MID TERM PRESENTATION

TEAM TA

6.14.2023

AGENDA

- Team Members and Development Environment.
- Development Progress.
  - Tasks Completed.
- Dijkstra’s Algorithm.
- Hard Karp Algorithm.
- Class Diagram for Task 3.
- Class Diagram for Task 4.
- Overview of the progress.
- Demonstration and Test Data.
- Contribution.
- Future Plans.

TEAM MEMBERS – TEAM TA

- **Members:**
  Tithira Withanaarachchi

DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

- **Operating System:** Windows
- **Programming Language:** Java
- **IDE:** VS Code
- **Version Control:** Git Hub

DEVELOPMENT PROGRESS

LET'S DIVE IN

THE TASKS COMPLETED

Phase 1

Task 1: Product Information: Hash Maps and Java stream were used to process information.

Task 2: Relevant Pairs of Products: LinkedHashMap, HashMap, and Java Stream are used.

Task 3: Route Simulation: Dijkstra's Algorithm is used to find the shortest Distance between 2 points.

Phase 2

Task 4: Relevant Pairs of products with a large amount of generated test data: Java Random is used to generate test data.

Task 5: Route Simulation(generalized): Dijkstra's Algorithm and Held Karp Algorithm are used.

DIJKSTRA'S ALGORITHM

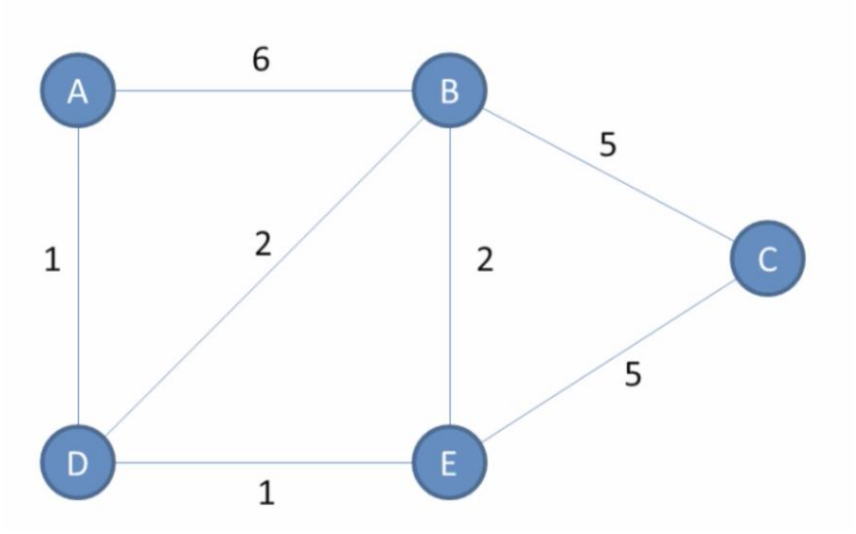
- Main Purpose is to find the shortest distance between two points of a graph.
- Dijkstra's Algorithm is used in Task 3, Task 5, and Task 6.

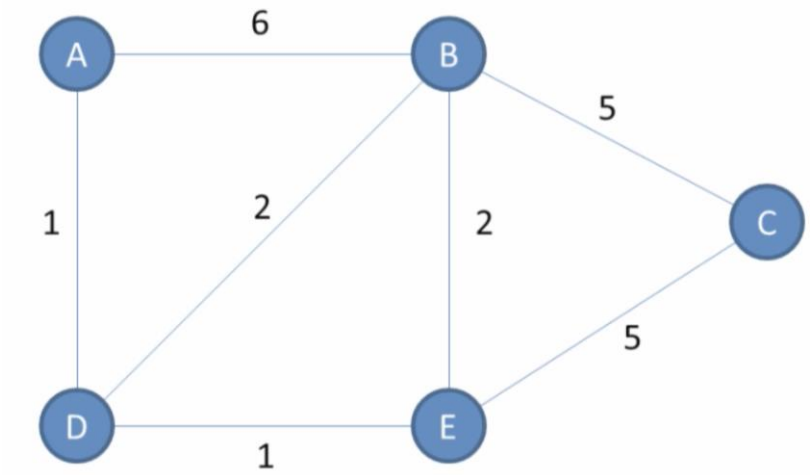
Task 3

```
public  int findMinDistance(int[][] grid, Point source, Point destination) {
```

