

Die Siedler von Catan

Gliederung

- Management
- Timeline
- Design
- Networking
- GameLogic
- Board
- Beispiele
- Fazit

Management

6er Team

1 Designer

2 Networker

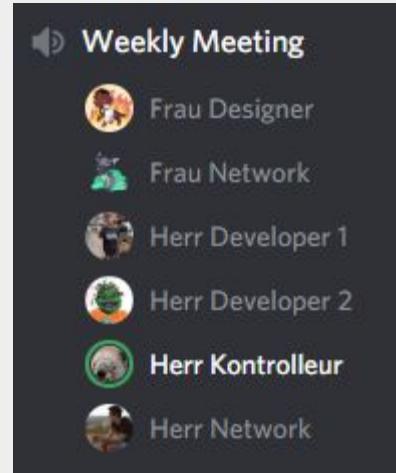
3 Developer

- Lena
- Andrea, Simon
- Marco, Maxi, Timo

Meetings

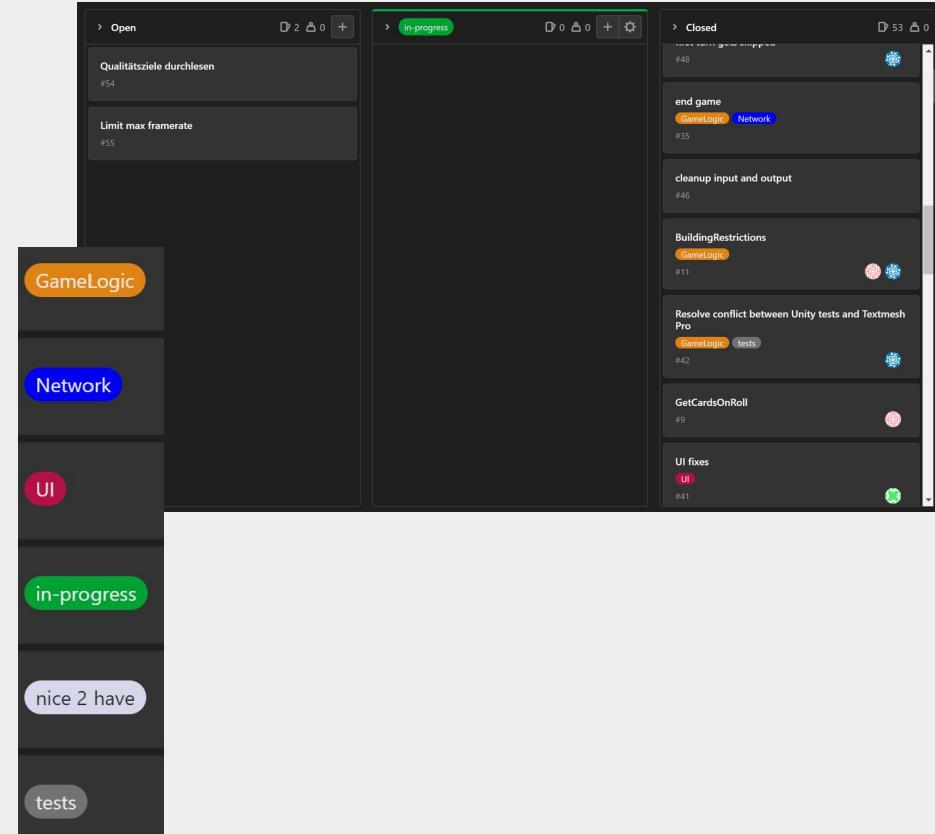
Mittwochs 16:00

Donnerstags 8:15



Issues Issues Issues

open → in-progress → closed



Branching

feature/bugfix/tests/...

```
⚡ feature/22-disconnect · merged
- 34901200 · ✨ Add Socket shutdown · 1 month ago

⚡ feature/34-build · merged
- 23ecb7ac · Added a hover Arrow Image · 1 month ago

⚡ bugfix/29-clones
- 06e2238e · Merge branch 'master' into 'bugfix/29-clones' · 1 month ago

⚡ feature/31-player
- 2cde9eb2 · Merge branch 'feature/31-player' of... · 1 month ago

⚡ feature/39-generate-board-on-client-side · merged
- ebfde616 · Merge branch 'master' into feature/39-generate-board-on-client-side · 1 month ago
```

Clean Repo

- klare Ordnerstruktur
- kein Müll
- README für User

Name	Last commit	Last update
📁 .vscode	rolling dices is now on the server and functi...	2 months ago
📁 Assets	comments	6 days ago
📁 Built Game	Final Game Build Linear	6 days ago
📁 Packages	trash commit	1 month ago
📁 ProjectSettings	Final Game Build Linear	6 days ago
📁 ci	👤 add basic pipeline config	3 months ago
📁 images	📝 Update readme	2 weeks ago
❗ .gitignore	moved .vscode into gitignore	1 month ago
❗ .gitlab-ci.yml	🚮 remove only param to fix pipeline lint	2 months ago
❗ Documentation.pdf	add documentation	2 weeks ago
⚡ Program.cs	implemented HARALD	2 months ago
➡ README.md	Update README.md	2 weeks ago
⚙️ packages.config	➕ ✨ Added sending data in JSON. Ref #1...	3 months ago

Timeline

Basic Design
Network
Full Design
Game Logic

Anfang April



Anfang Mai

Timeline

Basic Design
Network
Full Design
Game Logic

```
private static void sendRequest()
{
    Console.WriteLine("Send a request: (get status)");
    //string request = Console.ReadLine();
    string request = "Hallo Welt";

    byte[] buffer = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(request);
    clientSocket.Send(buffer, 0, buffer.Length, SocketFlags.None);

    //TODO: send game data and messages -> may send JSON
}
```

