Week 6

Exercise 45

 $../45/\mathrm{main.cc}$

```
1 #include <algorithm>
 2 #include <iostream>
 3 #include <iterator>
 4 #include <set>
 5 #include <string>
 6
 7
   using namespace std;
 8
9
   int main(int argc, char const **argv)
10
11
      set < string > iStrings;
12
      \mathtt{cout} << "Please enter delimited words to be sorted, end input with \mathtt{^{\hat{}}D \setminus n}";
13
14
15
      copy(
            istream_iterator < string > (cin),
16
17
           istream_iterator<string>(),
           inserter(iStrings,iStrings.end())
18
19
          );
20
21
      // Or: set<string> iStrings((istream_iterator<string>(cin)),
22
                                     istream_iterator < string > () );
23
24
      copy(
25
           iStrings.begin(),
26
           iStrings.end(),
           ostream_iterator<string>(cout, " ")
27
28
          );
29 }
```

../46/main.cc

```
1 #include <vector>
 2 #include <algorithm>
 3 #include <iostream>
   #include <string>
 4
 5
 6
   using namespace std;
 7
 8
   int main(int argc, char **argv)
 9
10
      size_t nrRvalues = stoi(argv[1]);
      size_t maxRvalue = stoi(argv[2]);
11
      size_t lookupVal = stoi(argv[3]);
12
13
14
      vector < size_t > numbers;
15
16
      for (size_t idx = 0; idx < nrRvalues; ++idx)</pre>
        numbers.push_back(random() % (maxRvalue + 1)); //adding a random number
17
18
                                                            //between 0 and max_rvalue
19
      for (auto idx: numbers)
20
        cout << idx << '\t';</pre>
21
      cout << '\n';</pre>
22
23
      auto it2 = find_if(
24
                           numbers.begin(),
25
                           numbers.end(),
26
                           [lookupVal](const size_t & val)
27
                           {
28
                             if (val > lookupVal)
29
                               return true;
30
                             return false;
31
                          }
                         );
32
33
34
      if (it2 != numbers.end())
        cout << "The first value exceeding " << lookupVal << " is at index "</pre>
35
36
             << distance(numbers.begin(), it2) << '\n';
37
      else
38
        cout << "No random value exceeds " << lookupVal << '\n';</pre>
39
40 }
```

../47/main.cc

```
1 #include <algorithm>
 2 #include <iostream>
 3 #include <iterator>
4
5 using namespace std;
6
 7
   int main(int argc, char **argv)
8
9
      sort(
10
           argv, argv + argc,
           [](char *left, char *right) // Sort ascending
11
12
             return *left < *right;</pre>
13
           }
14
          );
15
      copy(argv, argv + argc, ostream_iterator<string>(cout, " ")); // Print
16
17
18
      cout << '\n'; // New line</pre>
19
20
      sort(
21
           argv,
22
           argv + argc,
23
           [](char *left, char *right) // Sort descending
24
25
             return *left > *right;
26
           }
27
          );
28
      copy(argv, argv + argc, ostream_iterator<string>(cout, " ")); // Print
   }
29
```

