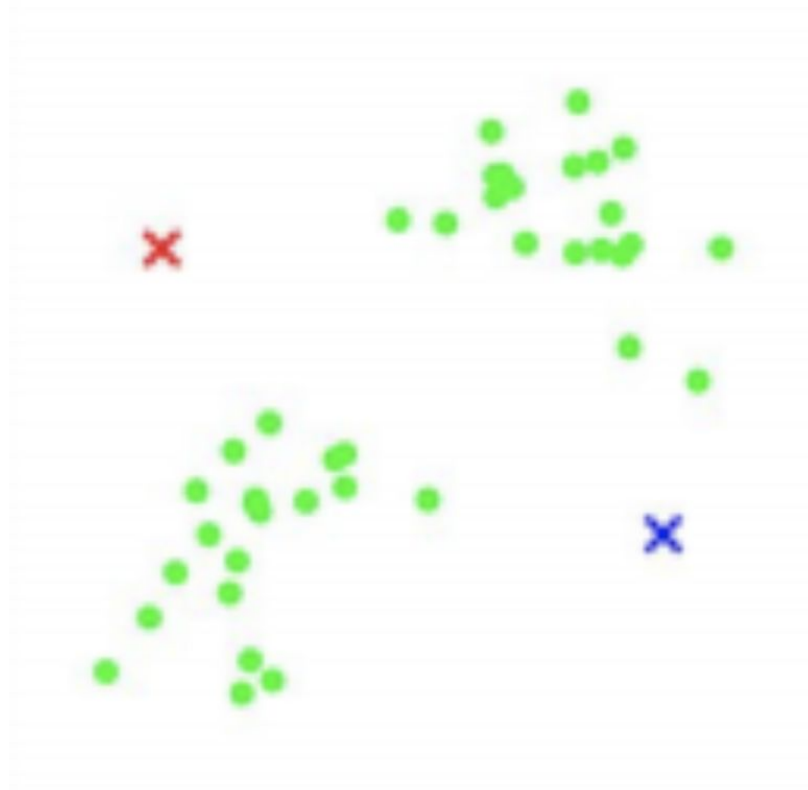
# Clustering

- KMeans
- Agglomerative Clustering
- DBSCAN

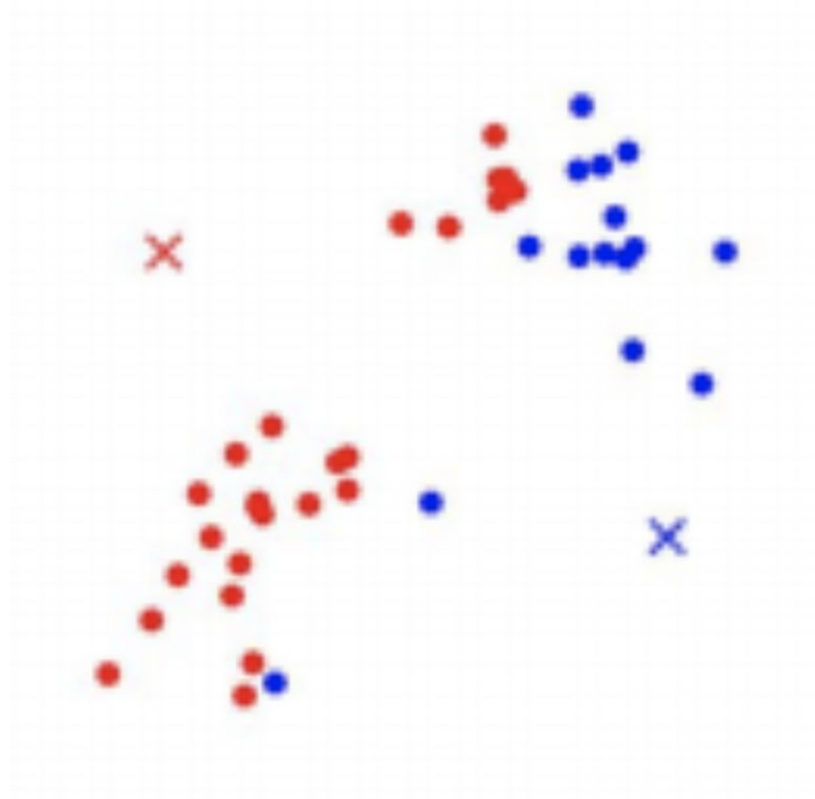
