Reproducible research

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2024-04-01

```
Activity <- read.csv("activity.csv")</pre>
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr
                                    2.1.4
## v forcats 1.0.0 v stringr 1.5.1
## v ggplot2 3.4.4 v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v lubridate 1.9.3
                                    1.3.0
                       v tidyr
## v purrr
             1.0.2
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag() masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
Activity <- as_tibble(Activity)</pre>
What is mean total number of steps taken per day?
Total_step_day<-Activity %%group_by(date) %% summarise(steps=sum(steps,na.rm = TRUE))
png("plot11.png", width = 480, height=480)
hist(Total_step_day$steps,breaks = 100)
dev.off()
## pdf
##
mean(Total_step_day$steps)
## [1] 9354.23
median(Total_step_day$steps)
## [1] 10395
```

What is the average daily activity pattern?

```
Complete_Activity_int<-Activity %>%group_by(interval) %>% summarize(steps=mean(steps,na.rm=TRUE))
png("plot12.png", width = 480, height=480)
with(Complete_Activity_int,plot(interval,steps,type="l"))
dev.off()
## pdf
##
Complete_Activity_int %>%group_by(interval) %>%arrange(-steps) %>% filter(steps==max(Complete_Activity_
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## # Groups: interval [1]
     interval steps
##
        <int> <dbl>
          835 206.
## 1
THe 835 interval has the highest average steps
Imputing missing values
Activity %>%count(steps %in% NA)
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
     'steps %in% NA'
##
##
     <lgl>
                      <int>
## 1 FALSE
                     15264
## 2 TRUE
                      2304
2304 missing values
filling in all of the missing values with the mean
mean_activity<- mean(Activity$steps,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
Activity2<-Activity %>% mutate(steps=ifelse(steps %in% NA,mean_activity,steps))
Total_step_day2<-Activity2 %>% group_by(date) %>% summarise(steps=sum(steps))
png("plot13.png", width = 480, height=480)
hist(Total_step_day2$steps,breaks = 100)
dev.off()
## pdf
##
mean(Total_step_day2$steps)
## [1] 10766.19
median(Total_step_day2$steps)
## [1] 10766.19
```

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

```
Activity_week<- Activity2 %>% mutate(date=if_else((wday(Activity2$date) %in% 2:6),"Weekday","Weekend"))

Activity_week$date<- as.factor(Activity_week$date)

Activity_weekdays<-Activity_week %>%filter(date=="Weekday") %>% group_by(interval) %>% summarise(steps

Activity_weekends<-Activity_week %>% filter(date=="Weekend") %>% group_by(interval) %>% summarise(steps

Activity_weekends<-Activity_week %>% filter(date=="Weekend") %>% group_by(interval) %>% summarise(steps)

png("plot14.png",width = 480,height=480)
plot(Activity_weekays$interval,Activity_weekdays$steps,type = "l",xlab="interval",ylab="Average steps"
lines(Activity_weekends$interval,Activity_weekends$steps,col="red")
legend("topleft",legend=c("Weekday","Weekend"),
col=c("black","red"),lty=1)

dev.off()

## pdf
```

##