Timeline

Basic Design
Network
Full Design
Game Logic

Ende Mai



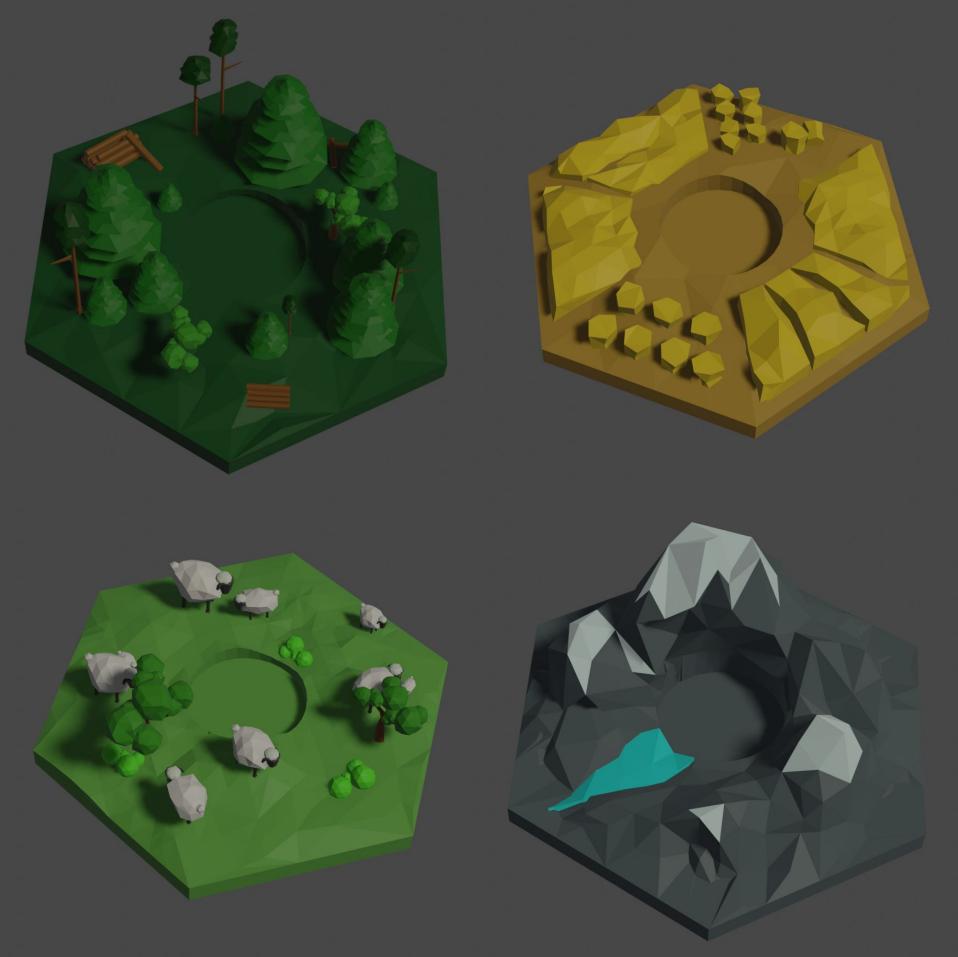
Timeline

Anfang Juni

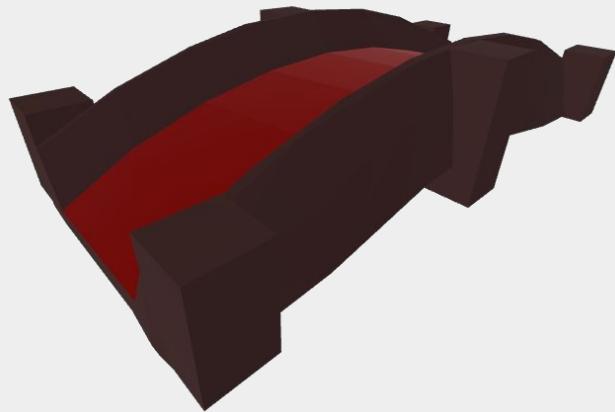
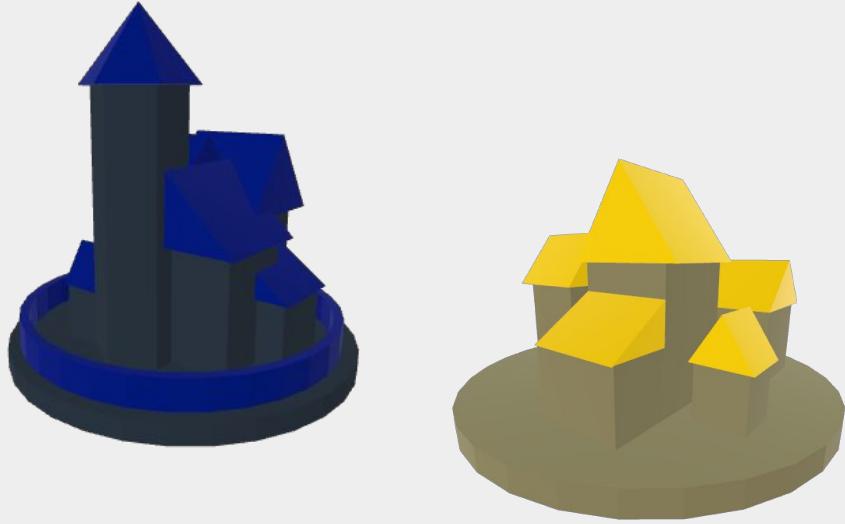
Basic Design
Network
Full Design
Game Logic

Design

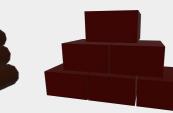
Hexagons



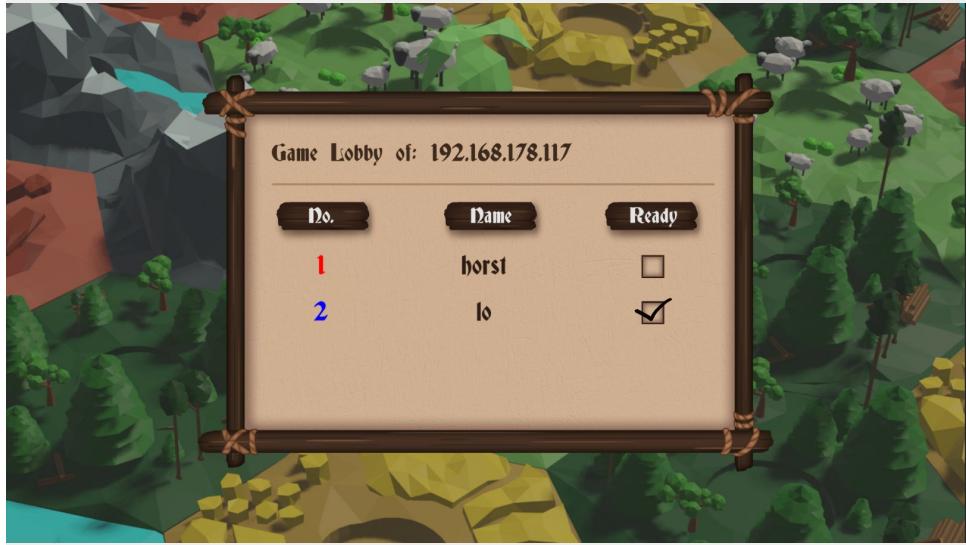
Buildings



UI-Elements



Lobby



Ingame

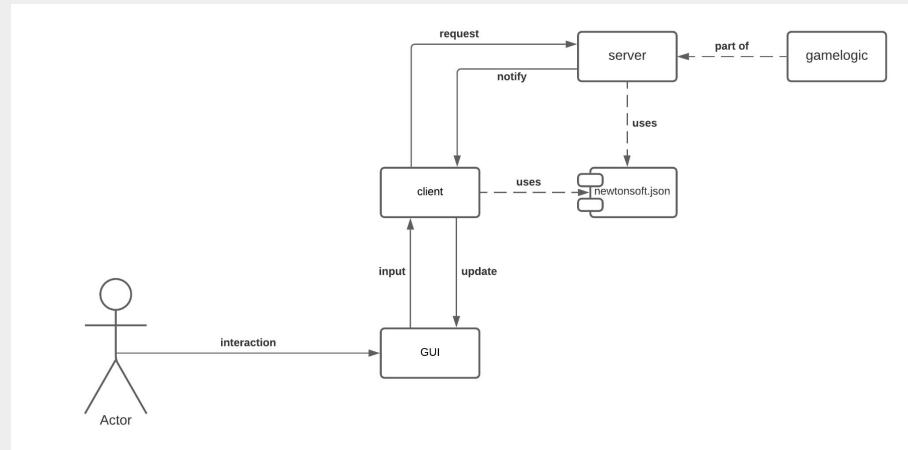


Pop-up



Architektur

grober Überblick



Networking

Entwicklung mit CodeTogether

Simon und Andrea

The screenshot shows the CodeTogether IDE interface. At the top, it says "Welcome to CodeTogether!" Below that, there are two main sections: "Host New Session" and "Join Remote Session". "Host New Session" is described as inviting others to securely code in the IDE from their browser or own IDE. "Join Remote Session" is described as connecting to a remote session to start collaborating from inside the IDE. Further down, it says "You are known as Master of Networking. Source is end-to-end encrypted." On the right side, there are several tabs: "CodeTogether" (selected), "CodeTogether Teams", "Unit Tests Coverage", "Database", "IL Viewer", and "Errors In Solution".