Task 5

```
public  Map<Point, Integer> findDistancesToDesignatedPoints(int[][] grid, Point source, List<Point> designatedPoints) {
```





Vertex	Shortest distance from A	Previous vertex
A	0	
B	3	D
C	7	E
D	1	A
E	2	D

Visited = [A, D, E, B, C] Unvisited = []

HELD KARP ALGORITHM

- Held Karp Algorithm is used in Task 5 and Task 6.
- It is used to find the shortest path in order to reach the destination from the source while visiting designated points.

Dijkstra's Algorithm

```
public Map<Point, Integer> findDistancesToDesignatedPoints(int[][] grid, Point source, List<Point> designatedPoints) {
```

Held Karp Algorithm

```
public int findShortestPath(int source, int destination, int[][] distances) {
```

	0	1	2	3
0	0	1	15	6
1	1	0	7	3
2	15	7	0	12
3	6	3	12	0

Matrix

{}
{1} {2} {3}
{1,2} {2,3} {1,3}
{1,2,3}

Subsets

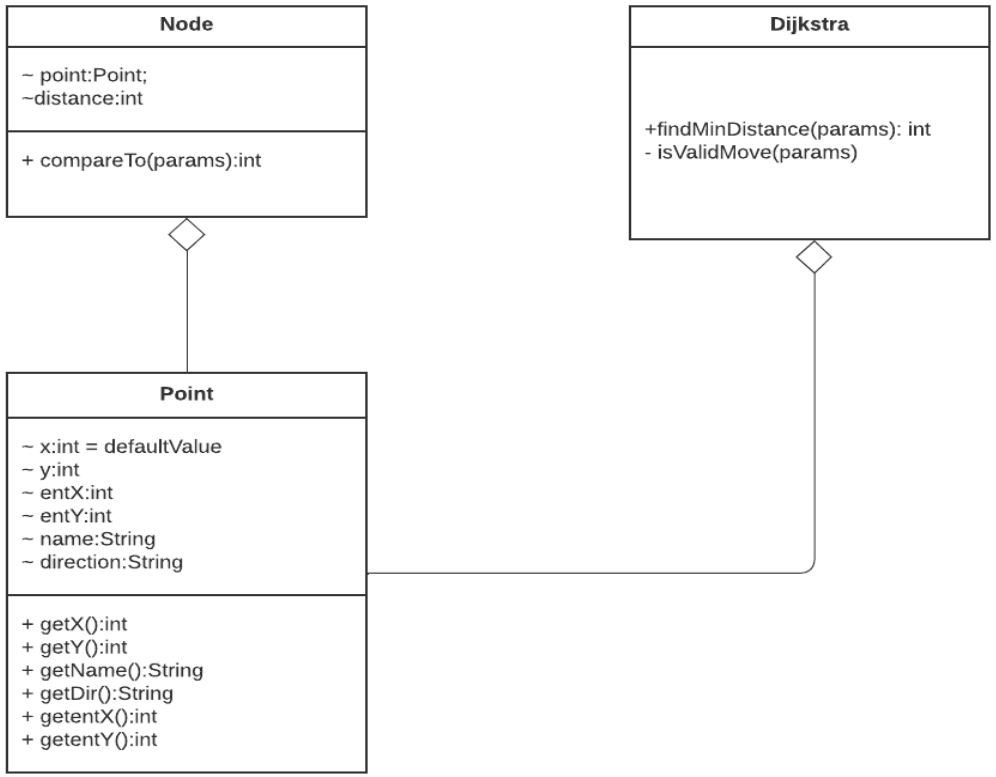
{1,{}}
{2,{}}
{3,{}}
{2,{1}}
{3,{1}}
{1,{2}}
{3,{2}}
{1,{3}}
{2,{3}}

