

Quiz 2

Questions relate to the whole semester.

Instructions: open book, 2 hours.

1. What would the following code display?

```
int[] a = {1,2,3,4,5,6};  
int i = a.length - 1;  
while(i>=0){  
    System.out.print(a[i]);  
    i--;  
}
```

- a) 123456
 - b) Exception at runtime
 - c) 654321
 - d) Nothing
 - e) 65432
 - f) 12345
2. A and E are classes, B and D are interfaces. Which of the following statements are correct?
- a) interface F implements B,D { }
 - b) interface F implements D { }
 - c) interface F extends D { }
 - d) interface F extends E { }
 - e) interface F extends B, D { }
3. What is inheritance?
- a) It is the process where one object acquires properties of another
 - b) Inheritance is the ability of an object to take on many forms
 - c) Inheritance is a technique to define different methods of the same type
 - d) None of the above
4. What is polymorphism
- a) Polymorphism is a technique to define different objects of the same type
 - b) Polymorphism is the ability of an object to take on many forms
 - c) Polymorphism is a technique to define different methods of the same type
 - d) None of the above
5. What are instance variables?
- a) Instance variables are static variables within a class but outside any method
 - b) Instance variables are variables defined inside methods, constructors or blocks
 - c) Instance variables are variables within a class but outside any method
 - d) None of the above
6. When we refer to a “member of a class” we mean:
- a) An attribute
 - b) A method
 - c) An attribute or method

d) A sub-class

7. What would be displayed after the following code?

```
int[] nums = {1,2,3,4,5,6};  
System.out.println((nums[1] + nums[3]));
```

- a) 6
- b) 2+4
- c) 1+3
- d) 4

8. If classes Student, Staff, and Faculty extend the class Person, which of the following make sense?

- a) Faculty[] faculties = {new Person(), new Staff(), new Student()};
- b) Staff[] staff={new Person(), new Faculty(), new Student()};
- c) Person[] persons={new Faculty(), new Staff(), new Student()};

9. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Recursion {  
    int func(int n) {  
        int result;  
        if (n == 0) {  
            result = 3;  
        } else {  
            result = func(n - 1);  
        }  
        return result;  
    }  
}  
  
public class Prog {  
    public static void main(String args[]) {  
        Recursion obj = new Recursion() ;  
        System.out.print(obj.func(5));  
    }  
}
```

- a) 5
- b) 18
- c) 3
- d) Compile error
- e) Runtime error

10. What is the output of the following program?

```
class Recursion {
    int func(int n) {
        int result = 0;
        if (n < 10) {
            if (n == 8) {
                result = 1;
            }
        } else {
            result = func(n % 10) + func(n / 10);
        }
        return result;
    }
}

public class Prog {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Recursion obj = new Recursion();
        System.out.print(obj.func(123) + " ");
        System.out.print(obj.func(8328) + " ");
        System.out.println(obj.func(8325));
    }
}
```

- a) 0 0 0
- b) 0 2 1
- c) 0 1 0
- d) Compile error

11. Which of the following is a valid annotation definition?

- a) public @annotation MyAnnotation{ }
- b) private @interface MyAnnotation{ }
- c) public @interface MyAnnotation{ }
- d) public @MyAnnotation{ }

12. Which of the following belongs to meta-annotations?

- a) @Override
- b) @Retention
- c) @Deprecated
- d) @SuppressWarnings()

13. Which of the following are valid retention policy types in Java (multiple answers)?

- a) SOURCE
- b) CLASS
- c) RUNTIME
- d) CODE
- e) TOOLS

14. What will the following program output?

```
import java.lang.annotation.*;
import java.lang.reflect.*;

@Retention(RetentionPolicy.RUNTIME)
@interface MyAnnotation {
    int value();
}

class Hello {
    @MyAnnotation(value = 10)
    public void goodEvening() {
        System.out.print("Good Evening");
    }
}

public class HelloAnnotation {
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
        Hello h = new Hello();
        Method m = h.getClass().getMethod("goodEvening");
        MyAnnotation myAnn = m.getAnnotation(MyAnnotation.class);
        System.out.println("Prints " + myAnn.value());
    }
}
```

- a) Prints HelloAnnotation 10
- b) Good Evening Prints 10
- c) Prints 10
- d) Some other output
- e) Output cannot be determined

15. What will be the output of the following program?