CodeTogether

Welcome to CodeTogether!

Host New Session : Invite others to securely code in this IDE from their browser, or their own IDE.

Join Remote Session : Connect to a remote session to start collaborating from inside this IDE.

You are known as Master of Networking. Source is end-to-end encrypted.

CodeTogether Teams

CodeTogether Teams unlocks rapid collaboration and additional functionality like write-access to terminals.

Start a Team now for you and your peers to unlock advanced functionality.

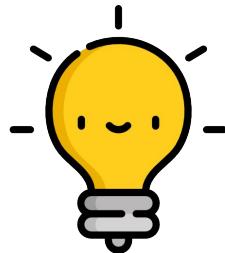
CodeTogether

Unit Tests Coverage

Database

IL Viewer

Errors In Solution



Networking V1

Intelligente Clients
Echo Server

- erste Idee
- Client besitzt Spiellogik
- Server leitet nur weiter
- erschien simpel

Erste Implementation (Strings versenden)

```
byte[] currentBuffer = new byte[recievedByteLengh];
Array.Copy(buffer, currentBuffer, recievedByteLengh); //to remove the protruding zeros from buffer
string incomingDataString = Encoding.ASCII.GetString(currentBuffer);
Console.WriteLine("Received Text: " + incomingDataString);
//todo: handle incomingDataString

if (incomingDataString.ToLower().Equals("get status"))
{
    string dataString = $"Current status: \n connected clients: {clientSockets.Count} \n current buffer size: {BUFFER_SIZE}";
    byte[] dataToSend = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(dataString);
    currentClientSocket.Send(dataToSend);
    Console.WriteLine("Current status was requested and sent.");
} else if (incomingDataString.ToLower().Equals("exit")) // Client wants to exit gracefully
{
```

Serverseitiger String empfang

Clientseitig String versenden

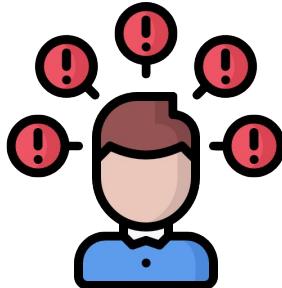
```
private static void sendRequest()
{
    Console.Write("Send a request: (get status)");
    //string request = Console.ReadLine();
    string request = "Hallo Welt";

    byte[] buffer = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(request);
    clientSocket.Send(buffer, 0, buffer.Length, SocketFlags.None);

    //TODO: send game data and messages -> may send JSON
}
```

Probleme mit V1

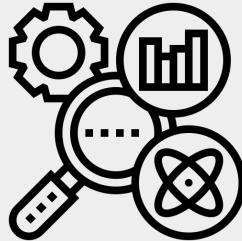
Der Hirnknoten



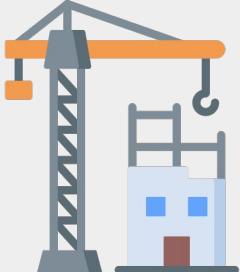
- Client weiß zu viel
- Cheater???
- Woher soll der Server wissen ob das jetzt für alle ist oder nicht?
- Synchronisation