Combinations

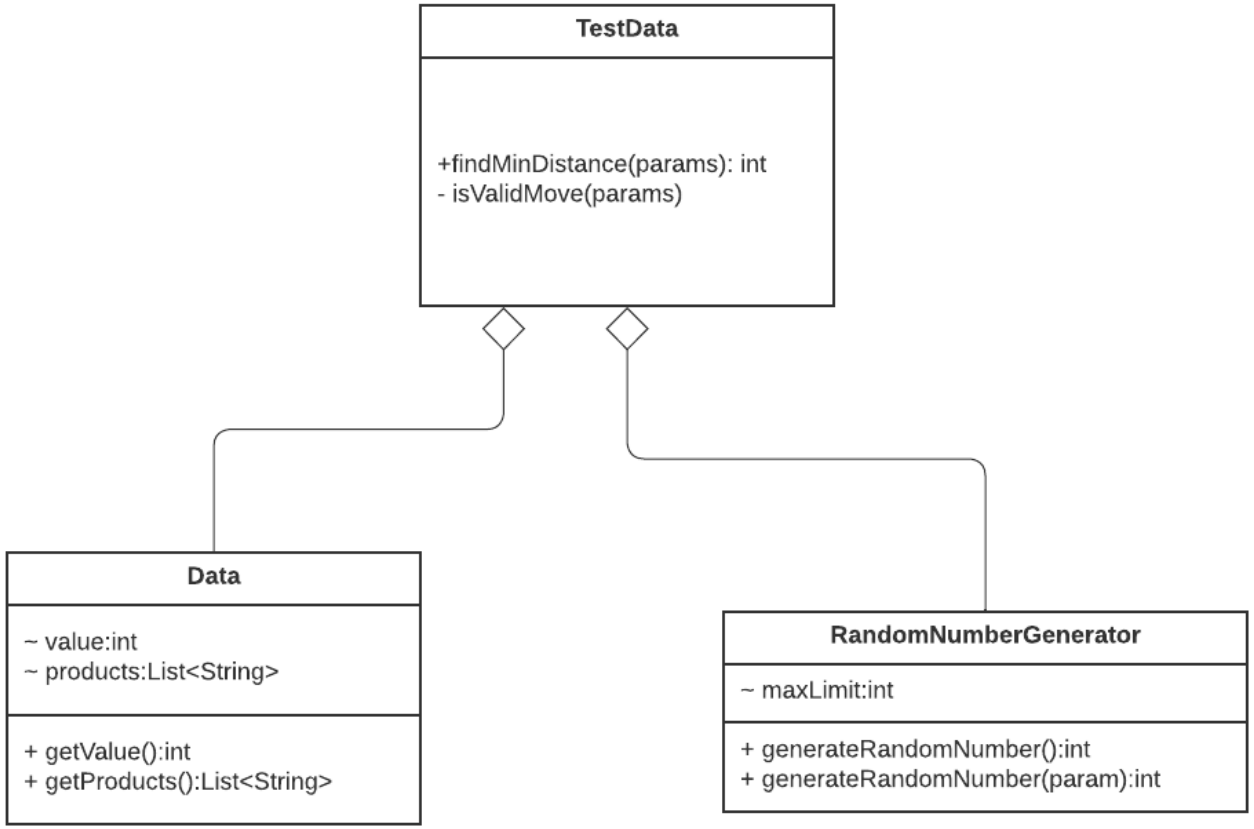
{1,{2,3}}
{2,{1,3}}
{3,{1,2}}

Combinations

CLASS DIAGRAM FOR TASK 3



CLASS DIAGRAM FOR TASK 4



DEMONSTRATION AND TEST DATA

LET'S EXECUTE THE CODE

OVERVIEW OF PROGRESS

Phase 1

Task 1: Completed	100%
Task 2: Completed	100%
Task 3: Completed	100%

Phase 2

Task 4: Completed	100%
Task 5: Completed	100%
Task 6: Working On	60%






CONTRIBUTION

Tithira Withanaarachchi: 100%

FUTURE PLANS

- Use a Test Code Visualizer for Demonstration Purposes.

- Complete the Rest of the Tasks that will be assigned, Before the 20th of July.

THANK YOU

Team TA