# ClinVar Report

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| So            | urci | ng ClinVar input from: clinvar_2016-11-06.vcf               |          |
| $\mathbf{Se}$ | ndin | ng output to: Report_2016-11-06.pdf                         |          |

# 1 Collect and Merge ClinVar Data

# 1.1 Import ClinVar VCF

## Processed ClinVar data frame 126349 x 14 (selected rows/columns):

# 1.2 Merge ClinVar with 1000 Genomes and ExAC

#### ## Breakdown of ClinVar Variants

| Subset_ClinVar             | Number_of_Variants |
|----------------------------|--------------------|
| Total ClinVar              | 126349             |
| LP/P-ClinVar               | 33033              |
| LP/P-ClinVar & ACMG        | 6252               |
| LP/P-ClinVar & ACMG & ExAC | 826                |
| LP/P-ClinVar & ACMG & 1000 | 122                |
| Genomes                    |                    |

#### ## Breakdown of ACMG-1000 Genomes Variants

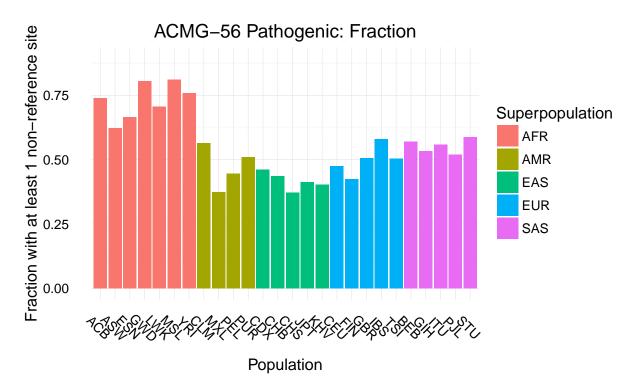
| Subset_1000_Genomes           | Number_of_Variants |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Total 1000_Genomes & ACMG     | 139335             |
| 1000_Genomes & ACMG & ClinVar | 4891               |
| 1000_Genomes & ACMG &         | 122                |
| LP/P-ClinVar                  |                    |

#### ## Breakdown of ACMG-ExAC Variants

| Subset_ExAC  | Number_of_Variants    |
|--|-----------------------|
| Total ExAC & ACMG ExAC & ACMG & ClinVar ExAC & ACMG & LP/P-ClinVar | 58873<br>10043<br>826 |