Networking V2

das Umplanen
und der Umbau

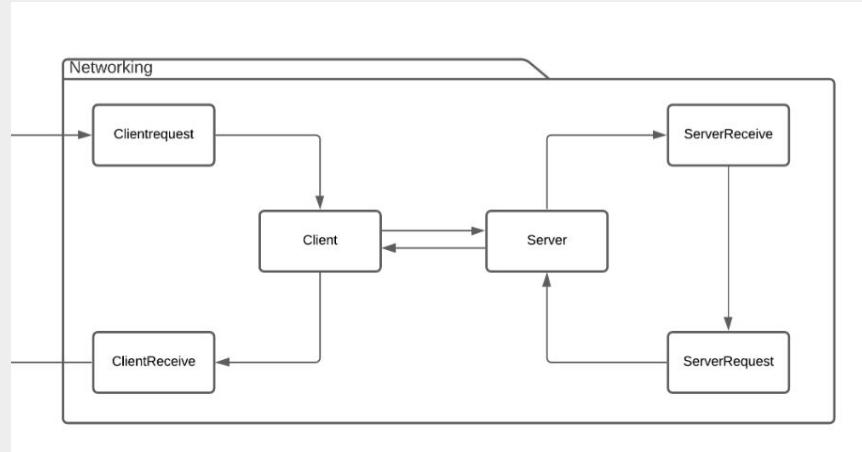


- Recherche
- alten Code prüfen
- alten Code umbauen



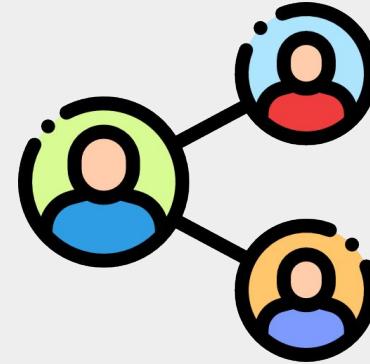
Neue Architektur

- Server beherbergt Logik
- Client kann nur Funktionalität anfragen

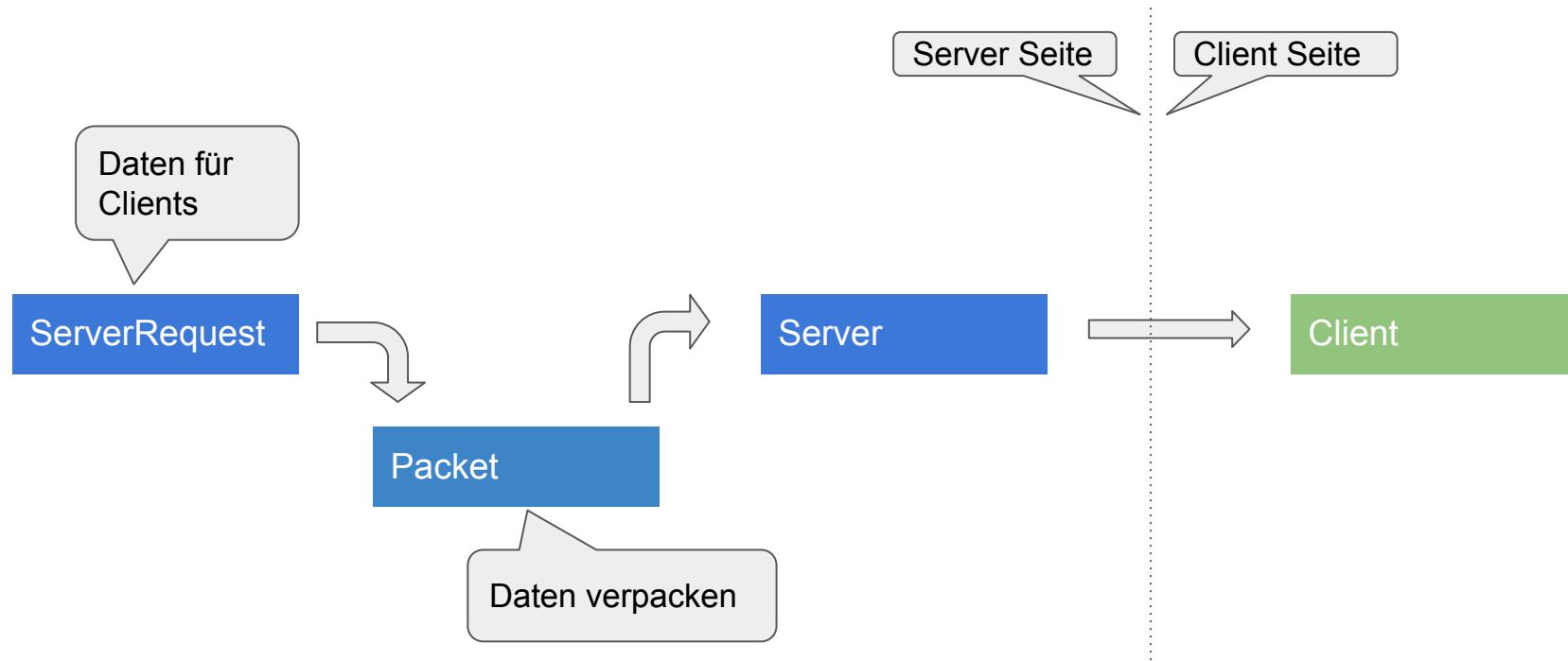


Kommunikation

Server → Client



Zusammenspiel



ServerRequest

ServerRequest



Packet



Server



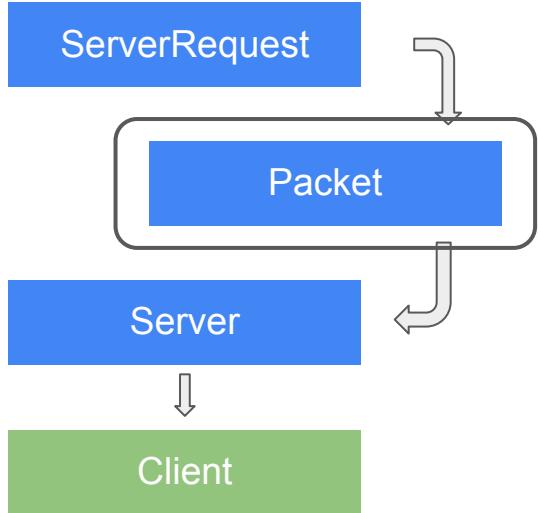
Client

Informationen zum
verschicken

```
public void notifyClientJoined(ArrayList playerInformation, string lobbyIP)
{
    Packet packet = new Packet();
    packet.type = (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_CLIENT_JOINED;
    packet.lobbyContent = playerInformation;
    packet.lobbyIP = lobbyIP;

    // send to all
    Server.sendDataToAll(packet);
    Debug.Log(message: "SERVER: Client should expect a NotifyClientJoined package Type 10");
}
```

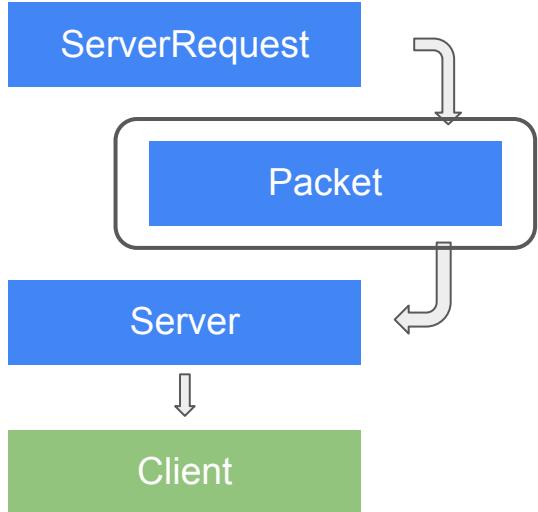
Packet



```
public void notifyClientJoined(ArrayList playerInformation, string lobbyIP)
{
    Packet packet = new Packet();
    packet.type = (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_CLIENT_JOINED;
    packet.lobbyContent = playerInformation;
    packet.lobbyIP = lobbyIP;

    // send to all
    Server.sendDataToAll(packet);
    Debug.Log(message: "SERVER: Client should expect a NotifyClientJoined package Type 10");
}
```

Packet



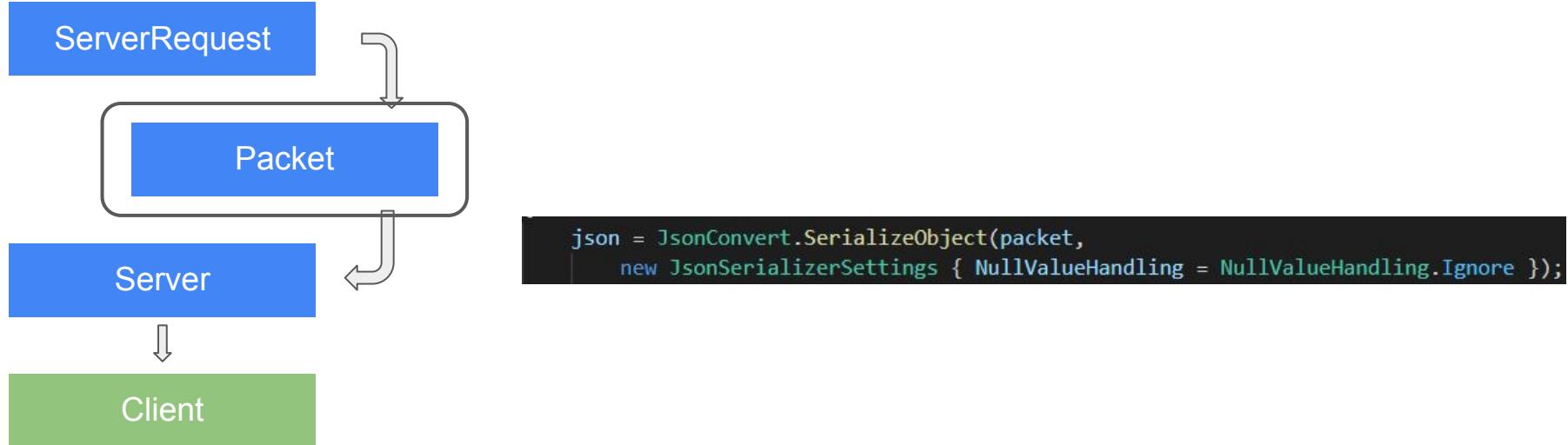
```
public class Packet
{
    ⚡ Frequently called ⚡ 48 usages
    public int type { get; set; } // what method needs to be called? -> set default to -1 to prevent wrong messages
    ⚡ 15 usages
    public string playerName { get; set; }
    ⚡ 5 usages
    public PLAYERCOLOR playerColor { get; set; } // [r,g,b,a]
    ⚡ 44 usages
    public int myPlayerID { get; set; } // player ID of the client who receives the packet

    ⚡ 8 usages
    public int? currentPlayerID { get; set; } // ID of the current player
    ⚡ 5 usages
    public int? previousPlayerID { get; set; } // ID of the previous player

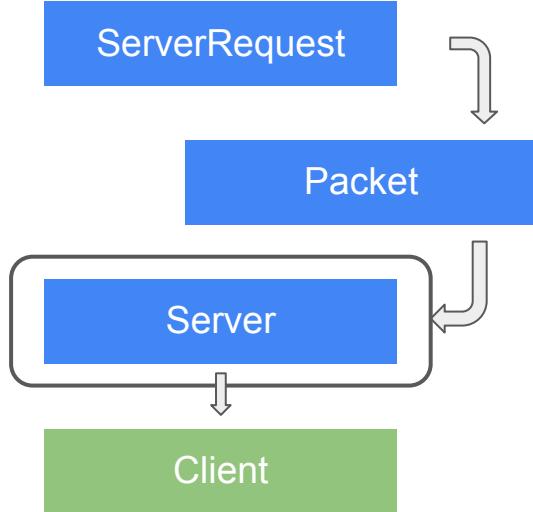
    ⚡ 8 usages
    public bool
    ⚡ 3 usages
    public string currentPlayerColor { get; set; }
```