# kMeans



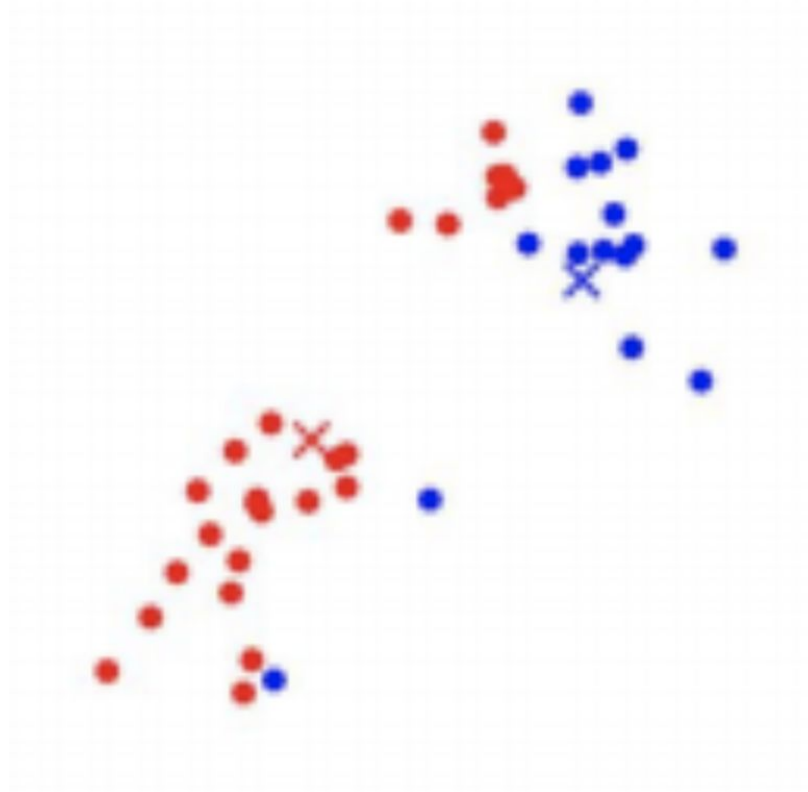
# kMeans



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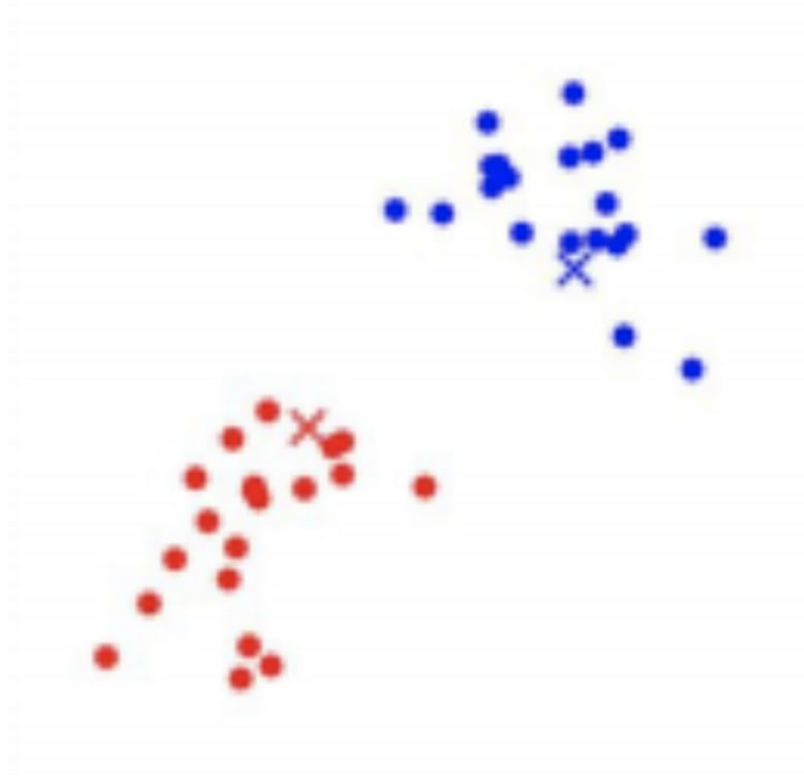