# 2 Summary Statistics

# 2.1 Fraction of Individuals with Pathogenic Non-Reference Sites



ACMG-56 Pathogenic: Mean in ExAC

Superpopulation

AFR

AMR

EAS

Population

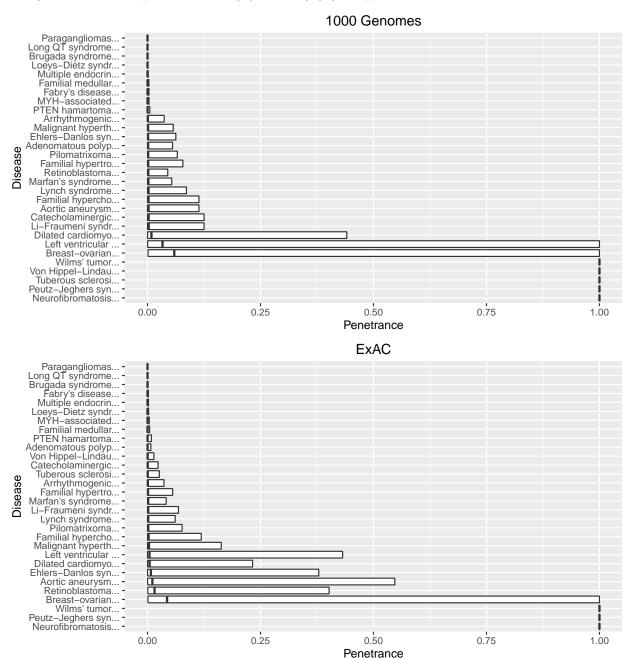
AFR

SAS

#### 3 Penetrance Estimates

### 3.1 Max/Min Penetrance as a Function of P(D) and P(V|D)

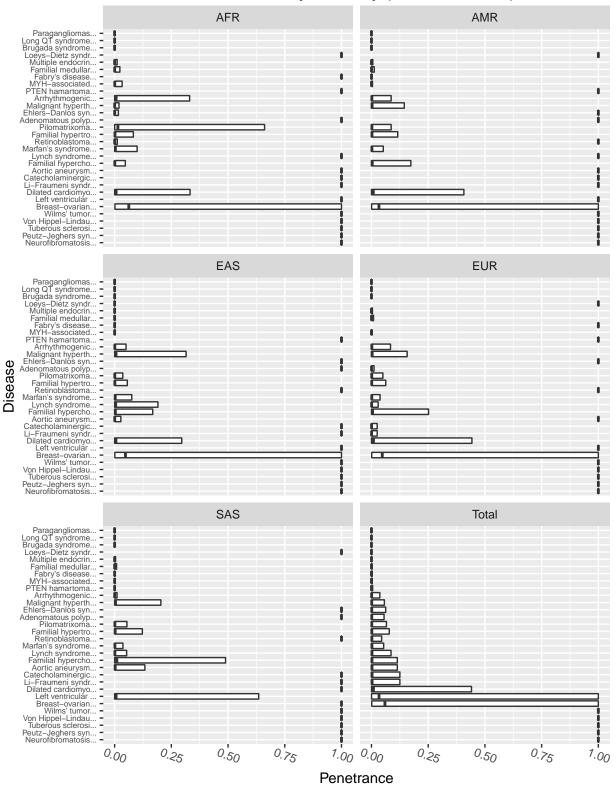
The left end of the boxplot indicates P(D) AND P(V|D) = lower value, the bold line in the middle indicates P(D) AND  $P(V|D) = geometric\_mean(values)$ , the right end of the boxplot indicates P(D) AND P(V|D) = upper value.



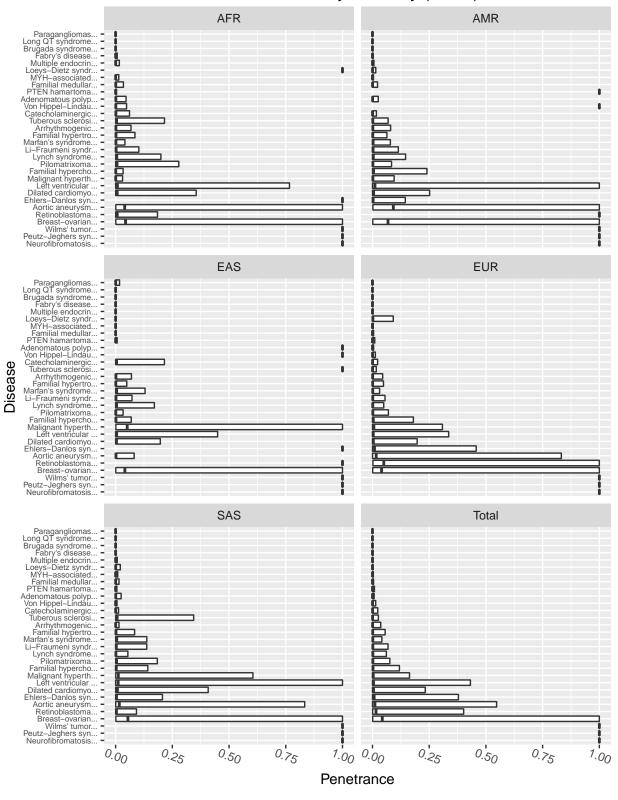
Note: Prevalence ranges of 5x were assumed for all point estimates of prevalence. For example: a point estimate of 0.022 would be given the range 0.01-0.05.

#### 3.2 Penetrance Estimates by Ancestry

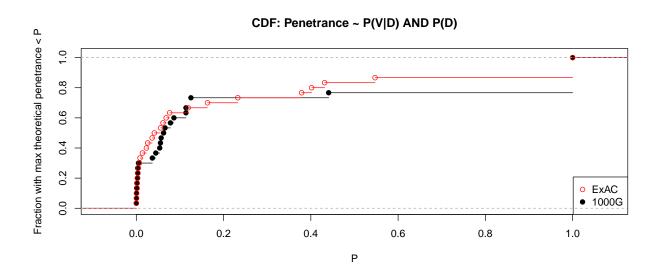




## Penetrance by Ancestry (ExAC)



#### 3.3 **Empirical CDFs for All Penetrance Plots**



#### Comparing Mean Penetrance between ExAC and 1000 Genomes

# Penetrance Means: ExAC v. 1000 Genomes



The Pearson correlation is 0.82.

Max penetrance values computed using 1000 Genomes are 1.2-fold larger than those computed using ExAC.