```
import java.lang.annotation.*;
import java.lang.reflect.*;

@Retention(RetentionPolicy.CLASS)
@interface MyAnnotation {
    int value();
}

class Hello {
    @MyAnnotation(value = 10)
    public void goodEvening() {
        System.out.print("Good Evening");
    }
}

public class HelloAnnotation { when the program runs.
    public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception {
        Hello h = new Hello();
        Method m = h.getClass().getMethod("goodEvening");
        MyAnnotation myAnn = m.getAnnotation(MyAnnotation.class);
        System.out.println("Prints " + myAnn.value());
    }
}
```

- a) Prints HelloAnnotation 10
- b) Compilation Error
- c) Runtime Exception

16. What is the output of the following program?

```
interface Int{}
class Simple implements Int{}
class SimpleTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        try {
            Class c=Class.forName("Simple");
            System.out.print(c.isInterface() + " ");
            c=Class.forName("Int");
            System.out.println(c.isInterface());
        } catch (Exception e) {
            System.out.println(e);
        }
    }
}
```

- a) false true
- b) true false
- c) true false
- d) false false

17. Which of the following can obtain the location of file Reflection.class

Public class Reflection { }

- a) Reflection.class.getClassLoader().getResource("Reflection.class")
- b) Reflection.getClass().getResource("Reflection.class")
- c) Reflection.getClass().getClassLoader().getResource("Reflection.class")
- d) Reflection.class.getClassLoader("Reflection.class")

18. Consider the following program:

```
class MyClass {
    private float val;
    @Deprecated
    MyClass(int n) {
        val = n;
    }
    MyClass(float f) {
        val = f;
    }
}

public class TestDeprecated {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int val = 3;
        MyClass obj = new MyClass(3);
    }
}
```

Which of the following is true?

- a) It generates one warning (call of the deprecated constructor) when compiling, nothing when running
- b) It generates two warnings (definition of the deprecated constructor and call of the deprecated constructor) when compiling, nothing when running
- c. No warning when compiling but it generates one warning when running

- c) No warning when compiling but it generates two warnings when running
 - d) No warning when compiling, exception when running
 - e) One warning when compiling, exception when running
19. What is the main purpose of JDBC?
- a) Create a connection to the database.
 - b) Send SQL statements to the database.
 - c) Processing data and query results
 - d) All of the above
20. Which of the following steps are performed when accessing a database via JDBC?
- a) Loading the JDBC driver.
 - b) Setting up the connection.
 - c) Executing queries or applying changes to the database
 - d) Close the connection
21. Which package allows Java to access a database?
- a) java.sql
 - b) java.db
 - c) java.dbms
 - d) java.jdbc
 - e) java.lang
 - f) java.util
22. In general you prefer adding a TableView to a:
- a) BorderPane
 - b) StackPane
 - c) ScrollPane
 - d) SplitPane
 - e) TabPane
 - f) TitledPane
23. FXCollections:
- a) Is a package that contains classes for collections that you should use as backend to some JavaFX widgets.
 - b) Is a class that contains wrapper methods for regular collections so that you can use them as backend to some JavaFX widgets.
 - c) Is a class that only contains the ObservableList inner class
 - d) Is an enum that is used for defining the collections that can be used with JavaFx widgets (for instance a TreeSet cannot be used, and doesn't appear in
 - e) the enum)
24. "static" key word in java indicates:
- a) Something that you cannot change
 - b) Something that is attached to the class, not to a particular object instance
 - c) Something that cannot throw exceptions
 - d) Something that cannot be overridden (methods) or extended

25. The protocol that takes a message from a network to another another network is:
- a) FTP
 - b) TCP
 - c) IP
 - d) HTTP
26. Which of these is **not** a build tool?
- a) Ant
 - b) Junit
 - c) Make
 - d) Maven
27. The time taken by a message to travel between computers is called:
- a) Bandwidth
 - b) Routing
 - c) Latency
 - d) Delay
28. You need to have the .jar of the JDBC driver you are using when:
- a) Only when you compile the program
 - b) Only when you run the program
 - c) Both when you compile and run the program
29. If you serialize an object that contains references, when you reload it the referenced objects will go at exactly the same place in memory.
- a) True
 - b) False
30. To make an object serializable you:
- a) You don't need to do anything – all objects are serializable by default
 - b) You only need to say that it implements the Serializable interface
 - c) You need to say that it implements the Serializable interface and implement the two methods writeObject() and readObject() defined in the interface