# kMeans

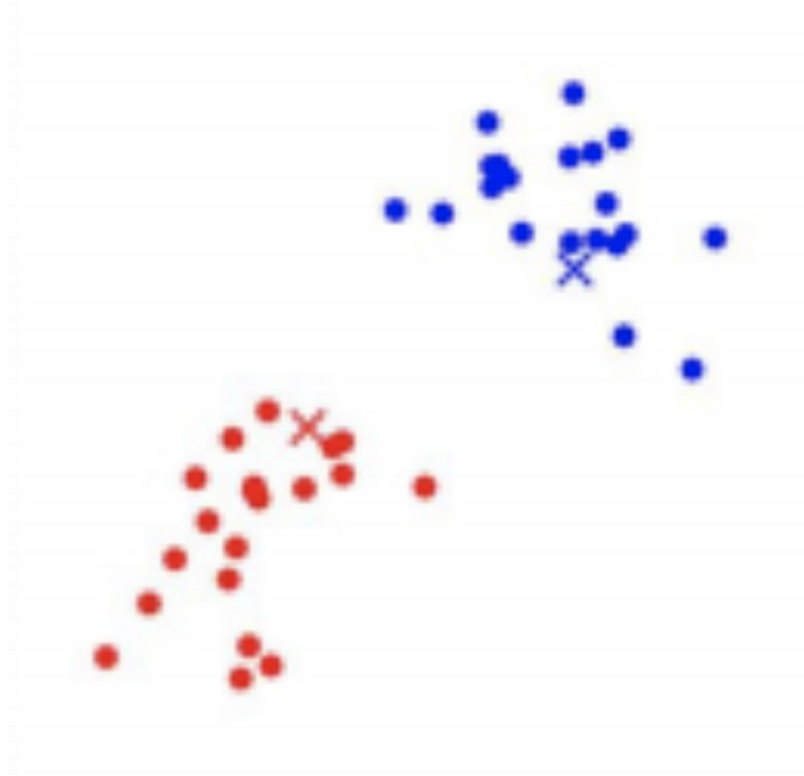




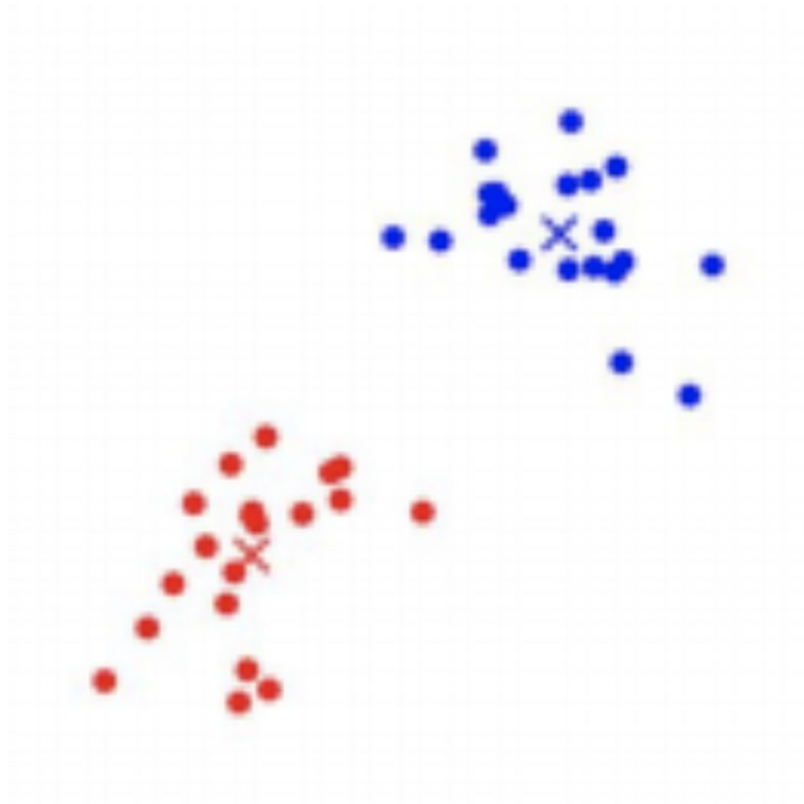
# kMeans