The difference between std::copy and std::for_each is centered primarily around the fact that std::copy leaves the original intact (unless, of course, as in exercise 47 the destination range is the same as the origin). Furthermore, the std::for_each algorithm applies a 'transformation' (i.e. function) to the range, while copy does not. Hence, the latter is applicable for applications where some kind of function must be applied to all elements of a container.

```
../48/main.ih
1
   #define ERR(msg) printf("%s : %d", (msg), __LINE__)
2
3
   using namespace std;
4
   #include <vector>
5
6
   #include <algorithm>
  #include <iterator>
7
8 #include <iostream>
                                           ../48/main.cc
   #include "main.ih"
2
3
   int main(int argc, char const **argv)
4
   {
5
     vector < size_t > numbers {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7};
6
     // Simple vector of ascending numbers
7
8
     copy(numbers.begin(), numbers.end(), ostream_iterator<size_t>(cout, "\n"));
9
     // Copies the vector to cout, printing them all, new-line seperated
10
11
     for_each(
12
               numbers.begin(),
13
               numbers.end(),
14
               [](size_t &n0)
15
                 cout << ++n0 << '\n';
16
               }
17
              );
18
19
     // The same, but now the numbers are incremented in the vector, as well as
20
     // printed
21
      // This could not be accomplished with copy
22
   }
```

```
../49E/main.ih
   #define ERR(msg) printf("%s : %d", (msg), __LINE__)
1
2
3
   using namespace std;
4
5
   #include "student/student.h"
6
7
   #include <vector>
8
   #include <fstream>
9
   #include <iostream>
10 #include <algorithm>
  #include <numeric>
11
12
   void read(string fileName, vector<Student> &vStudents);
13
   string toLower(string toLowerCase);
14
   void writeNames(vector < Student > const &vStudents);
15
16
   void writeNrs(vector<Student> vStudents, vector<size_t> vIndices);
17
  void sortByName(vector < Student > &vStudents);
18
19 void sortByNr(vector<Student> &vStudents, vector<size_t> &vIndices);
                                           ../49E/main.cc
   #include "main.ih"
1
2
3
4
   int main(int argc, char const **argv)
5
   {
6
     vector < Student > vStudents;
7
     read(string(argv[1]), vStudents); //reading input from file
8
     sortByName(vStudents);
9
                                          //sorting by name
10
     writeNames(vStudents);
                                          //printing sorted vector with names
11
12
13
     vector < size_t > vIndices(vStudents.size());
14
     iota(vIndices.begin(), vIndices.end(), 0); //filling indices with values
15
                                                   //0,1,...,n where n is the last
16
                                                   //element
17
18
     sortByNr(vStudents, vIndices);
                                                   //sorting by student number
19
20
     writeNrs(vStudents, vIndices);
                                                   //printing student number and
21
                                                   //grade
22 }
                                      ../49E/student/student.h
   #ifndef INCLUDED_STUDENT_
2
   #define INCLUDED_STUDENT_
3
4
   #include <string>
5
   class Student
6
7
8
9
        std::string d_name;
10
        std::string d_lastName;
11
        size_t
                    d_sNo;
12
       double
                    d_grade;
13
14
     public:
```

```
Student(std::string firstName, std::string lastName, size_t sNo, double grade);
15
16
        size_t sNo() const;
17
        std::string lastName();
18
        void printName();
19
        void printNr();
20
21
   };
22
23
   #endif
24
25
   inline size_t Student::sNo() const
26
27
     return d_sNo;
28
   };
29
30
   inline std::string Student::lastName()
31
     return d_lastName;
32
33
   };
                                       ../49E/student/student.ih
 1
   #include "student.h"
 2
 3
   #include <iostream>
 4
   #include <iomanip>
 5
   using namespace std;
                                    ../49E/student/c_studentInfo.cc
 1
   #include "student.ih"
 2
   Student::Student(string firstName, string lastName, size_t sNo, double grade)
 3
      : d_name(firstName + ' ' + lastName), d_lastName(lastName), d_sNo(sNo), d_grade(
 4
         grade)
 5
   {
 6
   }
                                      ../49E/student/printname.cc
 1
   #include "student.ih"
 2
 3
   void Student::printName()
 4
 5
 6
      cout << left << setw(25) << d_name << setw(25) << d_lastName << setw(25)</pre>
 7
           << d_sNo << setw(25) << d_grade << '\n';
 8
   }
                                       ../49E/student/printnr.cc
   #include "student.ih"
 2
 3
   void Student::printNr()
 4
   {
      cout << d_sNo << '\t'
 5
           << d_grade << '\n';
 6
   }
                                            ../49E/read.cc
   #include "main.ih"
```

```
void read(string fileName, vector < Student > &vStudents)
 3
 4
   {
 5
      ifstream textFile(fileName);
 6
 7
      while (true)
 8
        string firstName;
 9
10
        string lastName;
11
        string sNo;
12
        string grade;
13
        getline(textFile, firstName, '\t');
14
15
        if (textFile.eof())
16
17
          break:
18
        getline(textFile, lastName, '\t');
19
20
        getline(textFile, sNo, '\t');
21
        getline(textFile, grade);
22
23
        vStudents.push_back(Student(firstName, lastName, stoi(sNo), stod(grade)));
24
     }
   }
25
                                         ../49E/sortbyname.cc
   #include "main.ih"
 1
 2
 3
   void sortByName(vector<Student> &vStudents)
 4
   {
 5
      sort(
 6
           vStudents.begin(),
 7
           vStudents.end(),
 8
           [](Student left, Student right)
 9
10
             return toLower(left.lastName()) < toLower(right.lastName());</pre>
11
           }
12
          );
13
   }
                                          ../49E/sortbynr.cc
 1
   #include "main.ih"
 2
 3
   void sortByNr(vector<Student> &vStudents, vector<size_t> &vIndices)
 4
   {
 5
      sort(
 6
           vIndices.begin(),
 7
           vIndices.end(),
 8
           [vStudents](int left, int right)
 9
             return vStudents[left].sNo() < vStudents[right].sNo();</pre>
10
           }
11
          );
12
13
   }
                                         ../49E/strCaseCmp.cc
   #include "main.ih"
 1
 2
 3
   string toLower(string toLowerCase)
 4
   {
 5
      transform(toLowerCase.begin(), toLowerCase.end(), toLowerCase.begin(),
 6
       ::toupper);
 7
      return toLowerCase;
   }
 8
```