Nullable Int → Platz sparen

Packet



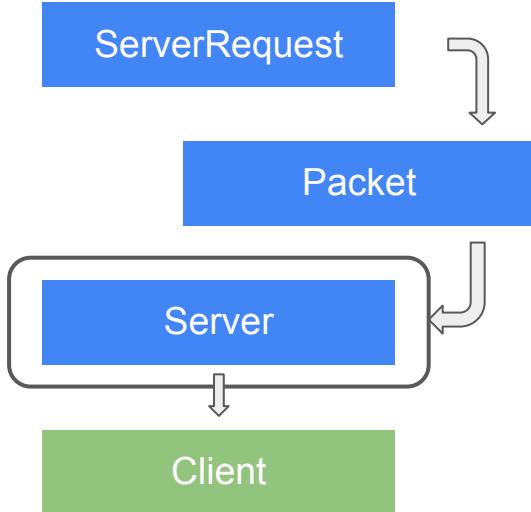
Server



```
public void notifyClientJoined(ArrayList playerInformation, string lobbyIP)
{
    Packet packet = new Packet();
    packet.type = (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_CLIENT_JOINED;
    packet.lobbyContent = playerInformation;
    packet.lobbyIP = lobbyIP;

    // send to all
    Server.sendDataToAll(packet);
    Debug.Log(message: "SERVER: Client should expect a NotifyClientJoined package Type 10");
}
```

Server

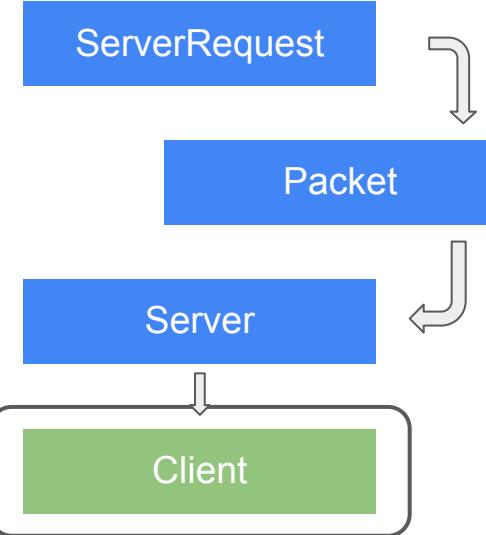


```
public static void sendDataToOne(int playerID, Packet data)
{
    data.myPlayerID = playerID;
    string dataString = PacketSerializer.objectToJsonString(data);
    byte[] dataToSend = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(dataString);
    socketPlayerData[playerID].BeginSend(dataToSend, offset: 0, size: dataToSend.Length, SocketFlags.None, sendCallback, serverSocket);
    Thread.Sleep(millisecondsTimeout: 50);
}
```

```
public static void sendDataToAll(Packet data)
{
    foreach (int id in socketPlayerData.Keys)
    {
        data.myPlayerID = id;
        string dataString = PacketSerializer.objectToJsonString(data);
        byte[] dataToSend = Encoding.ASCII.GetBytes(dataString);
        socketPlayerData[id].BeginSend(dataToSend, offset: 0, size: dataToSend.Length, SocketFlags.None, sendCallback, serverSocket);
    }
    Thread.Sleep(millisecondsTimeout: 50);
}
```

String
byte Array
versenden

Client



```
private static void delegateIncomingDataToMethods(Packet incomingData)
{
    try
    {
        switch (incomingData.type)
        {
            case (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_CLIENT_JOINED:
                ThreadManager.executeOnMainThread(() =>
                {
                    _clientReceive.handleClientJoined(incomingData);
                });
                break;

            case (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_GAMESTART_INITIALIZE:
                ThreadManager.executeOnMainThread(() =>
                {
                    _clientReceive.handleGameStartInitialize(incomingData);
                });
                break;

            case (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_PLAYER_READY_NOTIFICATION:
                ThreadManager.executeOnMainThread(() =>
                {
                    _clientReceive.handlePlayerReadyNotification(incomingData);
                });
                break;
        }
    }
}
```

Remember?

```
Packet packet = new Packet();
packet.type = (int)COMMUNICATION_METHODS.HANDLE_CLIENT_JOINED;
```

ThreadManager

```
public static void executeOnMainThread(Action action)
{
    if (action == null)
    {
        Debug.LogWarning("CLIENT: Action to execute on main thread is null!");
        return;
    }
    // secure that execOnMainThreadList is not read at the same time.
    lock (execOnMainThreadList)
    {
        execOnMainThreadList.Add(action);
        actionsToExec = true;
    }
}
```

Von jedem Thread
aufrufbar

Auf Unity's main thread ausführen

```
foreach (Action action in execOnMainThreadListCopied)
{
    action();
}
```

TryCatch

Unity und sein main Thread

```
// necessary to log errors that occur in the side thread
try
{
    Socket clientSocket;
    try
    {
        //accepts clients connection attempt, returns client socket
        clientSocket = serverSocket.EndAccept(AR);
    }
    catch (ObjectDisposedException e)
    {
        Debug.Log(message: "SERVER: ObjectDisposedException." +
                   " Happens always if the server socket is closed.\n" +
                   e.Message);
        return;
    }
}
```

