Lunas D3-17 Mangemed Gophe

6 MMn - 216

Bonnednoe mais - 4

N1.1

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

1) Hanger Report
$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
2 & 1 & 1 \\
-1 & 9 & 1
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & -3 & -1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & -3 & -1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & -3 & -1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & -3 & -1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
1 & 2 & 1 \\
0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
-1 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
-1 & 1 \\
0 & 0 & 0
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\sim 3 \cdot 9 \cdot 0 \cdot 1 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} = 3 \cdot \dim \ker \varphi = 1$$

2) ly mystregymen nyman rismen coelor borbog, 250

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

3) Donomum
$$u_3 g_0 dezu (e R)$$
Herpygho byges, iso $det \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \neq 0 =)$ homen gonomus lewrope lu $u_F\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $u_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

4) Haisem ofpazn u, n uz & R* 4(u,) = w,

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 4 & 1 \\ 3 & 0 & 4 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = Wz$$

$$A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = Wz$$

5) generall will will go degule
$$\mathbb{R}^4$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 \\ 1 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$M \in \mathbb{R}^{2}$$
 \mathcal{S}^{2} \mathcal{S}^{2}

076ex: ecu
$$e = \{\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \}$$
 $f = \{\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \}$
 $A(4, e, f) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \text{PCP} 1 \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \Rightarrow \text{dim Ker } (q = 1)$$

3) Dinomum us go dazh le
$$\mathbb{R}^3$$

T.K. det $\binom{100}{000} \neq 0$ nomen go nomen lektopamu $u_1 = \binom{1}{0}, u_2 = \binom{0}{0}$

4) Henry un adrezen u, n uz
$$l$$
 \mathbb{R}^{5}

$$\left(\left(\left(u_{1} \right) = A \cdot U_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = W,$$

$$\left(\left(\left(u_{2} \right) = A \cdot U_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = W_{2}$$

5) Dano Mun W. h Wz 30 базаса
$$\mathbb{R}^5$$

Herpygno zamerura, 250 det $\begin{pmatrix} -10000 \\ 11000 \\ 0010 \\ 000-11 \end{pmatrix} \neq 0$
 $=> 20$ men g_2 no must $lusto palm W_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} W_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
 $=> 10$ men g_2 no must $lusto palm W_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} W_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Orbet:
$$\int_{a_{3}uc} R[x]_{c2} = \{1, x, x^{2}\} = e$$

$$\int_{a_{3}uc} R[x]_{c4} = \{x-1, x, x^{2}, x^{3}-x^{4}, x^{4}\} = f$$

$$A(4, e, f) = \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 010 \\ 000 \\ 000 \end{pmatrix}$$

N1.3

Bagancupyell bajuc En, E12+E21, E22. U nougen notphys rupe-

$$\mathcal{L}\left(\mathbb{E}_{11}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} z \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
\mathcal{L}\left(\mathbb{E}_{12} + \mathbb{E}_{21}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \\
\mathcal{L}\left(\mathbb{E}_{22}\right) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 2 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \frac{E_{12} + E_{21}}{E_{22}} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & -2 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \longrightarrow \text{GPCP} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 27 \text{ dim ker} \emptyset = 1$$

Herpygno zallern 76, 20 det (1-20) to => nommo gonomuno

becopaul
$$u_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $u_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$Q(U_1) = A \cdot U_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 40 \\ 0 & 02 \\ 0 & 0-2 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = W_1$$

$$y(uz)zp\cdot uz = \begin{pmatrix} 0\\ 2\\ -2 \end{pmatrix} z uz$$

Herpygho janerur, 20 monus gonomurs bueropen W3 = (3), TIK der (2 0 0) \$ 0

Orbet: dejuc most-la, us notoposo génerale: {E11, E22, -2E11+E12+E21}

Sazue mp-la, l'eoropoe généraleme: {2 En, En+Ezi, 2 Enz+ZEzi-ZEzz}

$$A' = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$V_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} \qquad V_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} \qquad V_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Hongem
$$f_1, f_2, f_3$$
, f_5 , f_5 , f_7 . The gree marpuly $B = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{41}{f_2} \\ \frac{41}{f_3} \end{pmatrix}$ borns mens $BA = E$, $A = \begin{pmatrix} V_1 & V_2 & V_3 \\ V_2 & V_3 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} f_2 \\ f_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A = \left(V_1 \middle) V_2 \middle| V_3 \middle)$$

$$A = \left(V_1 \middle| V_2 \middle| V_3 \middle| V_4 \middle| V_5 \middle| V_6 \middle|$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
235 & 100 \\
012 & 010 \\
100 & 001
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{\text{Exim}}
\begin{pmatrix}
100 & 001 \\
012 & 010 \\
235 & 000
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{\text{RB} = \text{E}}
\begin{pmatrix}
100 & 001 \\
012 & 001 \\
012 & 001
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{\text{RB} = \text{E}}
\begin{pmatrix}
100 & 001 \\
012 & 001 \\
010 & 001
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{\text{RB} = \text{E}}
\begin{pmatrix}
100 & 001 \\
012 & 001 \\
010 & 001
\end{pmatrix}
\xrightarrow{\text{RB} = \text{E}}$$

$$\beta^{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 2 & -5 & 4 \\ -1 & 3 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \beta^{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -5 & 44 & 3 \\ 1 & -4 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

Orbes: F., Fz, Fz.

$$f' = (3,1,-1) \cdot \left(\begin{array}{ccc} 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 3 & 1 & 0 \\ 5 & 2 & 0 \end{array} \right) = (4,-1,3)$$

C) Mpocro my rph mepeller g K V1, V2, V3 no-orepegs. Poze g(V1) - K079P-T ppu f1, g(V2) - npu f2, g(V3)-npu f3. $(34-1)(\frac{201}{310}) = (4-13)$ => KOZOP-TH Pabrus 4, -1, 3. 9 (VIV2V3) (g(V1), g(V2), g(V3))

Jamusell hat pulser stux apyricum Kak enken how oro ofamenien is \mathbb{R}^{n+1} for \mathbb{R} , \mathbb{R} and passed dyse- 1xh.

3 amenien no eyenbuenece corpore, war corpore marquien.

Dance crusael 9=2:

M =
$$\begin{cases} Q_0 & Q_1 & Q_2 & Q_1 \\ Q_1 & Q_2 & Q_2 \\ Q_2 & Q_3 \\ Q_3 & Q_4 & Q_4 \\ Q_4 & Q_4 & Q_4 \\ Q_6 & Q_6 & Q_6 \\ Q_6$$

Herpygns zamernis, zou l' M le cipoku mu. negalucinon. => apynomen $4i(f) = f^{(i)}(z)$, i = 0, -n cocrabbenot dazue mp-be glocierbemors k $R[x]_{\leq n}$