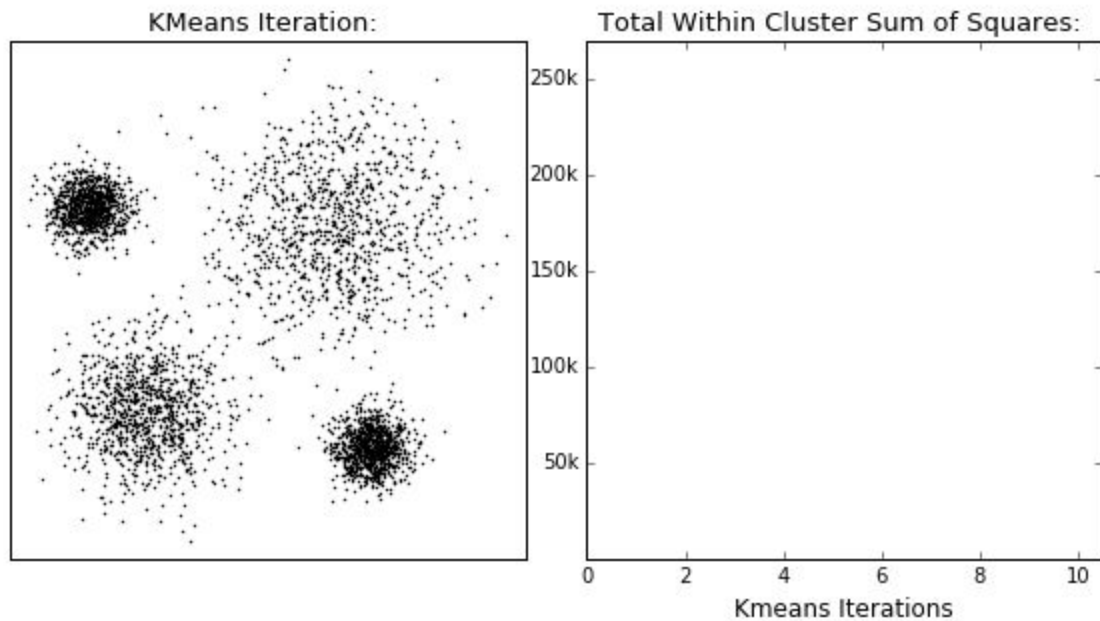
# kMeans



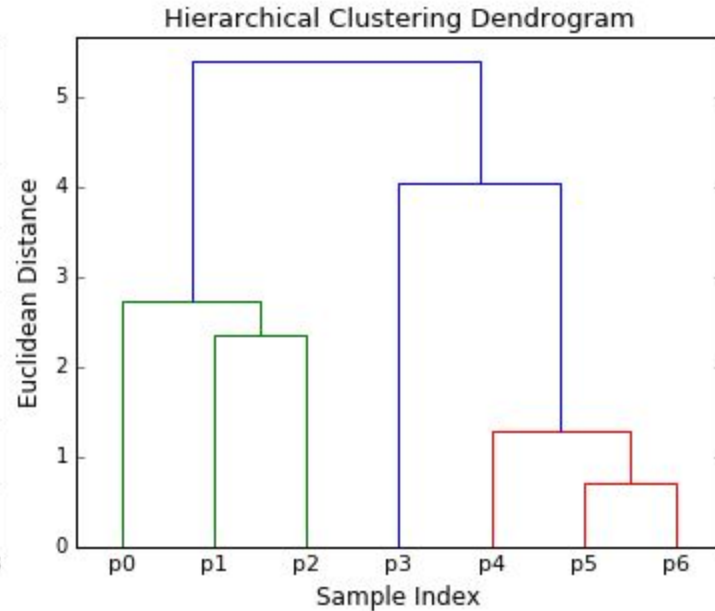
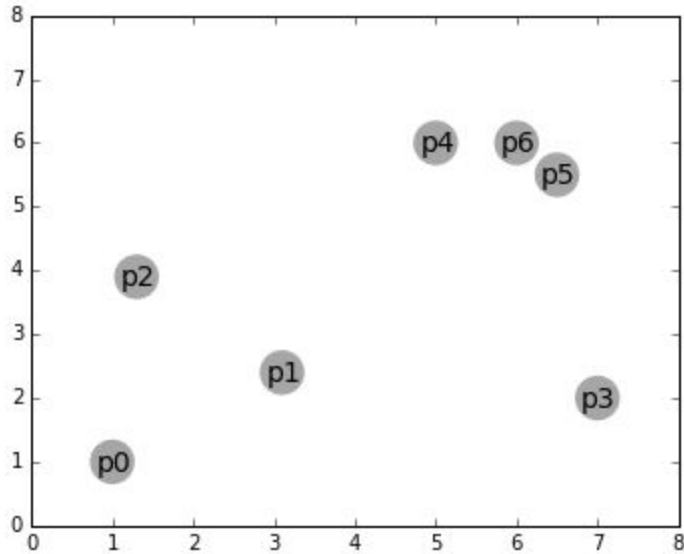
# kMeans