Umschließt gesamten
Methodenrumpf

Fängt spezifischere
Fehler

GameLogic

Regeln

Spielbrett

Startphase

Bauen

Tradern

Development Cards

- Wüsten, Ressourcen, Häfen

Regeln

Spielbrett
Startphase

Bauen

Tradern

Development Cards

```
// Begin next round
if (!inGameStartupPhase)
{
    changeCurrentPlayer(clientPacket, currentPlayer);
    Debug.Log("SERVER: Current Player index: " + currentPlayer);
    updateRepPlayers();
    updateOwnPlayer(currentPlayer);
    handleBeginRound(clientPacket);
}
```

Regeln

Spielbrett
Startphase

Bauen

Tradern

Development Cards

- Straßen, Dörfer, Städte

Regeln

- 4:1 / 3:1 / 2:1

Spielbrett
Startphase

Bauen

Tradew

Development Cards

Regeln

Spielbrett

Startphase

Bauen

Tradern

Development Cards

- Vorgesetzte Kartenanzahl

Board

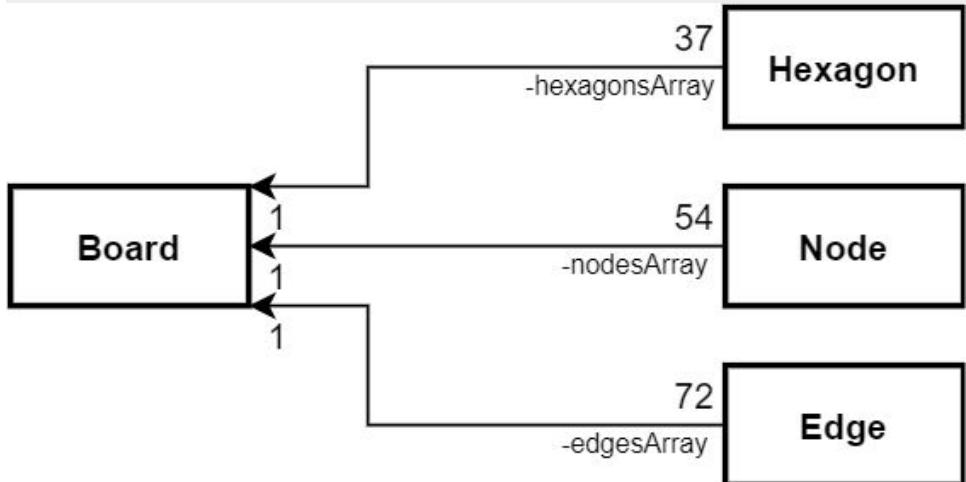
Das Spielbrett

- Zufällig angeordnete Hexagons & Zahlenfeldern
- Feste Positionen für Wüste, Häfen und Landfelder
- Feste Bauslots



Aufbau des Spielbretts

- Die Klasse 'Board' hält alle für das Spielbrett nötigen Funktionen und Referenzen
- Hexagons, Nodes und Edges in separaten Arrays



Initialisierung des Boards

- Initialisierung der Kindelemente
- Überprüfen der Platzierungsvorgaben
- Zuweisung der Nachbarelemente

```
public Board()
{
    initializeNodes();
    initializeEdges();
    initializeHexagons();
    checkPlacementConstraints();
    assignNeighborsToHexagons();
    assignNeighborsToNodes();
    assignNeighborsToEdges();
}
```

Nachbar- elemente

- Hexagons, Nodes und Edges müssen ihre Nachbarn kennen
- Positionen immer dieselben

1	0.3,0.4,1.3
2	0.4,0.5,1.4
3	0.5,0.6,1.5
4	0.3,1.3,1.2
5	0.4,1.4,1.3
6	0.5,1.5,1.4
7	0.6,1.6,1.5
8	1.2,1.3,2.2
9	1.3,1.4,2.3
10	1.4,1.5,2.4
11	1.5,1.6,2.5
12	1.2,2.2,2.1
13	1.3,2.3,2.2
14	1.4,2.4,2.3
15	1.5,2.5,2.4

Platzierung der Hexagons

- Werden in 2D-Array gespeichert
- Boardconfig gibt vor, wo welche Art von Hexagon liegt

	q = 0	q = 1	q = 2	q = 3	q = 4	q = 5	q = 6
r = 0	(null)	(null)	(null)	3, 0	4, 0	5, 0	6, 0
r = 1	(null)	(null)	2, 1	3, 1	4, 1	5, 1	6, 1
r = 2	(null)	1, 2	2, 2	3, 2	4, 2	5, 2	6, 2
r = 3	0, 3	1, 3	2, 3	3, 3	4, 3	5, 3	6, 3
r = 4	0, 4	1, 4	2, 4	3, 4	4, 4	5, 4	(null)
r = 5	0, 5	1, 5	2, 5	3, 5	4, 5	(null)	(null)
r = 6	0, 6	1, 6	2, 6	3, 6	(null)	(null)	(null)

```
private readonly int[][][] boardConfig = {  
    new[] {0, 0, 0, 4, 1, 4, 1},  
    new[] {0, 0, 1, 2, 2, 2, 4},  
    new[] {0, 4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1},  
    new[] {1, 2, 2, 3, 2, 2, 4},  
    new[] {4, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 0},  
    new[] {1, 2, 2, 2, 4, 0, 0},  
    new[] {4, 1, 4, 1, 0, 0, 0}  
};
```

Zufällige Anordnung

- Zuweisung der Zufallszahlen bei Initialisierung
- Überprüfen der Platzierungsvorgaben

```
private void initializeHexagons()
{
    Stack<HEXAGON_TYPE> landStack = createRandomHexagonStackFromArray();
    Stack<HEXAGON_TYPE> portStack = createRandomHexagonStackFromArray();
    numberStack = createRandomHexagonNumberStack(availableNumbers);
```

```
/// <summary>
/// Checks if Hexagons with a fieldnumber of 6 or 8 are adjacent
/// </summary>
2 references
private void checkPlacementConstraints()
{
```

Umsortieren der Hexagons

- Ermitteln einer geeigneten Position
- Geeignet, wenn Nachbarfeld keine 6 oder 8

```
/// <summary>
/// checks the hexagons array for a suitable position where none
/// of the adjacent hexagons has a 6 or 8 as fielnumber.
/// </summary>
/// <returns>an int array with the first occuring coordinates of a
/// suitable position or empty array if no suitable position is found
/// </returns>
1 reference
private int[] findSuitablePos()
{
```

Weitere Funktionalitäten

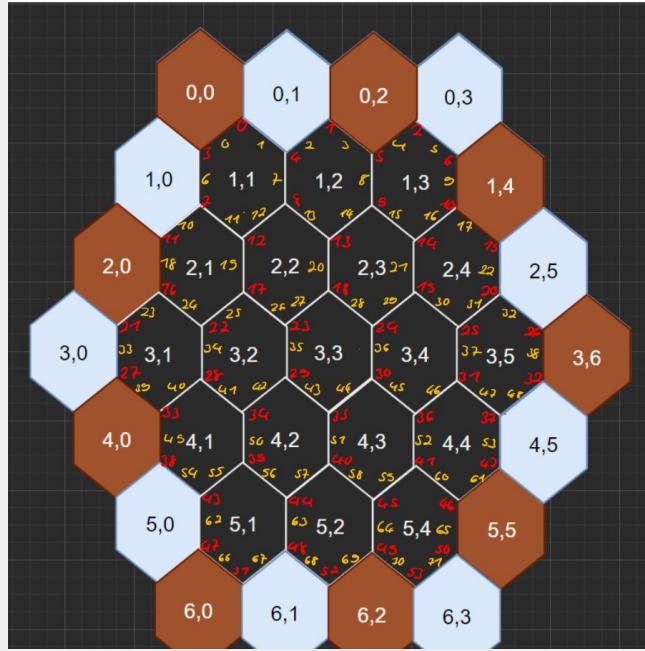
- Überprüfen der Platzierungsvorgaben für Gebäude
- Platzierung von Gebäuden
- Austeilen von Ressourcen