../49E/writeNames.cc

```
1
   #include "main.ih"
2
3
   void writeNames(vector < Student > const &vStudents)
4
5
     for(auto idx: vStudents)
6
7
        idx.printName();
8
9
     cout << '\n';</pre>
10
                                           ../49 E/writeNrs.cc
   #include "main.ih"
1
2
   void writeNrs(vector<Student> vStudents, vector<size_t> vIndices)
3
4
5
6
     for (size_t idx = 0; idx < vIndices.size(); ++idx)</pre>
7
        vStudents[vIndices[idx]].printNr();
8
9
      cout << '\n';</pre>
10
   }
```

```
../52/\text{main.ih}
   #define ERR(msg) printf("%s : %d", (msg), __LINE__)
 1
 2
 3
   #include <vector>
 4
   #include <string>
   #include <algorithm>
 5
   #include <iostream>
   #include <fstream>
 8
   #include <iterator>
 9
10
   using namespace std;
                                            ../52/main.cc
 1
   #include "main.ih"
 2
 3
   int main(int argc, char const **argv)
 4
   {
 5
      ifstream textFile(argv[1]); // Open file1
 6
 7
      vector<string> data(
 8
                            (istream_iterator<string>(textFile)),
 9
                           istream_iterator < string > ()
10
                          ):
      // Construct vector data using istream iterator that goes through file1
11
12
13
      textFile.close(); // Close file1
14
      textFile.clear(); // Clear flags
15
      textFile.open(argv[2]); // Open file2
16
17
      vector<string> data2(
18
                             (istream_iterator<string>(textFile)),
19
                             istream_iterator < string > ()
20
                           );
21
      // Construct vector data using istream iterator that goes through file2
22
23
      remove_if(
24
                 data.begin(),
25
                 data.end(),
26
                 [](string findMe)
27
28
                   return findMe == "extra";
                }
29
30
               );
31
      // Go through vector, remove instances of 'extra'
32
33
      data.insert( data.end(), data2.begin(), data2.end() );
      // Insert data2 at the end of data
34
35
36
      data.erase( unique(data.begin(), data.end()), data.end() );
37
      // Erase all non unique entries in data
38
      vector < string > (data) . swap (data);
39
      // Shrink to fit
40
41
     for (auto el: data)
42
43
       cout << el << '\n';</pre>
44
      // Print entries, line-seperated
45
46
      cout << data.size() << '\t' << data.capacity();</pre>
47
      // Checking space
48
   }
```