# kMeans

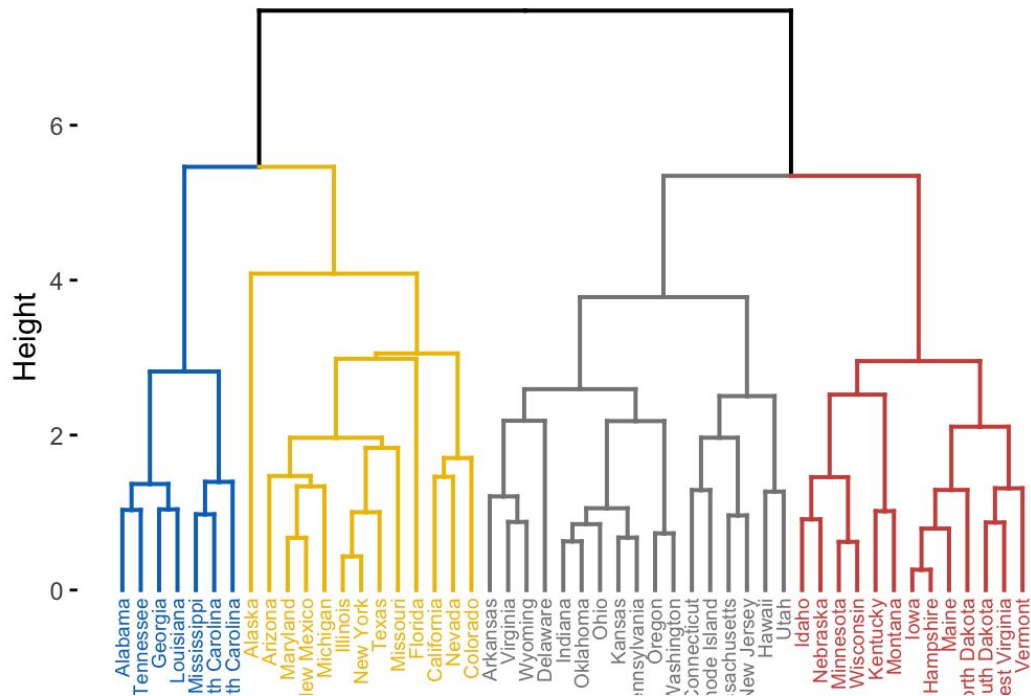


# Agglomerative clustering

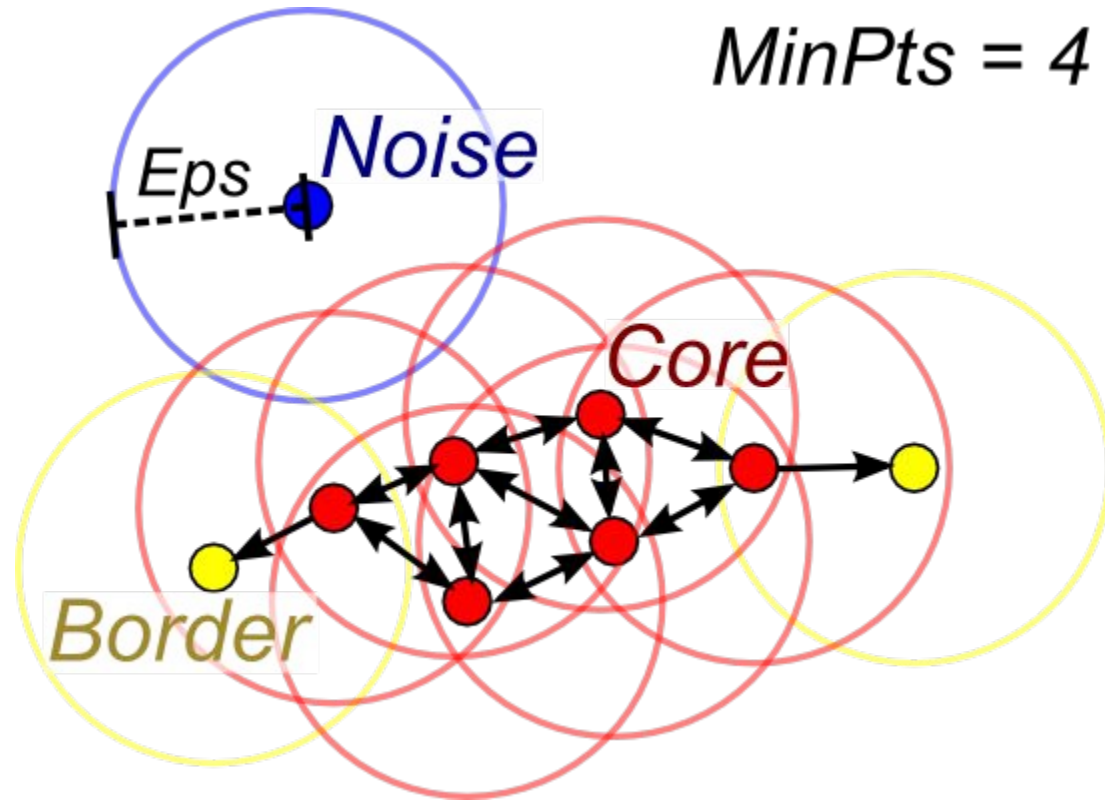


# Agglomerative clustering

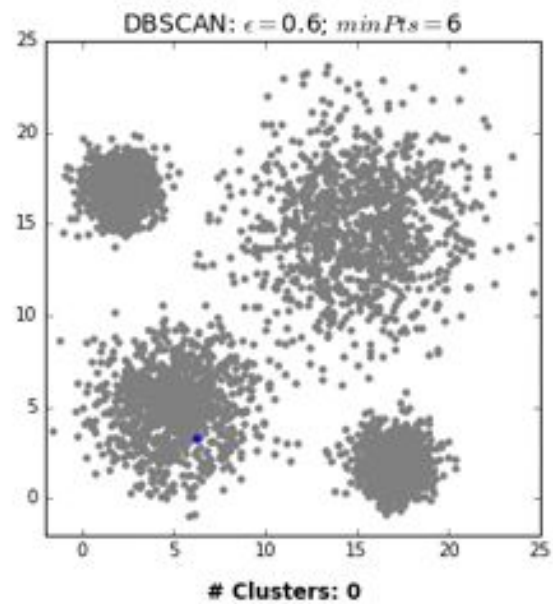
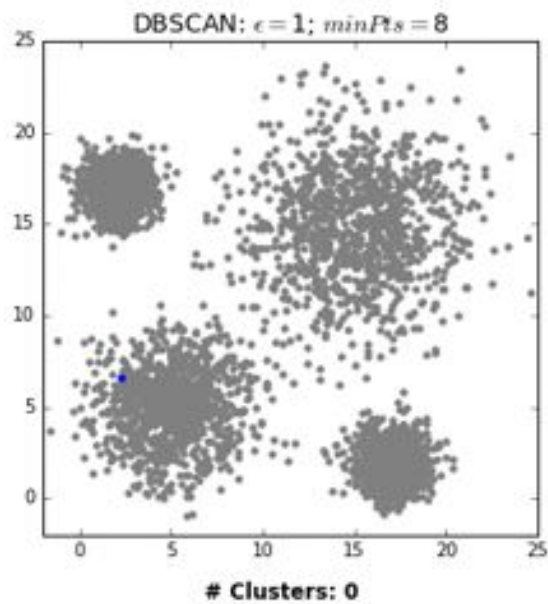
Cluster Dendrogram



# DBSCAN



# DBSCAN





# Main Ideas (review)

- KMeans
- Agglomerative Clustering
- DBSCAN