BoardGenerator

- Clientseitig
- Regelt die Darstellung des Boards in Unity
- Instanziert Prefabs

gemachte Fehler

- Ursprünglich 3 Offset-Arrays nötig
 - Aufwendige Array-Struktur (z.B. Jagged Array)



```

---[obere Hälfte]--- | -----[Mitte]-----| ---[untere Hälfte]---
y | -1,-1, 0, 1, 1, 0 | -1,-1, 0, 1, 1, 0 | -1,-1, 0, 1, 1, 0
x |  0,-1,-1, 0, 1, 1 |  0,-1,-1,-1, 0, 1 |  1, 0,-1,-1, 0, 1

```

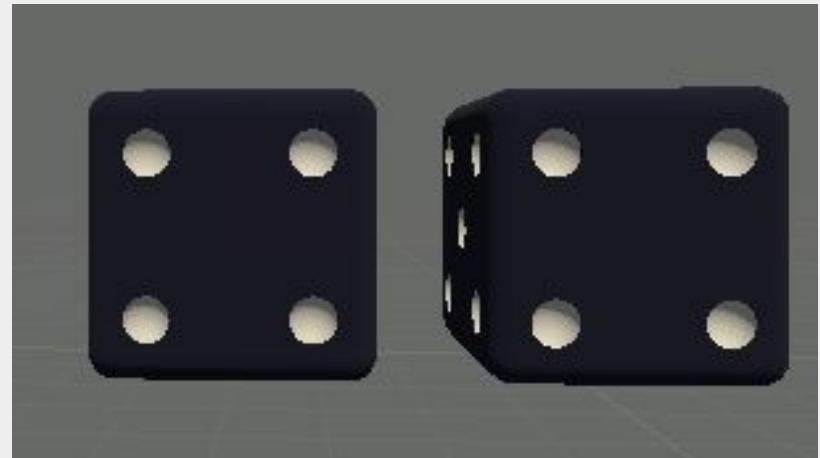
mögliche Verbesserungen

- FindSuitablePos Method sollte alle passenden Positionen finden und zufällig auswählen
- Intelligentere Nummernzuweisung von Beginn

Beispiele

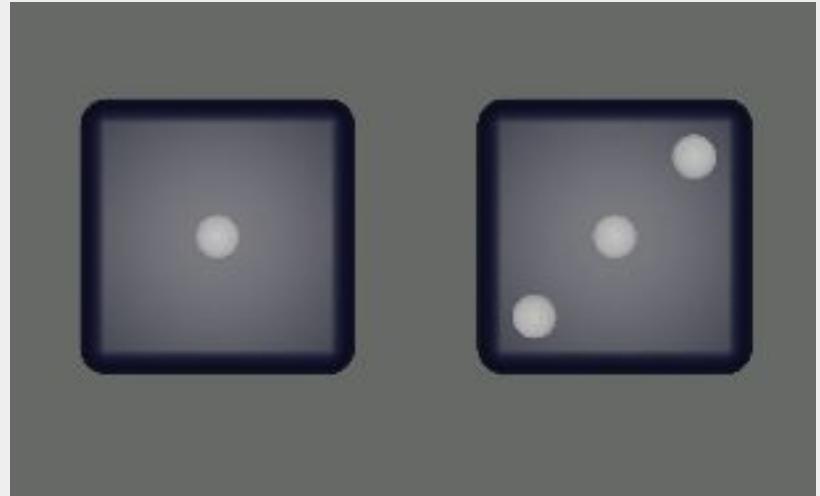
Würfeln

Ansatz V1: 3D



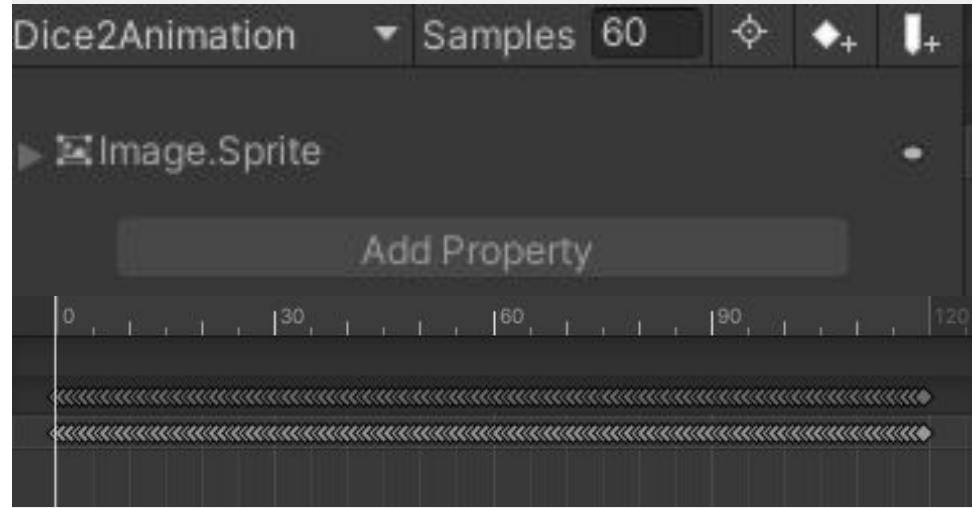
Würfeln

Ansatz V2: Sprites



Würfeln

Ansatz V2: Animation



Würfeln

Ansatz V2: Coroutine

```
public IEnumerator TimeYield()
{
    Debug.Log("CLIENT: TimeYield Function is called");
    yield return new WaitForSeconds(0.5f);
    Debug.Log("CLIENT: Waited 2 Seconds");
    Dice1.updateDiceNumber(diceNumbers[0]);
    yield return new WaitForSeconds(0);
    Dice2.updateDiceNumber(diceNumbers[1]);
}
```

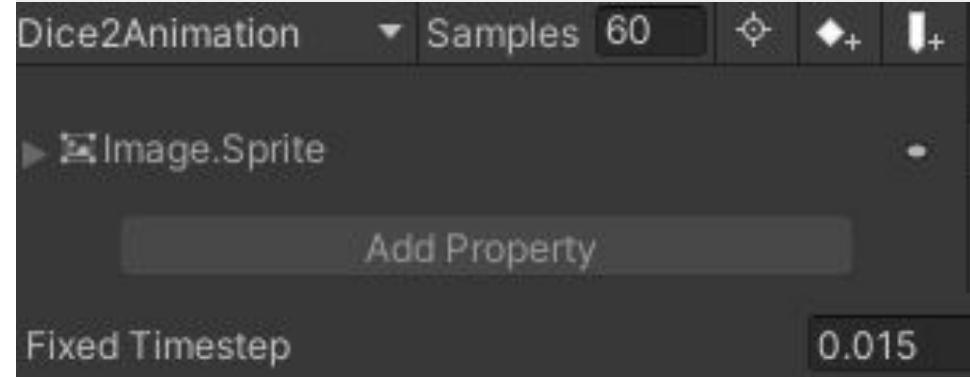
Würfeln

Ansatz V2: Coroutine

```
private String[] diceNumberStrings = {  
    "0001 (UnityEngine.Sprite)",  
    "0020 (UnityEngine.Sprite)",  
    "0040 (UnityEngine.Sprite)",  
    "0060 (UnityEngine.Sprite)",  
    "0080 (UnityEngine.Sprite)",  
    "0100 (UnityEngine.Sprite)" };  
  
void FixedUpdate()  
{  
    if (diceAnimator.enabled)  
    {  
        if (diceNumber == diceImage.sprite.ToString())  
        {  
            diceAnimator.enabled = false;  
            diceNumber = "";  
            Debug.Log("SERVER: Animating: " + diceAnimator.enabled);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Würfeln

Fixed Framerate



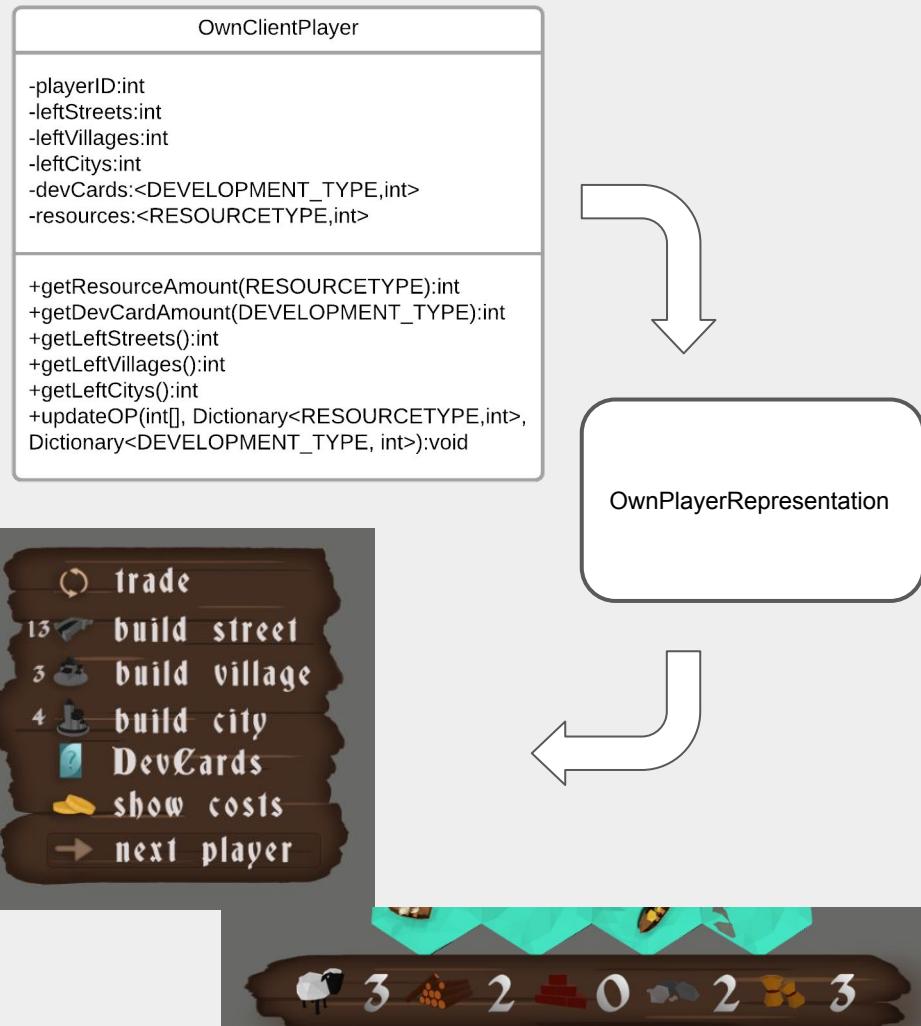
Player

ServerPlayer

ServerPlayer
<pre>-PlayerName:String -PlayerColor:PLAYERCOLOR -playerID:int -victoryPoints:int -leftStreets:int -leftVillages:int -leftCitys:int -isReady:bool -devCards:<DEVELOPMENT_TYPE,int> -resources:<RESOURCETYPE,int></pre>
<pre>+getPlayerID():int +getPlayerColor():PLAYERCOLOR +getPlayerName():string +getIsReady():bool +getResourceAmount(RESOURCETYPE):int +getTotalResourceAmount():int +getTotalDevCardAmount():int +getLeftRoads():int +getLeftVillages():int +getVictoryPoints():int +setPlayerColor(PLAYERCOLOR):void +setPlayerName(string):void +setIsReady(bool):void +setResourceAmount(RESOURCETYPE, int):void +reduceLeftRoads():void +reduceLeftVillages():void +reduceLeftCitys():void +canTrade(RESOURCETYPE):bool +trade(int[], int[]):void +canBuyBuyable(BUYABLES):bool +buyBuyable(BUYABLES):void +convertFromSPToRP():int[] +convertFromSPToOP():int[] +convertSPToOPResources():Dictionary<RESOURCETYPE, int> +convertSPToOPDevCards():Dictionary<DEVELOPMENT_TYPE, int> +playDevCard(DEVELOPMENT_TYPE):void +setNewDevCard(DEVELOPMENT_TYPE):void +getDevCardAmount(DEVELOPMENT_TYPE):int</pre>

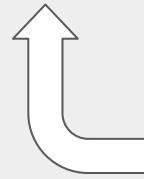
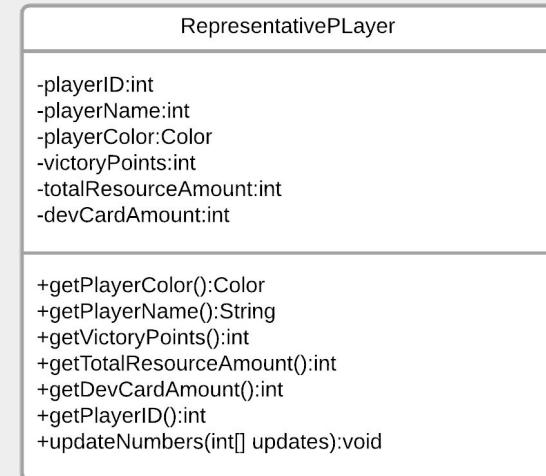
Player

OwnClientPlayer



Player

RepresentativePlayer



Fazit

Fazit

- Neue Umgebung lernen
- Regelmäßige Absprachen
- Zuständigkeiten
- Deadlines einhalten
- Rad nicht neu erfinden (Server)
- Bei Problemen direkt melden
- Datendurchsatz